

Bary Literature.

What he died of.

We overheard once the following dialogue between an alderman and an Irish shop-lifter:

"What's gone of your husband, woman."

"What's gone of him, yer honor? faith and he's gone dead."

"Ah! What did he die of?"

"Die of yer honor; he died of a Friday."

"I don't mean what day of the week, but what complaint?"

"Oh! what complaint, yer honour; faith an' it's himself that didn't get time to complain"

"Oh! oh! he died suddenly."

"Rather that way, yer honor."

"Did he fall in a fit?"

No answer.

"He fell down in a fit, perhaps?"

"A fit yer honor! Why no, not exactly that. He fell out of a window, or thro' a cellar door—I don't know what they call it."

"Ay! ay! and broke his neck?"

"No, not quite that, yer worship."

"What, then?"

"There was a bit o' string, or that like and it throttled poor Mike."

"Did he not make several visits after the patient was out of danger?"

This was the question of a lawyer in cross-examining a witness called to prove a doctor's bill in one of our justice's courts a couple of days since.

"No," replied the witness, "I thought the patient was in danger as long as the doctor continued his visits."

OUT OF THEIR HEADS.—Smith and Jones are fast friends and hard drinkers

The other night, on going to their room, with their respective 'kags' full as usual, Jones remarked to his friend on the possibility that they might be drinking more than was good for them.

After some discussion, Smith agreed with him, and then they mutually resolved to quit—swear off—give it up for good.

With this resolution firmly made they went to sleep. Early in the morning Smith awakened by a gurgling sound, and then he discovered Jones sitting up in bed with the whisky bottle to his lips, throwing it in like herb drink.

Exclaimed Smith with indignation, "Do you remember our pledge?"

Jones, trying to think—"Did we swear off, through?"

Smith, relenting soon as he smelt the whisky, Certainly, last night, you know, as we went to bed."

Jones, suddenly recollecting—"Oh, yes, to be sure; but then, Smith, (another pull) I am afraid we wasn't quite ourselves last night!"

Tableau.—They take a drink, being themselves again.

HE DIDN'T KNOW IT WAS THERE.—One of the municipal laws of Corinth, Miss., forbids the running of railroad trains through the town "faster than a walk."

Not long ago a freight train on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad was considerably behind time, and the engineer determined to dash on through Corinth without stopping to shake hands with the inhabitants.

The municipal authorities saw the flying train pass with astonishment and indignation, and on its return the engineer was arrested for violating a city ordinance and was duly arraigned before the mayor.

Were you the engineer of the train which dashed by here yesterday without slacking up?" asked the mayor.

"I was," said the engineer.

"And do you know that it is against the law for a train to pass through a city at such a speed as that?"

"I did," replied the steam-horseman "but I'll be—I if I knew there was any city here."

The engineer went up for about a month's wages.

French scientific men predict that the summer of eighteen hundred and sixty-seven will be cold and wet, like eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and they base the prediction on the fact that immense masses of ice have broken, or about to break, away from the extreme north, and will drift to warmer seas, where they will melt, producing cold and vapor.

"PRAY," INQUIRED ONE MINISTER of another, seeing so many ladies attend his church, "why do you invariably address your congregation as, dear brethren?"

"O, the answer is easily given," he replied; "the brethren embrace the sisters."

Bad.—"Oh, I'm Dead! I'm Dead!" blubbered a little fellow the other day, as he ran into the house. What's the matter, my dear?" inquired the affrighted mother.

"Oh, I ran against a fence and struck a knot-hole in my trousers."

A Celt in Memphis this expressed his opinion of the County Court: "I don't think much of this County Court at all. I know a man that killed two nagurs in the riots, and the devil a cent has he got from the County Court yet."

A Vagrant says that the Perfection of the 'art preservation of arts' consists in making handbills whereon are the words "Free Lunch."

When a Baltimore lady is kissed, she says she feels as though she was taking chloroform, and remains insensible as long as the operation lasts.

"Toby, what did the Israelites do when they crossed the Red Sea?" "I dunno, but I gueth they dried themselves."

A little wrong done to another, is a great injury done to ourselves. The severest punishment of an injury is the consciousness of having done it.

It is an important part of a good education to be able to bear politely with the want of it in others.

Affectation in any part of our carriage is lighting up a candle to our defect, and never fails to make us be taken notice of, either as wanting sense or as wanting sincerity.

