

THE DAILY EXAMINER

JULY 12, 1894.

IMPERIAL UNITY.

This following resolution, moved by Hon. George E. Foster, and seconded by Sir Henry Wrixon, was adopted by the Inter-colonial Conference:

"Whereas, the stability and progress of the British Empire can be best assured by drawing continually closer the bonds that unite the Colonies with the Mother Country, and by the continued growth of a practical sympathy in all that pertains to the common welfare.

"And whereas, the co-operation and unity can in no way be more effectively promoted than by the cultivation and extension of the mutual and profitable interchange of their products.

"Therefore resolved, that this conference records its belief in the advisability of a customs arrangement between Great Britain and her Colonies, by which trade within the empire may be placed on a more favorable footing than that which is carried on with foreign countries.

"Further resolved, that until the mother country can see her way to enter into a customs arrangement with the colonies, it is desirable that when empowered to do so, the colonies of Great Britain, or such of them as may be disposed to accede to this view, take steps to place each other's products, in whole or in part, on a more favored customs basis than is accorded to the like products of foreign countries.

"Further resolved, that for the purpose of this resolution the South African customs union be considered as part of the territory capable of being brought within the scope of the contemplated trade arrangements.

The opinions and principles here set forth are to be crystallized into legislation by the mother country and the various colonies. There can be no doubt that the object in view is a consummation devoutly to be wished.

The conditions throughout the world, just now, seem to be favorable to it. It is to be hoped that the action to be taken by political leaders, British and Colonial, upon this most highly important matter will be wise and statesman-like.

PETTY POLITICS.

This case referred to by our correspondent "Observer," in which Captain Paoli is the victim, does not stand alone.

Another correspondent details the facts of a petty, but disgraceful, transaction at West River. It appears that the repair of a certain road was recently let by auction.

Two good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of the work were offered by the contractor and accepted by the supervisor. The contractor, subsequently called upon the Commissioner of Public Works and said to him, "Are you satisfied I should go on with the contract?" The reply was, "Yes, I am quite satisfied."

Upon this the contractor obtained some lumber and got ready to proceed with the work. But a few days afterwards he learned, to his surprise, that another man was also preparing to do it.

Meeting the Supervisor soon after, he asked an explanation, and was informed that Premier Peters had cancelled the contract that had been made by the Supervisor, and approved by the Commissioner, and given the work to a political friend.

This is, in brief, the only instance of a long letter to THE EXAMINER. The facts of this case, unusual, irregular, disgraceful to the Government as they are, are yet fully in keeping with those connected with the carpet job, the bad butter matter, the injustice to the May Queen, and other petty party practices, some of which have been exposed, and many of which will never be brought to light.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

It is computed that the revenue of the fiscal year, ended on the 30th June, will reach, when all accounts are in, \$36,352,000. The expenditures reported to the same date amount to \$30,775,359.

But it is believed that sums still to be reported, and added will pretty well wipe out the apparent surplus, leaving accounts at all will be highly creditable to Canada, as compared with the huge deficits of the United States, England, Australia and other countries.

St. John Sun: "It has been often suggested that the command of the Canadian forces should be given to a Canadian. The experiment would be worth trying. It is true that Canadian officers, except those now in the Imperial army, have not much experience in the regular service."

This might stand in the way of their taking command if the Canadian force was a regular and body of professional soldiers. But it is, in the main, a body of volunteer citizens, and it is at least an open question whether it would not be most effectively, because most intelligently, commanded by a man whose experience had been mostly gained in the ranks of the volunteer militia.

Such a man would understand the force better than any officer who could be sent from England, and he might come to understand soldiering as well as an old campaigner. At all events, he and the force under him could be developed together, and the results of the evolution might be better than anything we have yet seen."

WEDDED AT HALIFAX.

We congratulate Mr. A. E. Ings and his bride upon the happy event of Tuesday afternoon. The Herald, of July 11, reports: "Yesterday at three o'clock Miss Clara Dodge, daughter of Dr. Dodge, and A. E. Ings, barrister, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., were married at the residence of the bride's parents, corner of Victoria road and South Park street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Gaudier. The bride was attired in a white silk dress trimmed with lace to match. Miss Beatrice Blanchard, of Truro, was bridesmaid. She wore a handsome white crepon dress with pale green trimmings. Harold Osley was best man."

