

Notes and Comments.

Sir Edward Clarke, solicitor-general of England, speaking at Plymouth, said with reference to the Behring Sea dispute that Lord Salisbury was only asserting the doctrine laid down by the United States' government years ago, namely, that no nation should claim sovereignty over the open sea.

A London correspondent writes: I hear that Dr. Walsh and Dr. Croke have addressed a private appeal to Mr. Parnell, urging him to retire. They state that in their opinion this act of self-sacrifice is absolutely necessary in the interest of the country and they hold out to him some prospect of future reward if he takes their advice.

The Rev. Dr. Howley, of St. John's, Nfld., says that many leading men of both parties there look upon confederation with Canada as inevitable, and are shaping their course accordingly. Annexation with the United States is out of the question.

Mr. Wimsan, author and prime mover of the policy of "Unrestricted Reciprocity" has written an article for the North American Review to explain the scope and meaning of that policy. He is more candid than his fellow workers, Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright. He says: "Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States implies that American goods are not only to be admitted free of duty (into Canada) but for the purpose of revenue and to prevent Canada from being the back door for smugglers into the United States, the duty on foreign goods will be maintained at the present rates which are practically equal to those which prevail in the United States and which can be made readily to conform to them."

The Empire remarks with great truth that the Opposition policy of adopting the United States high tariff and prohibiting the entry of British goods into Canada strikes at a trade which, next to the satisfactory growth of internal commerce, is the best feature of the commercial situation. The official trade returns for the fiscal year of 1890 show that Canada sent goods to the value of \$48,353,694 to Britain, while the United States only took \$40,522,810 worth.

Of late years this tendency has been manifested by the growth of exports to Britain from \$41,542,629 in 1886 to the present figures of nearly \$48,500,000. The United States market is now only ranked by the Opposition as the best for the farmers; but even here the bottom is being knocked out of their argument, for the trade returns so far as they have been published, for 1890 show that the Canadian exports of farm products to the United States amounted to \$13,485,727, while Britain consumed \$22,240,548 worth, and what adds force to these remarkable facts is Mr. Caring's interesting proof, a few days ago in Compton, that, while our exports of farm stuff across the border have been practically stationary for twenty years past—having been \$14,927,313 in 1870, \$14,103,783 in 1880, and \$11,485,727 in 1890—our similar trade with Britain during the same period has risen from \$9,723,879 in 1870 to \$22,240,548 last year!

In the able and interesting article in the Toronto Empire of last Saturday, on the development of the post office department of the Dominion, that well-known writer, Mr. W. D. LoSueur, Secretary of the P. O. Department, deservedly makes allusion to the active part Inspector W. W. McLeod, of this Province, has had in organizing and systematizing the service in this country, as follows: "The entrance of Manitoba into the Confederation in the month of July, 1870, and of British Columbia a year later, added considerably to the budget of the department. The establishment of post offices in Manitoba and the Northwest proceeded for some time with great rapidity and is still tolerably active. Much of the success that has attended the operations of the department in that distant region has been due to the signal zeal and ability of the gentleman selected as post office inspector for the Manitoba division, Mr. W. W. McLeod, of Prince Edward Island. The opening of successive sections of the Canadian Pacific Railway enabled the department to extend mail facilities to more and more distant points, and finally to send through mails to the Pacific coast. There is at present, and has been for some years, a continuous line of postal car service from Halifax to Vancouver. The year 1874 was marked by the introduction of the system of free delivery by letter carriers. The experiment was first made in the cities of Montreal and Toronto, but the system has since been extended to all the principal cities of the Dominion." It is pleasing to note this recognition of the ability and zeal of one whom we all know and respect. But Charlotte-town has not yet "free delivery by letter carriers."

Cheapest boots at Goff Bros. Jan 9 tf
Overshoes and felt boots at Goff Bros. Jan 9 tf
Gents slippers just received at Goff Bros. Jan 9 tf

A few bottles of calves-foot jelly which have been cracked by the frost, will be sold for half price at Beer & Goff's. Jan 7 3i
Some moralist and economist in the States puts it this way: From a bushel of corn the distiller gets four gallons of whiskey which will retail at \$16. The government gets \$3.60, the farmer gets 40 cents, the railroad gets \$1, the manufacturer gets \$4, the retailer gets \$7, and the consumer gets drunk!

Is THE Mias, small or medium, rigged for zero weather? If not we can "fit her with a nice garment at a very low price, as they must be cleared out quick.—Stanley Bros' Brown's Block. dec 31 3i ed

The Final Summing Up.