A gentleman lately complimented a lady on her improved appearance. "You are guilty of flattery," said the lady. "Not so," he replied, "for I vow you are as plump as a partridge." "At first," said the lady, "I thought you guilty of flattery, but you are now actually making game of me."

Agricultural.

TIPS ABOUT WORK.

Clearing up.—It is to be taken for granted that however late the season, the manure has been hauled out, and except small quantities for rich compost for special purposes, or the recent accumulations of fertilizing materials, the barn yards and manure sheds are quite cleaned out. Barns at the East at least have been woefully empty for two or three months, and ought long ago to have been swept and cleaned of hay-seed and litter of all kinds. Old hay and straw compactly packed at one side, yet conveniently come-at-able, and the whole establishment put in order for the coming crops.

If this has not been done, do it the first rainy day. Cattle stalls, cow byres and calf pens are empty now, for the most part, and it is a good time, and good wet weather work; to lift the floors, renewing them, cleaning and drying the beams and sills, painting those parts where wood becomes moistened by manure, when quite dry, with hot coal tar, sanding thoroughly before relaying the floors. Make gutters at the same time to carry off the liquids. These should be one part cement and three of good sharp, clean sand. The more time cement gutters, floors or walls have to harden before frost, so much the better.

Pastures.—Look to the water supply in pastures. Nothing dries up the fountains of milk like a lack of water. See also that the grass is not fed off too close, for any rain may be the last for some weeks, and then permanent damage would be sustained by over-stocked land.

Mowing land.—Early in the month it is usually well to go through the meadows and pastures, and pull or cut up with a spud the rankest of the weeds, or those most damaging to the grass and hay.

Clover, if cut early when just coming into blossom, and given a light dressing of plaster or of any fine compost, will, if the stools are strong, make a vigorous second growth, and ripen a paying crop of seed. Every farmer might raise his own clover seed in most parts of the country.

Haying will begin in favored spots—warm, moist, sunny meadows—and there are many meadows which it is worth while to cut early, in order to get this much out of the way before the main crop of grass is suffering from cutting. Such are especially those meadows which you can rely upon for a good after-math. Cut close on thick sods, but not on thin or open ones. Cut with the machine when the dew is all of the grass; and if a tatter is used, keep it in motion through the grass all the time, after it has lain about an hour; the more the grass is tattered and aired the quicker it will dry. Rake it up while the sun is still very hot, and leave it in cocks big enough to retain the heat well into the night. A good part will need but very little sunning the next day, and ought usually to be simply opened and shaken up after the dew is off and the ground is hot. Where mowing machines and hay tadders can not be used, cut while the dew is on, turn once, rake up while warm, give the cocks a daily airing and warming, but do the curing of the hay in the cocks, leaving well made to shed rain and to hold the heat of the hay. Never let any dew fall on the loose hay.

Corn.—Early maturing kinds will do very well planted the first week in June; soak in warm water until nearly sprouts then stir it about with a little previously warmed pine tar until every kernel is coated, then sprinkle with plaster or lime. Hoeing.—The use of hoeing is not only to kill the weeds, and a clean field is often an unproductive one, but the thorough working and stirring of the soil is equal to a dressing of manure on land in poor heart. The use of mere weedeas and surface worgers effect but little except the destruction of the weeds. It is most useful to cultivate deeply, and the one horse plough discretely used between the rows, not to hill up too much, but to mellow and work the soil before the roots get into it, is preferable to any of the cultivators. These implements are most useful after the roots begin to fill the soil more. First the harrow, then the plow, last the cultivator. This doctrine applies equally to corn and potatoes. Frequent and thorough stirring by horse power so as not to hurt the roots, will insure good crops on any good soil.

Root Crops.—Carrots, and parsnips, and beets, may be sowed as late as early in June with fair success. Rutabagas are preferably sown about the 20th in good deep soil, well manured and dressed with bone dust or superphosphate of lime. White Field Beans may be planted any time during this month. It is best to put them in drills. Blue pod or White Marrowfat are good varieties, the latter much the largest, the former yielding the surest.