SUPREME COURT.

THURSDAY, July 12. In the case of Oubridge vs. Owen, the evidence for the plaintiff, Mr. Martin, was heard yesterday. Mr. Davers, Q. C., for the defendant, moved for a non-suit; Attorney-General Peters contra. Mr. Justice Fitzgerald refused the non-suit. The case will probably not be concluded today.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the Great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

OTTAWA CORRESPONDENCE.

Since my last letter there has been a most welcome change in the temperature, and for the last five or six days the nights have been decidedly cool.

There has been a drop in the mercury of fully 20 degrees. The hot weather which it had been the cause of much increased mortality, chiefly among infants. There were 29 deaths known to have occurred within three days, and some from a distance.

Farmers' excursions from the outlying districts, and some from quite a distance, have been the order of the day for the last few weeks. They come to visit the Experimental Farm, where they are shown around by the officials, and afforded a great deal of information. Lunch is also served them. One of the excursions last week numbered 800 persons.

Some of them are wholly French-Canadian, and they come in charge of their priests, and have good time generally.

With the exception of Monday, which was Dominion Day, last week was one of steady work, although not so very much progress was made. This, however, was not the fault of the Government, who were anxious to go ahead, but attributable almost wholly to the opposition.

On Tuesday Mr. Laurier's motion to go into supply brought up some tiresome question about the construction of the dams at Sheik's Island, on which he moved the House to ensure the Government.

Without any debate whatever, Mr. Laurier's motion was negatived by 55 to 47, neither Mr. McCarthy nor Col. O'Brien being present.

In the evening on motion again to go into supply, Mr. Edgar took the floor with a resolution to censure Sir Hector Langevin and Sir Adolphe Caron, for their connection with the Quebec Conservative Campaign fund of 1887.

Mr. Edgar in his high pitched cracked treble, went over the history of the trial and conviction of McGreevy and Connolly. The evidence produced at this trial, he claimed, proved that Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe were very interested in the distribution of the funds obtained by the defendants, and were beneficiaries of their conspiracy.

He attacked Sir John Thompson for not prosecuting all alike, and charged him with being actuated by a desire to save his colleagues. His resolution favored the censure of Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe, and declared the retention of Sir Hector as a Cabinet Minister to be a scandal and a disgrace.

The House was well filled by the time Mr. Edgar concluded, several of the official delegates being in the Speaker's gallery. There is no doubt that this matter was brought up at this particular time in the eyes of their guests, from Australia and purporting to damage the government in the vicinity of Sir Adolphe who meets with the delegates as a representative of Canada.

When Sir Hector Langevin arose he was greeted with loud and long continued applause. It was some time before Sir Hector was sufficiently rested to enable him to speak. The old man felt under the cruel thrust which had been made at him. His thin shrill voice was tremulous when he complained, and justly, that he was being tried a second time for an offence of which he had been acquitted. It was not British fair play.

He denied all knowledge of or connection with any of the charges. He knew of no money paid by the contractors to the election fund. Everybody was aware that money was needed to conduct an election. Both sides used it. He knew nothing of the money alleged by Mr. Edgar to have been improperly expended. When he drew drafts on McGreevy, he was drawing money which he himself had deposited with McGreevy, and for which he had the receipts in his pocket.

Sir Adolphe Caron was also heartily applauded. He "spoke right out in meeting," and told Mr. Edgar that whatever he had done in connection with the campaign he was not ashamed of, and he would do again. Edgar to lecture him! The idea was absurd. Edgar, the man who for so many years had been the manager and manipulator of the most corrupt election fund that had ever been organized in Canada to delude the electorate!

Sir Adolphe denied every charge Mr. Edgar had made. He knew nothing of Larkin, Connolly & Co. having at any time contributed to the Conservative campaign fund. Mr. Edgar was ready to make charges from his seat in the House, but he was not allowed to do so.

