

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 4.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1879.

NO. 580.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL, Manager. Office Sup't

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 11.

Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, DECEMBER 30th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Express.	No. 3 Mixed.
Georgetown	dp 8.10 am	
Cardigan	" 8.35 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 9.55 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 10.05 "	
Ch'town	" 11.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 8.00 am	dp 3.30 pm
N. Wiltshire	" 8.20 "	" 3.50 "
Hunter River	" 9.12 "	" 4.45 "
Breadalbane	" 9.30 "	" 5.03 "
County Line	" 10.08 "	" 5.41 "
Kensington	" 10.18 "	" 5.51 "
Summerside	ar 11.30 "	ar 7.00 "
Wellington	dp 2.40 pm	
Port Hill	" 3.32 "	
O'Leary	" 4.16 "	
Alberton	ar 5.33 "	
Tignish	dp 5.40 "	
	ar 7.25 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.
Tignish	dp 7.00 am	
Alberton	" 7.45 "	
O'Leary	" 8.47 "	
Port Hill	" 10.05 "	
Wellington	" 10.48 "	
Summerside	ar 11.40 "	dp 8.45 am
Kensington	dp 2.30 pm	" 9.15 "
County Line	" 3.00 "	" 9.57 "
Breadalbane	" 3.40 "	" 10.08 "
Hunter River	" 4.28 "	" 10.47 "
N. Wiltshire	" 4.45 "	" 11.02 "
Royalty Jun.	" 5.40 "	" 11.55 "
Ch'town	ar 6.00 "	ar 12.15 pm
Royalty Jun.	dp 2.55 "	" 3.15 "
Mt. Stewart	ar 4.30 "	" 4.40 "
Cardigan	dp 4.40 "	" 6.00 "
Georgetown	ar 6.25 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.	STATIONS.	No. 6 Mixed.
Souris	dp 7.00	Mt S'tw't Jnc	dp 7.35
Harmony	" 7.23	Morell	" 5.22
St. Peters	" 8.42	St. Peters	" 5.54
Morell	" 9.13	Harmony	" 7.12
Mt S'tw't Jnc	ar 9.55	Souris	ar 7.35

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1878. p n e ar h pr kca sp sj ap 6i

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that Before Taking follow as a se-After Taking, quence of self-abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of the money, by addressing The Gray Medicine Co., Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by all Druggists, and by all wholesale and retail Druggists in the United States and Canada. January 24, 1879.

EMPLOYMENT.—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars, D. DOWNIE & CO., Box 1964, Montreal

MAIL NOTICE.

MAILS will be closed daily (Sundays excepted) at this Office, at 10 o'clock, p. m., and forwarded by steamer to Fiston. (Prepaid matter posted up to 4.30 a. m., will be forwarded by same boat.)

The mails for Great Britain, by Canadian Packet sailing from Halifax on Saturdays, will be closed on Thursdays, at 10 o'clock, p. m.

Mails for all places West of Charlottetown receiving Mails by Railway Train or Postal Car, will be closed daily at 7 o'clock, a. m.

Mails for Georgetown and Souris East, also for all places on the route to those points, will be closed daily at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Post Office open from 8, a. m., till 8, p. m.

A. A. MACDONALD, Postmaster.

Post Office, Charlottetown, April 26, 1879.

A. E. THOMPSON & CO.,

NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF

Plain and Japanned Tinware,

Coal Hods, Tubular Lanterns,

Perfection Oil Tanks,

&c., &c.

By long experience in the business, and using the most approved machinery, we are able to supply goods in our line at Lower Prices than the same quality can be had for elsewhere.

Freight prepaid to Charlottetown. Prices VERY LOW to merchants and traders.

Please send for price list before ordering elsewhere.

New Glasgow, N. S., April 17, 1879—1m

TO THE SICK.

DR. D. MACRAE,

FORMERLY SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN in the United States Army, late of St. Louis, Mo., respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlottetown and Prince Edward Island that he will be at the "Rocklin House," in Charlottetown, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY throughout the year, where those who are suffering with any form of disease can call and receive medical advice and treatment; especially persons suffering from diseases and deformities of the eyes, deafness and ulcerations of the ears, catarrh, asthma, consumption, diseases of the heart, liver, stomach, kidneys, rheumatism, paralysis, scrofula, malignant ulcerations, tumors, piles, fistula; cancer cured without the use of the knife. Particular attention given to diseases peculiar to females. All forms of fevers, diphtheria and other malignant diseases successfully treated and cured by him.

