COLONIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Debate on the Draft Address in answer to His Excellency's Speech (continued.)

Mr. BRECKEN.—Where?

Hon. Mr. DAVIES.—From Hon. Mr. Haythorne, and others. They bought that gentleman's estate. They were respectable men, and when they came to this city to take a drive, they were not men who were to be insulted by a proprietary faction's sending constables quite unnecessarily to annoy them. I was never a member of the Tenant Union, but as soon as I understood that in some parts of the country a few refractory men contemplated resistance, I published a letter in the *Weekly*, the organ of that party, shewing them that to do so, would just be committing what the proprietors wished them to do, and warned them against any unlawful proceedings. But after the Government made representations that it was necessary to have troops brought here, they brought up a few of the Leaguers to court for alleged resistance to the law, but had hard work to get evidence to convict them.

Hon. LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION.—The hon. member was foreman of the Jury that brought in the Bill.

Hon. Mr. DAVIES.—A grand jury hears evidence for the Crown only. The grand jury, therefore, sent the whole case down, in order that the evidence might be heard on both sides; and what do we find? Why, that in order to punish these men, the verdict of the jury had to be set aside, and the men indicted were punished for a crime of which the jury acquitted them. I think, when such is the case, that there is no liberty for the people—no liberty for the subject; and when we see men, gentlemen at the bar, who pride themselves as being so patriotic and high-minded, allowing all this to take place before them, and raising no voice against it, it speaks little for their love of liberty.

Hon. LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION.—I say, Sir, that if the Judges have done wrong, it is the duty of the hon. member, as a member of the Government, to have them removed from the bench.

Hon. Mr. DAVIES.—I did not say that the Judges had done wrong: I merely repeated what I had heard and read in the public newspapers; and will, Mr. Chairman, hon. members on the other side of this House deny this statement. When the Government undertook to purchase the Cunard estate, it was their duty to have made some provision for the payment. I think I saw in some paper a statement to the effect that the Banks represented that they could meet all these payments as they became due, without inconvenience. I believe such a statement was made, and that the Government would not have effected the purchase unless they had such expectations. But we know the situation of the Banks, that, under their constitution, they cannot afford the accommodation required, because it has been and is as much as the Banks can do to afford merchants the ordinary requirements for remittances to Britain; and it is evident to every man acquainted with the trade of the Colony, that the Banks cannot now meet the payment on exchange in England without draining the specie from their vaults. In doing so, the community would suffer, because the exchange they require will be absorbed by Government, and the distress which we already feel will be fearfully augmented when the second and third payments are made. I therefore blame the late Government for entering into a purchase before providing means to pay it—without distracting the trade of the Colony. Sir, they have left us this difficulty to contend with, without allowing time to make the necessary arrangement for overcoming this want of statesmanship, by obtaining money in the British market to meet it. While trade is flourishing, it is all very well, but when a reverse comes around, and the Banks cannot give the facilities required, it is different; and where is the gentleman in business, who is not aware of this? I am apprehensive that, when the time for the next payment to be made on the estate comes on, a great difficulty will be experienced, unless some remedy is provided. When the late Government made the first payment, where did they go for money? They went to the Banks. The Banks do not create exchange or bring gold into the market; that is the merchants' avocation, who employ our labor in various ways, in constructing ships, in fishing, &c., &c.; and by exporting these effects abroad, they (the merchants) then give the Banks exchange on their brokers for the proceeds of their shipments. It is true the merchant cannot go on without aid from the Banks,—one assists the other; it therefore follows if the Government drain the Banks of gold, that they cannot afford the accommodation trade requires, then it becomes paralyzed. This is what we are rapidly approaching to, and if the Government cannot effect credit in London, to draw on in payment for the sums falling due on the Cunard estate, I think the Banks will either have to stop specie payment or shut up for a time, which will not only entail ruin on the trader, but eventually fall as heavily on the agricultural classes. I cannot account for gentlemen, possessing the ability the late Government were acknowledged to possess, entering at all into this arrangement, unless it was that they expected the payment of this debt would be an inducement for us to go into Confederation, as we might be enabled to meet this difficulty out of the sum they expected the Canadians would give us for yielding up our liberty. A deeper laid scheme could not have been devised. (Hear, hear.) You may say hear, hear; but many who hear me know it was so. My hon. colleague has said that this state of affairs has been brought on by overtrading. I cannot agree with him. The stock now in this Island is not one-sixth more than it was last year; nor does the fall in the price of shipping apply to this Island with any force. It applies with more force to those ships sent from St. John and Quebec. The people of England ought to be proud of these Colonies, when they look at such splendid ships as are sent from New Brunswick and Quebec. They are classed for seven years, when they should be classed for twelve. They are equal to ships built of English oak, being built of material that will not take the dry rot. Now, I wish to show that the cause of the low price of these splendid ships sent home from the sister Provinces, is that there are more of them in the market than are required; this is the reason why their price is so much depressed. The ships we build range from 100 to 300 tons, and as but few so small are sent to market from other parts,—the requirements being greater, our vessels have not fallen equally low in price with those of St John and Quebec. These vessels range from 300 to 2,000 tons register. There are but thirty or forty Island vessels unsold in the English market. It is the withdrawal of the money from this Colony that makes the pressure. I do not mean to throw any blame on the Banks; I know better. They must respect the rights of their shareholders. If the Banks have not got bills of exchange, they must pay out the gold; and, if means are not obtained before the first of July, the Banks will have to close. Their object was to drive us into Confederation. They thought it would release us from these difficulties, and that the money we would get out of Confederation would pay for the Cunard estate. They were willing to sell our rights for the self interest of a few. But before closing, Mr. Chairman, I would observe there is a very interesting tale being published at London. It comes out in the periodicals, and is called "Birds of Prey." If the author were as well acquainted with the transactions of some of the proprietary party as I am, and would introduce one of them into his work, it would render his name immortal.

