

Local and Other Items.

MARKED at the Risk to-night. A VERY GOOD Market to-day. Prices unchanged. FOUR summonses have been issued against Scott Act-offenders. THIS day week was the twenty-fourth anniversary of "Cold Friday."

CAPT. MAXWELL, R. N. and Mrs. Maxwell arrived home last evening. THE mail couriers crossed from Cape Town to-day, and will not return until to-morrow.

THEY can converse by telephone between New York and Chicago. The length of the wire is 910 miles. W. E. DAWSON, Esq., will read a paper on "Free Education" before the Educational Institute this evening.

FIVE of the men shut up in the Vale Colliery, where there was an explosion a few days ago, have been rescued. MISS JARLEY'S vociferous—Signorine Squallante—is still raving from a cold, but hopes to do justice to her role to-morrow afternoon.

MR. T. J. HARRIS, of the firm of Gay Davis & Co., left last evening for England to purchase the firm's stock of dry goods. JAMES HANNAH, author of a "History of Acadia," and formerly an editor of the St. John Telegraph, has taken up his residence in Brooklyn, N. Y.

POTATOES have taken a rise of 15 cents a barrel in the New England market. There will have to be a still further advance before provincial exporters can ship with profit. A MAN named James Elliott, temporarily insane, tried to murder his wife in Halifax a few days ago. He was removed to the Asylum.

WILLIAM STANBURY, of Philadelpia, wagers that he could drink eighteen glasses of gin in two hours. He won the wager, but lost his life. THE thanks of Mrs. Jarley's committee are due the Rail-way officials who restrained the crowd at the Station upon Mrs. Jarley's arrival yesterday.

IN Montreal, a few days ago, a lady had her nose broken while tobogganing, a young girl had her leg fractured, and a gentleman was seriously injured. WE are pleased to learn that our young townsman, Dr. Charles Davies, who graduated at the Edinburgh University, is now practising in the London Hospital.

IN Chester, England, over two hundred persons are down with the mumps, and the choral services have been suspended in the Cathedral because most of the boys can't sing. OUR reporter was not able to interview Mrs. Jarley yesterday owing to her fatigue. She will however express her opinions upon things in general at the Athenaeum to-morrow afternoon and Monday night.

THE funeral of the late Admiral Bayfield took place to-day. It was attended by a large concourse of citizens. The car which contained the remains was suitably decorated by order of Mr. Coleman, Superintendent of the P. E. Island railway. MR. JAMES A. FRASER having recovered sufficiently from the effects of the recent tobogganing adventure, was conveyed to his home in St. John's yesterday. Mr. Coleman, Superintendent of the P. E. I. Railway, kindly placed his private car at Mr. Fraser's disposal.

THE Lazzar in aid of the P. E. Island Hospital last evening, was largely patronized and passed off very success fully. Galbraith's new Brass Band was in attendance and discoursed splendid music during the evening. We learn that the amount realized is over \$550.

A DISPATCH from Gibraltar says the Vicar-General of that diocese has been murdered. Details of the assassination are not given further than the statement that the butcher is supposed to be insane. He attacked the priest in the vicinity of the cathedral and stabbed him to death.

THE servant girl at the house of Professor Schurman died very suddenly yesterday afternoon in a mysterious manner. She had been complaining for a day or two and a doctor was summoned yesterday morning, but he could locate no disease and predicted nothing serious. About 4 p. m., however, she suddenly expired.—Halifax Herald.

THE St. John Telegraph says: There is trouble in the Senate over the divorce business. Only about sixty-five members are in attendance, and of these twenty-seven are Catholics and decline to sit on divorce committees. These committees consist of nine members each, and as there are seven divorces pending there are not senators enough to go round.

REMEMBER the public meeting at the Market Hall this evening at 7.30 o'clock. The object of calling this meeting is to press upon our representatives at Ottawa the great necessity of urging upon the Government and Parliament of Canada our claims to improved wire communication with the mainland. A strong expression of public opinion, regardless of party ties, will show that on this vital question, our people are unitedly resolved to insist on their rights.

SUGAR SYRUP AND MOLASSES.—Says the Montreal Gazette of Friday: The market for sugar, after having advanced steadily 3/4 to 1c from the lowest, has weakened 3/4. The decline brought out a better demand, and a good business was done yesterday. To-day the market was quiet and about steady at 6 1/2 and 7 1/2 for granulated, and 4 1/2 and 5 1/2 for yellow. Syrup is quiet and unchanged at 25 and 50c per gallon as to quality, with some sales of low grades at 24 1/2. Molasses is held firmly at 32c for Barbadoes.