Prominent Office, HUNTER RIVER STATION, Prince Edward Island.

DUNCAN MACRAE, M. D. April 18, 1879.—d&w ly

COMMERCIAL

Union Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - - \$12,500,000.

INSURANCE effected against Fire on all descriptions of Property throughout the Island. Low rates and PROMPT settlement of losses.

HORACE HAZARD, Agent for P. E. Island.

Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1878—

E. C. HUNTER,

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

MANTLES, CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BUREAU AND COMMODE TOPS, WASH BOWL SLABS, &c., &c.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Designs furnished on application.

Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

November 6, 1878.

QUEEN INSURANCE COY.

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks. Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

The Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878.

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold, by Public Auction, at the Court House in Summerside, in Prince County, on Tuesday, the Eighteenth day of February next, at the hour of one o'clock, in the afternoon, under a Power of Sale in an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the fifth day of October, 1878, made between William Thomas Mill, of the one part, and John Brecken, Frederick De St. Croix Brecken, and Robert Robinson Hodgson, trustees, of the other part,—

1. All that tract, piece or parcel of land, situate on Lot Eighteen, and bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a stake fixed on the shore of Indian River; thence by a line running south twenty degrees west until it meets the boundary line dividing Lots or Townships Numbers eighteen and nineteen; thence running due east on said division line for the distance of thirty-two chains; thence by a line running north twenty degrees east until it reaches Indian River, aforesaid; thence following the course of the River to the place of commencement, making and including fifty-six (56) acres of land be the same, a little more or less, in Prince County, aforesaid.

2. Also, all that other tract, piece or parcel of land, situate on Lot or Township Twenty-five, in Prince County, aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake fixed on William McMurdy's eastern boundary line at the southeast corner of Joshua Harding's Lot; from thence running south for the distance of forty four chains; thence east eleven chains and fifty links; thence north forty-four chains; thence west eleven chains and fifty links, to the aforesaid stake or place of commencement, making and including fifty (50) acres of land, a little more or less, being the southern moiety of one hundred acres of land; and being bounded on the north by the northern moiety thereof, known as Joshua Harding's lot; on the east by Gay's land, on the south by Keefe's land, and on the west by the said William McMurdy's land.

3. Also, all that other tract, piece or parcel of land, situate on Lot or Township Number Nineteen, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a square stake fixed in the south-west angle of land in the occupation of Peter Gillis; thence running north six degrees and forty-five minutes, east fourteen chains and two links to division line between Lots Nineteen and Eighteen; thence along said line westwardly twenty-six chains and sixty nine links to the entrance of Barbara Weit River; thence along the course of the said river to the place of beginning, containing twenty-nine acres and forty perches, be the same, a little more or less.

4. All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate on Lot or Township Number Eighteen, and bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake set on the shore of Richmond Bay in the centre of a road on the line of Lots Eighteen or Nineteen; thence northwardly along said shore such a distance as shall make fifteen chains and sixty five links (15 chains and 65 links) at a right angle from said division line; thence north eighty-nine degrees east or parallel with the said division line forty eight chains and fifteen links (48 chains, 15 links) or to lands the property of the said William Thomas Mill, thence south twenty degrees west to said division line to the stake at the place of commencement, containing seventy-eight acres of land, a little more or less.

5. Also all that other tract, piece or parcel of land situate on Lot or Township Number Twenty-five (25), in Prince County, and bounded and described as follows, that is to say, commencing at a stake set in the north boundary line of land in possession of the widow Keiff or Lawrence Malone, being the southeast angle of fifty acres of land the property of William T. Mill, from thence by a line running north twelve chains and fifty links, thence east nine chains and fifty-five links or to the east boundary line of land in possession of William Gay, thence south to the first mentioned land, thence westwardly along said land to the stake at the place of commencement, containing eleven and nine-tenths acres, a little more or less.

6. Also all that other tract, piece or parcel of land situate on Lot or Township Number Nineteen, in Prince County, bounded as follows, that is to say, commencing at the southeast angle of land in the possession of Neil McDonald, from thence running west along said land twelve chains and twenty links (12 chains, 20 links) or to the southwest angle of said land, and from thence two points running two parallel lines south thirty-one (31) chains or to the south boundary line of plot G containing thirty-seven and one-half (37½) acres of land, be the same a little more or less, together with all buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

Dated the 13th day of January, A. D. 1879.

