

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 3.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1878.

NO. 380.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.

OFFICE:

INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Six Months,	\$2 50
Three Months,	1 25
One Month,	0 50
One Week,	0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL, Manager, Office Sup't.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.50 "	
M. Stew't Jun.	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	" 6.32 "	" 10.45 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
Ch'town	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25
Royalty Jun.	" 6.43 "	" 11.55 "	" 5.45
N. Wiltshire	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42
Hunter River	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00
Breadalbane	" 7.58 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38
County Line	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48
Kensington	" 8.33 "	" 2.28 "	" 8.25
Summerside	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00
Wellington	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
Port Hill	" 9.52 "	" 4.40 "	
O'Leary	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
Alberton	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
Tignish	ar 12.00 "	ar 8.00 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 mixed.
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	dp 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	dp 7.50 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 8.57 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.07
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.46
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 7.58
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.48 "	" 8.35
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.52
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	ar 4.00 "	ar 10.05
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
Ch'town	dp 8.05 am	dp 4.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	" 8.23 "	dp 4.10 "	
Mt. Stewart	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
Cardigan	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
Georgetown	ar 10.43 "	ar 7.06 "	
Georgetown	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p. m.	Dp 6.30 a. m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	" 4.57 "	" 8.38 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun.	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	Ar 11.40 "	Ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

COAL! COAL!

150 TONS NUT & ROUND COAL, cheap from Shed, by

W. W. CLARKE, Agent.

Head Lord's Wharf, Charlottetown, June 24.

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and After taking many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address W. L. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, Dr. Dodd, C. D. Rankin, P. G. Fraser at Apothecaries Hall, and by all Druggists anywhere.

1878.

THE

Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

CONSIDER OUR TERMS

SINGLE COPIES to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—\$1.00 in advance.

SIX COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$5.50 in advance.

TEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$9.00 in advance.

FIFTEEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as required, \$13.50 in advance.

TWENTY COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$17.00.

IN DULL TIMES

—GET THE—

CHEAPEST AND BEST

The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

LOCAL NEWS

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

The Daily Examiner:

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, \$2.50
For Three Months, 1.25
For One Month,50

ADDRESS,

W. L. COTTON,

Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 1877.

DR. CLEMENT,

SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS to inform the citizens of Charlotte-town and vicinity that he has opened an office next door to the Reform Club (rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Caldwell), for the practice of Dentistry. He has adopted the following Scale of Charges, to suit the times, and to put Dentistry within the reach of all:—

For a full upper or lower Set of Teeth, \$10 00
For partial Sets—each tooth, 1 00
For Gold Fillings, 1 00
For Amalgam and all composition fillings, 50

ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST-CLASS.

In inserting Artificial Teeth, the Best Material only is used, and a perfect fit warranted in all cases, or no pay.

Ch'town, July 6, 1878—pat 3aw ar pres.

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878.

Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, &c.

THE Subscriber thankful for past patronage, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is still prepared to do all work in his line. Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, and General Jobbing punctually attended to.

On hand, a lot of Tinware, which will be sold very cheap, wholesale and retail.

Also wanted, a good steady man to peddle Tinware.

GEO. E. MILLNER,

Cor. Great George & Fitzroy Sts.

Ch'town, May 16—

P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . \$25,000,

In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed.

April 16, 1878—

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.

Repairing neatly done, at short notice. I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS,

Corner Kent and Prince Streets, }
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878. } 3m 2aw

St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.

Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,

Secretary.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO., OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and most newsy Paper published in the Province.

THE MCCARTHY MURDER.

Conclusion of Mr. Palmer's Speech.

DORCHESTER, Aug 19.

