

Local and Other Items.

No mails crossed to-day.

The market to-day was thinly attended, owing to the storm.

The educational systems of Canada and Germany are the best in the world.

The sailors of Port Hope, Ont., have formed a union with a membership of eighty.

No man is more assiduous to provide for his relatives at the public expense!—JUNUS.

There is to be a great meeting at Centreville this evening. Hon. Donald Ferguson has left town to be present.

The steamer Albert arrived at Georgetown this morning. She will land freight and return to Pictou to-morrow, weather permitting.

Owing to non-attendance of members, the meeting of the City Council, announced for last night, was adjourned until Thursday evening next.

The late Government were lavish, careless and dishonest in hard times. Who is there so foolish and mean as to bear them out and say they did rightly?

The late Government were characterized by abuse of trust, mal-administration, debility and incapacity. Can any man be found so mean to do them reverence now?

MR. DEBLOIS is greeted by the Patriot with column after column of dreary, empty abuse. But Mr. DeBlois is "armed so strong in honesty that it passes him by as the idle wind which he respects not."

The Methodist congregation of Lower Montague intend holding a grand tea party on the 24th of June next, of which due notice will be given. Their object is to raise funds to rebuild or repair the church.—Advertiser.

A New York doctor declares that the walking exhibitions that are going on all over the country are not athletic exercises at all, but sheer abuse of strength and an open defiance of all natural laws.

The steamship Great Eastern is something of an elephant on the hands of the company that own it. She is lying idle, and, as her engines are out of date, there is little chance of finding employment for her. It would cost \$350,000 to fit her with proper machinery.

THE Thomas McCloskey referred to by a correspondent in another column, stole a copper bottom boiler from a house on Prince street. Officer Hertz caught him in the act and attempted to arrest him. McCloskey threw the boiler at the officer and ran off. He is anxiously looked for by the police at present.

JOHN McMASTERS was interrogating Mr. Davies during his (Mr. D's) address from the hustings, on Wednesday evening, when Mr. Davies, in a loud voice, asked, "Will not some fool take that fellow McCloskey away?" Instantly, the Grit candidate from West River (Mr. Farquharson) was seen helping McMASTERS from the hustings.

FLAGS are half mast on the Railway Depot and on King Solomon Masonic Lodge to-day, for the death of Mr. Benjamin Williams, Assistant Storekeeper on the Railway. He died yesterday evening of congestion of the brain, after nine days' illness. Mr. Williams was a model young man, and an attentive officer. His loss will be greatly felt by his fellow officials.

Francis Cusack appeared before the Stipendiary Magistrate this afternoon, on charge of assaulting Miss Catherine Walsh. On Tuesday Cusack caught Miss Walsh at her own door and attempted to strike her. He was fined 50 cents or 4 days. George Seward appeared for being drunk and incapable. He was fined \$1 and costs or 4 days. Angus Currie, drunk and incapable, was fined \$3 and costs or 14 days.

JAMES H. FLETCHER, Esq., delivered his popular lecture, "Six Weeks on Wheels," before the members of St. Joseph's Temperance Society, in St. Patrick's Hall, last evening. We learn that it was one of the most interesting lectures ever delivered in the city, and was listened throughout with the greatest attention. At the close, the lecturer was highly complimented by A. McNeill, Esq., and afterwards tendered a unanimous vote of thanks.

The following is a brief financial history of the Dominion since Confederation:—

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. Rows include Tory Surpluses (1863-1873) and Reform Surpluses (1874-1875).

Total Tory surpluses in six years, \$10,186,000; actual Reform deficit in six years, \$5,056,200. And the Reformers added three millions to the taxes.

Special Notices.

VERY Choice Smoked Hams, at BEER & GOFF'S.

BONELESS FISH at BEER & GOFF'S.

NEW ORANGES, Lemons and Cranberries just received, by the Capes. [ap2-1w] F. W. CARTER.

MR. EARLE'S CONCERT will take place on Tuesday, the 15th of April inst. Full particulars next week.

