

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1878.

NO. 239.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1878.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon, 2nd day, 4h 05m. a. m., N. E.  
 First Quarter, 10th day, 9h. 05m. a. m., N. E.  
 Full Moon, 17th day, 7h. 05m. a. m., N. W.  
 Last Quarter, 23rd day, 1h. 00m. p. m., N. E.

DAY OF WEEK.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Dy's len.
1 Friday	7 29	4 58	7 14	10 32	9 34
2 Saturday	28 5 00	7 31	11 7	37	
3 Sunday	27 2	7 50	11 40	41	
4 Monday	26 4	8 5	morn	43	
5 Tuesday	25 5	8 21	0 8	47	
6 Wednesday	24 7	8 36	0 37	50	
7 Thursday	22 9	8 50	1 9	52	
8 Friday	19 10	9 8	1 40	54	
9 Saturday	18 12	9 29	2 17	51	
10 Sunday	17 13	9 58	2 59	10 1	
11 Monday	16 15	10 35	3 56	4	
12 Tuesday	14 16	11 27	5 32	7	
13 Wednesday	12 18	12 34	6 48	10	
14 Thursday	11 19	1 52	8 12	13	
15 Friday	9 20	3 38	9 17	15	
16 Saturday	8 22	4 45	10 9	19	
17 Sunday	7 23	6 11	11 55	22	
18 Monday	6 25	7 37	11 28	25	
19 Tuesday	5 26	8 58	11 59	28	
20 Wednesday	4 28	10 19	12 34	31	
21 Thursday	6 59	29 11	40 12	34	
22 Friday	57	31	morn	1 53	37
23 Saturday	55	33	0 57	2 49	40
24 Sunday	52	34	2 10	3 54	43
25 Monday	51	35	3 12	5 19	46
26 Tuesday	49	37	4 4	6 49	49
27 Wednesday	47	38	4 43	7 53	52
28 Thursday	6 45	5 40	5 15	8 49	55

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 8.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS		No. 7 MIXED	
	Dp.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
GEORGETOWN	Dp. 7.45			
Cardigan	" 9.62			
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25			
Royalty Junction	Dp. 10.35			
	" 11.46			
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40		
	A. M.			
Royalty Junction	Dp. 9.00			
North Wiltshire	" 9.25	" 3.05		
Hunter River	" 10.22	" 4.02		
Bradalbane	" 10.40	" 4.20		
County Line	" 11.18	" 5.00		
	" 11.28	" 5.10		
Kensington	" 12.07	" 5.50		
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45			
Wellington	Dp. 2.00	" 6.20		
Port Hill	" 2.45			
O'Leary	" 3.28			
Alberton	" 4.43			
Tignish	" 5.45			
	" 6.35			

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS		No. 4 MIXED	
	Dp.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
TIGNISH	Dp. 8.00			
ALBERTON	" 8.55			
O'Leary	" 9.52			
Port Hill	" 11.07			
Wellington	" 11.48			
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.35	Dp. 8.35		
Kensington	Dp. 2.10	" 9.12		
County Line	" 2.48	" 9.50		
Bradalbane	" 3.30	" 10.10		
Hunter River	" 3.40	" 10.40		
North Wiltshire	" 4.20	" 10.58		
Royalty Junction	" 4.35	" 11.56		
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.30			
Royalty Junction	Ar. 5.55	" 12.20		
MT. STEWART Junc.	Dp. 2.05			
Cardigan	Ar. 3.40			
GEORGETOWN.	Ar. 3.50			
	" 5.12			
	Ar. 5.40			

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West.		Going East.	
STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED
Souris	Dp. 7.30	Mt. St'w't Junc.	Dp. 3.50
Harmony	" 7.55	Lot 40	" 4.25
St. Peter's	" 9.10	Morell	" 4.32
Morell	" 9.42	St. Peter's	" 5.05
Lot 40	" 9.48	Harmony	" 6.20
Mt St'w't Junc.	Ar. 10.25	Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, Gen. Superintendent Govt. Railways.  
 W. McKECHNIE, Supt. P. E. I. Railway.

## Notice to the Public.

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will be reached the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.  
 Donations of money will be received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.  
 N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.  
 Dec. 27—1f

1878.

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1878

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 Jan. 3—

## A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

## OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never been before attempted in this City. We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

## BEAUTIFUL PHOTO - ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

## Glace' Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents, while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS.,

Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets,  
 opposite Connolly's Bank.  
 Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

## The British Fleet

MEDITERRANEAN AND CHANNEL SQUADRONS.