Mr. BRECKEN.—We have listened to a lengthy speech from a member of Her Majesty's Government, in which he has ignored the views of his colleagues. I thought, Mr. Chairman, it was the duty of a member of the Government to declare its policy: but instead of this, Sir, he has treated us first to a biography of himself, and then to a history of escheat, quit rents, and kindred subjects. He told us how he advocated escheat, because his heart felt for the wrongs of the tenantry; but the people, he said, would not listen to him. You will excuse me, Mr. Chairman, for going back to this old question, but, as it has been introduced into this debate, I will briefly refer to two or three points connected therewith. I admit, with the hon. member for Bedeque, in the course of some of his remarks the other day, that the virgin soil of a country, of right, belongs to the people who compose its population. But, Sir, the granting away of the lands of this Colony was the fault of George III; and, as they have since frequently changed hands, the claims of the proprietors have become confirmed. The Crown, notwithstanding the original grants were forfeited, by allowing time to lapse without re-entering upon its rights, gradually increased the difficulty of effecting an escheat. It stands to reason that this should be the case. If I allow a person to hold a property on certain conditions, some of which are not fulfilled, and I see it change hands without interfering, it must be supposed that I assent to the principle of his right to dispose of that property. Is it not a fact, also, that the Government derived revenues from the lands of this Colony through the proprietors? Why was this? Was it not that they recognized them as the owners of the land? I am really sorry that the Government have one among them who ventures to rise on the floor of this House and propound such extraordinary views. I do not say that the hon. member is dishonest; but I look upon him as labouring under a delusion. If the proprietors are not the owners of the lands which they claim, upon what principle was money paid by the party to which that hon. gentleman belongs for the Worrell Estate? I believe that he had a seat in this House when that purchase was effected: why, then, in the name of common sense, did he allow the government which he supported to put their heads into the public chest and pay some £25,000 for that estate, if the parties from whom they purchased it had not the shadow of a title to the land?

Hon. Mr. DAVIES.—Half a loaf is better than none.

Mr. BRECKEN.—True, Mr Chairman, half a loaf is better than none; but that was giving them the whole loaf. However, in either case, whether we pay for the half or the whole, the claim is recognized, and it is folly to continue talking of escheat. But, Sir, the hon. member, while giving us his biography, omitted an interesting little piece of his history. He did not inform us how it was that he came into this House when he formerly had the honor to represent the constituency of Belfast. I believe he was borne in on the shoulders of the Conservatives; but shortly afterwards, when the Liberals celebrated their triumph he was found among their ranks. Still, this is the hon. gentleman who constitutes himself the *custos morum* of this House, and comes forward here to-day to lecture us on political morality. The Conservative Government—the base administration which he denounces with such vehemence—sold the country, he says, by the Land Commission. That Commission, he affirms, was a court of inquiry. For my part, I always understood it was a court for adjusting the difficulties between landlord and tenant, and not to consider the case between the proprietors and the Crown. Who appointed these Commissioners? There were three parties concerned—the tenantry had their Commissioner, as well as the proprietors and the Imperial Government. The proprietors chose Hon. Mr. Ritchie, of Halifax, and the Imperial Government Hon. Mr. Gray, of New Brunswick. But whom did the Conservatives choose as Commissioners on behalf of the tenantry? They nominated a more liberal and illustrious person than the hon. member for Belfast will ever be, namely, Hon. Joseph Howe, of Nova Scotia. That is the sum and substance of what the Conservatives did for the Land Commission. They appointed the man of the people to guard the interest of the tenantry, and will the hon. member deny the fact?

Hon. Mr. DAVIES.—He was deceived.

JUST RECEIVED,

PER BRIGANTINE *LEANDER*, from MONTREAL—
200 Bbls Extra FLOUR,
50 do CORNMEAL,
250 doz BROOMS,
60 do PAILS.
100 sides SOLE LEATHER,
which will be sold as low as can be bought on the Island, for CASH.

GEORGE HOWATT.

Crapaud, June 17, 1867. 2m

Just Received from Boston,

100 BOXES LOZENGES,
100 gross MATCHES,
13 Bbls KEROSENE OIL,
2 do TURPENTINE,
1 Bbl. White ROSIN.
For Sale low.

GEORGE HOWATT.

Crapaud, June 17, 1867. 2m

CASH CUSTOMERS

WILL find GEORGE HOWATT'S the BEST and CHEAPEST PLACE

To buy all kinds of Merchandize.

Crapaud, June 17. 2m

100 BOXES RAISINS

FOR SALE LOW by GEORGE HOWATT.

Crapaud, June 17, 1867. 2m

TWO GENTLEMEN can be received as BOARDERS, where there are no others. (Late Dinners.)

Apply to Mrs. FELLOWES, Rotchford Square.

Ch'town, June 17, 1867. 4w pd

THOMAS W. MAY,

Surveyor and Conveyancer,
Glenstewart - - - Southport.

REFERENCE:
The Surveyor-General, Charlottetown.

June 10, 1867. 1y

FRANCIS S. LONGWORTH,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE—PAVILLION HOTEL.
(next door to Hon. Joseph Hensley's)
Charlottetown, - - - P. E. Island.

Jan. 14, 1867.

