

look upon my Sister as a second mother. I recommend to my Son, if ever he has the misfortune to become King, to devote himself to the good of his fellow citizens; to forget all hatred and resentment, and particularly every thing relative to my misfortunes and griefs; to recollect that he can only further the welfare of the people by reigning according to the laws, but at the same time, that a King cannot cause the laws to be respected, or do the good he may have in his heart, unless he possesses the necessary authority; otherwise he is cramped in his operations, and, inspiring no respect, he is more hurtful than useful.

I recommend to my Son to take care of all those who were attached to me, as far as the circumstances he may be in, may allow him; to remember that it is a sacred debt which I have contracted towards the children or relations of those who have perished for me, and who have become unfortunate on my account. I know there are many who were attached to me, who have not conducted towards me as they ought, and who have even been guilty of ingratitude; but I forgive them (often in times of trouble and effervescence we are not masters of our selves;) and I request my Son, if occasion should offer, only to recollect their misfortunes.

I should here wish to testify my acknowledgments to those who have shewn me a true and disinterested attachment: If, on the other hand, I have been sensibly affected by the ingratitude and disloyalty of persons to whom, or to their friends and relatives, I did all the good I could. I have, on the other hand, had the consolation to see the gratuitous attachment and interest of many, all of whom I request to accept my sincere thanks. In the present situation of things, I should be afraid of compromising them, were I to speak more explicitly; but I especially recommend it to my Son to seek opportunities to acknowledge their services.

I should, however, think I calumniated the sentiments of the nation, were I not openly to recommend to my Son, Mess. de Chamilly and Hue, whose true attachment to me induced them to shut themselves up with me in this place of confinement, and who thought they might become victims for so doing. I also recommend to him Clerg, whose care and attention I have every reason to be satisfied with ever since he has been with me.

I also freely forgive those who have watched over me the ill treatment and severity they thought it their duty to shew me. I have found some sensible and compassionate minds: may they have the heartfelt satisfaction of enjoying that tranquillity to which their way of thinking justly entitles them!

I request Mess. Malesherbes, Tronchet, and de Seze, to accept my sincere thanks, and warmest expressions of sensibility, for all the care and trouble they have had on my account.

I conclude, by declaring before God, and ready to appear before him, that I reproach myself with none of the crimes which are alleged against me. (Signed) LOUIS.

The Commissioners of the Temple found in the King's desk some gold to the amount of 3000 Lires. It was done up in seals, and on them was written, "To M. MALSHERBES." This grateful bequest of the deceased Monarch was not directly complied with: the money was deposited in the Secretary's office.

LONDON, JANUARY 28.

Lord Lauderdale left Paris, on his return to England, on Saturday the 19th. His avowed purpose was merely to accompany Madame de Coigny. The account he gives of the state of that metropolis is to this effect: That in reality Paris is now divided into two parties, nearly equal in strength. The Royalists, of MODERES, and what is called the EGALITE party. Their hatred to each other is inconceivable, and the consequence, in all probability, must be mutual assassination and murder. There seems, indeed, little doubt, that if such a catastrophe has not actually taken place, Paris will soon flow with blood from one extremity to the other.

The following letter has been sent from Lord Grenville to M. Chauvelin:

Whitehall, Jan. 24, 1793.

"I am charged to notify you, Sir, that the character with which you have been invested at this Court, and the functions of which have been so long suspended, being now entirely terminated, by the fatal death of his Most Christian Majesty, you have no more any public character here.

"The King can no longer, after such an event, permit your residence here. His Majesty has thought fit to order, that you should retire from this kingdom within the term of eight days; and I herewith transmit to you a copy of the order which his Majesty, in his Privy Council, has given to this effect.

"I send you a passport for yourself and your suite; and I shall not fail to take all the other necessary steps, in order that you may return to France with all the attentions which are due to the character of Minister Plenipotentiary from his Most Christian Majesty, which you have exercised at this Court. I have the honour to be, &c. (Signed) GRENVILLE"

Orders have been sent to Dover to permit the baggage of M. Chauvelin to pass free on its arrival at that place.

Yesterday there was a very solemn funeral service or REQUIEM, to pray for the soul of the lately deceased Monarch, Louis the XVth of France, performed in all the Roman Catholic Chapels of this metropolis. The congregations were universally in deep mourning on this occasion.

The Duke of Portland, Sir Gilbert Elliot, Mr. Fox, and several other of the leading and most eminent characters of the opposition in both Houses of Parliament have not only withdrawn themselves from the Constitutional Societies, but publicly and explicitly declare them determined to support the Constitution with their lives and fortunes. Never did this country exhibit such a resolute spirit against every species of innovation in our glorious Constitution. There are associations all over the kingdom, who express the most unequivocal attachment to his Majesty's sacred person and family—an unalterable and inviolable regard for the Constitution,—and, discountenancing all licentious and invidious publications, tending to excite discontent and disorder, all proceedings of those Constitutional Societies, who regardless of their duty to their King and Country, have not only openly recommended such writings to the people, but publicly avow the necessity of a reform in the Constitution—to all these the Associations declare the most pointed and determined opposition—and their firm resolution to support the Government and Constitution at the risk of all that is dear and valuable.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Public Notice is hereby given,

That on Wednesday, the 8th day of May next, will be sold at Mr. Bagnall's, at XI o'Clock in the Forenoon,

The following PROPERTY

belonging to Mr. John Clark, viz.  
A Number of Pasture and Town Lots,  
That large Dwelling House, occupied by Mr. Clark, with the Out houses thereto belonging,  
Two Cows, and five Horses,

To satisfy an Execution against him at the Suit of Messrs. John Brecken, Robert Hodgson, & Ralph Brecken.  
T. F. WINTER,  
April 29, 1793. late Dep. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

THE SALE of the EFFECTS of Leonard Wisenor, deceased, advertised for Wednesday next, is postponed until Wednesday the 8th of May after the above Sale.

ALL PERSONS having any Demands against the Estate of the late George Burns, of Stukeley (formerly called St. Peter's) Esquire, deceased, are required to bring in their Accounts, properly attested, to the Subscriber; and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, either by Bond, Note, or Book debt, are desired to pay the same on or before the first Day of June next; otherwise they will be sued without further Notice.

GEORGE BURNS, Administrator.  
April 26, 1793.