THIS morning, Mr. Sheriff Curtis, in the presence of the agents on both sides, summed up the votes cast at the Scott Act voting on Thursday last, and declared the result to be as follows:—

For the Petition.....700
Against the Petition.....686
and there being a majority of 14 against the Act and for the petition, the Sheriff declared the petition adopted by the electors of the City of Charlottetown. The order in Council of the 30th of June, 1880, which brought the Act into force in this city can, therefore, be revoked by the Governor General in Council at any time after the 8th February next. But we understand that the promoters of the petition will probably ask His Excellency the Governor General to withhold the revoking order until the Local House of Assembly of this Province have time to pass a license law. In the meantime the Scott Act can be enforced against any person who sells intoxicating liquor, and we trust that the police force will obey the orders of the Stipendiary Magistrate and prosecute all violators of the law as rigidly as if the Act had been sustained.

Koch's Lymph at Bellevue.

FIRST TRIAL A COMPARATIVE FAILURE.

A New York correspondent of THE EXAMINER writes:—Immediately on receipt of the news of the celebrated discovery for tuberculosis by Prof. Koch, of Germany, the University Medical College dispatched two of its professors across the Atlantic to investigate and obtain samples of the supposed wonderful cur. These gentlemen returned to New York a few weeks ago, having succeeded in obtaining a little of the much prized fluid and the work of administering it on some of the patients at Bellevue Hospital was at once begun. Prof. A. L. Loomis, who occupies the chair of practice of Medicine and Pathology in the above named institution and who is one of the best known medical men on the Continent administered the first injections to four patients suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis and to one suffering from a pronounced case of lupus, about three weeks ago and has since carefully watched the phenomena produced. On Tuesday last the results of his experience before the students of the college were exemplified by having present one of the patients operated upon and the conclusions of Dr. Loomis were somewhat disappointing to all. He found, on examining the patient on the day of his lecture, that the improvement was very slight in any of the cases. Almost the same number of bacilli were found in a given quantity of sputum, and the general constitutional symptoms were about the same as before the treatment was applied. The reaction after the first application was characteristic, and corresponded to that reported from the other side of the water, the patients at first having a rapid rise of temperature, gradually falling to, and in some cases below, the normal. In summing up, Prof. Loomis said he was satisfied that under ordinary circumstances for the complete cure of tuberculosis of the lungs and lupus, it would prove a failure; but that it might have the same effect in cases of consumption as removal to a suitable climate. He expressed himself, however, as having great hopes as to its efficacy when applied under favorable hygienic conditions, and concluded by hoping that it wouldn't prove another disappointment.

Religious Services.

The services in the Methodist brick Church to-morrow will be as follows: 11 a.m., Rev. Mr. Brewer; 7 p.m., Rev. Mr. Sutherland, of Zion Church.
Services in Upper Prince Street Methodist Church to-morrow: 10 a.m., prayer service; 11 a.m., Rev. John Reid; 2 15 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., Rev. James Caruana.
Remember the Railway Gospel meeting in McLeod's Hall on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock. Strangers always welcome. Lesson, Matthew 21-19, Our Saviour curseth the barren fig tree.

Week of Prayer.—The meeting this evening will be held in the Y M C A Hall from 8 to 9 o'clock. Subject—"Families." Mr. Sutcliffe, the evangelist, is expected to speak.
The regular gospel meeting in the Y M C A Hall to-morrow afternoon, from four to five o'clock.

Services to-morrow in Zion Church will be as follows: At 11 a.m., conducted by the pastor; at 7 p.m., conducted by Rev. J. Reid; morning prayer meeting at 10.15; Sabbath school and bible classes at 2.30 p.m.
Services in Kensington Hall to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock. Robert Sutcliffe, evangelist, will speak on the subject of the Philipian Gasler. Two ladies will sing a duet.

Evangelical Alliance.

At a special meeting of the Evangelical Alliance held in the vestry of St. James' church last evening, it was decided to continue the meetings in connection with the Week of Prayer, on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, as follows:—

Monday—Upper Prince Street Methodist church; Speaker: Rev. Wm. Hamyle.
Tuesday—Zion church; Speaker: Mr. R. Sutcliffe, Kevange list.
Wednesday—St. Paul's Schoolroom; Speaker: Rev. J. Reid.
General subject for prayer and discussion: "The deepening of the spiritual life."

Local Notices.

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News Notes.

The ice harvest has commenced on the Hudson at Nyack, N. Y. The ice is frozen to 12 inches thick.

From an artistic standpoint the new year is not equal to the old. A figure one is not a graceful figure to write.

The township of South Norwich has provision for prohibition by passing the local option by-law by a majority of six.

The amount of money won in England by race horse in 1890 was \$2,092,139 50. In Ireland it was \$78,049 80, and in Scotland \$68,435, a grand total of \$2,228,624 30.

A despatch from Palermo states that an unknown English vessel, wheat laden, has foundered on the Sicilian coast, and that 24 of the persons aboard of her were drowned.

A despatch to the London Times from Vienna states that fifty persons were killed outright by the explosion that occurred in the Trinity coal pit, Polish Occraun, Saturday.