The Mediterranean fleet, which is now at Constantinople, consists of the following iron clads, Admiral Hornby, on the *Alexandra*, being in chief command:—

Name.	Guns.	Tonnage.	Horse Power.
Alexandra.	12	9,492	8,615
Achilles.	16	9,694	5,722
Agincourt.	17	10,627	6,867
Devastation (turret)	4	9,199	6,652
Hotspur (ram).	3	4,610	3,497
Pallas.	8	3,787	3,581
Research.	4	1,741	1,042
Rupert (ram).	4	5,444	4,635
Sultan.	12	9,286	8,629
Swiftsure.	14	6,660	4,913
Dreadnought (turret)	4	10,886	8,000

The Channel fleet, Lord John Hay on the *Minotaur* in command, which has been ordered to Gibraltar, is as follows:—

Name.	Guns.	Tonnage.	Horse Power.
Black Prince.	28	9,137	5,772
Ajax (turret).	4	8,492	6,450
Defence.	16	6,070	2,537
Hecate (turret).	4	3,430	1,755
Minotaur.	17	10,627	6,792
Northumberland.	28	10,584	6,558
Thunderer (turret).	4	9,199	6,270
Triumph.	14	6,660	4,892
Agamemnon (turret)	4	8,492	6,480
Inflexible (turret).	4	11,405	8,800
Invincible.	14	6,034	4,268
Monarch (turret)	7	8,322	7,842

The two fleets aggregate 23 iron-clads, 242 guns of the heaviest calibre, 179,261 tons, and 129,679 horse power—by far the most colossal armada the world has yet seen. They are accompanied by a number of steel corvettes of great speed, and gunboats.

## Nihilism.

ACCORDING to some accounts the Nihilist conspiracy prevades all classes in Russia to an alarming extent, and a large proportion of the Russian soldiers belong to it. The Nihilists would abolish all property and marriage, and destroy all existing systems of Government, and it is said that one of their doctrines is that the existence of mankind should cease when those now in the world have all died. Two hundred persons of all ranks, and of both sexes, were arrested some time ago charged with belonging to this dreaded society, and at a trial lately held about twenty were convicted. The others were liberated:—

"The method was the same everywhere. In the case of workmen and peasants, stress was laid on the insufficiency of the land allotted to the latter under the Emancipation Act, and on the severity of taxation; and it was pointed out that if the possessors of land among the upper classes were massacred, peasants and workmen might have laid in plenty without being taxed at all. To persons higher up in the social scale, the plotters enlarged on the sufferings of the people and represented the economical position as hopeless, adding that there was no escape for them except through a revolution and the destruction of the present political system. These ideas were promulgated, not only among doctors, lawyers, mechanics, peasants, but among the priests and army officers. They were whispered, not only in the universities, the technological institutes and the workhouses, but in the ecclesiastical seminaries and the military schools of the Empire. In the army, both Nihilism and Pan-Slavism prevail, although, in truth, the officers are said to bother themselves less about the latter than is generally supposed. The officers of the Russian army consist of three classes: The upper ranks, which are filled from the territorial gentry; the regimental officers, noble by reason of their parents' service; and those promoted from the ranks. All of these, no matter what their rank, who trouble themselves about politics are either Nihilists or Pan-Slavists. The former, like all Nihilists, believe that whatever is systematic in human affairs must come down, and Nothing is to rule a prostrate universe. They condemn all philosophies, and systems, religions and Governments. They say nine are perfect, and so dismiss them all. What they hope for is the ultimate triumph of Nothingism. Their motto is that of Danton, *Destructeur*. The Chief of the staff of the Czarowitch, writes one correspondent, "is Pan-Slavic to an enthusiastic degree."

Another correspondent goes so far as to say "regimental officers are Nihilists to a man." So extensive have been these ideas that it is believed by many Russians that the war with Turkey alone prevented a revolution at home.

"The trial just terminated, notwithstanding that a very few of those indicted were convicted, may, and undoubtedly will, lead to substantial results. The sate of the convicted ones will, in all probability, be banishment to Siberia. In the meantime preparations are going on at Odessa and Moscow for the trials of several hundred others charged with like political offences against their country."

The Sioux are believed to be endeavoring to form an alliance with all the Northern Indian tribes of the United States, in order to wage a war of extermination against the whites.