Shortly after 10 o'clock this morning, Mr. Palmer continued his address by taking up the different points in the case, in which he said the public had been misled. The papers have said the import of the doctors' evidence showed that death was caused by foul means. If they had taken these words as they mean, they would find it was that the death, according to their evidence, was not from strangulation. He would now show the facts that had convinced him that death was caused by falling off the Scadouc bridge, and he would first draw their attention to the fact of the complete preservation of the body. He then read at great length and commented on Taylor's Medical Jurisprudence in proof of his theory. There was nothing to disprove this, but abundant proofs in its favor, for instance, the hair found at the bridge must have been McCarthy's. It was surprising to him that no search had been made under the bridge. They had searched every other place, but of course the body could not float up the stream, but would have to it if it was put where Annie Parker said. He then referred to McCarthy's financial standing, and that it had been shown that he was not flush with funds. Mrs. McCarthy said she did not think he had over \$300 with him when he went away. Then, on the 24th of September he had deposited in the Bank \$380—a queer sum to deposit if he had \$400. Mrs. McCarthy had described the size of the roll of bills, and any reasonable person or one who kept a bar knew, the bills taken in a bar were generally as small as one dollar bills and a large roll might not contain much. He then produced the shirt bosom and tie, saying he had a right to take one doctor's theory for one thing and another for another thing; as for their whole theory he had disagreed, and he would call upon His Honor to point out to the jury that they could not rely on the doctors' testimony at all. He further argued in support of the stains not getting on the shirt, as Parker had described. He had proved how easy it is for a man to get turned round in the night, and had proved by McCarthy's own declaration that he was going to the Point. Then Annie Parker, the star actress in this highly renowned drama, comes next. He had dealt largely with her before, but would now say she had given false coloring to her own history. She had made false statements, and is not worthy of credit because on account of her bad moral character and her false account of herself. Her statements were disproved and contradictions in her story shown. He had also discussed the testimony of Hickey, the watchman. Mr. Colwell testified to paving a hatchet, but at what date he cannot tell. Dr. Campbell, a sick and wakeful man, at the time testifies to being there but he heard nothing. Harry had told the doctor he took a drunken man home one night, and a good deal had been said about that which, if Harry's month was not closed, he could explain to them. Myrick and Sturges, the tree men, were also there and heard nothing, and there was another wakeful man who would have easily been disturbed as he was quite unwell. John Nickerson came next. He was the only man that heard the Osbornes say McCarthy was there at twelve o'clock; but he (Palmer) could show that story to be a complete falsehood from the beginning. He was asked on the stand at Moncton if he were charged with stealing. He refused to answer it, and when asked for what answer he gave he says he told them about some difficulty concerning logs. He would now read Nickerson's statement, which he considered damnable, and when the merits of Allen's testimony were discussed, it should be discussed with Nickerson's also. He would sooner lie than tell the truth. He had said Annie Parker told him the way she knew the time McCarthy was there was that she finished scrubbing at a quarter to twelve, while Parker says herself she finished scrubbing at ten o'clock. Mrs. Atkinson was the next, who testified that she heard some kind of a noise—she did not know what—but it sounded like a wagon.

As for the witness Welch, he felt sorry for him. He had got off one shot, but it did not do much. His next shot remained unfired, and there was no telling what it might have done. Referring to Linkletter's statement made here about his conversation with the Osbornes, he said it had been unquestionably proved that John Osborne was in Dorchester that day—that he came on Wednesday and returned on Friday. The conversation the Osbornes carried on is perfectly absurd. If they had put the body in the Scadouc they never would have said the body was in the river. He would now review A. White's testimony, and in order to do so he would first read his statement. He did so, showing that White stated in Moncton that Mrs. Lucas was lying dead when he got home, and Mrs. Dysart said Mr. Dysart was at the wake. This, he said, was plain. He swears she was sick when he went back and they were holding a wake over her. Now, when he came here he did not swear to the contrary, but (hunching his shoulders) he is not sure. The next was Jos. Steadman, a decent man, who goes to Osborne's house and takes a piece of bed cord—just what he should do, but when he drives Annie Parker up to the Scadouc she goes on right by the road and got there in a very inconvenient route, showing plainly as truth that she never had been there before and then people would have no more judgment than say "wonderful corroboration!" Grattan was an evidence very important. He had given them a true issue of the conversation conducted before Henderson; also, that the door could not have been nailed, etc. He believed a conversation took place with Hayward also, who, he was credibly informed, was too drunk to catch many of the sentiments advanced.

He then glanced at the witnesses in their turn, and classed circumstantial but unimportant testimony. Next he would refer to the testimony of Mrs. McCarthy, about which he felt disposed to make some observation. She gave evidence of conversation with the Osbornes. But he asked if she had a conversation with Mrs. Allen Steeves. She had said no, while Mrs. Allen Steeves, a respectable

woman, had specified the time and place. The conversation took place and Mrs. McCarthy denies it. In regard to Mr. Moore, station agent at Amherst, he must say that he has stated a falsehood, but he (Mr. Palmer) didn't say it was intentional. However, he had acknowledged making a mistake on his books about Mrs. Sultz. He had nothing to say, only the conversation carried on with her was quite natural and would have been indulged in by any innocent people accused of such a heinous charge. Mr. Wilson, the druggist, testified to being in the house that night but fails to be in possession of much information in this matter.