The United States interest-bearing debt is now reduced to, say, in round figures, \$620,000,000. In exact figures, there are \$59,177,550 of 4 1/2 per cents, and \$559,742,700 of 4 per cents.

The Jews in some of the larger American cities are said to be gradually adopting the custom of closing places of business on Sunday and keeping them open on Saturday, and in some places Sunday services have been arranged in consequence.

The admirers of Henry George will learn with regret that he is incapacitated from further mental activity, for the present at least. He announces over his own signature that he is suffering from what the doctors call aphasia, and he has been ordered to desist from all all brain work.

The London Telegraph publishes a statement stigmatizing as without a shadow of foundation the announcement made on Friday last by the Manchester Courier, that Mr. Gladstone is about to issue a manifesto to the Liberal party announcing his retirement from the leadership.

The report of the Government mining engineer of the Province of Quebec shows that the country is rich in minerals. Copper, iron, asbestos, phosphates, gold and petroleum are among its products. There has been considerable development of some of these resources.

An English paper states that one of the lecturers at Owens College, Manchester, has put forward (1) "that no Jew or Jewess has ever been known to suffer from cancer," and (2) that "the immunity of the Hebrews race from this frightful scourge was attributed to their abstinence from swine's flesh."

An art building to cost \$1,200,000 is to be one of the attractions of the World's Fair at Chicago. The Exposition gives \$700,000, and the Commercial Club and Art Institute are to raise \$500,000 more. After the Fair closes the building is to be turned over to the city to be used as an art institute.

The proposal to appoint a Canadian judge to the judicial committee of the Privy Council is another proof of the increasing importance of Canada and of the interest taken in its welfare by the statesmen of the United Kingdom. The communication made some time ago by the Imperial authorities to the Government at Ottawa is no slight compliment to the Bench and Bar of the Dominion.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal is likely to be disappointed in its anticipated indignation of the Irish people at the Castle being turned into "a dry goods store with a soup kitchen attached." If the inhabitants of the threatened districts are really face to face with starvation, as is represented, they will exhibit little wrath at the hand stretched out to succor them, even if it is Balfour's.

The educated and enlightened Hindus of Calcutta have made a proposal to do away with the sacrifice of goats and buffaloes which marks the celebration of the worship of some Hindu gods and goddesses. It is maintained by the party of reforms that the Hindu Sastras never prescribed and sanctioned such a cruel ceremony, and that it was latterly introduced by Hindu priests.

A crusade against what is commonly called the "social evil" has been begun in Victoria, B. C. The leaders in the movement are the Rev. P. McF. McLeod, Presbyterian; the Rev. D. Fraser, Presbyterian, and the Rev. Coverdale Watson, of the Methodist Church. The ministers spoke very strongly on the question, and the mayor was inclined to resent their utterances, his contention being that Victoria was no worse off than other seaport towns similarly situated.

The largest tree in the world has been discovered in Fresno County, Cal., beating by all odds the wonder of Calaveras. Frank Loomis, an old mountaineer, with a party, was hunting bears in the Sierras east of Centerville, and scoured a big fellow in the most rugged portion of the range. In pursuing him they were forced to use axes and knives through the the underbrush, and they unexpectedly came across the King of the forests. In spanning it a rope 143 ft. 5 in. long was required, and its diameter was found to be 43 ft. The great tree was christened, Los Orjona.

The despatch of a comparatively large force to Mozambique for the defence, as is announced, of that colony from foreign intrusion, would give the impression that Portugal was determined to maintain her prestige with the natives in and adjacent to her African Dominions. The expedition, consisting of 750 soldiers, 33 officers, including a company of engineers and mountain artillery, 13 horses, and 47 mules, was to have left Lisbon shortly before Christmas. Additional importance is given to it by the presence of the Infante Alfonso among the officers. The command has been given to Lieut.-Col. Arzavado Coutintra, Col. Neves Ferreira having charge of the equipment of the force with arms and provisions. The despatch of the force may demand some corresponding action on the part of the British Government, but so far Lord Salisbury has not changed his attitude of patient firmness and his tone of conciliation.

Charlottetown Board of Trade.

ANNUAL MEETING.

THE General Quarterly and Annual Meeting of this Corporation will be held at the Board Room, Cameron Block, this city, on the Evening of WEDNESDAY, the 14th of January, at 8 o'clock.

B. D. HIGGS, Secretary.

"Great Men in Council."

LOUIS H. DAVIES, ESQ., M. P., WILL LECTURE IN

THE LYCEUM,

—ON— Thursday Evening, 15th of JANUARY.

In aid of the Funds of the Benevolent Irish Society.

Subject—"Great Men in Council."

