newspaper, could you not have found it in your humanity to have allowed a few weeks to pass away, and "nurse your wrath to keep it warm" against Mr. Warburton, until the melancholy sharpness of a severe affliction in his family should have lost some of its quick edge in the repercussion of amelior-ating time? we answer no! It appears your enmity slumbers not,—the shaft of Death which pierced the flower of his affection, and laid his child in the grave, did not stay your malevolence, nor arrest your rancor; nay, as the father wept in bitterness of grief, and affliction's arrow chafed his heart strings, your implacability prepared a missile, and ruthlessly cast it at the mourner, with a seeming intention of wounding the wounded. If you possessed the common attributes of humanity,—if you could feel as generous natures feel, and were men, indeed, we think you could not have perpetrated that enormity.

"Go,—go—hide yourselves from the world, until time and penitential regrets shall fit you to mingle again with its denizens."

The prohibitory liquor law for New Brunswick was supposed to have come into operation in that Province on the first inst. We learn, however, from some of the St. John papers that liquors continued to be sold and used in that city, almost as freely as before the first instant. We are not sorry to see a place so near to us as New Brunswick trying the experiment of putting the Maine Law into operation. As the measure did not last very long in its native state, we are not inclined to think it will have a very protracted existence in a British province. The impossibility of enforcing it in the sister Colony —and we look upon that impossibility as inevitable—will surely convince the advocates of the measure in this Island of the inutility of agitating the country for the adoption of a similar law.

"TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR."

No. 2.

The letter which we published last week from Mr. Charles Palmer threatening a prosecution at the suit of Duncan Maclean, for alleged libel, was a very small affair indeed; but a prosecution by Paddy Bearney, as the following letter suggests, will be a much more ludicrous and contemptible one:—

"11th Jany., 1856.

"*Sir,*—I am instructed by Mr. Pat. Bearney to apply to you for the name and address of the author of an anonymous letter signed "A Reformer," published in the No. of your newspaper —The Examiner, issued on the 12th November last—and which letter appears to be of a very libellous character, and contains, as Mr. Bearney alleges, charges seriously injurious to his character, and utterly false.

"I am,
"Your obt. servt.,
"Edw. Palmer.

"Hon. E. Whelan."

[REPLY.]

"Ch. Tn., Jan. 11, '56.

"Hon. E. Palmer—

"*Sir,*—I have no answer to make to your note of this morning's date.

"Yr. obt. servt.,
"E. Whelan."

Do those fellows—the Bearneys and Macleans (fit associates!) —really suppose that we are so verdant as to be intimidated by their silly threats? We utterly and heartily despise the whole race of humbugs and impostors, and no lawyer's letter, or prosecution, will ever induce us to desist from exposing their rascality. It will be supremely rich to see a fellow like Maclean —the most unmitigated slanderer and libeller that ever disgraced a press—going into a Court of Justice to complain of, and ask damages for, a newspaper attack! But Paddy Bearney complaining of injury to his character! Why, he stands convicted, on the solemn oath of one of his neighbours, of a most foul transaction; and we believe it would not be difficult to prove other transactions equally foul against him. There may be no great honor in having a thorough-paced fool for an adversary, but the ends of justice may be served in showing, as we trust to be able to do, that the thorough-paced fool has also a considerable share of the rogue about him. Some time ago Paddy threatened to sell his farm, and expend the proceeds in law suits. (We suppose he has become too lazy and too proud to work it, since he got into the practice of forcing other people to work it for him.) The lawyers will be only too happy to accept of the proceeds in the shape of fees. If Pat be willing to give, there is not a class of people in the world who will more cheerfully oblige him by receiving the cash. We fancy we can even now see the small end of the farm shrinking away in the relentless grip of the law. We congratulate Her Majesty's late Attorney General for this Colony on having got such a goose to pluck as the notorious Paddy Bearney.

N. B.—"Trifle" No. 1, like No. 2, has not *yet* come to hand. We mean, of course, the "Process, &c." Is there any other knave or humbug who will condescendingly favour us with a promise of "Trifle No. 3?" Since the lawyers seem disposed to put themselves to the useless trouble of writing us preliminary letters, we contemplate having a printed form of reply prepared, couched in as few words as possible. Hereafter, whenever we feel it our duty to show up any rascal in his proper colours, we shall have one of these forms ready to despatch the moment the lawyer's "trifle" is received.

SUPREME COURT.