PERSONS having back numbers of the DAILY EXAMINER, dated July 3rd and July 28th, 1877, will confer a favor by leaving them at this office.

Died.

On Thursday afternoon, the 3rd inst., of congestion of the brain, in the 30th year of his age, Benjamin F. Williams, of the Store Department, P. E. I. Railway. His relatives and friends "mourn not as those who have no hope," knowing that "they who sleep in Jesus will God bring with him." [Funeral from his late residence, Hillsboro' Park, on Saturday, at 3 p. m., to Railway Station, thence to Hillsboro' River.]

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Ottawa and Foreign News.

The Letellier Matter—The Tariff—Appointment.

Special Dispatch to Examiner.

OTTAWA, April 4.

Sir John McDonald rose in the House yesterday and stated that he waited on the Governor General and informed him that it is the opinion of His Excellency's advisors that the usefulness of Governor Letellier is gone, and in the public interest the Government deemed it expedient that he should be removed.

The Governor General, because of no precedent to guide him, refers the matter to the Home Government. The Quebec members censure the Governor General.

Dr. Muttart made a speech on the Tariff last evening. He thinks it likely to lead to reciprocity, on natural products, with the United States. Every Conservative member in the House supports the Tariff.

James McIsaac has been appointed Postmaster at Belle Creek.

OTTAWA, April 3.

Sir Francis Hincks has arrived in the city, and is understood to be here in connection with the Government Banking Bill.

In the Senate, Hon. Mr. Ryan has given notice that he will ask whether it is the intention of the Government to subsidize a line of steamers between Canada and the West Indies or Brazil.

Mr. Kellogg, President of the Buffalo Bridge Building Company, will appear before the Railway Committee to-morrow to give evidence relative to the proposal to bridge the St. Lawrence by the Coteau Landing Railroad.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 3.

It is reported in St. Petersburg that Russia is subsidizing Yakob Khan, and preparing for a diversion in his favor.

VIENNA, April 3.

The Presse positively denies that a meeting of the three Emperors is to take place on the Emperor William's golden wedding. It is even uncertain whether the Czar can go to Berlin.

LONDON, April 3.

A Constantinople despatch says that the Porte has not yet accepted the details of the scheme for the occupation of Eastern Roumelia.

The Times' Constantinople correspondent says: "The Sultan has learned that Osman Pasha has lost much of the popularity of the army."

It is stated that Said Pasha's influence has also decreased. If this is true, it is not impossible that the latter may be sacrificed and a Homogenous reforming Ministry formed.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

Desperadoes Abroad.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—How long are the citizens to cry out for a "Prison Discipline and Hard Labor Act"? And how long will the Magistrate be compelled to listen to the sound of his own voice sending up vagrants, thieves and ruffians (rendered more brutal and treacherous from long immunity from fitting punishment), for short terms, with free board and lodging, week after week, till the monotony of the sentences, "\$2 or fourteen days," "three months with hard labor," is as wearisome to the Magistrate as it is dangerous to the community? The instinct of these jail birds tells them "there is no place like jail." It is their home or "town residence" where they put up as guests of the Government, and have an easy time of it. As long as this is the case crime will be on the increase. But add real hard labor to their sentence, i. e., working in chain gangs, mending our gutters, or doing the city scavenging at the tail of a cart. Being thus compelled to do what they have such an antipathy for, i. e., work, they will have a distaste for committing those unprovoked assaults, etc., which will entail on them months of hard labor.

