

**THE DAILY EXAMINER**

MAY 4, 1898.

**THE SPANISH REVOLUTION.**

NEMESIS has come upon Spain. Her people plundered the Americans in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, and ever since they have, without justice or humanity, used the Spanish colonies in America as means of obtaining wealth. But the wealth is gone, and the colonies are all but gone. Upon receipt of the news of the first disaster in the present war with the United States the people have gone mad. Instead of steadying themselves and concentrating their efforts as reasonable British men would do under such circumstances, they have murdered their leaders and precipitated a revolution which must paralyze their forces on sea and land and result in the quick triumph of their adversaries.

**SAGASTA.**

The fugitive Premier of Spain is an old man and an experienced statesman. He was born at Torrecilla in 1827. His first appearance as a public man was when he took part in the unsuccessful insurrection of 1856. In 1866 he took part in another insurrection. He entered the Spanish Cabinet and became Minister of the Interior in the Provisional Government of 1868 and he was President of the Cortes in 1871. In 1872 he became Premier of Spain and he was Premier in 1872, 1874, 1881-83, 1885-90, 1893-95. After the assassination of Canovas last year, Sagasta again obtained the Premiership. He was a Spanish Liberal.

**TELEGRAPHIC RATES.**

To correct an inaccurate statement of the Guardian Mr. James has sent to the editor of that paper a letter in which the reason why the people of Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island have to pay higher telegraphic rates than the people of the mainland is explained. We therefore quote:

"The rate from Newfoundland to New York is not \$1.25 per word but \$1.25 for ten words address and signature free, that is practically 15 words by Atlantic Cable count, or a rate of 8 1/2 cents per word. Of this amount \$1.25, the Anglo-American Co. receive 75c, (5c per word) the other 50c being paid to the Western Union Company precisely as in P. E. Island. The Anglo-American receive only 25c on a message to Halifax, St. John, Toronto, &c., and pay out the rest of the 50c charged to the other company. The service in St. John's, Newfoundland, is the same as it has been for the past ten years. The hours are rather shorter than our own, and there is no night service, yet it is worthy of note that in the discussion of the question in the House no complaint was made. The value of the business in St. John's is at least ten times as great as in Charlottetown. Regarding press rates it is worth while to notice that the Western Union rate between St. John and Sackville is day rate 4c per word, night rate 1c per word. By a special arrangement I secured from the Western Union Company a rate of 1c on Island press business, day or night. Our rate is 1c per word from Sackville to Charlottetown, New York, Boston, Portland; press rate to Sackville is day rate 1c per word, night rate 1c per word. Our line, Charlottetown to Sackville, cost more than would build a line from Sackville to Portland, and, except for through business, it is unproductive, while a Sackville-Portland line taps a large number of very productive places along its route. Yet our rate is very much lower. Where the Anglo-American Company control the through rate, as in the case of trans-Atlantic messages, the rates from P. E. Island to Europe are precisely the same as the rates from the other Provinces."

How to overcome the conditions peculiar to Newfoundland and P. E. Island is the problem. Certainly the solution will not be solved by railing at the Anglo-American company and its efficient and obliging officers or by propogating false statements. Our Board of Trade and the Government have the matter in hand. The main point, of course, is to obtain a reduction of day rates. Our people generally have no particular desire to work in the dark or do their business at night.

**NO EXPLANATION.**

No explanation of the extraordinary breach of contract with purchasers of passage tickets has been afforded. Why has the purchaser of a book of passage tickets to pay his full fare and ten cents additional if he should forget or neglect to have the book changed before he goes on board the train? Some good and substantial reason for such an unusual proceeding on the part of our railway authorities ought to be forthcoming.

Among those to be presented to Her Majesty at the next drawing-room, which is fixed for May 14th, are two in whom Canadians will be specially interested. Lady Mountstephen is one and the other is Hon. Mrs. Howard, daughter of Lord Strathcona, the latter then being elevated to the peerage.

**NO LIMITATION.**

It is stated that a limitation has not been fixed, in the bill now before the Legislature, to the changes that may be made for city lighting in case the Light Company should obtain that which they desire. On behalf of the taxpayers and people of Charlottetown, we call the attention of the Provincial Legislature to this point. If the statement be true, the bill ought to be corrected. A monopoly without restriction would be a bad thing for Charlottetown.

**WOMEN'S WORK.**

A lady writer, in Lippincotts, for May, contends that "Matrimony is for woman a lucrative profession, the most lucrative in fact." Even from the dollars and cents point of view, it is not, in her opinion, to be despised, while from the higher point of view, woman finds her noblest development in the married state. But it is, nevertheless, a fact that marriage no longer satisfies. Women are no longer content to stay at home, but clamor to go into the world and earn money and be independent. Our lady writer proceeds to show that women are not physically able to compete upon equal terms with men in those employments in which men have in the past been engaged. She denounces well-to-do women who for the sake of earning pin money and being independent of fathers, brothers and husbands enter into competition with their poorer sisters who are compelled to earn a livelihood and conclude:

"The displacement of labor caused by the overstocking of the labor market with women help, while it has not resulted in the financial prosperity of the female wage earner, has acted unfavourably upon the earning capacity of men. Sometimes their wages are cut because of the competition of women; sometimes they are displaced altogether by women. The young man who should marry and become the head of a family finds himself displaced at the counter or in the office by a young woman who may be obliged to struggle single-handed with poverty for years because the man who is her social mate cannot afford to marry her. You can see what a loss this arrangement is to the life of the nation, the core of which is the family. You can also see, when large numbers of women succeed in ousting men from a line of occupation, how much suffering might be entailed on the displaced men and their families. If the time should ever come when women would compete on terms of perfect equality with men so that wages were equally divided, the labour troubles that must result would assume the proportions of a public calamity. A man would not then continue to earn say fifteen dollars a week, while his wife earned a like amount; he would earn seven dollars and fifty cents and she would earn seven dollars and fifty cents. Not only would the family be no richer in consequence of the successful competition of the wife with the husband, but it would be unspcakably poorer, because that competition would withdraw from the home its great source of well-being,—the mother. How detrimental would such an arrangement be upon the character and development of the children. How would it sap the idealty out of life, not only between the four walls of each home, but throughout the community and the nation. The world could spare its money more easily than it could spare its love and romance, its tender relations, its beauty and the grace and loveliness brought to it by the spiritual influence of good women."

While there is much in this contention to set young women thinking, we do not suppose that those who choose to make it will be deterred from an honest effort to earn their own livelihood. It is pleasant for girls to be independent and to have nice things.

The co-partnership of The Guardian and the Charlottetown Club for the purpose of obtaining late telegrams has not so far produced any wonderful results. The news received by the congenial partners has been, for the most part, but a reshuffle of what appeared in THE EXAMINER of the previous day.

**DIED.**

At her home, Village Green, on April 26th, 1898, Maria Sentner, wife of Thomas Burhoe, at the advanced age of 75 years.

**Pull Down The Blinds**

That is if they are in good condition, but if they are shabby you should pull them down altogether, and fit you windows with good, fresh, clean ones at a small cost. We have a very large stock—can sell you a nice shade mounted on a spring roller, for 15 cents, better ones for 25, 30, 35, 45 to 60 cents each—plain shade cloth by the yard—spring rollers all sizes.

**Mark Wright & Co., Ltd**  
HOME MAKERS.

**A TREASONABLE LETTER.**

Alleged to Have Been Found in a Washington Mail Bag.

A Washington special to the Brooklyn Eagle says: The most important military seizure effected by the Post-office Department since the declaration of war between this country and Spain was made when a letter addressed to Senor Sagasta, Madrid, Spain, was taken from the mail by order of the Postmaster-General. The letter was written and signed by a woman. It came from Santa Cruz, California, at which place it was posted a little over a week ago. Upon being opened the letter was found to be of a most treasonable and startling character. It was a detailed account of the condition of the United States western coast defences, where guns and mortar batteries and harbor mines are located, where it would not be dangerous to land and how these dangers could be avoided. The writer went on to say that Spain had many sympathizers in this country, particularly in California, who wished for her success in the war and that they would do everything in their power to help Spain. The writer advised Senor Sagasta not to permit an attack on San Francisco but to select Monterey, which was poorly guarded and where a large force could easily get ashore. In closing her remarkable communication the woman informed Premier Sagasta that if the Spanish Government would follow her suggestions and order an attack upon the United States on the Pacific coast at Monterey, Spain would find plenty of aid from her sympathizers in California, who would lend her material aid. The letter was turned over to an inspector and the writer will at once be arrested. Other arrests in California will follow.

**NOTES AND COMMENTS.**

—Uncle Sam seems to having it all his own way.

—Commenting upon the present deadlock between our temperance men and Premier Warburton the St. John Globe says:

"Of the good intention and high purpose of those who seek for the most arbitrary laws on this subject (the liquor traffic) there is not any doubt, but it cannot be conceded that, with human nature as it is constituted at present, success is often attained in carrying out theories. The temperance cause was not promoted by the Scott Act in Charlottetown. A member of the staff of the Chatham World recorded in his paper a few days ago that when he visited St. John recently he did not see a drunken man; when he returned to Northumberland, where the Scott Act is in force, he saw more than one. Of course drunken men can be seen and are seen in St. John, but it is certainly worth thinking over that, as was lately mentioned in the press, the arrests for drunkenness in this city under the license law were not half as numerous as the arrests for similar cause in the prohibition city of Portland, Me. Too stringent laws often secure their own defeat, for public opinion will not compel their thorough enforcement.

6 pounds cooking raisins for 25c at Beer & Goff's. 102 21

2 large cases of untrimmed hats opened yesterday.—Paton & Co.

OLD ASYLUM PROPERTY — The old asylum property at Brighton, was sold at auction by Mr Baird to-day, about eight acres were disposed of, and they brought \$120 an acre. Mr James Lewis was the purchaser, Mr Lewis is a son of the original owner.

Wanted a boy about 16 years of age to learn the baking. Apply to the Eclipse Bakery. 101.

Big bargains in all kinds of Boots & Shoes during this month at J. B. Macdonald's, Market Square.

We have the best crockery store in the city. A very nice new lot of dinner sets, tea sets, chamber sets, cheaper than can be bought anywhere on P. E. Island—W P Colwill. 2 wk dy & wy.

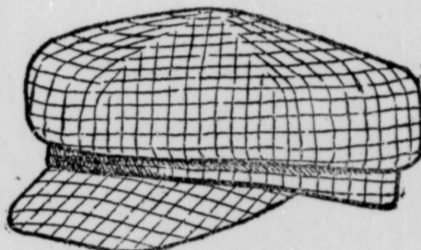
Boy's Blouse Shirts, price 75 cents, will go now for 45c at J. B. Macdonald & Co's old stand, Market Square.

Our children's clothing is meeting with grand success this spring. The styles are nice, the goods are better and the prices lower than you will find elsewhere.—Prowse Bros. 101 3in.

**FRANCE PREPARING, GERMANY READY. LOOK OUT FOR DEVELOPMENTS.**

FRANCE PREPARING OUR FALL FLOWERS; GERMANY GETTING READY OUR FALL AND WINTER JACKETS AND CAPES FOR FALL, 1898.

Visit Our Three Great Departments—Clothing, Carpets Clothing, Hats and Caps.



Hats, Clothing Caps

Boys' Caps, 10c, 12c and 15c, Men's Caps, 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c, Men's Golf Caps, like cut,

15c, 20c, 25 and 35c.