The Hilary Term of the above Court was brought to a close on Saturday last. There was a considerable number of criminal cases, but none of a very aggravated nature, except that of manslaughter—the defendant being a lad named Alexander Forbes, who was charged with having caused the death of a man named Bryan Fitzpatrick. In this case a verdict was rendered against the defendant, but judgment was suspended; and it is understood that a motion for a new trial will be made, in consequence of the discovery of additional evidence, and of alleged misconduct in one of the Jury.

Some civil cases were tried, but we had no opportunity of hearing the trials, and are not prepared, therefore, to give the particulars of them. We understand, however, they were of no public importance.

Several appeals were disposed of. In the case of Michael Campion, appellant—Jonathan and Mentioner, respondent,—the judgment of the Court below was affirmed. Same *vs.* David A. Alder,—judgment dismissed, respondent not appearing. Same *vs.* Charles Welsh and James Dewar,—judgment affirmed. Same *vs.* William Welsh,—judgment reversed.—John R. Bourke *vs.* John McIntee,—judgment affirmed by consent. Same *vs.* Pierce Doyle,—judgment affirmed by consent.

On Saturday his lordship the Chief Justice pronounced sentence on the following persons, convicted in the late Term:—

Hugh McDonald....Larceny—2 months, with hard labor,
Johnston Cusack......do.....1...do..........do.
Donald McDonald.....do.....2...do..........do.
Allan Martin..........do.....4...do..........do.
Richard Naddy....Assault—15 months imprisonment,
William H. Nelis..Forgery—3..........do.
Ellen Brewer.......Larceny—2 months with hard labor,
Ellen Luby..........do.....2..do.
Elizabeth McEwen...do.....2..do.

The "Anglo Saxon."—We have received the last No. of this paper, which has just been started in Boston by Dr. Bartlett, late editor of the New York *Albion*. It is much in the style of the *Albion* as to typography and matter. European and Colonial news will occupy a large space in the columns of the *Anglo Saxon*; and its other objects will be to promote reciprocal trade between the British Provinces and the United States—to bring to light and reveal the resources of the former, so that that they may be made available in the markets of the world; and to preserve, as far as a public journalist can, a friendly understanding between Great Britain and the United States. The selections in the No. before us are made with Dr. Bartlett's usual good taste.

Mechanics' Institute.—The Rev. Mr. Browster delivered a very entertaining and instructive lecture at the above institution on Tuesday evening last.—Mr. John Williams will lecture (D.V.) to-morrow evening on "Cornish Mines and Mining;" after which the Steam Engine presented to the Institute by the Hon. George Birnie will be exhibited, together with the Galvanic Battery owned by the Institute.

Georgetown, January 7.

Barque "Kate" sailed for London this morning. This harbour is now clear of ice below the town, and shipping can come up to the wharf, thereby giving an opportunity to many vessels expected.

UNITED STATES.

ABSTRACT OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

Washington, Dec. 31.—In the House of Representatives this morning, Sydney Webster, Private Secretary of the President, entered, announcing a written message. Great excitement ensued. Mr. Clingman moved that it be read. Mr. Morgan called for the ayes and nays, and several members struggled fiercely to get the floor.

In the Senate, a message from the President was read. He stated that the convictions of duty will not permit him any longer to delay giving to Congress information on the state of the Union, and recommending such measures as he judges expedient.

The President commences by giving a history of Central American affairs in particular. He also refers to the recent troubles in Kansas, and says her people must be protected in the exercise of their rights, and without the interference on the part of the people of other States, and commends the subject to the early attention of Congress. He eulogises popular sovereignty, gives a history of the formation of the Union, and expatiates on States rights, with particular reference to slavery and the fugitive slave law. The President regards the agitation of the subject of slavery as dangerous to the durability of the Union, and regrets to see the States disregard the constitutional obligations, and refuse to obey the laws of Congress.

He denies that the South has obtained advantages over the North in the Federal Government, and proceeds to refer to the ordinance of 1787 and the acquisition of Louisiana, and to illustrate the balance of power between freedom and slavery. He comes down to the annexation of Texas and the repeal of the Missouri compromise, and argues that the South has got no more than belongs to her. He gives an elaborate defence of the principles of the Nebraska Bill, and indignantly denies that it is a breach of faith.