JOHN BRECKEN,

FREDERICK DE ST. C. BRECKEN,

R. R. HODGSON,

By E. J. HODGSON, their attorney.

Jan. 13—law ts prog

The above Sale is hereby postponed till WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of April next, 1879, then to take place at the hour and place above mentioned.

Dated the 17th day of February, A. D., 1879.

JOHN BRECKEN,

FREDERICK DE ST. C. BRECKEN,

R. R. HODGSON,

By E. J. HODGSON, their Attorney.

Charlottetown, Feb. 18, 1879.

The above sale is hereby further postponed until FRIDAY, the 2nd day of May, then to take place at the hour and place above mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of April, A. D. 1879.

JOHN BRECKEN,

FREDERICK DE ST. C. BRECKEN,

R. R. HODGSON,

By E. J. HODGSON, their attorney.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

THE EXAMINER'S SUMMARY REPORT.

TUESDAY, April 29.

Evening Session.

Mr. NICHOLSON resumed the debate on the Address. He thought that if hon. members were sincere in their expressions of regret at the unseasonable period at which the House was called together, they ought to try and expedite the business of the session. He did not see that much good could arise from a discussion of the matters contained in the Speech now, for the several measures foreshadowed therein will come before the House again in a more practical way. During the late short session, the burden of the song of the then Government was the four traitors who had left them; and not satisfied with the repeated onslaughts made upon these gentlemen in the House, they were followed to the country and denounced by the same party. And not satisfied with all this, the hon. member for West River must still have a fling at these gentlemen. But in spite of all those attacks, they were all returned again, thus showing that the country approved of their action on that occasion. The hon. member for West River dragged the National Policy into this discussion; but he did not see what bearing the Dominion tariff had upon the finances of this Province. He believed that the Government would use every exertion in their power to obtain for this Island a fair share of the Fishery Award.

Mr. Nicholson was followed by Messrs. McMillan, Holland and DeBlais, all of whom discussed matters of a personal nature, and quite irrelevant to the question before the House.

Mr. MONTGOMERY said that two years ago the late Government thought proper to levy an assessment; but, bad as it was, he believed that it did a great deal of good, for it was the means of directing the attention of the people more particularly to public affairs. Previous to the passing of the Assessment Act was the proper time for the late Government to bring down their measures of retrenchment; and if, after doing this, it were found really necessary to levy a tax, the people would not object to paying it. The people are now the real governors of the country. Though a strong party man, there are interests of more importance to the country than those of party. A great deal was expected from the present Government by the country. Two elections were run on the question of abolishment of the Legislative Council. Of the seven Legislative Council Districts, five declared in favor of abolishing that body last fall, and all the members of the Assembly were more or less committed to the question of abolition, unless we except the four hon. members who comprise Her Majesty's loyal Opposition. He believed that the salaries of officials must be reduced, but the mere fact of doing so, will not place the Civil Service in a good position. Care must be taken that the salaries will not be cut down so low that the services of competent men cannot be secured to the Province. If the amount required to be raised by direct taxation be small, it will not be worth while to put much machinery in motion to collect it. He hoped the Government would be successful in obtaining for this Island its fair share of the Fishery Award, and he felt assured that they would succeed, if they put forth due exertion. Mr. Montgomery next dealt for some time, and with telling effect, upon matters introduced in the discussion by the hon. member for West River.

Mr. FARQUHARSON replied to previous speakers on the Government side of the House, including the hon. senior member for Belfast (Mr. Montgomery) upon whom he made a fierce and uncalculated personal attack.

Mr. RICHARDS said that the hon. member from Summerside was altogether wrong in his estimate of the cost of collection under the Assessment Act—it did not cost so much as he had stated. That hon. gentleman had also charged him with having told his (Mr. R.'s) constituents that there were \$268,000 in the Treasury at the time of our Confederation with Canada. Mr. R. contended that he was correct in so stating, or if not at that date, very shortly afterwards. He contended that the people of the Island are entitled to a fair share of the Fishery Award, and the Government should make every effort to obtain it. He defended the late Government in their action touching this matter.

