

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1890.

VOL. 26.—NO. 120

CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1890.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter, 5th day, 4h., 10.5m., p. m., N., below horizon.
New Moon, 13th day, 7h., 52.5m., p. m., NW, below horizon.
First Quarter, 21st day, 1h., 24.0m., a. m., NW below horizon.
Full Moon, 27th day, 7h., 29.4m., p. m., S. E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	ris	sets	ris	water	leav
1 Wednesday	6 35	36 7	26 0	21 11	33
2 Thursday	5 34	7 59	1 0	29	29
3 Friday	6 32	8 37	1 42	26	26
4 Saturday	8 30	9 22	2 29	22	22
5 Sunday	10 28	10 17	3 25	19	19
6 Monday	12 24	10 53	4 33	15	15
7 Tuesday	13 22	11 7	5 5	12	12
8 Wednesday	14 20	11 20	6 1	9	9
9 Thursday	16 18	12 25	6 44	2	2
10 Friday	17 16	13 30	7 24	10 59	10 59
11 Saturday	19 15	14 35	8 59	56	56
12 Sunday	20 13	15 41	10 31	53	53
13 Monday	21 11	16 48	11 3	50	50
14 Tuesday	22 9	17 56	11 37	47	47
15 Wednesday	24 8	19 0	12 44	44	44
16 Thursday	25 6	20 10	13 41	41	41
17 Friday	26 4	21 20	14 38	38	38
18 Saturday	28 3	22 31	15 35	35	35
19 Sunday	29 1	23 42	16 32	32	32
20 Monday	31 4	24 53	17 29	29	29
21 Tuesday	32 5	25 5	18 26	26	26
22 Wednesday	33 5	25 3	19 23	23	23
23 Thursday	33 5	25 3	20 20	20	20
24 Friday	35 5	24 9	21 17	17	17
25 Saturday	36 5	23 12	22 14	14	14
26 Sunday	38 5	22 4	23 11	11	11
27 Monday	39 4	21 8	24 8	8	8
28 Tuesday	40 4	20 10	25 5	5	5
29 Wednesday	41 4	19 11	26 2	2	2
30 Thursday	43 4	18 2	27 0	0	0
31 Friday	45 4	17 12	28 0	0	0

N. Y., ME. & N. B. S. S. CO.

S. S. "WINTHROP."

\$7 New York and Return, \$7 ROUND TRIP.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS will be issued on the following dates—Leaving St. John at 9:00 a. m. on Wednesdays, Oct. 23, 29, 30, 31, 6th and 29th, valid to return from New York, Pier 49, E. R., at 5:00 p. m. on Saturdays, Oct. 11th, 18th, 25th and Nov. 1st.

H. D. McLEOD, TROOP & SON, Agents, Passenger and Freight Agent, St. John.
F. H. SMITH & CO., General Managers, 19 and 17 William Street, New York.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT will go in effect TUESDAY, Nov. 4th, and from and after that date the steamer will leave St. John every TUESDAY, at 3 p. m., and New York, from Pier 49, E. R., every SATURDAY, at 5:00 p. m.

New Tannery. LONG BROS., Tanners and Curriers, DEALERS IN—Hides, Calfskins, Sheepskins, Horse Hides, Tail Hair, etc.

Market Rates paid for Hides, etc. MALPEQUE ROAD, Opposite Ch'town Woolen Mills. oct6—3m eod

TO LET.

A HOUSE situate on Sidney Street, opposite the Methodist Brick Church. Rent moderate.
Also—A House situate on King Street, opposite Judge Reddin's.
The above Houses are in good repair. Apply to John Kelly, Esq., Water Commissioner, or to the owner at Southport, EDWARD KELLY. sept26—2aw

CARD.