The President refers to grave questions pending with some foreign powers; the most important of which is that with Great Britain, arising out of the Nicaragua question. It was an understanding with the United States in making the treaty, that all the present States of the former Central American Republic would thenceforth enjoy complete independence; also that the contracting parties, engaged equally and to some extent for the present and future, that if either of them had any claim or right in Central America, such claim or right was unreservedly relinquished by the stipulations of the Convention, and no dominion thereafter would be exercised in any part of Central America, by Great Britain or the United States. This government consented to these restrictions in regard to a region of country [illegible] and peculiar interests, only upon conwherein we had speci[illegible] obligatory on viction that like restrictions were in some sense [illegible] Great Britain. But for this understanding the treaty would never have been concluded by us. Great Britain so construes the Convention as to maintain unchanged all her previous pretensions over the Mosquito Coast. These pretensions are founded on the assumption of political relations between Great Britain and the remnant of Indians on that coast, entered into at a time when the whole country was a colonial possession of Spain. It cannot be successfully controverted, that by the public law of both Europe and America, no possible act of such Indians or their predecessors, could confer on Great Britain any political rights. It, however, becomes apparent that Great Britain still continued in excise of large authority in all that part of Central America called the Mosquito Coast, covering the entire length of Nicaragua and part of Costa Rica. This act of Great Britain being contrary to the rights of the States of Central America, as understood by the government has been made the subject of negotiation through our minister at London. Great Britain has by repeated and successive treaties recognized the full and sovereign rights of Spain in the most unequivocal terms. Great Britain now re-asserts her right to the extent of the Gulf Coast on the Eastern Coast of Nicaragua.

The interference of Great Britain, though exerted once in the form of military occupation of the part of San Juan del Norte, now presents a claim of right of protectorate over the Mosquito Indians.

After stating that recruiting stations had been established in the United States by the complicity of British civil and military officers, he says, these considerations, and the fact that the cause of complaint was not a mere casual occurrence, but a deliberate design, conducted by responsible public functionaries, impelled me to present the case to the British Government. The subject is still under discussion, the result of which will be communicated in due time.

Of the international difficulty in regard to the late recruiting by Great Britain, he says, the traditional policy of the United States is not to interfere with belligerents. Such being the public rights of the United States, no solicitude was felt until Parliament passed an act to provide for the enlistment of a foreign legion. It was a matter of surprise, therefore, to find persons engaged in the United States in the business. The ordinary steps were immediately taken to arrest and punish the parties concerned. The matter acquires additional importance by a disclosure of the fact that these enlistments were prosecuted upon a plan devised by official authority.

Fearful Railroad Collision—Four Persons Killed and Sixteen Wounded.—*Fittsbargh Pa., Jan.* 1.—At Darlington Summit, at 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon the 3 o'clock passengers train going west on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads, came in collision with a freight train coming east, which was out of its time—the conductor probably endeavouring to reach the switch, which is but a short distance from where the collision occurred—whereby four persons were instantly killed, and sixteen more or less dangerously wounded, among them the engineer of the express train, and the fireman. The locomotives and cars were smashed, both trains being under full headway. The watch of the conducter of the freight train was found to be three quarters of an hour too slow.

Aid for Russia.—The Washington *Union* says:

"We are informed that a person who desires to remain unknown, has addressed to the chief of the Russian Legation a check for four thousand dollars, to be transmitted to his Government. The unknown donor, who only signed the initials M. Y., states in his letter that, full of admiration for the gallant defence of Sebastopol, he sends this liberal sum of money to be distributed among the widows and orphans of the Russian soldiers who fell bravely fighting for their homes against foreign aggressors."

Birth.

On the 5th instant, the lady of G. W. Deblois, Esq., of a son.

Married.

On New Year's Day, at the Wesleyan Mission House, Pownal, by the Rev. Thomas Albrighton, Mr. Reginald Jackson, to Catharine Gillis, both of Lot 48.

At Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 3d instant, by the Rev. W. Snodgrass, Mr. John Ferguson, to Miss Ann Boyes, both of De Sable.

On the 1st instant, by the Rev. Isaac Murray, Mr. Edwin C. Bagnall, Lot 22, to Christiana, eldest daughter of Mr. Robert Anderson, Mill River.

At Princetown Royalty, on Tuesday, the 8th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Kier, David Stewart, Esqr., of Charlottetown, to Jane, widow of the late James McKay, Esqr., of Darnley.

Died.

At Culloden, Lot 60, Ann, the beloved wife of Mr. Daniel Stewart, aged 31 years, leaving five children to mourn her early decease.