Green Forage Crops.—Indian corn, sown in drills about two feet apart, is probably the most reliable crop for furnishing green fodder during the summer. The cost of the seed is an item which, of itself, may deter farmers from using it extensively, especially when Sorghum will do nearly as well both for green and dry use. Millet and Hungarian grass if cut before the seed ripens, afford good fodder also, and will do well on soil somewhat exposed to drought. Peas and oats together may be sowed even in June for cutting and curing as hay or feeding green. This crop requires a good well mellowed soil, but is not especially exhausting. The seed required is about two bushels of each kind to the acre.

Animals of all kinds must have clean airy quarters, or in hot weather they will be exposed to lung diseases from exhalations of fermenting manure, etc. Use plaster freely in stables and fowl houses to arrest ammonia; dry soil is almost equally as good.

SABBATH SCHOOL LIBRARIES!

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the Superintendents of SABBATH SCHOOLS and others who may be interested in the welfare of the young that he will shortly have on hand a large and well selected stock of LIBRARIES, from the best of the country, containing from 25 to 100 Volumes each. All over Sabbath School Requirements.

Please call and examine for yourselves at the house of STEPHEN BAKER, who is authorized to sell.

DIMOCK ARCHIBALD, Summerside, May 2, 1867.

Molasses & Sugar.

JUST RECEIVED ex 'Vincent,' from HALIFAX, on consignment.

15 Puncheons Choice retailing MOLASSES, 22 Barrels SUGAR, &c.

which we offer at wholesale prices for Cash or approved paper.

R. A. STRONG & BROR. Summerside, May 9, 1867. 1m

On Consignment.

10 HHDs Heavy Barbadoes MOLASSES.

For sale by BENJAMIN ROGERS. Alberton, Jan 31, 1867.

NOTICE!

THE Subscriber offers for sale, on his usual Terms, the following articles viz:—

Puncheons Prime Molasses, Cloves and half Chests Tea, Bls. granulated Sugar, Beans and Kags Tobacco, Pain Oil, Soap, Stove Polish, Ladies & Gents Felt & Rubber Boots and 100 doz. Hoop Skirts, Dry and Pickled Codfish and Ling, Island and Labrador Herring, &c., &c. WM. BEARSTO. Summerside, Jan. 24, 1867.

New Goods.

JUST received per Barque "LILLIE," a large and varied Stock of GLASGOW and MANCHESTER

GOODS,

—consisting of—

Wineys, Mixed Alpacos, Black & Col'd Lustres, Prints, do. do. Coubrugs, Cambrics, French Merine, Hollands, Clan Lamas, Coat Canvas, Fancy do, Blenkets, Railway Wrappers, Horse Cloths, Grey, White, and Striped Cottons, Denims & Bedticks, Flannel & Shirtings, Table Cloths, Scarfs, Braces, Blue, Scarlet, and Crimson Shirts, Paper Collars, Blue, Red and White Warps, &c. etc. etc.

The above Goods having been purchased from the manufacturers, enables the subscriber to sell much lower than his usual low prices.

JAMES L. HOLMAN. British and American House. Summerside, Nov. 1, 1866.

FLOUR, WINE, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, &c., &c.

THE Subscriber offers for sale at his Store in Water Street,

Bbls. Extra Flour, Bbls. Superfine do, Qrs. Casks Port Wine, Qrs. Casks Sherry, Qrs. Casks Brandy, Hlds. Gin, Puns. Rum (strong); Cases Scotch Whisky; Cases Irish Whisky; Cases Pale Brandy; Cases Dark Brandy; Cases Claret; Chests & half-do. Tea; Bages Rice (Aracca); Boxes English Confectionery (assorted); Kexes Coleman's Mustard; Boxes do. Sarsaparilla; Bages Pepper (ground); Cases Sardines, 4 lb. Packages; Cases Black Lead, 7 lb. Packages; Boxes Soap; Bbls. Washing Soda; Boxes Grain Sacks; Bales Corks; Coils Manila Rope, (assorted sizes); Coils hemp do. do. Bundles Oakum (best navy), &c., &c., &c.

DOUGLAS M. HARRINGTON. Ch'town, Water Street, Feb. 7, 1867.

Flour, Tea, Molasses, Gin, Rum, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS IN STORE AND FOR SALE—

11 Hhds. Bright Porto Rico SUGAR; 25 Puns. Bright Retailing MOLASSES; 80 Pun. Lemona RUM, (pale & colored); 150 Chests Super Congou TEA; 25 Hhds. Holland GIN; 500 Bbls. Super Extra FLOUR; 80 Boxes Liverpool SOAP; 140 Bundles White Cotton WARP; Hhds. and Qrs. Casks PALE BRANDY; Hhds. Port and Sherry WINE.

OWEN CONNOLLY. Charlottetown 21st Feb., 1867. [march 7

S A W S ,

SAWS!! SAWS!!!

SAWS of the best quality, and at the following Cash prices, always on hand at the manufacture of the subscribers:—

CIRCULARS.

DIAMETER. 36 in. \$20 each 24 in. \$18 each 32 in. \$16 each 30 in. \$15 each 28 in. \$12.50 each 26 in. \$11 each 24 in. \$9 each 22 in. \$8 each 20 in. \$7 each 18 in. \$5.75 each 16 in. \$5 each 12 in. \$3 each

Mill Saws 5 ft. each, \$5 each; Buck Saws 28 in. \$7 per dozen, set and sharpened.

All orders left at the Book Store of Mr. Joseph Bertram, Summerside, or forwarded direct, will receive immediate attention.

A. RICHARDSON & Co. St. John, N. B. April 11, 1867. y

Labrador Herring!

JUST RECEIVED per Schr. Sea Bird, from HALIFAX,

100 Bbls. Labrador Herring. Price 20¢ per Barrel CASI.

JAMES L. HOLMAN. British & American House Nov 22, 1866

Symonds' Patent

Burner & Petroleum Fluid

And Circular Wick.

Be it, safest, cheapest.

NO MORE LAMP EXPLOSIONS! NO MORE BROKEN CHIMNEYS!! NO MORE SMOKY LAMPS!!! VERY LITTLE ODOR!!!!

For sale by JAMES L. HOLMAN. Summerside, Oct. 18, 1866.

LUMBER YARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE at his

LUMBER YARD ON WATER STREET

all kinds of

LUMBER,

consisting of

Pine & Spruce Boards, Deals, Scantling

Laths, Fainings, Shingles, Studding &c. &c.

Lumber constantly kept on hand. JAMES CALDWELL. Summerside, Jan 31, 1867. ly

Prince Edward Island

Boot and Shoe Factory,

THE Subscriber would hereby inform his numerous friends and customers that he has in course of preparation, a very superior style of

LADIES' KID BOOT, suitable for the coming season. Also, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear, in every variety, such as

Ladies' and Misses' Balmoral Kid BOOTS, Congress BOOTS, Grain Calf Congress do, Serge do, do Balmoral do, Imitation Lace do, &c. &c.

Gents' and Boys' Calf Tap soled BOOTS, Balmoral BOOTS, do Single do, Shooting do, Grain Leather do, Knee do, Heavy Congress do, Kip do, Light do, do, Brogans & Shoes, &c. &c.

Wholesale Dealers before sending their orders abroad should call and examine the large and varied stock of

Ladies' & Misses', Gents' & Boys' Boots & Shoes!

Specially manufactured for the Trade of P. E. Island.

GEORGE NICOLL. Ch'town, South Side Queen's Square, March 7th, 1867. if

King Square Warerooms,

AND

STEAM CABINET SHOP!

THE Subscriber begs to inform his numerous customers, both in Town and Country that he has recently added to his Establishment

STEAM MACHINERY of the best and on the most improved principles, and that he is now prepared to execute

The Elizabethan Turning, PLANING, TURNING, SAWING, & JIGGING, &c.

of every description, from four inches to one-eighth in thickness, (which saws from one-and-a-half inch to the forty-eighth of an inch in width,) and also a

M A C H I N E

WITH

Eight Circular Saws,

for

Window Blinds and Venetian Blinds— for both portable and stationary appliances.

Constantly on hand a large supply of Materials of every description for Drapery, Dressing and Bedroom Furniture, in Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rose and Sassa-wood, Bird eyed and Curled Maple, Birch and other Woods.

EVERY CLASS OF FURNITURE,

made and executed in all the several branches of the Cabinet Making and Upholstering Business, in the most substantial manner, and of the latest styles, on as reasonable terms as any similar Establishment in the Province.

Undertaking,

with Hearses, &c., in any part of the Island.

All orders punctually attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

MARK BUTCHER. Charlottetown, March 21, 1867.

Look Here.

J. B. FITCH'S GOLDEN OINTMENT is

J. used for all complaints, that skin, flesh, bones and muscles are afflicted with; with wonderful success. Try it.

W. R. WATSON, General Agent for P. E. Island.

Salt! Salt Afloat!

1000 BAGS SALT. 3000 bushels Salt in bbls.

For Sale, to arrive, by CARVELL BROTHERS Ch'town, April 11, 1867.

Don't Rush

The Subscriber wants to employ

FOUR GOOD JOURNEMEN TAILORS, constant employment guaranteed. Apply at once to

A. M. SWEENEY. Summerside, January 17, 1867.

Administration Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Geo. A. McKeown, late of Dunk River Mills, Esq., deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment to the Subscriber; and those persons who have legal demands against the said Estate, are requested to furnish their accounts, duly attested for settlement, within three months from the date hereof.

BETSY MARIA WRIGHT, Administratrix.

Dunk River Mills, Lot 26, March 21, 1867.

Administration Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the ESTATE of STEPHEN W. HALL, late of Richmond, N. B., deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those having legal demands against the said Estate, are requested to furnish the same duly attested to the undersigned for settlement.

JAMES HALL, Administrator. Richmond, Lot 19, Dec. 20, 1866.

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late Mrs. BARBARA McINTOSH, (deceased), are hereby required to tender the same to the Subscriber, at his office, duly attested, within twelve CALLENDAR MONTHS from this date, and all persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment.

JAMES CAMPBELL, Executor. St. Eleanors Nov. 23, 1866. ly

WESLEYAN BAZAAR!

THE Ladies of the Wesleyan Congregation at MARGATE, intend holding (D. V.) a BAZAAR of fancy and useful articles, in JULY next, the object of which is to purchase a suitable Mission House. The undersigned Ladies will be happy to receive contributions for that purpose from any who may feel disposed to aid.

MARGATE. Mrs. Thos. Benly, Mrs. Robert Mayhew, Mrs. James Pidgeon, Mrs. M. W. Colpitts, Mrs. Ruben Tuplin.

SUMMERSIDE. Mrs. Thos. Crabb, Mrs. L. Westerton.

BEDEQUE. Miss Jane Wright.

STANLEY BRIDGE. Mrs. George R. Garrett. March 14, 1867.

THE LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

HAVING A LARGE PAID UP CAPITAL, Accepts All Classes of Risks, At Reasonable Rates of Premium.

Reference can be made to Mr. Joseph Bertram for Summerside, Suba Eleanors, &c. &c.

CHARLES YOUNG, agent. Charlottetown, November 21, 1865.

WALK RIGHT IN!!

THE subscriber takes pleasure in informing the people of Alberton and vicinity that he has opened a new TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT AT ALBERTON CROSS, where he will attend to the actuality and despatch of all orders that he may be favored with. SATISFACTION ENSURED.

WILLIAM COLLINS. Alberton, Nov. 28, 1866.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

THE Subscriber has now in Store, a carefully selected STOCK OF GOODS, suitable for the season, which for quality and price compare very favourably with anything in the Trade.

Staple Dry Goods, In Grey, White and Printed Cottons, Warps of all Colours, Cloths, Flannels and Linens, Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, Shawls, Mantles, and Sacques, Silks, Velvet and Felt Hats, Steel Skirts, Furs and Gloves, Scarfs, Sontags and Hoods, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Coats; Jackets, Vests, Pants, Hats, Caps, Shirts, Shirt Collars, Scarfs, Gloves, &c.

Tailor's Trimmings, Hardware.

All kinds of Cutlery, Carpenter's and Shoemaker's Tools, Chains and Nails of all kinds, Paints, Putty and Glass, Fishing and Shoe Thread, Wire Cloth, Brooms and Buckets, Broad's and Spillier's Superior Axes and Adzes always in Store.

Groceries. Tea and Molasses, (very superior) Sugar, Raisins, Rice, Currants, and Liverpool Soap, Spices of all kinds.

Kerosene Oil. Confectionary. PATENT MEDICINES, Scents and Pomades.

LEATHER, In Sole, Neat's, Calf and Grained, with other every day requisites constantly on hand.

D. ENMAN. Summerside, Dec. 6, 1866.

FLOUR, FLOUR.

THE Subscriber has just received per schrs. Annie Laurie and Janette

500 Barrels Extra & Superfine FLOUR.

For sale low for cash, JAMES L. HOLMAN British & American House October 18, 1866

PRINCE COUNTY TOBACCO FACTORY.