S. W. DODD, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

RESIDENCE:
JAMES M. PIDGEON'S, Esq.,
MARGATE, P. E. I.

June 10, 1867. 3m

R. REDDIN,

Attorney and Barrister-at-Law,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
Office:—Great George Street, Charlottetown.
(Near the Catholic Cathedral.)

September 3, 1866. tf

CARD.

THOMAS KELLY,
Barrister-at-Law, Notary Public,
AND
CONVEYANCER,
Summerside, - - - - - P. E. I.

Dec. 10, 1866. 1y pd

B. WILSON HIGGS,

General Commission Merchant
AND
AUCTIONEER,
Charlottetown, ... P. E. Island.

May 27, 1867. 1y

JOSEPH F. ELLIS,

INSURANCE, SHIPPING,
AND
GENERAL AGENT,
STOCK BROKER, CONSIGNEE, &c.
PICTOU, N. S.

REFERENCES:
Hugh Hartshorne, Esq. Solicitor.........Halifax.
Messrs. Black, Bros. & Co, Merchants....Halifax.
J. B. Bland, Esq. Banker..........Halifax.
Jonathan C. Allison, Esq, Merchant......Halifax.
John M. Walker, Esq..............St. John, N. B.

☞ Business respectfully solicited.

May 20, 1867. 3m

CARVELL BROTHERS,

AUCTIONEERS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
AND
Commission Merchants,
Charlottetown, - - Prince Edward Island,

AGENTS FOR:
New York Board of Underwriters,
Boston Board of Underwriters,
Eastern Express Company,
Fairbank's Patent Standard Scales,
Gowrie Coal Mines, Cow Bay, C. B.
Fishwick's Express.

☞ CASH ADVANCES made upon CONSIGNMENTS received, or when sent to their Agents abroad.

April 30, 1866.

F. P. NORTON,

Commission Merchant,
AND
Auctioneer.
GEORGETOWN - - - P. E. ISLAND.

October 24, 1864 1y

A. McNEILL,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
MASON'S THREE-STOREY BUILDING,
Dorchester Street.
Charlottetown,..........P. E. Island.

July 23. tf

CHARLES QUIRK,

MANUFACTURER
OF
Square Rod, Gents' Bright
AND
Natural Leaf Good Smoking
TOBACCO.
Queen Street,
Charlottetown, - - - - P. E. I.

January 21, 1867. 1y

FOR SALE.

PUNS. strong proof Demerara RUM,
Do do Cuba do
(good flavor.)
Qr. Casks Pale BRANDY (Pinet Castillon & Co.)
Puncheons, Tierces and Barrels Bright Retailing MOLASSES
Hhds, Tierces and Barrels Bright Barbadoes and Centrifugal SUGAR
Bbls Granulated SUGAR,
Bbls CORNMEAL, Painted PAILS
Boxes Soap, Boxes Boston Candles, 25 lbs. each
Bbls Cider Vinegar, N Y Sole LEATHER
Boxes Cavendish TOBACCO, 10's
Bbls Kerosine, Boxes Bunch Raisins
Half and Qr Boxes Layer Raisins.

B. WILSON HIGGS.

Auctioneers' Row,
Charlottetown, May 20, 1867.

NEW GOODS!

FOR
SPRING & SUMMER, 1867,
AT
Glasgow House.

THE Subscriber begs to acquaint his customers, and the public, that he has, by the *Undine* and *L. C. Owen* from Liverpool, *Empress* and *County of Pictou* from Glasgow, and *Abeona* from London, completed his SPRING IMPORTATIONS, which comprise the usual assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES, &c. &c.

which are now ready for Sale.

FREDERICK LePAGE.

Charlottetown, June 3, 1867.

FALL GOODS.

BY various Ships from ENGLAND, Steamers from BOSTON and HALIFAX, I have received my

FALL & WINTER STOCK,

consisting in part of

26 Casks & Cases General Ironmongery.

1 Cask Cutlery,
1 do Traces,
1 do Shovels,
1 do Hoes,
1 do Shot,
26 Boxes Tin,
236 pieces Plough Metals,
16 Tons Nails & Spikes,
23 bundles Spring Steel,
15 do Sheeing do
3 do Cast do
7 do Blister do
18¼ Tons Iron,
1 Cask Cart Boxes,
1 do Bolts & Nuts,
1 do Screws,
1 do Files,
1 Box Axles,
5 Pairs Bellowes,
1 Basket Vices
158 Kegs Paints,
12 Drums Varnish,
6 do Turpenzine,
2 Casks do
4 do Putty,
1 do Venetian Red,
1 do Yellow Ochre,
Vermillion,
Prussian Blue,
Drop Black,
Umber,
De Sienna,
4 Hhds Paint Oil,
1 do Olive do
2 Bbls Seal do
1 do Lubricating Oil,
10 do Kerosene Oil,
111 Boxes Glass,
2 Crates Scuttles,
1 Case Shoemaker's Thread
1 Bale Curled Hair,
1 Cask Glue,
3 do Dyewoods,
250 lbs. extract Logwood,
5 Bales Rope.

These goods have been well bought, and with Stock on Shelves and in Warehouse, form a very large assortment, and are offered at my usual low prices—either wholesale or retail—for Cash.

W. E. DAWSON.

Great George Street, Dec. 3, 1866.

IMPORTATIONS

For Fall Season, 1866,
AT THE
British Warehouse,
COMPLETED.

THE Public in general will find in our Establishment a Large and Varied Stock of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

that will compare favourably with any in the market,

and will prove to purchasers second to none, for style, value, and price.

Inspection solicited.

W. & A. BROWN.

Dec. 3, 1866.