At her residence, Wood Island Mills, on Tuesday, the 1st instant, much and deservedly regretted, Euphemia, the beloved wife of Mr. John McMillan, aged 25 years. Her end was peace.

Passengers.

In the Ice Boat to Cape Traverse, on the 8th January.—Captains Jas. Moore, Felix Babin & John Scott; Messrs. Peter Scott, Wm. Dockendorf and Michael Eaton.

Same day, to Cape Tormentine.—James C. Pope, Wm. Welsh, Esqrs., and 3 others.

Prices Current.

CHARLOTTETOWN MARKETS, JANUARY 12.

Provisions.		Poultry.	
Beef, (small) ℔ lb..	4d @ 7d	Partridges, each ...	7d @ 9d
Do. by qtr. ℔ lb..	3½d @ 5d	Turkeys, each	3s @ 7s 6d
Mutton, ℔ lb........	3½d @ 7d	Geese, each	2s @ 2s 6d
Veal, ℔ lb..........	3d @ 4½d	Ducks, each	1s 3d @ 1s 6d
Pork, ℔ lb.........	3½d @ 5½d	Fowls, each.........	8d @ 1s
Do. (small) ℔ lb..	6d @ 7d	**Fish.**	
Lamb, ℔ lb.........	3d @ 5d	Codfish, ℔ qtl.......	12s @ 15s
Butter, ℔ lb	16d @ 18d	Salmon, ℔ lb	6d
Do. by tub, ℔ lb..	15d @ 16d	Herrings, ℔ bbl....	25s @ 30s
Cheese, ℔ lb	4d @ 7d	Mackerel, ℔ doz ...9d	@ 1s 6d
Pearl Barley, ℔ lb..	2½d @ 3d	**Lumber.**	
Lard, ℔ lb........	11d @ 1s	Boards, (hemlock) .	4s @ 5s
Ham, ℔ lb...........	8d	Do. (spruce)...	5s @ 6s
Flour, ℔ 100 lb.....	29s @ 31s	Do. (pine).....	none.
Oatmeal, ℔ lb.......	2d @ 2½d	Shingles, ℔ M......	9s @ 12s
Eggs, ℔ dozen	11d @ 1s	Laths............	3s @ 4s
Rabbits, each......	4d @ 6d	**Sundries.**	
Vegetables.		Timothy seed, ℔ bus.	none.
Potatoes, ℔ bush..	2s 6d @ 2s 9d	Cloverseed, ℔ bush.	none.
Carrots, ℔ bushel...	2s 6d	Wool, ℔ lb.........	11d @ 1s.
Peas, ℔ quart......	none.	Hay, ℔ ton.........	60s @ 70s.
Turnips, ℔ bushel..	10d @ 1s	Straw, ℔ cwt....	1s @ 1s 6d
Grain.		Homespun, ℔ yard.	3s 6d @ 5s
Wheat, ℔ bushel...	none.	Tallow, ℔ lb......	1 @ 1s 1d.
Barley, ℔ bushel...	4s 6d @ 5s	Cordwood, ℔ cord..	18s @ 20s
Oats, ℔ bushel..	2s 3d @ 2s 5d	Apples, (P.E.I) ℔ bus.	4s @ 5s

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction.

To Close Consignments.

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the public that he will offer at Auction at his Sale Room, corner of Queen and Water Streets, on Thursday, 17th January, at 12 o'clock, the following articles, viz:—

3 casks BRANDY (Hennessey's brand),
9 casks VINEGAR,
1 coil 6 inch Shroud ROPE,
½ coil 4½ inch do.
1 set Pintles and Braces, Spider Hoops, Tent and Mast Hoops, &c., for a Ship about 500 tons, Rim and Patls.
2 Cooking Stoves, 2 Air-tight Stoves, 2 Box Stoves (new.)
1 handsome Hall do., and 3 Franklin do.

—ALSO—

5 barrels prime split No. 1 Nova Scotia, and 20 bbls. No. 2 Newfoundland HERRINGS.

Terms, Cash down.

BENJAMIN DAVIES, Auctioneer.

January 14, 1856.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 20th instant, at the subscriber's Sale Room, at twelve o'clock, the remainder of the STOCK IN TRADE of the late Firm of Longworth & Yates, consisting of grey and white Cottons, Cloths, Prints, De Laines, Shirtings, &c. &c. Also—

HARDWARE, EARTHENWARE, &c.