We have some hardened brutes infesting the town whose natural delight is to treacherously assault and main unsuspecting, unoffending citizens, who seem to have the same fiendish enjoyment in bloodshed as the young murderer Pomeroy. McCloskey is one of these. Only a short time ago the citizens were startled by reading of an unprovoked assault on an extremely quiet citizen, since deceased. This scoundrel McCloskey struck him on the chest with a stone. How much this may have hastened his untimely death, we know not. Shortly before he broke into Mr. Cuningam's house and treacherously assaulted him. A few days ago, without the slightest provocation, he stretched almost lifeless a young man in Mr. McEachern's store by a blow from a bottle he had stolen from the counter and was running off with when the young man tried to stop him. Last night about 8 o'clock a young man went out of his way to violently jostle against me. I turned round and went to see who he was (McCloskey again!) when he suddenly made a violent blow at my face and head with a bottle. If I had not been as quick in guarding it off as I was, I would now be laid up with a broken head or marked and disfigured for life. How pleasant that would feel I leave to the experience of the citizens; for he is still at large, and they can comfort themselves that when his fortnight is up for this offence, he will be around again with the same bottle, incurably full himself, but the bottle empty.

Yours truly, S. D. FITZGERALD.

P. S.—I since learn that McCloskey was sent up for a long time, but his mother, who is a very respectable person, got him out on a petition signed by very respectable men in Charlottetown. In future the citizens should see what they are signing and what desperadoes they let loose on society. There are some people in this community who would sign anything they were asked, even their own death warrant, I believe. S. D. J. April 5, 1879.

The German tariff proposes an almost restrictive duty on American manufactures.

LOBSTER FISHERY.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE & FISHERIES, FISHERIES BRANCH, OTTAWA, 22nd March, 1879.

PUBLIC NOTICE is directed to the following Fishery Regulation adopted by the Governor-General in Council, on the 13th inst., rescinding all previous Orders in Council relating to the Lobster Fishery:

1. In that part of the Province of Nova Scotia, comprising parts of the Counties of Cumberland and Colchester, on the Bay of Fundy, the Counties of Hants, Kings, Annapolis, Digby, Yarmouth, Shelburne, Queen's, Lunenburg, Halifax, Guysborough, Richmond, Cape Breton and Victoria; also in the Province of New Brunswick, comprising part of the County of Westmoreland, on the Bay of Fundy, and the Counties of Albert, St. John and Charlotte, it shall be unlawful to fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell or (without lawful excuse) possess any Lobsters from the first day of August to the first day of April in each year.

2. In that part of the Province of Nova Scotia, comprising the Counties of Inverness, Antigonish, Pictou, and parts of Colchester and Cumberland, on Northumberland Strait; and that part of the Province of New Brunswick comprising the Counties of Westmoreland (in part), Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche; also in the Provinces of Quebec and Prince Edward Island, it shall be unlawful to fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell or (without lawful excuse) possess any Lobsters from the 20th day of August to the 20th day of April in each year.

3. It shall be unlawful at any time to fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell or possess any female Lobsters in spawn or with eggs attached, soft shelled, or any young Lobsters of less size than nine inches in length, measuring from head to tail, exclusive of claws or feelers; and when caught by accident in nets or other fishing apparatus lawfully used for other fish, they shall be liberated alive, at the risk and cost of the owner of the net or other apparatus, or by the occupier of the fishery, on either of whom shall devolve the proof of such actual liberation.

By order, W. F. WHITCHER, Commissioner of Fisheries.

[ap 2]

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, CHEAP, at JOHN NEWSON'S, April 1, 1879—3m

FURNITURE. LARGEST STOCK—Greatest Variety—Best Quality—Cheapest in every grade. Call and examine. JOHN NEWSON. April 1, 1879—3m

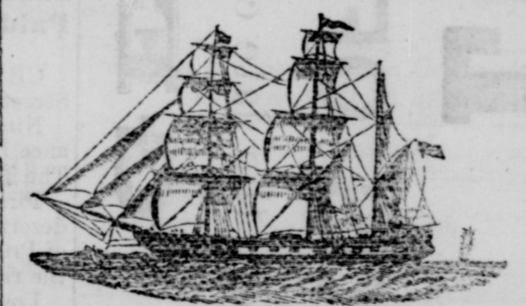
Picture Frames & Moulding. ALL the Modern Patterns—Cheapest—Best Workmanship—Promptly delivered. JOHN NEWSON. April 1, 1879—3m