DR. H. D. JOHNSON, Physician and Surgeon, CHARLOTTETOWN. OFFICE: Kent Street, next door to Eldon House. May8 18

Johnson's Stomachic Aperiënt, OR—

EVERYBODY'S PILLS, FOR—Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and the many ailments consequent upon the sluggish action of the Liver, Kidney and Bowels. PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Sample on application. Prepared only by ARTHUR S. JOHNSON, Corner Kent and Prince Streets, jyl8—2aw wy Charlottetown.

HARRIS & STEWART, LONDON HOUSE.

New Fall Stock Now Opening.

Visitors to the Exhibition will find our Stock complete with all the Novelties for Fall and Winter.

MILLINERY.

This Department is under the charge of Miss Wright, late with Mrs. Young. All orders entrusted to her will receive careful attention Mourning Hats and Bonnets always on hand. Large assortment of Trimmed Hats.

HARRIS & STEWART.

Charlottetown, Sept. 22, 1890.

GET STRONG, BY TAKING Johnston's Fluid Beef. KERP STRONG, BY Taking it Regularly.



The Great Strength-Giver!

Because it contains all the NUTRITIOUS CONSTITUENTS OF PRIME BEEF, in the most digestive form.

sept29—dy&wkly

Removal Notice.

THE BAZAAR CO. have moved into the Store lately occupied by the Great London and China Tea Co., below Fraser's Corner, and are now in a better position to wait on their customers, having had the Store thoroughly fitted up for their convenience. They have an entirely New Stock, and prices are even LOWER THAN BEFORE.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

All the standard and late popular issues kept constantly on hand. Also a full line of SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS and LEDGERS, BIBLES, HYMN BOOKS, etc., etc.
FANCY GOODS, including Vases, Toilet Sets, Jugs, Cheese and Butter Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Rose and Biscuit Jars, Mugs, Oil Bottles, Preserve Dishes, Tumblers, Goblets, Baskets, etc., etc.
PLUSH GOODS, including Work Baskets, Jewel Cases, Dressing Cases, Cuff and Collar Boxes, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Autograph and Photograph Albums, Purse, etc., etc.
Among the thousand and one TOYS are Guns, Pistols, Banks, Mouth Organs, Jew's Harps, Violins, Accordions, Tool Chests, Horses, Carts, Dolls, Games, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, etc.
Their Fall Stock of ROOM PAPER and BLINDS is attracting particular attention.
You should call and examine their large stock of PLAIN and FANCY STATIONERY, WEDDING COMBINATIONS, VISITING CARDS, etc., etc.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

BAZAAR CO.,

oct1 Next to the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store, Queen Street.

Look Here!

BEFORE ORDERING YOUR FALL SUIT, OVERCOAT or ULSTER, call and examine our immense stock of NEW CLOTHS, in

Tweed and Worsted Suitings, Beavers, Meltons, Naps, Friezes, etc.

A full line of Latest Designs and Patterns of TROUSERS. Our stock excels in quality and variety anything we have heretofore shown.

We offer you the Largest Assortment of Cloths in the City to select from. Call and see them.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

ROGER'S BUILDING, UPPER QUEEN STREET.

Charlottetown, Sept. 26, 1890.

I took Cold, I took Sick, I TOOK SCOTT'S EMULSION. I take My Meals, I take My Rest, AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too. FOR SCOTT'S Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY LUNG TUBERCULOSIS BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING FLESH ON MY BONES AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK. Scott's Emulsion is put up only in Salmon color wrappers. Sold by all Druggists at 50c and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Baltimore.

Notice of Partnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a partnership in the business of Book-sellers, Stationers, Printers and Book-Binders, under the style and firm of HAZARD & MOORE.

Dated at Charlottetown, this first day of October, A. D. 1890.

G. HERBERT HAZARD, STEWART C. MOORE.

In reference to the above, I beg to thank the public for liberal patronage extended to me in the past, and solicit a continuance of the same for the new firm.

All persons indebted to me are requested to make payment of the amounts respectively owing by them to HAZARD & MOORE.