One handsome black Carriage HORSE, 8 years old,
Two double Sleighs,
One single Sleigh and Furs,
One Box Sleigh,
One sett Harness, brass mounted,
One English made Saddle and Bridle,
together with various other articles.

☞ Terms at sale.

Jan. 14. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer.

TO BE SOLD by Auction on the 20th FEBRUARY, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises, that beautifully situated BRICK HOUSE in Pownal Street, being part of Town Lot No. 50, in the second hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown. This property is well situated for any public business, having two Cellar Kitchens and two frost-proof Cellars,—two large Shops and two back Rooms on the first floor,—four large Rooms on the second floor—and a large Garret. The House will rent for £60 per annum, with a little fitting up.

An undisputable title will be given. Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to PATRICK CAWDEN, or

Jan. 14. W. H. GARDINER, Auctioneer.

The greatest Discovery of the Age.

The great, new and wonderful European Discovery !!

YOUR OWN PORTRAIT PAINTER FOR 50 CENTS.

Portraits, Views, &c., taken by the Sun's Rays.

BY this new process, any person can produce, in a few seconds, true life-like Portraits of their friends; Landscapes, Views, Buildings, &c. No knowledge of drawing required to produce those wondrous works of art and beauty.

Printed instructions, containing full particulars for practising, by any one, this beautiful and fascinating art with ease and certainty, will be forwarded (prepaid), by return of mail, to any address, on receipt of fifty cents, or postage stamps for the amount, and addressed to Mr. COX, No. 161, Grand-st., New York City.

☞ Every applicant may depend upon being duly supplied, as it is no humbug. Jan. 14, '56.

Note.—Printers of newspapers inserting the above advertisement—heading displayed—six times, including this note, and sending me the paper with it in, with bill enclosed, will receive copies of the Work, or cash, as preferred, forthwith.

Notice.

THE penalty prescribed by law shall be rigidly enforced in future against all persons who deposit snow or any other obstructive nuisance on the City Wharfs, or on the ice made over the docks adjacent thereto.

The subscriber caused to be removed from off the said Wharfs on the close of the navigation five empty casks, as also a wheelbarrow. The owners can have them by paying expenses.

CORNELIUS LITTLE, Wharfinger.

January 14, 1856. 3in.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

By William Dodd.

Valuable Real Property for Sale.

THE following parcels of LAND, &c., will be submitted to public competition at the COURT HOUSE, in the Colonial Building, in Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY, the Sixteenth day of APRIL next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, viz:—

PASTURE LOTS Nos. 233, 234 and 235 in the Royalty of Charlottetown, fronting on the St. Peter's Road, and situate about three miles from Town, containing in the whole 36 Acres, a little more or less.

Also—The Freehold and Reversion of and in Two Hundred and Sixteen Acres of LAND, on Township No. 49, adjoining the Roman Catholic Church Property, near Vernon River. This Land is subdivided into two Farms of 144 Acres, and 72 Acres respectively, which are severally let on Lease for long terms of years, yielding a yearly rent of one shilling sterling per Acre.

Also—The Eastern moiety of TOWN LOT No. 52 in the Second Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, having a front of 42 feet on Richmond Street, with the WAREHOUSE thereon.

Also—That valuable piece of GROUND with the DWELLING HOUSE and premises thereto belonging, known as the residence of Mr. David Wilson, fronting 40 feet on Richmond Street, and extending in depth 50 feet, a little more or less; forming parts of Town Lots Nos. 4 and 5 in the Second Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown.

Also—Part of TOWN LOT No. 4, in the Second Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, next adjoining to the last above described premises, having a front of 60 feet on Richmond Street, and extending 50 feet in depth, or thereabout, with the DWELLING HOUSE thereon.

Also—That beautifully situated Property, forming part of COMMON LOT No. 18, in the Royalty of Charlottetown, fronting on the Hillsborough, and in the immediate vicinity of Government House, lately in the occupation of Captain Beazeley, R. N., bounded on the north-west by the road leading to Government House, and on the east by West Street, and extending on said street 233 feet, a little more or less, with the large and commodious DWELLING HOUSE, OUT-BUILDINGS and appurtenances thereto belonging. This property is subject to an annuity of £50 currency per annum, charged thereon for the use and benefit of Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Wilson, from and after the decease of her present husband, (in case she shall survive him), and so long as she shall remain his widow and unmarried; and it will be sold liable thereto.