Looking Glasses and Mirrors. NEW STYLES—Cheap. JOHN NEWSON. April 1, 1879—3m

IRON BEDSTEADS. SINGLE & DOUBLE—Best kinds—Cheap. JOHN NEWSON. April 1, 1879—3m

UPHOLSTERY WORK. MODERN STYLES—Best Finish—Cheapest—Promptly delivered. JOHN NEWSON. April 1, 1879—3m

REGULAR TRADER. From London to Charlottetown



P. E. ISLAND, DIRECT. 1879. SPRING TRIP. 1879.

The Well-known Clipper Barkentine "Ethel Blanche," (NOW ON THE BEACH), 425 Tons Register, Coppered and Classed 9 years A1 at Lloyds, CHARLES GOULD, COMMANDER, Will Sail from London on or about the 5th April, CARRYING FREIGHT AT THROUGH RATES TO Pictou, Summerside and Georgetown.

This vessel was built expressly for the London trade, being thoroughly fitted out in every respect, with splendid accommodation for Passengers, and offers every inducement to Shippers.

Parties wishing to have their Goods delivered here early in the season will oblige by forwarding their orders in time, so as not to detain the Vessel.

For Freight or Passage, apply in London to JOHN PITCHER & SONS, 16 Great Winchester Street, E. C.; in Liverpool to PITCHER BROS., Brockley Buildings, 51 South John Street; or here to the owners, PEAKE BROS. & CO. Charlottetown, Feb. 28, 1879—4w 2aw

NEW SPRING TWEEDS! PER "NORTHERN LIGHT."

JUST RECEIVED, THREE CASES NEW SPRING TWEEDS, CHOICE PATTERNS! LOW PRICES!

Now is the Time to get Suited

J. B. MACDONALD.

Queen Street, Charlottetown, March 1, 1879—her

To the Electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been nominated at a large meeting of merchants, mechanics, farmers, and other electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty, representing both parties in Dominion politics, to run in conjunction with Mr. L. H. Davies, for the Local Legislature, I beg to state that I have accepted the nomination.

If elected my best efforts will be directed to have the Law for the Registration of Voters so amended that no elector may be deprived of his privilege as a British subject in recording his vote. I believe that by strict economy and retrenchment in the various departments of the public service, the expenditure of the Province can be so reduced as to bring it within the revenue, without resorting to direct taxation; and any measures having for their object the reduction of the taxes, or the repeal of the Assessment Act, if that be found possible, will have my willing support. The state of the Provincial finances, as well as the depressed condition of all branches of trade, demand the strictest economy and retrenchment. Certain members of the present Government having declared their intention to place Charlottetown under the Assessment Act, I shall strenuously oppose any such measure. That Act was placed upon the Statute Book to defray the expenses of maintaining the roads and bridges of the country. The City taxes itself for that purpose, and it is, therefore, unjust that it should be compelled to contribute to a service from which it derives no benefit.

Charlottetown contributes largely to the general revenue by its consumption of dutiable goods. This revenue is repaid the Province in the shape of subsidy. The subsidy is also largely made up by the 80 cents per head of the population. It will, therefore, be my duty to see that Charlottetown gets a fair share of the Revenue thus derived. Any measures having in view the improvement of the position of the Mechanics of this my native city, and the protection of their industry by the adoption of a just Lien Law, will, I need hardly say, have my warmest support, whilst at the same time I shall endeavor to see that the rights and interests of other classes are in no way infringed upon.

Having had an experience of upwards of 25 years in business, I claim to have some knowledge of the wants of the people. If elected, my best endeavors shall be put forth to promote their interests. My motto is country first, party afterward, and fair play to all.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Yours respectfully, THOMAS MORRIS. Charlottetown, March 31, 1879.

GRAND CONCERT

—AND— Variety Entertainment! Under the Auspices of St. Patrick's Band, IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

—ON— Easter Monday Night APRIL 14th, 1879.

The Committee will spare no pains to make this a first-class Entertainment.

The programme will consist of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Addresses, Readings, Recitations, etc., etc.