G. HERBERT HAZARD, Brown's Block, Queen Square, Oct. 1, 1890.

CH'TOWN MUTUAL

THE ABOVE COMPANY is taking risks on Dwellings, Furniture, Stocks, etc., at very low rates. Citizens can get insurance at the actual cost, instead of paying exorbitant premiums to foreign corporations. The undersigned has been appointed Secretary, and can be seen at his residence, Lower Great George Street.

B. BALDERSTON.

aug22—3m 2aw

PARTIES desirous of having Curtains, or any other articles, dyed in the very latest shades, will do well to apply to

C. I. MORRISON,

Agent St. John Dye Works, 106 Queen St. N. B.—Coats or Suits dyed and pressed as good as new.

If If If

—YOU WOULD SAVE—

Time, Trouble, Expense,

—ASK YOUR GROCER FOR—

Woodill's Baking German Powder,

PURE AND WHOLESOME.

oct3

Army and Navy Depot.

JAMES COTT & CO.,

Grocers and Wine Merchants, 117 & 118 GRANVILLE STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.

A Full Stock Now Landing of Superior Goods.

300 CASES CHOICE WINES—Champagne, Hock and Moselle, 250 cases Fine Claret and Sauterne, 300 " Hennessy's Brandy, J. X, XXX, 400 " Fine Old Scotch Whisky—Royal Blend, Is'ay Blend and Williams, 100 " Old Irish Whisky—Jamieson and Kinahan LL, 100 " Fine Old English Rum, 100 " Holland, Old Tom and Plymouth Gin, 250 dozen Fine Sherry and Port Wine, 200 barrels Ale and Porter, quarts and pints, 300 dozen Apollinaris Water, 10 barrels Belfast Ginger Ale,

And a full stock of FINEST GROCERIES, including Tea, Coffee, Sugar, etc. sept27—1m

CAPTAINS or Owners of Vessels wanting to charter, and parties wanting to buy or sell Cargoes of Produce, can apply to the undersigned at his desk in the hall of the Custom House, or apply by letter to P. O. Box 274.

J. W. HODGSON, Customs Broker.

Ch'town, Sept. 26, 1890—1m eod

About Prices.

A member of the Legislature of Ontario delivered a speech a few days ago, in the course of which he contended that complete free trade did not in the past give the Canadian exporter better prices for his horses, cattle, sheep, wheat, wool or other products. His argument was based on statistics covering the whole period of reciprocity and an equal period immediately after the abrogation of the treaty. "I had better," said he, "give you some evidence of the fact that the duties imposed by the American government upon the various products of the agriculturists of Canada have in nowise affected the prices of the various articles which have been sent into the American market from Canada. I have here the prices of various farm products for the 22 years from 1854 to 1876, during 11 of which years reciprocity prevailed, and during the other 11 our product was subject to high duties. In 1854 Canadians received on an average for the horses they sold \$65.27; in 1855, \$74.26; in 1856, \$77.05; in 1857, \$76.09; in 1858, \$79.07; in 1859, \$84.77; in 1860, \$81.97; in 1861, \$81.40; in 1862, \$77.15; in 1863, \$75.79; in 1864, \$78.46; in 1865, \$79.61. These were the years during which reciprocity was in force. In 1866 we received for horses on an average per head the sum of \$92.79; in 1867, \$78.68; in 1868, \$82.14; in 1869, \$82.97; in 1870, \$87.97; in 1871, \$93.96; in 1872, \$101.38; in 1873, \$105.01; in 1874, \$107.44; in 1875, \$104.62; in 1876, \$102.89. Now if the twenty per cent. duty on horses had been paid by the Canadian farmer he would have received smaller prices during the years protection was in force than he did receive in the 11 years of reciprocity. But the fact was he received higher prices. In regard to the prices of horned cattle, we received in 1854 an average of \$23.83, 1855, \$23.28; 1856, \$24.29; 1857, \$26.11; 1858, \$22.24; 1859, \$26.56; 1860, \$27.70; 1861, \$24.50; 1862, \$20.31; 1863, \$23.50; 1864, \$30.70. These were during the years of reciprocity. Afterwards under protection we received for horned cattle in 1865, \$29.91; 1866, \$22.85; 1867, \$24.86; 1868, \$24.77; 1869, \$21.88; 1870, \$27.91; 1871, \$22.62; 1872, \$28.12; 1873, \$25.57; 1874, \$24; 1875, \$21.13; 1876, \$23.70; the average in the later years being quite as high as when they were admitted free of duty. Who then pays this tax of 20 per cent. on cattle imported into the United States?"