To Anglers.

FISHING TACKLE in all varieties for sale at the CITY DRUG STORE, VICTORIA BUILDING, Queen Street.

W. R. WATSON.

May 20, 1867.

Indigo. Indigo.

300 LBS, in Boxes, 10 lbs each, (warranted.) For Sale by N. RANKIN.

May 13, 1867.

POGIES! POGIES!

THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand

200 Barrels Prime PGIES,

which will be disposed of in lots to suit Purchasers.

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, 22nd April, 1867. isl pat sj

SALT! SALT! AFLOAT!

1000 BAGS SALT,
3000 Bushels SALT in Bulk.
For Sale, to arrive, by CARVELL BROTHERS.

April 8, 1867.

COAL TAR. COAL TAR.

NOW SELLING at the GAS WORKS, a quantity of very superior **COAL TAR**, at a reduced Price.

April 29, 1867.

MAILS.

New Summer Arrangement.

THE MAILS for the United Kingdom, the neighbouring Provinces, United States, &c., will, until further notice, be closed at the General Post Office, Charlottetown, as follows, viz:—

For Canada, New Brunswick and the United States, via Shediac, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

For Nova Scotia, via Pictou, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

For Great Britain, Newfoundland, and the West Indies, every alternate MONDAY and WEDNESDAY evening at 8 o'clock, as follows, viz:—

Monday, June	17	Monday, Sept.	9
Wednesday, "	19	Wednesday, "	11
Monday, July	1	Monday, "	23
Wednesday, "	3	Wednesday, "	25
Monday, "	15	Monday, Oct.	7
Wednesday, "	17	Wednesday, "	9
Monday, "	29	Monday, "	21
Wednesday, "	31	Wednesday, "	23
Monday, Augt.	12	Monday, Nov.	4
Wednesday, "	14	Wednesday, "	6
Monday, "	26	Monday, "	18
Wednesday, "	28	Wednesday, "	20

Mails for Summerside and St. Eleanor's, to be forwarded per Steamer, will be closed every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

And Mails for Georgetown and Souris, per Steamer, every FRIDAY evening at 8 o'clock.

Letters, to be registered, and Newspapers must be posted half an hour before the time of closing the Mails.

THOMAS OWEN,
Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Ch'town, 10th June, 1867. isl

Notice to Mariners.

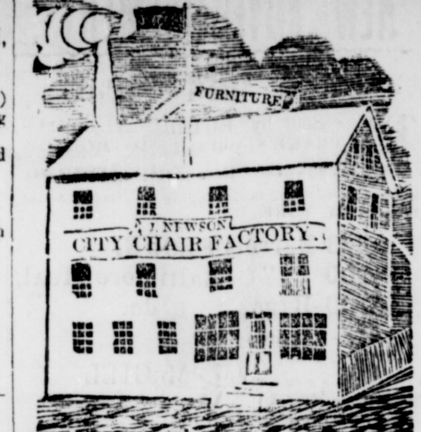
THE exact position of the Fixed White Light at the North Cape of Prince Edward Island is

Latitude N.			Longitude W.		
°	'	"	°	'	"
47	3	40	63	59	19

Elevation Eighty feet.

JNO. WM. MORRISON,
Asst. Col. Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, April 29, 1867.



Chairs in Variety.

KITCHEN, CHAMBER, HALL, DINING AND DRAWING ROOM

FURNITURE,

Furnished in Sets or Single (very cheap.)

Attention paid to Repairing all kinds of Furniture, especially Turned Work, such as chairs, &c. &c. (cheap.)

All kinds of Furniture Painting done to order. Old Furniture Repainted to imitate or match. hairs (cane) re-seated.

Looking Glasses, Plates, &c., &c., on hand, (very reasonable.)

☞ Remember *Hickey's Steam Factory*, south side of Market Square, (nearly opposite Province Building, from which it can be seen.) ☜

JOHN NEWSON.

December 24, 1866.

Grain! Grain! Grain!

THE highest price given for BARLEY and OATS, at

Coles's Brewery and Distillery,

☞ Constantly on hand, at prices cheaper than can be purchased in the market, the best of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, and a superior article of Malt Whiskey. Also—X, XX, and XXX Ale.

Charlottetown, June 20, 1866.

WATCHES and JEWELLERY.

JUST RECEIVED, from ENGLAND, of best quality, and for sale at a low price—

Horizontal Watches in Silver Cases,
4 holes jewelled,...............£3 10 0
Do. in Hunting Cases,..............4 0 0
English Levers....................9 0 0

Watch Chains and Keys, Finger Rings, Steel Ear Rings and Brooches, Gents' Pins in great variety, by A. PURCHASE, Watchmaker, Smardon's Corner.

Charlottetown, Oct. 31, 1866.

18, Trafford Chambers.
South John Street, Liverpool.
January 1st, 1867.

J. T. THOMAS begs to inform his friends that he has this day taken into Partnership his son, JOHN T. THOMAS, JUNR.

The business will in future be carried on under the style or Firm of

THOMAS & SON,
MERCHANTS,
Liverpool & Prince Edward Island.

Jan. 28, 1867. tf

Administration Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of GEORGE M. WRIGHT, late of Dunk River Mills, Esquire, deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment to the subscriber, and those persons who have legal demands against the said Estate are requested to furnish their accounts, duly attested, for settlement within three months from the date hereof.

BETSY MARIA WRIGHT,
Administratrix.

Dunk River Mills, Lot 26, March 21, 1867. apl 8

TO HEADS OF FAMILIES.

JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb
PILLS.