All wool serge Cap, silk lined, like Cut, for 35c. Best cap in the city for the money. American Cap, with leather peak, 35c, 45c and 75c.



**GOLFER'S SWEATERS JERSEYS**

35c, 55c, 75c, 95c and \$1.25 White and all the leading colors.

Business Coats and Vests

Made from good Worsted, \$4.00, \$4.50, 5.00 and 6.50. See our all wool \$5 Suit. See our all wool \$6 Suit. See our all wool \$7 Suit. All's well that ends well. But you must begin well. So start spring by patronizing at Paton's For your swell Business Suit, Sacks, 3-button Checks, Plaids, Overplaids, in Browns and Blues, and other new shades, at \$10.00, worth up to \$ 4.00

We are Agents for Shorey's Guaranteed Clothing in Charlottetown

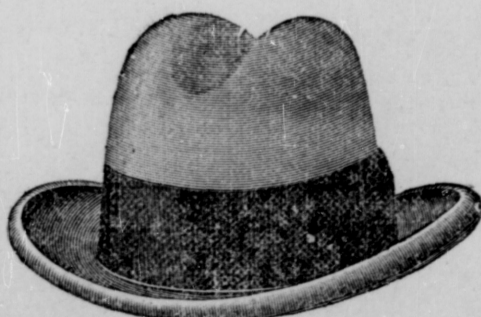


Men's Pants

75c, \$1.00, 1.25 Better grade, \$1.50 2.00 and 2.50, odd coats \$2.50 & 3.00

100 pairs of Boys' All Wool Knee Pants—in choice colors and patterns—all sizes from 3 to 14 years—stylish, substantial, thoroughly well made Knee Pants that are actually worth 75 and 85c. We will place on sale to-day at—not over two pairs to anyone person—at a price that will be the marvel of Charlottetown, 65c. 148 Suits, Youths, all wool, \$6 and \$8 kind for \$2.75 and \$5.00. 36 single and double breasted suits, Eng-Serge, \$4.50 to \$8.00. Yours for \$3. to \$4.50.

All odd lots goods at sweeping reductions. All our Readymade Clothing is guaranteed. Money refunded if not satisfactory.



MEN'S HATS

Good felt, 25c, 50c, 75c, and \$1. The newest styles, best makes and guaranteed not to turn green, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$, \$2.50.

Best Hat In the City, \$3.00

**J. PATON & CO.**



Ladies' Wheels.

Easy Running. Handsome. Strong.

"Famous" \$35 Crescent \$45 & \$50 Cleveland \$70 & \$80 Liberal terms, or a discount for cash

Dodd & Rogers

Magazines FOR MAY

Cosmopolitan, Munsey, Argosy, Ladies' Home Journal, Puritan.

HASZARD & MOORE

Two Kinds Of Men

I mean business men, the right kind and the wrong kind, the kind that sells you right merchandise, and the kind that don't. I am the right kind because I always sell you the right goods for a less price than the wrong kind of business men. I give a real value for your money. I don't sell goods on speculation. I sell it for an every day honest living. Try me for

Men's Underwear, Ladies' Underwear, Ready Made Clothing, Shirts, - Braces, - Socks Shirts.

PHILIP GORDON, New York Cheap Store. CAPT. MAY'S OLD STAND, GRAFTON ST.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY SIDMOUNT

For Sale By Auction

I have received instructions to sell by Auction, at the premises, on Wednesday, the 18th day of May next, at 11 o'clock a. m. The beautiful residence of the Hon. F. Peters, "Sidmount." This property comprises 20 of acres excellent land, with large and commodious dwelling house and out buildings. The house is fitted with modern improvements, having hot and cold bath, heated with hot water, and lighted with electric lights. The grounds are beautifully laid out and planted with ornamental trees. Terms easy and made known at sale. R. ZARISTO, Auctioneer