For Terms of Sale and further particulars, enquire of the undersigned, (Trustees for sale, &c., under a Deed of Release and Conveyance bearing date the 21st day of December, 1855, executed by the above named David Wilson and his said wife, with the other parties therein named, to the undersigned, and duly registered in the Registry Office of this Island.

Dated at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, this Tenth day of January, 1856.

JOSEPH HENSLEY,
JOHN LONGWORTH,
ROBERT STEWART.

American Hotel, St. Eleanor's, P. E. I.

ALLAN G. HOWATT, *Proprietor.*

THE above would take this opportunity of informing his numerous customers and friends, and the public in general, that he has fitted up his large and commodious house for the reception of permanent and transient boarders, and trusts by attention to their wants to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ N. B.—Good stabling attached.

He would likewise give notice to those indebted to him that unless their respective accounts are settled forthwith, expense will be incurred without further notice. Jan. 14.

For Sale,

THE American built Shallop Reward, lying in Pinette Harbor, 42 tons Register, built principally with live Oak, Copper-fastened, being in a good state of repair, and well found with Sails, Rigging, Ground Tackle, &c. Apply to the owners Messrs. Donald and John McDonald, Pinette.

BENJ. DAVIES, Broker.

Charlottetown, January 14, 1856. 3i.

Excellent Stand for business for Sale at Bedeque.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following excellent stand for business, situate opposite Hooper's Corner, Bedeque. There is a piece of ground, with a front on the road of five chains, and two chains deep. There is a new Dwelling House upon it, a story and a half high; it has five comfortable rooms on the first floor, besides a commodious Kitchen and Dairy; the second floor may be laid off in four convenient bed-rooms. A Store adjoins the Dwelling House, measuring 20 x 30, and is well fitted up for business. Another small Dwelling House adjoins the Store, which will be sold with the other property. The Land will be divided into building lots, and sold separately, if so required; or sold all in one block, with the buildings thereon.

The situation of this property, being in the midst of a flourishing and beautiful settlement, and within a very short distance of the rapidly thriving sea-port settlement of Summerside, renders it a very desirable location for the establishment of a Mercantile Business, or a Boarding House. Part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. Further information respecting terms and other particulars may be obtained on application being made to the subscriber at Charlottetown.

JOHN HARPER.

Charlottetown, January 14, 1856.

Cabinet, Chair and Sofa Manufactory.

Queen Square, in the rear of Haszard's Gazette Office.

THE Subscriber having engaged a part of the Steam Power belonging to the above Establishment, is now prepared to manufacture every article appertaining to his business. Having left P. E. Island (his former home), several years since, and been, during that time, employed in some of the best Shops in the United States, he feels confident that he can give satisfaction to those who may please to patronize him; he has obtained a knowledge of the modern and antique styles of Cabinet Work, and as an aid to his business, has introduced some of the most approved Labour-saving machinery, and also a supply of the best Woods used in Cabinet Work, consisting of Mahogany Plank, Walnut and Rosewood, with which Birdseye Maple, Black Birch, &c., he can make up to order in the best style and shortest notice.

☞ Turning, Straight and Sweep-sawing executed with dispatch to any pattern.

Drilling and Boring also done.

PATRICK HICKEY.

January 14, 1856. 3m.

THE subscriber being about to leave the Island for the winter, has by Power of Attorney, dated this day, appointed Mr. David Rogers his Attorney during his absence, to whom all persons having any demands, will please furnish their Accounts; and all persons who may be indebted to the subscriber, whether for Book Accounts, Rents, Arrears of Rent, Promissory Notes, or otherwise, are requested to pay to the same, who is fully autherised in all cases to grant discharges.

JAMES C. POPE.

Summerside, January 5, 1856. R. G. Ex. & Isl.

Wanted,

TWO Journeymen Gig and Sleigh-makers, to whom the highest wages will be given. Please apply at the *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown.

January 14, 1856.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to George Beer, whose Accounts or Notes of Hand are long overdue, are requested to make immediate payment to save expenses.

BEER & SON will also feel obliged to those indebted to them, whose Accounts are due, by an early settlement.

Charlottetown, January 14, 1856.

Cash for Hides.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, at the "Euston Street Tannery,"—1,500 HIDES, for which the highest price in cash will be paid on delivery.

Always on hand, a large assortment of superior CALF SKINS, and sides of Neat's and Grain Leather.

Charlottetown, Jan. 14. 5w. H. C. TROWAN.