The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

Prepared from simple Roots and Herbs that grow upon the Mountains and in the lovely VALLEYS OF MEXICO, where the mighty Cordilleras raise their cloud-piercing heights.

By cleansing and *Purifying the Blood*, they not only Cure but prevent nearly

ALL DISEASES.

They are the remedy the bounteous hand of nature has provided for all Diseases arising from

IMPURE BLOOD.

The name of those diseases are legion. JUDSON'S PILLS are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Diseases:

BILIOUSNESS,

Scrofula, Worms, Headache, Indigestion, Liver Complaint,

Dyspepsia,

Loss of Blood, all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels.

SKIN DISEASES.

Costiveness, Colds, Diarrhœ, Fever and Ague, Kidney Diseases, Chest Diseases. They are the BEST FEMALE MEDICINE KNOWN.

Remove the cause and you cure the disease Bad blood is the great cause of disease; these Pills cleanse and purify it so thoroughly that disease, having nothing to feed upon, must take flight.

Get our Almanac

From any Druggist, and read the history of this Wonderful Discovery; or, as PROOF CONCLUSIVE, buy and try one box of the Pills and you will be satisfied they are

All we claim

them to be.

Put up in Boxes containing 40 Pills.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

☞ The outside is a Red Wrapper with Black Letters, with our fac-simile signature on it.

ASK FOR
JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb Pills,

And for *The Rescue Tula* Almanac. We also send them by Mail, postage paid, for 25 cts. per Box.

B. L. JUDSON & CO.
PROPRIETORS.
106 FRANKLIN-ST, NEW YORK.

☞ Sold by all Dealers. [July 1, '67. 4m

NOTICE.

Dr. Ridge's
Patent (Cooked) Food,
For Children and Invalids,

RECOMMENDED by the Faculty, and Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere, in Tins, at prices to suit all classes.

J. H. WOOLRICH,
Halifax, N. S.
Managing Agent for B. N. A.

October 8. 1y

TOOTH ACHE.

Instant Cure.

BUNTER'S NERVINE,

IMMEDIATELY on its application, gives permanent relief by the painless destruction of the nerve in decayed teeth, forms a complete stopping, and renders extraction seldom necessary.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

WOOLRICH'S
Patent Pick-me-up Bitters.
Mirelc John's Tasteless Pills.
Dr. Ridge's Patent Food.
Hudson's Ex. Soap.
Foulke's Cement, &c.

For Sale everywhere.

J. H. WOOLRICH,
English Pharmacy,
Halifax, N. S., Agent for B. N. A.

October 8. 1y

Cheapside! New Goods!

GREAT BARGAINS!
HEARTZ & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED from Britain, per Ships *Undine, L. C. Owen, Empress* and *Lotus*, a large and assorted Stock of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

STAPLE DRY GOODS, consisting of—Printed Cottons; Grey and White Cottons; Red, White, and Blue Cotton Warp, warranted good; Cotton and Linen Ticking; Towels and Toweling; Bagging and Bags; Osnaburg, Canvass, &c., &c.

CLOTH, a very large stock, in Mantle Cloths, Fine Cloths, Whitneys, Beaver, Moscow, Devons, Tweeds, Pilot, Lambskin, Astracan, Seal Cloths, Tweeds and Doeskins, which will be sold cheap for Cash.

DRESS GOODS, in French Merinos, Winceys, Coburgs, Lustres, Alexandra Cloths, Serges, and Fancy Dress Goods, equal to any in the city.

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING, in Over and Under Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Collars and Ties, the newest styles; also, the newest styles of Cloth and Fur Caps, and Felt Hats, Boots, &c.

SUNDRIES—Wool and Brussels Carpets, White, Scarlet, Blue, and Fancy Flannels; Skirts and Skirtings, Scarfs, Gloves, Belts, Velvets, Crape, Feathers, Flowers, Gimp and Bugle Trimming, Alexandra Cords, Braids, &c., &c.

GROCERIES & FRUIT—Tea, warranted good, Sugar, Molasses, Pepper, Ginger, Mustard, Cloves, Raisins, Currants, Rice, Flour, &c. Also, Dye Stuffs of all kinds.

P. S.—The above Stock has been personally selected in the best British Houses, and will be sold wholesale and retail, at the smallest paying prices.

HEARTZ & SON.

Nov. 12, 1866.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THE Subscriber would inform the Inhabitants of P. E. Island, that, on the arrival of the Brig *ANN*, from Liverpool, G. B., he will offer,

Wholesale and Retail,

For Cash or good Joint Notes of Hand,

Nos. 1, 2 & 3 WHITE LEAD, in 56, 28, & 14 lbs.;
Black, Red, & Yellow PAINTS, in 28 & 14 lbs.;
Boiled and raw LINSEED OILS;
Chance's Smethwick GLASS;
PUTTY, Black and White, in Bladders 28 and 14 lbs.;
CUT NAILS, and CUT SPIKES;
Diamond Head DECK SPIKES;
Bars Refined and Common IRON, assorted sizes;
Barrels and Kegs COAL TAR;
Barrels Black and Bright VARNISHES;
Coils HEMP and WIRE CORDAGE;
Bolts Extra and Navy Boiled CANVAS;
Bars YELLOW METAL, ⅝ to ⅞;
YELLOW METAL BUTT BOLTS, 7 × ⅝;
CLINCH RINGS, Iron and Yellow Metal;
Crates and Casks GLASS, CHINA, and EARTHENWARE,—Crates assorted for country use;
A NEW MIXTURE for Bottoms of FISHING BOATS, much approved of by English fishermen.

Parties wanting any of the above articles will do well by calling and inspecting them, at the OLD STAND, formerly occupied by W. W. LORD & Co., HEAD of LORD'S WHARF, Water Street.

ARTEMAS LORD.

Oct. 29, 1866.

Hoop Skirts!

JUST RECEIVED, by Steamer *ALHAMBRA*—

150 Doz. HOOP SKIRTS.

For sale low, if immediately applied for.

WILLIAM DODD,
Queen Square.

Nov. 26, 1866.

Just on the Square.

NEW TOBACCO FACTORY
AT
SUMMERSIDE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having JUST OPENED a FACTORY at SUMMERSIDE, is prepared to supply Wholesale Customers with the Island Manufactured TOBACCO, warranted a good article, at the very lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms—and hopes his Factory, being the first of the kind established in Prince County, will meet with liberal patronage from the Traders and Merchants of Summerside, and Prince County generally.

PATRICK REILLY.

Summerside, July 31, 1865.

Freehold Property for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale that desirable Property known as the MILFORD MILLS, consisting of a CLOTH MILL and CARDING MILL, together with one acre of free land, situated in the Wood Island settlement, and within half a mile of Victoria Harbor.

The above property is so well known that any further description is unnecessary. Part of the purchase money may remain unpaid for a number of years by security on the property.

If the above property is not disposed of before the 1st of September next, it will be sold by Public Auction on the spot, of which due notice will be given.

H. C. McMILLAN.

Milford Mills, Lot 62, April 29, 1867. tf

Excellent Stand for Business.

TO be sold by private contract that valuable and beautifully situated Farm at Bay Fortune, Township Forty-three (43), well known by the name of Abel's Cape, comprising fifty-five (55) acres of Freehold Land, about twenty are cleared, with a large and substantially built dwelling House and Barn recently erected thereon. The Bay Fortune Public Wharf being on the north side of said land makes it a desirable and convenient place for shipping produce and also for fishing.

For further particulars and terms of sale apply, on the premises, to Mr. FREDERICK RODIGRASS, or to

WILLIAM NORTON, Esqr., Lot 56.

Grand River, March 25th, 1867.

Valuable Freehold Farm for Sale.

TO be sold by private Contract that valuable Freehold Farm and Property belonging to CHARLES DINGWELL, Esq., Morrell; situate one mile from St. Peter's Harbor, on the north side of the Bay, comprising two hundred and forty-two acres of superior land, about thirty-five (35) acres of which are in a very good state of cultivation, and the remainder covered with a growth of Hard and Soft Wood—this valuable Farm has a frontage on the Bay of twenty-nine (29) chains and the same distance on the North or Sea Shore, where large quantities of sea manure can always be had, as well as abundance of mussle mud in the Bay. A Barn and small Farm House are on the premises, also a convenient Well of water, &c., &c., &c.

A good Title guaranteed, with possession when required.

Application to be made to the owner, at Morrell, or to FRANCIS S. LONGWORTH, Attorney-at-Law.

Charlottetown, 18th Feb'y, 1867.

Valuable Freehold Farm for Sale.

CONSISTING of 175 Acres of Front Land, in a high state of cultivation, with a good Dwelling House, Barn, Coach House, Threshing Machine, and all other requisites suitable for a Farm. Also,

One Hundred Acres of Wood Land

in the rear, situate on the south side of Elliot River, about seven miles from Charlottetown, and quite near two public wharfs for shipping produce, &c. The above Property is well worth the notice of any person wishing to purchase a good Freehold Property, being the estate of the late J. C. Wright, Esq. Time will be given for two thirds of the purchase money. Enquire at the Office of HENRY PALMER, Esquire, or of the subscriber.

CATHERINE WRIGHT, Executrix.

June 25, 1866.

A GOOD LIVING.

ANY person wishing to purchase one of the most valuable and beautiful FARMS within twenty miles of Charlottetown, can do so by early application to

NEIL RANKIN, Auctioneer,
or HENRY WADMAN, Crapaud.

Charlottetown, April 1, 1867.

Professor Holloway in a new Character.

FOR the information of such of our readers as wish to make consignments of any kind to England, we beg to state that Professor Holloway will be happy to take charge of the same on the usual terms of commission. The Professor, having at all times large available funds at his commands will make advances if necessary. His long standing and experience are a sufficient guarantee that the greatest attention will be paid to the interest, of all those who may entrust their business to him, whilst the large sources of information within his reach, by agents distributed throughout the civilized and uncivilized world, will render his advice interested connection with mercantile transactions invaluable.—*Delhi Gazette, March 7th, 1867.*

Bark! Bark! Bark!

1500 Cords of Hemlock Bark wanted at the City Tannery.

THE Subscriber is now prepared to make Contracts with parties for the above compliment of Bark, which will be let in lots from Thirty Cords and upwards.

Further particulars will be made known on application to the Subscriber at the City Tannery.

W. B. DAWSON.

Feb 4, 1867.

JOHN BELL,

MANUFACTURER of Clothing in all its branches, thankful to his friends and patrons for past favors, begs leave to inform them and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his Old Stand on QUEEN STREET, and is prepared to make up all kinds of garments, entrusted to him in the latest style and improvement of fashion.

Terms Cash.

Entrance at the Side Door.

Queen Street, July 9, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the citizens of Charlottetown, and the public generally, that he has RE-OPENED his

Tailoring Establishment

on QUEEN STREET, two doors west of T. Desbrisay's; and solicits—while gratefully acknowledging past favors—a return of that public patronage which was formerly so generously and extensively conferred upon him.

Having acquired a thoroughly correct knowledge of the Cutting Department, on a purely geometrical principle, together with many years' successful practice, he is prepared to compete, for superiority, with any of his profession in this Colony.

Having also selected Mr JOHN CHRISTIAN, whose name is proverbial for superior workmanship, as his Parnter, he guarantees the Firm of "McLEOD & CHRISTIAN" to give every satisfaction.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

JAMES McLEOD.

Ch'town, June 18, 1866. tf

Young Sultan.

THE Thorough-bred Horse "Young Sultan," imported by the Stock Farm Commissioners in 1865,—Pedigree as follows:—"Young Sultan," by Charleston Dam, by Sultan. He is a rich bay, 5 years old, with black legs, stands 15 hands 3 inches high, with great power, combined with fine action and good temper. He took the second Prize at the Cambridge and Isle of Ely Agricultural Show, 1864, for the best thorough-bred Stallion for getting weight carrying hunters. He also took the first Prize at the Agricultural Show at Essex, in 1865, for the same class of horses. Will stand at the following places this season, commencing on MONDAY, the 29th APRIL:—

At John Stewart's, Five Mile House, St. Peter's Road, from 8 to 10 o'clock, a. m.; at Ready's, Saw Mill Bridge, from 12 till 2 p. m.; at Auld's Mill, from 4 to 6 p. m.; will stop the night at or near James Shaw's, Brackley Point; will leave there at 8 o'clock on Tuesday morning; will stop at Wheatley River Bridge from 10 to 12, noon; thence at J. Bunting's, from 2 to 4 p. m.; thence to Hon. Alex. Laird's, New Glasgow, for the night; will leave New Glasgow on Wednesday morning, the 1st May, at 8 o'clock; thence to Richard Bagnall's, Hazel Grove, from 10 to 12 o'clock, noon; will stop at Johnston's Mills, Malpeque Road, from 2 to 4 p m.; thence to Richard Crabb's, will stop there the night; will leave Crabb's at 8 o'clock on Thursday morning, the 2nd May; will stop at John Coles', Milton Inn, from 9 to 10 a. m; thence by George Hooper's, across to R. Locke's, Winsloe Road, will stop at Locke's from 12 to 2 p m; thence to James Bell's, Brackley Point Road, will stop there from 4 to 6 p. m; thence to the stable of the groom at Dawson's Cottage, St. Peter's Road; will be at Charlottetown every Friday, and at the groom's stable until the Tuesday morning following; will cross the Ferry on Tuesday the 7th May, and remain at Southport from 7 to 10 a. m; thence to Five Mile House, Lot 49, to remain there from 12 to 1 p. m.; thence to Samuel Lane's, Lot 49, to remain there from 2 to 4 p. m; thence to T. Beers', Cherry Valley, to remain there for the night; to leave Cherry Valley on Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock, for J. Duncan's, Vernon River, to remain at Duncan's from 10 to 12, noon; thence to Adams', calling at A. Master's; to remain at Adams' from 2 to 4 p. m.; thence to the Ten Mile House for the night; will leave the Ten Mile House on Thursday morning at 7 o'clock, calling at Acorn's Mill; to N. Robinson's, Lot 48, to remain there until 1 o'clock, p. m.; thence to Southport, calling at McLeod's, Blacksmith, for one hour; to remain at Southport until the last boat in the evening.

This route to be continued during the season, calling at each place once a fortnight.

TERMS—20s. for the season, payable 1st November next.

GEORGE THORNE, Groom.

May 13, 1867. 2m

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE ON THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS

Singers and Public Speakers

Will find TROCHES useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The TROCHES are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having PROVED their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the TROCHES are universally pronounced better than other articles.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Judson's Pills.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

Soothing Syrup,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay **all pain** and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over thirty years, and **can say, in confidence and truth** of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—**never has it failed, in a single instance, to effect a cure,** when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it; on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter **"what we do know,"** after thirty years' experience, **and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare.** In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most **experienced** and **skilful nurses** in New England, and has been used with **never-failing success** in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC,

and overcomes convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the **best and surest remedy in the world,** in all cases of **Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children,** whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—**do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others,** stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be **sure**—yes, **absolutely sure**—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of **CURTIS & PERKINS,** New York, is on the outside wrapper.

☞ Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, No. 48, Dey Street, N. Y.

Price only 35 Cents per Bottle.

October 15, 1866.

Judson's Worm Tea!

EXCELSIOR PRINTING OFFICE.

GEO. BREMNER,
Printer, Book-binder,
AND
STEREOTYPER,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.,

Having engaged an experienced

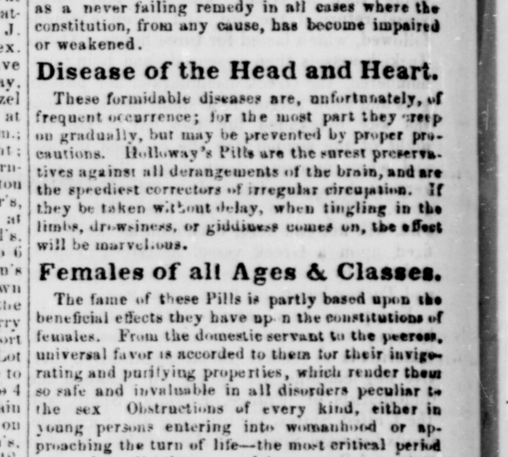
BOOK-BINDER

is prepared to execute all orders with PROMPTITUDE and NEATNESS.

☞ **Entrance to Printing Office and Bindery at Mrs. Bremner's Book and Stationery Store, Prince Street, where all orders may be left.**

Prince Street, June 5, 1865.

THE ROAD TO HEATH AND LONG LIFE



SECURED BY

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Impurities of the Blood.

In selecting the most appropriate medicine for a particular ailment, there may be some difficulty unless one can be found to purify, regulate, and improve the quality of the blood. These Pills possess and exert these three qualifications in an extraordinary degree. They enable the stomach to digest any ordinary food, increase the secretory powers of the liver, cleanse and purify the blood, expel all morbid matter, and throw into the circulation the purest elements for sustaining and repairing the frame.

Weakness and Debility.

How many persons suffer from debility without knowing the causes why they are feeble! In most cases the stomach is the aggressor. Holloway's Pills have long been famed for regulating a disordered stomach, and restoring its healthy digestive tone; they are, therefore, confidently recommended as a never failing remedy in all cases where the constitution, from any cause, has become impaired or weakened.

Disease of the Head and Heart.

These formidable diseases are, unfortunately, of frequent occurrence; for the most part they creep on gradually, but may be prevented by proper precautions. Holloway's Pills are the surest preservatives against all derangements of the brain, and are the speediest correctors of irregular circulation. If they be taken without delay, when tingling in the limbs, drowsiness, or giddiness comes on, the effect will be marvelous.

Females of all Ages & Classes.

The fame of these Pills is partly based upon the beneficial effects they have upon the constitutions of females. From the domestic servant to the peeress, universal favor is accorded to them for their invigorating and purifying properties, which render them so safe and invaluable in all disorders peculiar to the sex. Obstructions of every kind, either in young persons entering into womanhood or approaching the turn of life—the most critical period—may be radically removed by a recourse to these Pills.

All Disorders affecting the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Whenever the stomach, liver, or bowels are disordered by high living, climate, over-indulgence, undue exertion or other causes, these fine regulating Pills will soon rectify the evil, and speedily bring back energy, strength and cheerfulness to the frame where previously all was lassitude, gloom and dejection.

Despondency, Low Spirits.

The misery occasioned by a disordered digestion is, unfortunately, felt by most. These famous Pills should be taken in appropriate doses to adjust the disturbed functions. They dispel headache, biliousness, nausea, lowness of spirits, and all similar ailments. A course of these invaluable purifying Pills never fails in removing the cause of such morbid affections, without subjecting the sufferer to any inconvenience.

Influenza, Diptheria, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds.

In our changeable climate few persons escape without colds, sore throats, influenza, diptheria, or bronchitis, for all of which these famous corrective Pills may be taken with the certainty of effecting a cure. While the Pills are expelling all impurities from the body generally, Holloway's Ointment should be well rubbed upon the chest and throat; it will penetrate the skin, reduce inflammation, and restore lasting soundness.

Holloway's Pills are the best Remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Agne	Female Irregularities	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Asthma	Fevers of all kinds	Sore Throat
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Stone & Gravel
Blotches on the Skin	Gout	Second'ry Symptoms
Bowel Complaints	Headaches	Tic-Douloureux
Colics	Indigestion	Tumours
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Ulcers
Consumption	Jaundice	Venereal Affections
Debility	Liver Compl'nts	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Lumbago	Weakness from whatever cause
Dysentery	Piles	&c. &c.
Erysipelas	Rheumatism	
	Retention of Urine	

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand (near Temple Bar), London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s 1½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, 22s, and 33s. each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

July 31, 1865.

Carlton's Condition Powders!

DR. LA'MERT

ON
SELF-PRESERVATION.

PRICE WITH ENGRAVINGS AND CASES, 1s. 6d, BY POST, 3s. CURRENCY.

SELF-PRESERVATION: A popular Essay on Nervous and Physical Debility, resulting from injurious habits contracted in youth, or excesses in maturity, which, by prematurely exhausting the functions of manhood, destroy the happiness of Married Life, or prevent the fulfilment of engagements that constitute the most cherished objects of existence, by DR. LA'MERT, 37 Bedford Square, London, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, &c.

The above work contains most useful and interesting information on the physiological changes which occur in the Reproductive System during the periods of youth, puberty, and manhood; and on the due attainment of that degree of functional vigour upon which the hopes of posterity depend. It also points out how all the attributes of manhood can be preserved to an advanced period of life, how they are lost, and how they can be recovered. It is free from the gross exaggerations, alarming descriptions and dangerous remedies so generally resorted to by persons, who, practising with false medical qualifications, inflict most serious injuries, and render judicious treatment frequently abortive.

The author is the only legally qualified practitioner whose name stands on the 'Medical Register,' (the sole test of medical qualification) who has been exclusively engaged for a series of years in the treatment of the various functional disorders of the nervous and reproductive system, which, owing to the great discoveries of modern science, are rendered subservient to a rational, simple and easy mode of treatment.

At home for consultation daily from ten till two, and from six till eight, either personally or by letter—37 Bedford Square, London, England.

Patients residing in the Colonies can be successfully treated by correspondence, and remedies can be forwarded in secresy and safety to any address.

"SELF-PRESERVATION" may be had of the undermentioned Agents, price 1s 6d; free by post, 3s currency:—Halifax, N. S., Mr. Johnson, Chemist. Yarmouth, N.S., Messrs Young & Baker, Booksellers. Sydney, C. B., Mr. J. P. Ward, News Office. St. John, N. B., Messrs. H. Chubb & Co., *Courier* Office. Charlottetown, P. E. I., Mr. John Ings, *Islander* Office.

Charlottetown, Nov. 9, 1863. 1y

The Examiner

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