A NOVEL CURE FOR GOUT.—A new and a startling cure for gout has been discovered. It is port wine! The doctors are still shaking their heads over the matter. I do not know what to make of it, but several extraordinary cures have already been made. Probably the price of the old port will go up, and that precious wine, which has been so contemned for many years, will once more become popular. Anyway, plenty of people will be found to try the new specific for the gout; for, even if it does not cure, the medicine is by no means unpleasant.—London World.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

THE SOUDAN.

A DEARLY BOUGHT VICTORY.

General Earle Killed.

Gallantry and Bravery of the Troops.

BLACK WATCH CHARGE

And the Staffordshire Boys Storm the Height.

LONDON, Feb. 12.

Sir Samuel Baker writes that he believes Khartoum had already fallen when the battle of Abu Klea and Gakeul were fought. He says that the treachery which caused the fall of the city, originated among the traders, who, being absolutely removed by England's policy of abandonment, wisely sought the Mahdi's protection.

Sir Samuel urges that the new expedition consist of 12,000 men, and that all converge at Berber, which would make a base that could be supplied from Suakin. Continuing, he says if the present embellic government delays any longer, the splendid army in the Soudan will be paralyzed by hot weather.

England should let the Italians occupy Kassala, relieving the present gallant garrison at that place and retaining the country from Masowah to Atbara River. He asks how long England will stand the present terrible misgovernment?

DEATH OF GENERAL EARLE CONFIRMED.

Another account of the death of General Earle, dated Korti Feb. 11, says Gen. Earle was killed in action yesterday. The fight occurred near the Nile, a few miles above Dalka Island. The Arabs had formed the pass, and had but a small fort on the left bank of the river. When General Earle's forces reached the pass they were subjected to a heavy fire from field guns which the Arabs had placed in commanding positions. Gen. Earle had no artillery and commanded his troops to charge. It was more of a scramble than a charge, but the Arabs were driven from the heights at the point of the bayonet, and fell back towards the river. All that remained to be captured was a little fort on the river bank. As the British column advanced it was met by a steady and well-directed fire from behind sand and matings which composed the Arab fort, and many men of the attacking party were killed.

Gen. Earle again ordered his men to charge, and put himself at the head of the column. He was killed during this charge. The fort was eventually captured. But at a terrible cost. In addition to Gen. Earle three officers and eight men were killed, and thirty-five wounded.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

CHARGE OF THE BLACK WATCH.

Another account says: After the British forces had succeeded in completely surrounding the enemy's position Tuesday morning, Gen. Earle commanded the Black Watch regiment to carry enemy's work at the point of the bayonet. The regiment responded gallantly to this command. The pipes struck up, and with inspiring cheers the moved forward with a steadiness and valor, which called forth expressions of admiration from Gen. Earle. From loopholes in the enemy's works rifle puffs shot out continuously. But the Black Watch kept bravely advancing. They scaled the difficult rocks which lay in their path, and drove the rebels from their shelter at the point of the bayonet.

Unhappily Gen. Earle fell at this point, as he was gallantly leading his troops to victory. In the meantime the cavalry pushed beyond the scene of contest and captured the enemy's camp, three miles to the rear of their entrenched position. This maneuvering was accomplished before the Black Watch had succeeded in carrying the main position. While the main attack was being delivered, two companies of the South Staffordshire Regiment were directed to seize a high rocky hill which the Arab riflemen were stoutly defending. The British sprang boldly to the charge, but the enemy clung desperately to their position, and disputed the ground inch by inch.

GORDON'S FATE STILL IN DOUBT.

Wolsley telegraphs again to-day from Korti to the Government that no reliable particulars about the fate of Gordon have been received. He assures the ministry that the press reports are based on rumors. He has sent orders to Col. Buller, commander at Gubat to send a steamer up the Nile on a reconnaissance towards Khartoum.

COUNCIL OF WAR.

A council of war was held at the war office to-day. The Duke of Cambridge presided. The principal officers who have thus far been selected for service in the new expedition to Sokin were present. All officers of the guards who are to depart for Egypt, and were absent on leave, have already reported here for duty.

GEN. GRAHAM'S ADVANCE.

It is reported that Gen. Graham in the War Council to-day advanced an advance from Suakin without waiting for the laying of a railway.

ACCOUNT OF ANOTHER BRUSH.

A rumor comes from Korti that C. I. Sir Rivers Buller attacked a party of Arabs, entrenched at Metanush on Tuesday, and carried that position by assault. No official confirmation of the rumor has been received.

LONDON, Feb. 2.

A despatch dated, in field, Feb. 12, states that 600 Arabs were killed in Tuesday's fight, on the left bank of the Nile, above Dalka Island.

Parliamentary Proceedings

OTTAWA, Feb. 12.

The House met at 3 this afternoon. In answer to a question, Sir John stated there were two Indian superintendents in Ontario, two in British Columbia, and one

each in New Brunswick, Quebec and P. E. Island.

In answer to Mr. Bolton, the Premier said the Government had not obtained any security from Senator Ogilvie for repayment of money loaned by the Government to the Exchange Bank and guaranteed by the Senator, nor had the Government taken any action against the Senator to compel him to pay the amount of his guarantee, because the case is still before the courts, and it was not yet decided that the claim of the Government was not a privileged claim against the Bank itself.

A short discussion took place on Mr. Blake's motion for correspondence with reference to the adoption of Fawcett system of encouraging small savings by a means of postage Savings Bank. Mr. Blake thought provident habits should be encouraged.

Sir Leonard thought the present system permitted the deposit of sums down to a dollar, which, in this country, was low enough.

Blake and Cartwright thought the Government were paying too much for interest on deposits in Government Savings Banks. Sir Leonard retorted that the present Government were paying less than Cartwright's Government.

Cartwright said the rate of interest is lower now than in his time.

Sir Leonard—No. The rate has been higher between the two periods, but it is not lower now than when Cartwright was paying five per cent. on deposits.

Blake asked for copies of reports with reference to irregularities and frauds and robberies in mails in Manitoba and the North West; also copies of correspondence on the modification of agreements with various colonization companies, also copies of petitions of railway companies in the N. West, praying for grants of land. Carried.

[WRITTEN FOR THE EXAMINER.]

Acrostic.

A great, and good man, too,
Whom earth bears away a prize;
Many men, though but few
In altitude who rise,
Real our friend's compeer,
As brave, as kind, as true,
Love wreaths the passing bier,
He lived in love of God,
E vil alone did hate,
Now, footprints firmly tread,
St evel his blest estate—
"Yes, yes; nay, nay," his word,
Who ever knew it fail?
Oh! taught of his face Lord,
Love proved a coat of mail;
S implicity of heart
E ver by deed attest;
Y outh, guided by this chart,
B rings and most surely blest
A nd Christ-like to our view,
Y ielding of holiness
F air fruit and foliage, too,
I nstinct with life. Ah! yes,
E nshined in our sad breast,
L ove mourns one dear friend less—
D earest, where known the best.

—FIDELIA.

Ch'town, Feb. 12th, 1885.

Supreme Court.

The court met yesterday for the purpose of delivering judgments and hearing motions for new trials. The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Peters and Mr. Justice Hensley, presiding.

Alexander Crozier vs. James F. White.—This case arose under the 80th Section of the Scott Act. The defendant who resides at Alberton, at the request of one Oliver, gave him a glass of liquor on the day of holding the Scott Act election in Prince County, in February, 1884. The plaintiff sued the defendant for the \$100 penalty, and on the trial the jury found the facts against the defendant upon which finding the plaintiff asked for judgment. The defendant opposed the motion on the ground that the liquor, before the defendant could be convicted, ought to have been given at a hotel or tavern, or a place of a similar kind. The plaintiff, on the other hand, contended that the giving of the liquor was the offence, not the giving of it at a particular kind of place, and it made no difference where it was given. The case was very fully argued on the first day of the present term by Mr. Hodgson, Q. C., for the plaintiff, and Mr. Davies, Q. C., for the defendant. Judgment was yesterday given by the Court, who unanimously decided in favor of the plaintiff, and ordered the defendant to pay \$100 fine and costs, or three months' imprisonment.

Joseph Lantz vs. Philip F. Dugay and another—Tried this term; verdict found for plaintiff Mr. Blanchard, for defendant, obtained a rule nisi for a new trial.

Donald C. Martin and another executors of Walker vs. Joseph M. Donald—Tried at present term, when verdict was found for plaintiff Mr. McLeod, Q. C., for defendant, obtained a rule nisi for non-suit.

Court then adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.



Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tenders for Dominion Building, Charlottetown, P. E. I." will be received until WEDNESDAY, 25th proximo, inclusive, for the erection of a new Dominion Building at Charlottetown, P. E. I. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of Messrs. Sterling and Harris, Architects, Charlottetown, P. E. I., on and after Thursday, 5th proximo. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, for the sum of Two Hundred Dollars, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called on to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender. By order,

A. GOFFIL, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, January 24th, 1885.

Great Bargains!

For the next 30 days we offer the balance of our Dry Goods at a

LARGE DISCOUNT!

as we are shortly to make a change in the business.

Special Lines of Goods are MARKED DOWN to Prices that are Bound to Sell Them.

Don't Fail to Call Early if You Want Bargains.

We require a Prompt Settlement of all Accounts due up to date.

Remember the place: Desbrisay's old stand, opposite the Market House.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Charlottetown, Feb. 7, 1885.

G. H. HASZARD, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

Printer and Jobber in every Description of

Paper, Envelopes and Tags, School Books, Wedding Stationery, Ball Programmes, &c.

Special Attention given to all Orders for BOOKBINDING, RULING, &c.

BROWN'S NEW BLOCK, QUEEN SQUARE.

Ch'town, Feb. 6, 1885 Si wkly 4i

Perkins & Sterns'

HAVING made an addition to their premises, they are now the Largest Exclusively DRY GOODS HOUSE in this Province. Giving their whole attention to this branch, they are in a position to give the very Best Value.

COMPLETE PREMISES. - LARGE STOCK. - CHEAP GOODS.

Previous to Stock-taking they will Sell the balance of their

Fur-lined CLOAKS at a big reduction, MANTLES and JACKETS at a big reduction, Ladies' ULSTERS at a big reduction, Men's Fur CAPS at a big reduction, Wool Scarfs & Squares at a big reduction, Knitted Wool JACKETS at a big reduction.

Always Cheap and prices Reliable, without doubt this is the place to buy your

Blankets, Comforts, Counterpanes, Flannels, Wincey, Cloths, Linens, &c., &c.

TIP-TOP VALUES IN DRESS GOODS & VELVETEENS.

Gents' GLOVES and MITTS, Silk HANKERCHIEFS, SCARFS and TIES, COLLARS and CUFFS, GENTS' UNDERCLOTHING,

Ladies' GLOVES and MITTS, Fur CAPS and MUFFS, Real Lace SCARFS, HOSIERY and CORSETS, Newest CORSETS.

SLIPPER PATTERNS, CUSHION PATTERNS, BRACKET PATTERNS.

Cotton Goods of Every Description we Guarantee to be as Cheap as any to be found.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, Dec. 17, 1884.

KING'S COUNTY Liberal Conservative Association.

Clothing & Fur Caps.

FUR CAPS! FUR CAPS! OVERCOATS! OVERCOATS!

A MEETING of the supporters of the Liberal Conservative Party, for the purpose of organizing a Liberal Conservative Association for King's County, will be held in the Town Hall, Georgetown, on Tuesday, the 24th February inst., at the hour of 3 o'clock, p. m. Delegates from each polling division in the county are respectfully invited to attend.

D. GORDON, M. P. P., Georgetown.

ARCH'D J. McDONALD, M. P. P., Georgetown.

JOHN McLEAN, M. P. P., 1st District, King's Co.

L. KICKHAM, M. L. C., 1st District, King's Co.

TH. MAS ANNEAR, M. L. C., 2nd District, King's Co.

JOHN McDOUGALL, M. P. P., 3rd District, King's Co.

King's County, Feb. 10, 1885—21 per pres.

SUBSCRIBE for THE DAILY EXAMINER, if you want the latest news.

ALL who want Overcoats and Fur Caps will do well to call on L. E. Prowse, as he has the largest and best assortment in town, and his prices are very low. Ladies' Sacques, Ulsters, Wool Squares, Wool Scarfs, &c., on a big discount.

Call and see our goods and prices and we will convince you that we mean what we say.

L. E. PROWSE,

Sign of the BIG HAT, 74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1884.