Admission, 10 cents; Reserved Seats, 15 cents. Tickets for sale at Watson's and Reddin's Drug Stores. Doors open at 7.30; Lecture at 8 o'clock.

S. BOLGER, Chairman Lecture Committee. Jan 10—3i

The Sensation of the Day, (EXPECTED DAILY.)

SOCIETY

As it is in Charlottetown, A SATIRE ON ITS Ecclesiastical, Musical, Social and Moral Aspects,

BY TOM TEIM. "Desperate Diseases Require Desperate Remedies."

PRICE 25 CENTS. For sale at the Bookstores in the Maritime Provinces. Jan 10—4i

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of THE EXAMINER Publishing Company will be held at the office of THE EXAMINER Newspaper, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th January, inst., at the hour of Eight o'clock in the evening.

W. A. F. SCOTT, Secretary. Jan 10

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE partnership between the undersigned, as Barristers and Attorneys, under the style of PALMER & McLEOD, having terminated by lapse of time, is dissolved from this date.

Dated at Charlottetown, the 31st day of December, A. D., 1890. MALCOLM McLEOD, H. J. PALMER, D. C. McLEOD.

Jan 7—all Island prs dy 3w wky 2m

NOTICE.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership as Attorneys and Solicitors, under the name of

M. & D. C. McLEOD, and continue the practice of the profession at the offices of the late firm, Bank of Nova Scotia Building, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

MALCOLM McLEOD, D. C. McLEOD. Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1891. Jan 7—all Island prs dy 3w wky 2m

R. M. H. S.

Stanley Bridge, Dec. 23, 1890.

Mrs. Ross,—Having used your "Magic Healer" for scratches and cuts on horses, I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best article I have ever tried for the purpose, and would recommend farmers and dealers in horses to give it a fair trial.

Yours respectfully, PATRICK WALSH, Harness Maker. Jan 3

City of Charlottetown.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender," will be received at the City Clerk's Office until THURSDAY, the 13th day of January, 1891, from parties wishing to contract for the supplying of from One to Two Hundred Cords of Hardwood for Firewood Birch, Maple or Beech—to be loaded on cars.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, H. M. DAVISON, City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office, Jan. 6, 1891—dy 3i w 1

SHERWOOD FARM, FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFULLY situated on the Royalty Road, fronting on the Miramichi Road and running back to Sherwood Cemetery. The Farm, containing about 50 acres, is in a high state of cultivation. Commodious and comfortable buildings, with a first-class orchard, make this a very desirable property. For particulars apply on the premises to SARAH STEWART, Administratrix. nov 12—dy law 2m

AT ONCE!

All Goods on SECOND FLOOR to be closed out at once, to make room for Carpenters, Plasterers and Painters.

Carpets and Oil Cloths, Blankets

Mantles and Millinery,

Beer Bros.

STARTLING BARGAINS!

Ladies' Ulsters and Jackets, Astrakhan Jackets, Children's Ulsters. A lot came late and will have to be slaughtered.

Men's Overcoats, Men's Fur Coats, Boys' Overcoats. We want to clear our tables of these goods, and they will have to go regardless of price.

Our Second Floor is one of the best lighted rooms in the city, and you can see well what you are buying.

HARRIS & STEWART.

Charlottetown, Jan. 7, 1891.

Haszard & Moore, PRINTERS, BOOKBINDERS.

BLANK BOOK MAKERS.

Our Motto: Best Workmanship and Lowest Prices.

STATIONERS! A Complete Stock of PLAIN and FANCY STATIONERY, at prices that cannot be beaten.

Headquarters for Books of all kinds.

SCHOOL BOOKS! SCHOOL BOOKS!

Charlottetown, January 6, 1891—w f s

H. JAMES PALMER, HARRIS & STEWART

(of the late Firm of Palmer & McLeod), Will be obliged for an early settlement of all Accounts rendered up to the 1st of January, 1891.

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICE—O'Halloran's Building, next door to Bank of Nova Scotia. Money to Loan. Jan 7

NOTICE.

JUVENILE DANCING.

THE second and last term of instruction in Dancing and Department, at Terpsichore Hall, will commence on THURSDAY, Jan. 8th, at 4 p. m.

E. BURRIS. Jan 5—dy tl dtc

BOARD—A Single Gentleman can be accommodated with board and lodging in a private family in central part of the city. Terms reasonable. Apply at this office, or to P. O. Box 477. Jan 2

THE Electors of Grand Tracadie and the adjoining Districts intend holding a Meeting at Cooran Ban Bridge, on WEDNESDAY, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of devising how best they may move the Dominion Government to the consideration of the necessity of a Breakwater at Tracadie Harbor.

The Dominion and Local representatives of this District are hereby respectfully invited to attend. By order of Committee, TERENCE CAMPBELL, Secretary.

Grand Tracadie, Jan. 9, 1890—dy 2i