After Sir Adolphe concluded, Mr. Charlton rose, which was the signal for emptying the House, floor and galleries. "Charlton, the traitor" was too much for the audience, the vast majority of whom retired, it being then after 11 p. m. Scarcely a member remained on the Government side. Fortunately Charlton did not speak at great length, and no one else proposing to continue the debate, the Speaker rose to put the question. Before the order could be given to call in the members, Mr. Mulock took his feet to express his disgust because the Government had nothing to say. Mr. Mulock having talked himself dry, and the Government being impervious, the Speaker put the question, and after the usual ceremonies, Mr. Edgar's motion was defeated by a vote of 107 to 65—neither Messrs. McCarthy nor O'Brien voting, although they were present during the debate.

Of course Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe had retired from the chamber before the vote was taken, and after the decision had been given by the Speaker, they returned amid the uproarious applause of the Conservative members. It was then nearly midnight, yet the House went into supply and made good progress before half past one Wednesday morning, when they adjourned.

On Wednesday Col. Tisdale occupied nearly the whole afternoon with a grievance about the Lake Erie Fisheries situation in his constituency. Col. Tisdale is one of the finest men in the House, but, like a good many others, he does not approve of the policy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Afterwards Mr. Mulock took the floor, and occupied nearly all the rest of the day with a motion of want of confidence, based on the action of the Government regarding the Cattle Trade. Mr. Mulock's speech on this subject occupies no less than forty columns of Hansard. When the vote was taken about 1:30 on Thursday morning, Mr. Mulock's motion was negatived by 99 to 59, neither Mr. McCarthy nor O'Brien voting.

Thursday was chiefly notable for a passage of an act between Mr. Martin and Mr. Daly, the Minister of the Interior, in which the former was convicted by a sworn testimony, of being a hypocrite and a humbug, if nothing more.

Mr. Martin has justified the anticipations of his friends; he has fallen very flat, and if report speaks truly, he has not been any more successful at the card-table than he has been in Parliament. It was predicted that he was going to drive Tom Daly (the Minister of the Interior) from office and from public life, but Tom Daly is still very much on

Fishery Report.

July 12. Georgetown—Cod and lobsters scarce. Malpeque—Lobsters good; cod and mackerel scarce. Alberton—Slight improvement in mackerel.

Hokoking at Tignish and Waterford. Fish reported large and fat.

Mr. Haggart replied that he had answered Mr. Perry half a dozen times already. There was a couple of private letters, one from Rev. Mr. Burke, and one from Mr. Foster, enclosing a letter from Mr. Howland to Mr. Haggart. These were private and would not be brought down.

Nothing else occurred in the House last week of sufficient interest to warrant my taking up your space talking about it. They are getting through supply as fast as they can, but there is no doubt that Mr. Foster's absence hampers them considerably. To-day, the French treaty comes up.

From what I learn, prorogation will take place on Saturday, most of the members "pairing" and leaving for home on Thursday.

Last Saturday a respectable looking working man addressed the name on the street. I stopped and asked him who he was. He replied that his name was Collings, a son of Solomon Collings, of Charlottetown, and that he was on his way to work on the construction of the Perry Sound Railway.

The "at home" given on Thursday night in honor of the Colonial delegates was not only one of the best of the week, but one of the most unique and successful entertainments ever attempted in Canada. Of course the grounds of Parliament Hill offer unparalleled facilities for decoration and illumination, and the gentlemen who planned and carried out the arrangements deserve sincere congratulation.

It was a veritable fairy scene that met the eyes of the beholder, and it is simply impossible to describe it. Those who know the grounds, the pavilion on the crest of the cliff, and the lovers walk, can imagine how they would look illuminated with hundreds of colored electric lights. It is estimated that there were 1800 persons present, the guests being received by the Cabinet Ministers' wives. Refreshments of a very light and unobtrusive kind were served in a large marquee, and the land of the Governor-General's Foot Guards discoursed its sweetest strains. I don't know who was responsible for the very absurd order that guests were to appear in full-evening dress. Such an attire would have been all right for the ladies forty-eight hours before, but there had been a drop of thirty degrees in the temperature, and Parliament Hill is the coldest spot in the city. So such ladies as obeyed the order soon found it necessary to envelop themselves in wraps, while next morning the majority of them wore the latest style of cold. I said 1800 persons were present—I mean within the sacred enclosure guarded by police and devoted to the "fashionables" who received invitations, besought and flattered for in some instances. But the "great unwashed," the "ignoble vulgar," the "canaille," the shopkeepers, the tradespeople, "those who rise early in the morning and late take rest, and eat the bread of carefree life,"—they were outside the ropes. They were like the two old maids who asked Artemus Ward if they could go into his house without paying, and to whom he replied that they could not, but that they "could pay without going in."

This was the case of the thousands who viewed the show on Parliament Hill—they paid for it but they did not go in, and some of them sighed as they viewed the "promised land," and wondered how long it would take them ere they could escape from the bondage of "tra" and take their place among the "fashionables" of Sandy Hill and Cooper Street.

Notwithstanding that the strongest refreshment provided by the managers of the "at home" was a cold one, some of the guests towards the end of the evening procured something more exhilarating, and after the affair had broken up, two members of Parliament in their shirt sleeves and stockings, went to a war dance on top of the tables. A bank official—one of the leading "fashionables" of the capital, and who prides himself on being "in the know," distinguished himself by arriving on the grounds in possession of a very elegant "jac."

Still, the "at home" was a grand affair, cleverly planned and successfully carried out, and was a most brilliant event in the programme of festivities which the people of Canada are giving in honour of their brethren from the other Colonies.

Ottawa, or rather the official portion of the community, was greatly exercised last week over the suspension by Major-General Herbert of Colonel Walter Powell, the veteran Adjutant-General of the militia. Your readers have, no doubt, heard all about it ere this, but it seems to be highly satisfactory to everybody that, by direction of the Minister, the General has had to come out of his perch, and withdraw the suspension. The reason assigned for the suspension is most trivial, and furnishes no justification whatever for the General's summary action. Colonel Powell has been connected with the force for over 30 years, and is justly called the Father of the Canadian Militia, yet because he did not obtain the actual initials of the General on an order which the General had approved several days previously, and the substance of which had been announced by the Minister in Parliament, Colonel Powell did not obtain the approval of the General on the order he sent for publication in the Gazette, he was ignominiously suspended. Happily, the trouble is over, and the Adjutant-General is reinstated.

It is said that the General would be glad of any excuse to get rid of Col. Powell, because he wants the position for his friend Col. Lake, the new Quartermaster-General. Col. Powell, it is said, does not agree with General Herbert's opinion of the Canadian militia. Though they may not be so exact in appearance as the British regulars, yet Col. Powell's opinion is a native force suitable to the country, and that, for man for man, they will compare favorably with those of the Motherland.

Col. Powell is of U. E. Loyalist stock, and was born in 1825, in Norfolk County, Ontario. Before he entered the militia department of the old Province of Canada, in 1862, he was actually in trade—kept a country store at Port Dover—was not at all "in society." He is no relation to the "blue-blooded" Powells of Ottawa city. Speaking of Col. Lake—he is, I think, a native of Canada, at any rate, his father, an army officer, served in Canada, where he married a Miss Phillips, of Quebec, a sister of Mrs. P. V. Robin, formerly of Charlottetown; now of Toronto.

WHEN TRAVELLING. Whether on pleasure trip, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fever, headache, and all forms of sickness. For sale in 72c. bottles by all druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Grand Concert!

MRS. HARRISON, Assisted by Eminent Artists, will give a Concert under the Auspices of the Summer School of Science, and under the Patronage of His Honor the Lieut. Governor, in the

MASONIC TEMPLE Friday Evening, 13th inst. Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8 o'clock. Admission—Reserved Seats, 50c; Unreserved Seats, 35c. Plan of Balcony at Rankin's Drug Store. Plan of Lower Hall at Dodd's Medical Hall. 2-11-94

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For Freight apply in London to John Pitcairn & Sons, 7 Union Court, Old Broad Street, E. C.; in Liverpool to Pitcairn Brothers, 51 South John Street; or here to the owners.

PEAKE BROS. & CO. Charlottetown, July 12, 1894—end of

Chair and other manufacturers combine to keep prices up. Not so with the Star Tailor. We live and let live. As a consequence we offer our patrons and friends bargains that you cannot duplicate in the city. Our Light Summer Wear we are offering at tremendous discounts to clear. Come in at once and choose for yourself.