The same speaker went on to give the quotations for sheep during the two periods, with the conclusion that "the average was just as high during the eleven years when duties were imposed as when sheep were admitted free." The same detailed statement was given in respect to wheat and wool, and the conclusion stated in the following words: "I might go over the prices of barley, rice and other cereals with much the same result, thus establishing the uncontrovertible fact that the duties imposed by the American congress on the produce of Canada do not fall upon the people of Canada, but are paid by the consumers of these articles in the United States."

Montague Notes.

Although there are eleven vessels lying at the wharves here, yet there is very little doing in the way of shipping. The weather being so very unfavorable, both digging and shipping are about at a stand-still. Shippers are very delicate about handling produce, as the provincial market does not offer much inducement, and the McKinley Bill prevents any shipment to the United States. The following are about the current prices at the wharves:—Oats, 36; potatoes 18 to 20 and turnips 16 to 17 cents per bushel. As far as ascertained, potatoes and turnips are plentiful, while the oat crop is far below the average. A melancholy gloom has been cast over the entire community by the unexpected death of Mr. J. M. Aitken's eldest son, a promising young lad of about 18 years. About three weeks ago he was attacked with that dread disease, diphtheria, and up to last Saturday he appeared to be improving, and sanguine hopes were entertained for his immediate recovery. But alas! the disease took an unexpected turn, and, although the best medical skill was employed, yet the disease could not be checked, and to day, at noon, death, the last finishing touch on the picture of life, ended his existence. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. Aitken as well as the other members of the family, in this their sudden and sad bereavement. Oct. 14, 1890.

To California and Florida Free.

The Fireside Weekly, the popular Canadian story paper, is offering subscribers such tremendous prizes as a free trip to California and return, first-class; a \$200 sealskin mantle; handsome Shetland Pony; return ticket to Florida, first-class; silver tea set; lady's gold watch; China tea set; mantle clock; silver watch; Dickens' works; Waverley novels, and many more. These prizes are for persons sending in the greatest number of words constructed from the letters "Fireside Weekly." The contest is open to everyone sending in with their list \$1 for the Fireside Weekly for six months which also entitles them to a handsome premium. The competition will be open for sixty days, but an additional prize of an elegant silver water pitcher is offered for the largest list received during September. Send five one-cent stamps to 9 Adelaide St. West, Toronto, for sample copy and premium supplement. dyli wy21 oct17

Odds and Ends.

A Western Criticism.—"The music of Elms' part is not trying, being chiefly of a light and florid, but it abounds in vocal pyrotechnics, which count for much with an audience."

A Chance for All.—Mrs. Gabb: "Are you going to have your darter take music lessons?" Mrs. Gabb—"N-no, I guess not. She ain't no ear for music." Mrs. Gabb—"Well, I wouldn't be discouraged at that; maybe she might learn to play classic, anyhow."

War for War.

STRONG TALK IN FRANCE ABOUT THE AMERICAN TARIFF.

A Paris despatch says the burning question of the hour there among politicians is the necessity of taking some immediate action regarding the McKinley tariff law. So long as the objectionable measure was merely a contemplated injustice to French trade, the government felt justified in ignoring the earnest protests of exporters, but now that the alleged wrong has been perpetrated a storm of indignation has arisen, which it is generally admitted, will force the authorities to take some definite action. What this action will be may be inferred from the popular clamor for retaliatory measures—a clamor that is daily increasing in vigor and is well voiced by Deputy Barthelemy, who, no doubt, utters the sentiments of the vast majority of his colleagues in the chamber and of French traders generally, when he says: "France must return war for war," and also points out that, if necessary, his country can make a considerable saving, and at the same time greatly injure the United States by purchasing her oils in Russia and her grain in Austro-Hungary.

Living by Rule

Oliver Wendell Holmes thinks that he owes his good health and the retention of his mental vigor, in his eighty-first year, to the extreme care he has long taken of himself. Never robust, he was still wiry in his earlier and maturer life, but since he reached eighty his hygienic vigilance is unceasing. The rooms that he daily occupies are equipped with barometers, thermometers, aneroids, every kind of instruments, in short, to prevent his incurring the slightest risk of taking cold. He knows that pneumonia is the most formidable foe of old age, and he is determined to keep it at a distance if possible. He never gets up until he knows the exact temperature, during the winter, or takes his bath without having the water accurately tested. He lives by rule, and the rule is inflexible. His time is scrupulously divided, so much allotted to reading, so much to writing, so much to exercise, so much to recreation. His meals are studies of prudence and digestion. He understands the specific qualities of all ordinary foods, and he never departs from the severest discretion in eating.

One might think that it would be a serious infliction to keep up existence by such precise, unvarying methods. But the little doctor enjoys them, having settled firmly in these habits years ago. Philosophic as he is about death, he has an eager curiosity to see how long he can live by following the laws he has rigorously prescribed for himself. He has long had various theories on the subject of health and longevity, and he relishes experimenting upon himself. He thinks sometimes that he may attain one hundred, which he would dearly like, if he could retain, as he has retained thus far, the full possession of all his faculties. —Chicago Mail.

Success of Vaccination in Germany.

Under the law of Germany making vaccination compulsory and providing for revaccination at stated periods of life, says Sanitary Inspector, small-pox is almost completely disappearing from the German empire. A late official report states that in 1888 only 110 deaths from small-pox occurred in the whole empire, and that this number is 58 fewer than occurred in 1887, and 87 fewer than in 1886. Of the 110 deaths, 88, or about four-fifths of the whole number, occurred in those parts of the empire immediately bordering other countries not well protected by vaccination, and in which there is constant intercourse between the vaccinated and the unvaccinated sides of the boundary. More than one-third of all the deaths occurred in the Prussian province of Posen. Comparing the small-pox death rate of the large cities of other countries with that of the larger cities of Germany, it was 136 times as great in the cities of Austria, 30 times as great in those of Hungary, 16 times as great in those of England, 24 times as great in those of Belgium, and twice as great in those of Switzerland as in the German cities.

News Notes.

Ex-Secretary of War Belknap, of the United States, was found dead in his office in Washington recently.

Fifty thousand persons paraded at Dublin in honor of the memory of Father Mathew, the apostle of temperance.

A mutinous outbreak has occurred in the East Surrey regiment, stationed on the island of Guernsey.

London claims a population of 30,705, exclusive of suburbs, an increase since 1880 of nearly 11,000.

A fine statue of Lord Dufferin, by Sir Edgar Boehm, who has produced half the famous statues in England of recent years, is shortly to be erected in Calcutta. A marble bust of Lady Dufferin is also to be placed in a charitable institution in that city of the Queen's Indian Empire.

Queen Natalie is engaged in writing her memoirs, which are nearly completed. As she is only 30 years of age, her personal experiences do not reach very far back, and it will most likely be found that her memoirs are less such than a work directed against King Milan. She has got the better in the contest with her husband, in so far as she is at Belgrade, and intends to remain there.

Quite an excitement has been caused at Pekin by the frequent and mysterious loss of queues by the citizens. One man reports that he was promenade a certain street, when suddenly a beautiful woman, by her appearance of about 30 years of age, appeared behind his back with a pair of shears, quickly snapped off his queue and vanished out of sight very mysteriously. Other cases of the same nature have been reported, and the native papers think they forebode ill to the government.