The Entertainment will conclude with BROTON'S laughable Farce, entitled, "NUMBER ONE, ROUND THE CORNER."

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8. Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Unreserved, 25 cents.

Tickets can be obtained at the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and C. D. Rankin, and at the door on night of Entertainment. THOS. E. FLYNN, Secretary to Com. Ch'town, March 29, '79.—tw

Wants, Lost, Found, &c.

Advertisements under this heading, in space not exceeding half an inch, will be inserted for Ten Cents per day.

STORAGE TO LET—Very convenient for oats, potatoes, etc.; 3 inch plank floor, large doors, etc. JAMES M. BUTCHER. April 3—4i

Nurse Wanted.—Wanted immediately a Woman who has had experience in the care of children. An elderly person preferred. Good references required. Apply to Mrs. FRED. MITCHELL, Grafton street. March 25—1w pd

To the Electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty:

GENTLEMEN,—Having, at a large and influential meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty, been nominated a Candidate for your suffrages at the coming General Election, I have accepted the nomination, and now solicit your support for myself, as also for my colleague, the Honorable Neil McLeod.

In the late Government, as a Free School man, I performed that which I considered to be for the true interests of all classes, by assisting to place on our Statute Books a thoroughly non-sectarian School Act. This Act, although it may—like most others—require amendment, has, I am pleased to believe, proved generally acceptable to every class and creed in the Province, and all now cheerfully agree that its non-sectarian principle must be kept inviolate.

I rejoice that the harsh line of religious party differences has been obliterated, and that all denominations can henceforth stand shoulder to shoulder for the purpose of striving in unison to carry out such measures of economy and retrenchment in the Administration of Governmental affairs as the changed aspect of commercial and other business matters in the Province have rendered absolutely necessary.

Should I have the honor to be returned to the Assembly as one of your representatives, an object of mine shall be to meet all reasonable and honest endeavors that may be made to lessen the burthen of taxation, which, in the present state of general financial depression, is undoubtedly necessary; and to aid any legitimate legislation that may tend to the well-being of every class in the community, and particularly of mechanics, who, as a body, through their own magnanimity, have not in the Assembly a representative from among themselves.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, G. W. DEBLOIS. Ch'town, March 20, 1879.—he pres ar ne 2i

To the Electors of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty:

GENTLEMEN,—Having been nominated at a large and influential meeting of the Liberal-Conservative party as a candidate for Charlottetown, Common and Royalty for the House of Assembly of this Province, in conjunction with your late representative Mr. George Wastie DeBlois, I solicit your support and influence in behalf of Mr. DeBlois and my self at the approaching General Election.

Should you do me the honor of returning me as your representative, I shall consider it my duty to guard your interests in Parliament, by advocating such measures as will most conduce to your prosperity.

In times like the present, of financial and commercial depression, I will advocate measures of economy and retrenchment in every branch of the public service in order to relieve the taxpayers as much as possible.

Believing that the interests of the mechanics require some consideration at the hands of the Legislature, I shall deem it my duty to advocate all legitimate measures that will tend to promote their welfare.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant, NEIL McLEOD. Charlottetown, March 21, 1879.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown, at their Secretary's Office, until

Monday, the 7th Day of April, next, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the

Erection of a Wooden Building, as an addition to the Wing of the new School Building on Western Kent Street.

Also, for the erection of a Fence to enclose the grounds in connection with said School Building. Tenders to state the price of the Fence at per foot.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Thomas Alley, Esq., Prince Street, Charlottetown.

Tenders to be marked on the envelope, "Tender for work in connection with School Building."

Good and approved security will be required for the performance of the Contract.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. ISAAC OXENHAM, Secretary of the Board of School Trustees of Charlottetown. Office of City School Board, } March 22nd, 1879. } t apr 7

FURNITURE REPAIRED

AND RE-PAINTED—Chairs Re-Caned—Looking-Glass Frames Refitted, and all kinds of Machine Work done with satisfaction and promptness, at JOHN NEWSON'S. April 1, 1879—3m