Mr. HOLLAND quoted from the Parliamentary Reporter to show that not only Mr. Richards, but the Leader of the late Government, had stated that the sum of \$268,000 was in the Treasury at the date of Confederation, when there was no such sum there.

Mr. GAVIN, speaking to the paragraph referring to the small-pox, said he was glad that that disease had disappeared from Alberton. The breaking out of this disease at Alberton will cost the Island a large sum of money. He considered the Dominion Government ought to foot the bill, as they neglected to build a Marine Hospital at Alberton as they should have done; and had there been such an institution there the small-pox would have been confined to one case. The Government have a good case against the Dominion in this matter, and he hoped to see them press it strongly. Mr. Gavin was sorry to see the

finances of the country in such an unsatisfactory condition. He advocated the abolition of the Legislative Council and the cutting down of the House of Assembly.

Hon. Mr. FERGUSON was astonished at the hon. member for West River in sneering at Belfast for choosing such a representative as Mr. Montgomery. Belfast had chosen a man of education and ability in Mr. Montgomery. Wealth was not the only requisite for a representative, and if Mr. Farquharson had wealth, it was about the only qualification he possessed. The members of the late Government in their election speeches had charged the present Government with unwarrantable expenditure. In their own defence they had to bring to light some of the late Government's mismanagement. At the proper time they will be prepared to prove that the finances of the Colony are in a most unsatisfactory condition. In the year 1878, only three quarters' teachers' salaries were paid, although the four quarters were paid in 1877. This year they would have to pay four, and perhaps five, quarters' salaries, which was quite a hardship for the new Government. He repeated the statement, although it had been challenged when he made it before.

Mr. YEO complimented the Leader of the late Government on his faithful expenditure of the funds of the Colony, and urged the Government to demand a share of the Fishery Award.

Hon. the ATTORNEY GENERAL remarked that the four Conservative members who left the late Government were all returned to the House. The hon. member for Port Hill was very anxious about the Fishery Award, now that he was in Opposition. The Government are making every effort to secure our proper share of it. The late Government expended last year \$23,000 over the receipts, and they incurred other large liabilities which would have to be paid for this year. Mr. Sullivan denounced the paragraph in the Speech brought down by the late Government, to the effect that all salaries had been reduced to the statutory allowance, as untrue. Every official had been paid his full amount, and they were not reduced to the amount allowed by statute. When Mr. Farquharson had stated that the senior member for Belfast had no stake in the country, he insulted that large and respectable district.

Mr. CAMERON said that Mr. Farquharson was continually harping on the National Policy. He (Mr. C.) believed in that policy. Its object was good, and it would bring about reciprocity. The sentiment in the United States was changing in favor of reciprocity. He condemned the policy of McKenzie as disloyal, and favoring the United States. The railway has been a benefit to the country. If it did us any injury, it was due to those who gave the branches to the same contractors that built the trunk line, at a higher figure and through an easier country. Mr. F.'s friends had brought American engineers here, at great cost, to prove their charges against the railway, but they did not do so. His party built the branches, but they made no provision for their payment; and then they had to sue for Confederation to find a way out of their difficulties. But the terms they got were rejected by the people, and the Conservatives obtained over \$25,000 a year better, notwithstanding the miserable efforts of the Legislative Council to prevent it.

Mr. MONTGOMERY said that the hon. member for West River was no doubt a very rich and a very important man. When a man's whole policy is to vote and act just as it affects his own pockets, he is unfit to be a representative of a free people. Such a man was Mr. Farquharson. The limited intelligence of that gentleman made it impossible for him to be severe without being unparliamentary. He (Mr. M.) ran his election honestly. He took the Leader's "Card" and defended it at every meeting. He did no business in the District, and had not even a few pounds of tea to help him to influence the votes of electors—consequently he represented the free and untrammelled suffrages of the people.

Mr. FARQUHARSON asked Mr. Montgomery if he would now dare to endorse the National Policy.

Mr. MONTGOMERY replied that he did, and that he would now willingly go to his constituents on that issue.

The Draft Address was then reported agreed to without an amendment.

Ordered that it be read and engrossed.

House adjourned.

Herr Krupp, the great German gun founder, has inside the grounds of his works the house in which he was born. It is religiously preserved. He refuses a title.

Why Will You

Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles, when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. Boschee's German Syrup has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung Diseases. It is Dr. Boschee's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as per directions. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced.