PROHIBITION
THE TUNNEL.
EQUAL RIGHTS.
COUNTRY before PARTY
MUNICIPAL REFORM

The Morning Guardian.

AUGUST 15, 1891.

## Our Public Holidays.

The Toronto Mail thinks an effort should be made to improve the character of our public holidays. It says "they are chiefly of a negative character, and there is nothing about them to fire the imagination. A public holiday should be distinguished by events of some kind, whereas ours are only occasions of refraining from business and going out somewhere—aimlessly as a rule—because it is the custom to go out. When the time occupied in travelling is taken out of the day it reduces the number of hours devoted to distinct enjoyment of the occasion to a very small number indeed. We have either forgotten how to make a public holiday or we never knew. Surely a mere shutting up of shop is not enough. Something more picturesque, more poetical, more pleasing to the fancy is wanted than that."

There is a good deal of force in what the Mail says. Our public holidays pass off in a very uninteresting way as a rule. And yet after all the public will be content to worry through the few holidays they get in the old fashioned way. A few "extras" on the yearly programme would please them better than to be told how they should spend those they have.

## Not Final.

While it is hoped and expected that the new arrangement of the City Wards will lead to the election of a dignified business-like Council, we do not for a moment look upon that arrangement as final. The Ward system at its best has been found unsatisfactory and until it is done away with altogether "Municipal Reform" will continue to be a plank in the GUARDIAN'S platform. We cannot but think that had Abolition of the Wards been placed before the electors on Wednesday last it would have been handsomely supported. It was feared however by many Reformers when the City Bill was being prepared that such a radical reform would not be acceptable to a majority of the citizens, and as it was felt that some change should be made at once, re-arrangement on the basis of representation by population was agreed upon as likely to be acceptable to the greatest number. The light thrown on the subject by the recent campaign, however, seems to show that public sentiment is as strong for collective voting as we thought it was. Of course oppositionists are inclined to endorse anything if by so doing they can weaken the cause they oppose, and it may be that many who spoke so emphatically for abolition would have been on the other side of it had that question been actually before the electors. But, as already stated, we believe a majority are in favor of it, and the Civic Reformers who cannot now be designated as "a few fanatics," and "a handful of intriguers," will be expected to carry abolition to a successful issue when the proper time arrives. Certain it is that Wednesday's victory has paved the way for any improvement which defeat would have rendered impossible of attainment—for a long time at least.

## The Queen very Busy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Edmund Yates' cable letter from London says: — The Queen has been unusually busy during the last ten days, what with preparations for the visit of the French fleet, the entertainment of the Prince of Naples, the arrangement of several tiresome matters of business and certain family affairs. Her Majesty is looking forward to leaving Osborne, as the bracing air of Deeside suits her much better at this season than the relaxing climate of the Isle of Wight. The Empress Eugenie goes this week to Osborne for a few days on a visit to the Queen.

## Another Reconciliation Service.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The ancient and unusual ceremony of reconciliation has been performed in a London church for the second time within a few months, although it had not been performed before for many years. The first case was caused by a man who shot himself during the services in St. Paul's cathedral. The church was purified or "reconciled," which is the ecclesiastical word. The second case of reconciliation was three days ago. A poor tramp, as if in rebuke of the quality of Christianity which he had met in London, hanged himself in the porch of the parish church of St. Ethelburga, Bishopsgate street. When found by the sexton the tramp was dead. His death being assumed to have polluted the edifice, the Bishop of London held the quaint reconciliation services, the tramp meanwhile having been buried with the paupers. Many members of the Church of England have protested against the service, as savoring too much of the Middle Ages.

## Testimonials Condemned

### IN THE CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, August 13.—In the commons to-day Sir John Thompson moved that in consequence of Thomas McGreevy's reply to questions asked in the privileges committee, he be summoned to submit to the house in his place next Tuesday. On motion for supply, Sir Richard Cartwright submitted the following amendment:

That the acceptance of gifts or testimonials of any kind on the part of ministers of the crown, or any member of their families, from contractors, government officials or others having pecuniary relations with the government, is entirely opposite to sound principles of administration and calculated to bring parliamentary government into contempt and that the example thus given tends to corrupt and demoralize the officials serving under the ministers who have accepted or permitted the acceptance of gifts or testimonials as aforesaid.

Sir Richard observed that his motion did not condemn the acceptance of presents from personal friends not having relations with the government. What he protested against was the acceptance of money from contractors or from persons interested financially in legislation or administration. The thing had become a public evil. It began many years ago when a testimonial was presented to Sir John Macdonald. There was then extenuating circumstances. Sir John was ill and was poor. It was understood that in the event of his death his family would not be well provided for. Not much fault could have been found with this proceeding had the subscription been refused from all who had a pecuniary interest, and had the names of subscribers been given to the world. A more remarkable case occurred more recently when a testimonial was presented to the late minister of public works. What followed that event was well known. The events had made Canada a by-word and reproach to every part of the civilized world. Canada was coming down to the level of a South American state.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON

said, before stating his position in respect to the abstract proposition made in the motion, the last speaker was quite inaccurate in his account of Sir John McDonald's testimonial of twenty years ago. It was not then thought that Sir John would ever be in a position to show official favor to any persons. He was supposed to be on his death bed. The persons who subscribed to that testimonial could not have been open to censure, and, indeed, Sir Richard could not have intended to impute wrong motives for he believed Sir Richard was himself a contributor to that testimonial. Referring to the testimonial presented to Sir Hector Langevin eight years ago, Sir John did not care to say more than one thing, namely, that Sir Hector had sworn that he did not know the name of more than one contributor and he not a contractor; therefore he could not have been influenced. Farther than this, as one of the judges in the case before the committee, he declined to discuss the matter.

He protested against the statement that Canada had become a reproach and a by word among nations for political immorality. There was nothing in the proceedings before parliament yet developed to justify the extreme language used by Cartwright. Turning now to the resolution itself, Sir John said that if it contained one half what Cartwright had said in his speech, the house would, no doubt, feel called upon to vote it down. However members were not called upon to vote for the speech, but for the abstract principles contained in the resolution. These general principles were so sound that the minister of justice said he was disposed to accept them. He would therefore not oppose the amendment. Motion passed.

## A Novel Commission.

Dr. Heber Robarts at present in Montreal is medical health officer of Butte City, Mont. He is travelling as a special commissioner for that place in search of any known method of relieving his community from the smoke nuisance. This nuisance at Butte City is of no ordinary nature. It arises from the sulphurous fumes arising from silver and copper smelling furnaces, which it is calculated emit as much as two hundred and fifty tons of sulphurous fumes daily out of their stacks. Butte city is situated on the slope of the Rockies, and is, unfortunately, subject at times to absolute calms. At such times the air becomes so charged with sulphur that one can hardly see his hand before him. It is as bad as a London fog, and affects the health of the people, especially those inclined to pneumonia. The idea is to find some way of utilizing these fumes. Dr. Robarts says: "We could turn them into sulphuric acid if there was sufficient demand, but we could now make more sulphuric acid than is required at present by the whole earth. To turn it into the streams would poison the water for drinking purposes, so we are in a quandary." The reporter suggested turning it into sulphuric acid, shipping it to the coast and dumping it into the sea, but the doctor said he feared that would be too costly.

## The German Emperor.

The German Emperor evidently supposes that his recent invasion of his grandmother's court was one of the most important events which has occurred in the history of England since the Norman conquest. I hear that His Majesty expressed considerable surprise that the Queen did not command Lord Tennyson to compose an ode of welcome to him, especially as he is the first German emperor who has visited England. Emperor William still finds his knee troublesome. He has consequently resolved to take a rest at Kiel and to dispense with the usual reviews. As yet the symptoms are not unfavorable, but he has been warned that a brief cessation of activity is absolutely necessary.

## The Wheat Problem.

BERLIN, Aug 12.—The ukase forbidding the export from Russia of rye and rye meal created a sensation in this city. It was a complete surprise, and had the effect of generally depressing the prices The Radical press have seized the opportunity of advancing their theories of political economy and demand that the government remove the duties on grain, and thereby to some extent allow the substitution of some othe grain for rye, which is the principle sustenance of the poor of Germany. Chancellor Von Caprive is deaf to all appeals made to him to remove the grain duties.

JOHNSON'S
ANODYNE
LINIMENT
UNLIKE ANY OTHER.
As much
For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use.
In 1810
Originated by an Old Family Physician.
Think Of It. In use for more than Eighty Years, and still leads. *Generation* after *Generation* have used and blessed it. Every Traveler should have a bottle in his satchel.
Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera-Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure.
Every Mother Should have Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in the house for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cuts, Bruises, Cramps and Pains liable to occur in any family without notice. Delays may cost a life. Relieves all Summer Complaints like magic. Price, 35 cts. post-paid; 6 bottles. $2. Express paid. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

## The Mackerel Business.

It is understood that their is a complaint being made by some of the persons engaged in the mackerel business this year as shippers, that the result has not been so satisfactory as it was reasonable to expect. The run of fish they say was very large and the shipments to the States large and the fish arrived in good condition, but that owing to the operations of American middlemen with whom the shippers here dealt, the profits were all made by the middle men and the shippers got left. That is the claim which is being made.—Exch.

## Success to the Plan.

The extermination of the mosquito is again promised, this time by a French scientist and electrician. His apparatus is a large cage of closely interwoven wires, in the centre of which is an incandescent lamp. The wires of the cage are connected with a battery which keeps them charged. When the cage is set at night in a place infested with mosquitoes, they flock in swarms to the light, and, passing between the wires, receive a shock which kills them instantly. The tiny sparks which flash out as each insect dies makes the region round and inside the cage a mass of scinti lating light, and in the morning bushels of dead mosquitoes can be swept up underneath. The plan will prove a gold mine to the seaside towns which first adopti'.

Dyspepsia

Few people have suffered more severely from dyspepsia than Mr. E. A. McMahon, a well known grocer of Staunton, Va. He says: "Before 1878 I was in excellent health, weighing over 200 pounds. In that year an ailment developed into acute dyspepsia, and soon I was reduced to 162 pounds, suffering burning sensations in the tomach, palpitation of the heart, nausea, and indigestion. I could not sleep, lost all heart in my work, had fits of melancholia, and for days at a time I would have welcomed death. I became morose, sullen and irritable, and for eight years life was a burden. I tried many physicians and many remedies. One day a workman employed by me suggested that I take Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it had cured his wife of dyspepsia. I did so, and before taking the whole of a bottle I began to feel like a new man. The terrible pains to which I had been subjected ceased, the palpitation of the heart subsided, my stomach became easier, nausea disappeared, and my entire system began to tone up. With returning strength came activity of mind and body. Before the fifth bottle was taken I had regained my former weight and natural condition. I am today well and I ascribe it to taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Intense Suffering 8 Years

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

GRAND
Moonlight Excursion

LAST & BEST OF THE SEASON

THE City Firemen, encouraged by the success of their last Excursion, purpose holding another one, on

Wednesday, Aug. 19th,

In Str. ST. LAWRENCE.

Galbraith's and Citizens Colored Bands in attendance.

String music has also been secured for dancing.

The best of order will be maintained, and positively no intoxicated person will be allowed on board.

Tickets can be secured from members of Fire Department, and at Steamer.

POPULAR PRICES.—Ladies, 25c.; Gents, 35c.

Steamer will leave wharf at 8 o'clock, sharp.

A. N. LARGE, Chairman Com.
D. FINLAYSON, Secretary.
aug12

CENTRAL HOTEL.
Formerly "Railway House,"
RICHMOND STREET.

THE above Hotel, which is centrally situated and within five minutes walk of the Railway Station, and in close proximity to the Post Office, Banks and all the business houses of the city, has been improved, thoroughly renovated and refurnished.

The Tables are equal to those found at any hotel in the city, and the cuisine will be made a special object.

Good stabling and an attentive hostler continually in attendance. No charge for stabling when meals are taken.

P. S. BROWN, Proprietor.

Horses Bought and Sold on Commission.
aug13—d&w 1y

Stanley Bros

Received to-day ex S. S. Ottawa
FROM LONDON

Black and Colored French Lacing Cords.
Children's Cashmere Hosiery.
Black French Merinoes..
Black Silk Velvets.
Black Velvet Ribbons.
Black Silk Ribbons.
Black and Colored Lacimgs
Black and Colored Plain Sateens.
Black Crapes. Courtalds.
English Silesias.
Black and White Print Cottons.
Fancy Print Cottons.

STANLEY BROS
BROWNS. BLOCK

GRAND ATHLETIC
TOURNAMENT!
—AND—
Firemen's Sports
—AT THE—
DRIVING PARK
—ON—
MONDAY, AUG. 24,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
The South End Boating and Athletic Club.

THE SOUTH END BOATING AND ATHLETIC CLUB of Charlottetown purpose holding a Grand Day's Sport at the Charlottetown Driving Park, on MONDAY, August 24th,

Trains will run on the following schedule, which is standard time:

FROM THE EAST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Souris | 6 15 a. m. |
| " Bear River | 6 45 " |
| " St Peters | 7 20 " |
| " Morell | 7 42 " |
| " Georgetown | 7 00 " |
| " Cardigan | 7 17 " |
| " Mount Stewart | 8 15 " |
| " Bedford | 8 40 " |
| " Royalty Junction | 9 05 " |
| Arrive at Charlottetown | 9 20 " |
| Leave Charlottetown for return | 4 15 p. m. |

FROM THE WEST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Summerside | 6 15 a. m. |
| " Kensington | 6 48 " |
| " Freetown | 7 10 " |
| " Cape Traverse | 6 25 " |
| " Emerald Junction | 7 30 " |
| " Bradalbane | 7 39 " |
| " Hunter River | 8 14 " |
| " North Wiltshire | 8 30 " |
| " Royalty Junction | 9 17 " |
| Arrive at Charlottetown | 9 35 " |
| Leave Charlottetown for return | 4 25 p. m. |

Return Tickets, good for return only on date of issue, will be issued by above Trains at undermentioned rates:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Souris | 85c |
| Harmony, New Zealand, Bear River, Rollo Bay, Selkirk, Ashton, Five Houses, St Peters, Midgell, Morell, Georgetown, Brudenell, Cardigan, Perth, 48 Road, Baldwin's | 75c |
| Lot 40, Dundee, Douglas, Peake's | 60c |
| Pisquid, St Andrews, Mt Stewart, Scotch Fort, Tracadie | 45c |
| Bedford, St Peter's Road, Suffolk | 35c |
| York | 25c |
| Union | 20c |
| Brackley Point | 15c |
| Summerside, Traveller's Rest New Annan, Barbara Weit, Kensington, Blueshank, Freetown, Emerald, Cape Traverse, Albany, Kinkora | 75c |
| Bradalbane, Elliott's, Fredericton, | 60c |
| Clyde, Hunter River, North Wiltshire | 45c |
| Colville, Loyalist | 35c |
| Milton | 30c |
| Winsloe | 20c |
| Royalty Junction | 15c |
| Cemetery | 10c |

Galbraith's Band will be in attendance and furnish choice music.

Music will also be provided for dancing.

The Secretary will be glad to receive entries from all intending competitors on or before Saturday, the 22d inst.

Admission to Grounds 25c
Grand Stand 10c

JAMES A. HUGHES,
Aug 12 Secretary.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE TO LET

THAT beautifully situated House and Premises, fronting on the North River, within ten minutes walk of the city, at present occupied by Hon. Fredk. Peters, will be let for a term of years.

The House is eated throughout with hot water, and has been lately painted and tinted inside. Rent moderate. For terms apply at the office of

PETERS & PETERS,
Ch'town. Aug 7 1891

For Sale or To Let.

THE Three-Story BUILDING opposite the Baptist Chapel, lately occupied by J. J. SEAMAN as a CARRIAGE FACTORY. This is one of the best Sites in the City for a first-class Mechanic.

W. E. DAWSON.
Aug 14, pat ex eod tf

COAL.

WE will have another Cargo of Superior ROUND COAL in a few days. Orders will now be received BELOW MARKET PRICES for delivery on arrival of consignment.

E. H. NORTON & CO.
aug12—1w

HEADQUARTERS

FOR Clothing and Gent's furnishings. Our reputation as leaders for good goods, and low prices, is well known all over P. E. Island

We have a beautiful assortment of cloths in stock for suits and trouserings

See our Custom-made 13, 14 and $15 Tweed Suits.

Perfect Fits Guaranteed.

D. A. BRUCE.
Merchant Tailor
June 22 eod

P. E. Island Railway

Excursion to Souris.

A SPECIAL Passenger Train will leave Charlottetown for Souris at 8 15 a.m., local time, on

Saturday, 15th August,

arriving at Souris at 11.15 a m., local, and leaving there for return at 5 p. m., local.

Fare for the round trip, 75c.

If the weather should be unfavorable on 15th, Excursion will take place on following Saturday.

J. UNSWORTH,
Superintendent,
Railway Office, Ch'town, August 12, 1891.
—tl dtc

WE DO NOT
Advertise for Fun

IT costs too much money, but when we have such a good supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES

as we now have, we believe it pays to call he attention of every Householder to the fact.

Sugar! Sugar!

West India and Granulated Sugar. We have a large supply, bought low for cash. We can and will sell as low as any Store in the City. Specially low rates for large lots for preserving purposes.

FLOUR, FLOUR,

"Carter's Best," our own special brand, is giving very best satisfaction. Try a barrel.

TEA! TEA!

We have probably the best assortment of Tea in the City.—Tea at 22, 25, 28, 35, 50 and 70 cents per lb—all warranted.

Remember we allow one cent extra, per dozen above cash price, for Eggs, when taken in exchange for Groceries.

Geo. Carter & Co.
Grocer & Seedsmen.
Ch'town, July 24 d w

CARD.

Davies' New Drug Store

IN opening our New Store in the Morris Building, we take this opportunity of thanking our customers for their patronage in our old stand, and look for a continuance of the same in our new stand.

We also look forward to the patronage of the public generally, feeling confident of our ability to serve the most fastidious.

We have opened our elaborate Soda Fountain, where the finest cooling drinks of the season will be dispensed.

Give us a call.

We invite the public to come and see our New Store.

Opening day—Saturday next.

K, D. C. the greatest cure of the age.

Dress Goods.

22 Fancy Figured Cloth—Double Widths in all the leading Summer colors.
BEER BROS

28c Union Toilet Beige—Very Serviceable.
BEER BROS.

36 Broche Bradford Stuffs—Navy Garnet, &c. Also all-wool, double-width Serge.
BEER BROS.

48c Serge Foule—For strong wear, 20 colors.
BEER BROS.

18c—20 Pieces assorted Dress Goods. Worth up to 28c per yard.
BEER BROS.

London and Paris Dress Robes—Beautiful new Colorings, Braided, Embroidered, Jacquard, etc., very handsome.
BEER BROS.

Black Dress Goods.—Never have we offered so large a variety. Note specially the weight, width, and fine finish of our Goods and above all, note the lowness of the price.

BEER BROS.

John McLeod & Co.

Best Value in Summer Overcoatings,
Best Value in Scotch Tweed Suitings,
Best Value in Trowserings!

WE have a Magnificent Stock of these Goods. rices away down to suit the times.

Special attention is directed to our $15.00 and $18.00 WORSTED SUITS. This is fully 20 per cent. lower than we have ever before offered the same quality of goods.

TWEED SUITS from $12.00 up. We defy competition We guarantee first-class fits.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.
Ch town, June 13—dly&wkly Merchant Tailors, Upper Queen Street

DONT FAIL TO CALL

At JOHN NEWSON'S Furniture Store. He sells the cheapest in the City. Now is the time. Selling off for one month at Unprecedented Low Prices—Parlor Suites, Bedroom Suites, Dining Room Furniture.

(x)

All kinds of Furniture, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Beds, Pillows, Window Blind Rollers and Poles of all kinds and prices.

PICTURE MOULDING and FRAMES, Looking glases at from 10 to 25 per cent. discount.

JOHN NEWSON,
Opposite Post Office.
Charlottetown, June 6, 1891.

BIG DROP IN
Price of Sugar.

THE Dominion Government having taken the duty off of Raw Sugars

BEER & GOFF

have marked all their Sugars down at greatly reduced figures.

BARBADOES SUGAR:—Just received this morning 6000 pounds of this choice West India Sugar.

See our Prices before Buying Elsewhere.

BEER & COFF.
Queen and King Square Stores.

FIRE INSURANCE

North British & Mercantile Insurance Company
ASSETS - - $50,376,064.00

Eastern Assurance Company of Canada
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Union Assurance Society, Great Britain
Established 1714
ASSETS, OVER TWELVE MILLION DOLLARS

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF G. B.,
CAPITAL, - - - $4,000,000.

FRED W. HYNDMAN,
March 21.—w ly d
General Agent for P. E. Island