A petition was presented in the United States Senate a few days ago, asking that steps be taken to relieve the famine-stricken people of the Northern Provinces of China, and that the unexpended balance of the money received from that country in 1856 be used for that purpose.

## Interesting to Lumberers.

Some interesting experiments in lumbering have been or will be tried in Kent Co. during the present season. We hear of the heaviest operators in the woods of that county bringing their supplies of grain, hay, etc., used in the lumber camps of the county, from a great distance, instead of buying in the county, where prices are too high for them. Hay, for instance, is taken into the county from Shepody, in Albert County, being conveyed by rail the whole distance, and landed at Weldford station several dollars per ton cheaper than the farmers of the county would have sold for. Oats are brought from Ontario and laid down at Weldford or Ferris station, at several cents per bushel cheaper than they can be bought for in the county. The Ontario oats are lighter in weight than the oats of Kent, and very much lighter than the grain bought of P. E. Island. They have very thin hull, however, and possibly they yield as much meal as the home-grown grain. Another new feature in the logging in this quarter is the use that has been or will be made of the I. C. Railway to carry logs from one point to another. Thus, Mr. Edward Walker, whose mill is on Bass River, logs to some extent in Acadieville, and has arranged for a quantity of his logs to be transported by rail, about eight miles, and thrown into the Bass River. Again, Mr. George McLeod transports a quantity of logs about three or four miles south, and dumps them into the Kouchibouguac. —*Moncton Times*.

## WHAT LORD PALMERSTON SAID IN 1855.

"The intention of Russia to partition Turkey is manifest as the sun at noonday, and it is to prevent that we are contending. Such is the object of the war, and not only to defend Turkey, the weak against the strong, but to avert injury and danger from ourselves. Let no man imagine that if Turkey is destroyed by Russia, and that gigantic Power strides like a colossus from the Baltic on the one hand, to the Mediterranean on the other, let no man suppose the great interests of this country would not be in peril; let not the peace-at-all-price party imagine that their commercial interests would not be deeply injured. Trade would soon disappear were the Mediterranean and Baltic under the command of a Russian naval force, and that power exercising a dominant control."

Sixty millions of dollars' worth of American bonds, returned to the United States within the last few weeks in consequence of the silver robbery, means sixty millions of European capital withdrawn from the continent, and thousands of workmen thrown out of employ. There are about \$400,000,000 of American national securities held in Europe. If the national faith be broken, the major part, or perhaps nearly all of these bonds will be sent back instead of money, in payment for American produce. Hundreds of thousands of people must be at work upon this borrowed capital, and all their industries must cease if the money is withdrawn.

A method of engraving on glass with electricity has been described by M. Plante. A concentrated solution of nitrate of potash is poured upon the surface of a plate of glass or crystal until the surface is covered with it. A horizontal platinum wire connected with one of the poles of a secondary battery of fifty or sixty elements is placed in the liquid along the edges; then holding in the hand the other electrode (insulated except at the end), figures or characters of any kind which may be described with the ends on the glass will be found to be clearly engraved.

Mr. Walker, of Mitchell, Ont., who is a great pigeon fancier, and is in possession of several valuable birds, a short time ago took home from Toronto a very handsome "carrier." When he thought it sufficiently "naturalized" he let it out with his other pigeons, but it at once flew high up into the air, made a few circles, and then made a "bee line" for Toronto. It arrived at its old home in a little less than three hours from the time it started.

It is said by scientific men that the muscles of the human jaw exert a force of exactly 534 pounds. Experiment in this matter, however, leaves room for doubt. We have known a jay to turn a four-storey house upside down and render it logically impossible for any member of the family to accept Mr. Beecher's doctrine of universal salvation.

We are asked to believe that "Old Hard Times" is about taking his departure from Canada, we suppose to oblige the Mackenzie Government, which is much endangered by his long protracted stay. This is the Grit political view of the present situation, but is it the business view.

The crew of Columbia College is in active training for the contest in June, against Oxford and Cambridge, on the Thames. They have adopted the stroke which was introduced from Cambridge in 1873, and is substantially the same as that used by the English crews.

The Khedive of Egypt is said to be ruining himself by extravagances. He sustains upwards of twenty palaces. Each of the princes of the blood also has his separate palace and retinue of servants, and the horses in the stables of the father and son are numbered by hundreds.

Changes come like the seasons. The man who last year lay in bed while his wife built the fire, will this year let his wife build the fire while he is in bed. Thus marriage devotion is rewarded.