JOHN T. MCKENZIE. July 10

A BETTER INVESTMENT than an ACCIDENT POLICY FOR \$1,000, at this season of the year, is a bottle of

DR. ABBOTT'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, which should be at hand for immediate use in every house in case of a sudden attack of Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, &c. To be had of all dealers in medicine at 25 cents per bottle. July 10-41

FREE FROM ALL

vexatious conditions and restrictions are the Policies issued by the

CANADA ACCIDENT ASS. CO. E. R. BROW BROWN'S BLOCK, CH'TOWN. AGENT FOR P. E. ISLAND.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER THE STRIKE COLLAPSING. Workmen Pay No Attention to the Last Order.

FOOLISH MEN IN THE COURTS. Engine and Train Wrecked—Four Men Killed.

CHICAGO, July 12. A review of the field leads to the belief that the strike is collapsing. The Knights of Labor at various points pay no attention to the Grand Master Workington Sawyer's order to strike. It is said that negotiations are under way which will result in the return of the Pullman employes to work.

DETROIT, July 2. The first of the cases against the strikers on the Walcott Railroad ended today in the United States' court. H. R. Burdick, who dragged an engine from his cab in Walcott, was adjudged guilty of contempt of court in violating an injunction, and sentenced to pay \$500, or be imprisoned for thirteen months.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 12. The Southern Pacific Railway Company broke the blockade yesterday. The engine that hauled the first train out lies on its back in a slough by the side of a broken bridge, and the three cars that made up the train with it. Under the wreck lie the bodies of the engineer and three soldiers who were guarding him. The train was wrecked by strikers.

OTTAWA, July 12. Parliament will likely be prorogued on Wednesday, July 13th, at 11 o'clock. Hon. Mr. Foster introduced a resolution for a subsidy of \$750,000 for a fast Atlantic service. Speeches were made in his favor by Foster, Thompson, Tupper, Hazen and others. It was opposed by Laurier, Cartwright and the grists generally. The resolution was adopted.

GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. BOSTON, July 10.—A coal shed on Commercial wharf collapsed this forenoon, precipitating five men with 300 tons of coal into the dock. Two of the men, Michael Driscoll and Wm. Smith, were taken out dead, the other three were seriously injured. The men were engaged in trimming coal from a schooner when the structure fell. Giving way of the underpinning was the cause of the accident.

ODessa, July 9.—The Russian steamer Vedadimir, Selastopol for this port, collided in the Black Sea this morning with the Italian steamer Columbus, Esplanatoria for Nikoladef. She went down almost at once with all on board. A few persons were picked up by the Columbus. Between 60 and 70, mostly passengers, are said to have been drowned. The Columbus is considerably injured but in no danger of foundering.

St. John's, Nfld., July 9.—The schooner Diamond, from Boston, arrived this evening, bringing seven men, when the steamer Theodore Shanough, of the Gloucester schooner Shenandoah. The men were picked up on Friday. They had been drifting in a dory off Grand Banks seven days, without food or water, and tell a dreadful story of suffering.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd., St. John, N. B. Circulars and full information mailed free. Agents wanted everywhere. July 6.

TO LET. The Two Stores in the Masonic Temple Building on Grafton Street. For further information apply to S. W. Crabb or D. McLEAN, Secretary-Treasurer. July 9

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BOTANY—"Spotton's" Parts I and II. CHEMISTRY—Laboratory, Manual of CHEMISTRY—Introduction to Chemical Science. GEOLOGY—Dana's Geological Story Briefly Told. PHYSICS—Dodge's Introduction to Physical Science. ZOOLOGY—Colton's Practical Zoology, etc. Magnifying Glasses, etc. etc.

FOR SALE AT GARTER'S BOOKSTORE 187 QUEEN SQUARE. July 6

NEW STORE. I have opened a new JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS STORE on QUEEN STREET, opposite J. D. McLeod & Co's. If you want your Watch or Clock to go—I don't mean to go when you go, but to go and keep good—come to JOSEPH GOODSTEIN and have them repaired. Open daily from 7 a. m. till 9.30 p. m. July 12

ST. PAUL'S SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC.

The annual Sunday School Picnic will be held on WEDNESDAY, JULY 18th, on the beautiful grounds of John McEwen, Esq., East River.

The str. Southport will leave the Ferry Wharf at 10.30 a.m., and at 2 p. m. Good Refreshment Tables. Worth's Band in attendance. Fare, 15 cents; Children half price. July 12-41 if guar.

A Thousand Tons of Dynamite

won't disturb the Waterproof trade as much as our quotations for our best Rain and Waterproof Garments.

All Garments bought direct from the manufacturers. Every Garment guaranteed. The people of P. E. Island have realized that we are doing the Waterproof trade by giving the best goods for the lowest possible price.

N. B.—Samples on hand from which Gentlemen's Garments can be selected. Personal attention given to orders at lowest possible prices.

JAS. PATON & CO.

Black Diamond Line.

The SS. COBAN, due here from Montreal on Monday morning, July 16th, will sail for North Sydney, St. John's and Harbor Grace, carrying horses, cattle and sheep, etc., produce under deck at lowest possible rates. For further particulars apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO. Agents. July 12

Provincial Loan.

PROVINCIAL TREASURY. Prince Edward Island, 25th June, 1894. Under authority of the Act of last Session, 57 Vic., Cap. 6, the Government of Prince Edward Island is now prepared to receive, from any person or persons, Temporary Loans, at 4 per cent. interest, on call or on such terms as may be agreed upon.

This will afford a good opportunity for the investment of large or small sums for short or long periods. ANGUS McILLAN, Prov. Treasurer. June 25—pat

Summer Shoes!

SUITABLE FOR SEA SHORE. SAILING, SPORTS AND SO PHORT. J. M. McLEOD & CO.

You'll be going away soon, and you'll need new shoes. Buy them now, while you have plenty of time to choose, and plenty of shoes to select from.

It is the perfection of the well matured plant properly cured by expert growers. Mild flavored, bright and of matchless quality; Mastiff Plug Cut pleases the most fastidious.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia, and Montreal, Canada.

The New Brunswick Royal Art Union, Limited.

OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK. CAPITAL STOCK, \$150,000. Incorporated to Promote Art. This Company will distribute among its subscribers, on the 31st Day of July, 1894.

3422 Works of Art, aggregating in value \$65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance. The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at \$18,750. Subscription Tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price \$1 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton, and others. Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank cheque or draft to

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LOOK In Your Pantry and if not there, get it without delay. Biscuits, Cakes, Pastry, If made with it, will be DELICIOUS. WE REFER TO WOODLILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER. July 9

Tickets to Boston.

Buy Your Tickets for Boston by S. S. "FLORIDA," (Canada Atlantic and Plant Line), FROM W. W. CLARKE, Ticket Agent, Corner Queen and Water Streets. Charlottetown, June 22, 1894.

DAVENPORT SCHOOL, Portland Manor, St. John, N. B.

Boys educated for College or Business by an excellent staff of Resident Masters. Special Attention Paid to Religion, Morals and Manners. Visitor—The Lord Bishop of Fredericton, Warden—Rev. John M. Davenport, M. A., Oxford.

Day Scholars, \$45; House Boys, \$200 per annum. N. B.—Boys with fine voices for the choir will be admitted at much lower rates. School Year begins September 3rd. Apply to Headmaster. 11 1st sep—pat

Go to Beer & Goff's for Your Picnic Supplies!

FOR MAKING SANDWICHES—They have Corned Beef, Compressed Ham, Potted Ham, Potted Tongue, Potted Game, &c. IN CANNED FISH—They have Island Salmon, Finnan Haddies, Sardines, Spiced Salmon, Lobsters, &c. IN CANNED MEATS—They have Roast Beef, Ox Tongues, Lunch Tongues, Corned Beef in 1, 2 and 6 pound cans. Dried Beef, &c. Also, all kinds of CANNED FRUITS and VEGETABLES, as well as a full assortment of Plain and Fancy BISCUITS, PURE LIME JUICE, and SYRUPS, assorted flavors, at

BEER & GOFF'S. Charlottetown, June 30, 1894—in the sat

Grand Concert!

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