Mr. Palmer said that he now came to Mr. Allen, the celebrated midnight visitor. What a grand acquisition it is to have such conveniences as railroads and telegraphs! If Allen had given such a testimony 25 years ago, with no such accommodation, a man would be hanged before the witnesses could be obtained to countermand it. He said he had stopped to Friars' and Mrs. Clark's, both of whom came and said it was a lie, and then people came from Point de Bute and gave clear evidence of his being there instead of where he had represented himself to be. But he believed if those people had been hanged, Allen's conscience would have been burned forever. He would now glance carefully over the witnesses for the defence. Charles Welling proved again that Parker was manufacturing her story. He then referred to other evidence in the defence, and dwelt on the witnesses from the North, whom, he said, were obtained through the kindness of Mr. Joseph H. Dickson, a man of acknowledged reputable character, who had brought only a few of the almost innumerable host who knew Annie Parker to be Annie Peltier, an imposter and a fraud. He then reviewed the Sheriff's evidence, upon which there had been thrown such base misconceptions. By Dr. Chandler he had proved a large amount of his theory, and all those evidences were arrayed against this Annie Peltier—this immaculate virgin, thus God-sent. Judge Botsford had testified to the good character of the prisoners. That is all he can do, because he is in no way connected, only valuable in the evidence given. He further referred to the impossibility of clothing the body of McCarthy and the handling of it by Harry as described. He referred to the witnesses from the North and then to Dr. Scott. He had not the highest regard, he said, for the theory and opinions of the doctors. He had previously shown the absurdity and impossibility of the blood getting on the wagon in the place found in the manner described. It had proved quite hard to get Mrs. Judge Botsford here. She being a lady, did not wish to come to court; but it was her bounden duty or the duty of any one when they found that the fate of a prisoner largely depended upon this testimony. But her testimony was valuable.

Mr. Palmer said he had now summed up the whole evidence, piece by piece, and would now close by making an appeal to them, showing the many absurdities contained in some of the evidence, such as the wagon Hickey saw starting from Shediac at three o'clock and getting at Atkinson's at two, an hour before it started, etc. Now, they had listened attentively to this case, and he knew that twelve men had a hard task put upon them to pronounce a man guilty or not guilty of murder. But what is this in comparison to shedding the innocent blood. Better let ninety-nine persons go unpunished than for one innocent person to be convicted. In referring to Annie Parker again, he said he wanted Mr. McCarthy and the Osbornes kept from her, and the day was not far distant when she would make a full confession of the whole story in its true light and meaning. He was prouder of his right to-day than he ever has been before, for the honorable manner in which they had acted, and he would like to have the jailer on the stand to testify to their good behaviour.

He then thanked the jury for their kind attention and sat down, having spoken some twelve hours and a half. His appeal towards the last was forcible and impressive.

Miscellaneous News.

Kossuth has protested against the Austrian occupation of Bosnia.

Mr. Spurgeon has returned to London, greatly benefited in health.

THE more you buy and the less you sell, the more you make. Such is the Toronto Globe's theory with respect to imports and exports.

Theodore Martin will collect his five translations of Heinrich Heine, which have recently appeared in "Blackwood," with some additions, into a volume.

The Queen, desiring to form an estimate of the value of the latest accession to her empire, has commissioned a photographer to obtain for a series of views of the Island of Cyprus.

A despatch from Rome says Cardinal Nina, the Papal Secretary of State, urges the Pope to go to Perugia, and has informed the Nuncios that a change of air is necessary for the Pope's health.

Mr. Moody has given \$5,000 to Welsley College from the proceeds of the sale of the Moody and Sankey hymn books. It will be permanently invested in a scholarship, to be known as the "Moody and Sankey scholarship," and be used in educating some deserving beneficiary.

Mr. Moody has rented a house in Baltimore, and will remove thither with his family about the 1st of October. His health has been somewhat impaired by his labors and he desires to rest and study. He will hold meetings during the winter months in the churches and public halls. Mr. Sankey is going to Europe.

The Mayor of Manchester, England, since the corporation moved into the splendid new Town Hall, has a great drawing-room and dining-hall on one floor, for state occasions, and above that a suite of rooms for his private use, including a bedroom. He doesn't sleep there—hasn't slept there—never intends to sleep there—but the vigilant officers of the Inland Revenue Department have assessed him £937 for "inhabited house duty," the charge being calculated on the assumed rateable value of the whole Town Hall!