Bricks! Bricks!

FOR Sale at the 3 Mile Run, Malpeque Road, and at the Store of

HASZARD & OWEN.

News for the People!

THE GOOD SCHR. 'SHANNON,' has arrived from BOSTON, and brought for DODD'S BRICK STORE, a Choice Lot of all sorts of

AMERICAN GOODS,

which will be sold by the Subscriber Cheap, and on good terms.

THOMAS W. DODD.

Oct. 5.

Stratford Hotel.

THE above Establishment, which is delightfully situated on the South side of the Hillsborough, and commands an extensive view of the City and Harbour, is JUST OPENED, and has superior accommodations for private Families and transient Boarders; and the Subscriber trusts, by assiduity and attention to the convenience and comfort of his guests, to merit the countenance and support of the public generally.

There is also good STABLE accommodation on the premises GEO. GE MOORE.

October 27th —tf

New Importations.

BRUSHES in great variety,
Spirit levels assorted sizes
do. with plumb and side light,
Bench screws, (Birch and Walnut) 2s 6d to 4s 6d each.

IRON,

Axes, Hatchets and Hammers assorted,
Superior Mortice Locks, at prices from 1s 9d to 20s each.
Mortice Latches, low priced
Rim Locks and Latch Locks,
Store Door Locks with 2 keys, a good article,
Glass, Porcelain, Mineral and Argilo door knobs,
Electro Plated Drop Escutcheons,
Screws, a large lot,
Excelsior Screw Auger Bits, sizes from 3-16 to 1 inch,
Chisels all sizes,
Screw Wrenches, Hand and Bench Vices,
Oil Stones, Turkey and Hindostan, &c., lately received from the United States, and for sale by

HASZARD & OWEN.

Oct. 24, 1855

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore carried on by the Subscribers under the name and firm of JOHN HASZARD & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to them are required to pay the same to "JOHN HASZARD," who is also authorized to adjust and pay all claims against the said firm.

JOHN HASZARD,
CHARLES COMPTON.

Dated this 25th day of Oct. 1855.

The Subscriber begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he will continue the business heretofore carried on at St. Eleanor's by the late firm of JOHN HASZARD & Co., and having received a large stock of English Goods by late arrivals ex ships *Majestic*, *Isabella*, and *Sir Alexander*, he is prepared to sell cheaper than any offered in the market.

JOHN HASZARD.

St Eleanor's, 25th Oct. 1855. 1d 3 ins.

Removal.

G. H. LOCKERBY, Wheelwright, returns his thanks for the liberal patronage he has received, and begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to upper QUEEN STREET, where he will continue to make large and small

Spinning Wheels, Reels, Warping Spools, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Work warranted.

Upper Queen Street,
Charlottetown, Oct. 17, 1855.—tf

Winter Goods!!

THE subscriber informs the inhabitants of Charlottetown and the Island generally, that he has received from Liverpool, per "Majestic," his Winter Supply of GOODS, consisting, among other articles, of—

Colored Velvets; black and colored Silks, Merinos, Coburgs, Orleans, Circassian Robes and Gala Dresses; a variety of Shawls, Ladies' Mantlas, Velvet, Mohair, Silk Trimmings and Fringes; Hair Silks, Lace and Muslin Collars, black Lace and Gauze Veils, Cap and Bonnet Shapes and Lapets; a splendid assortment of Artificial Flowers, Wreaths and Ribbons; ladies' Bracelets; ladies' and children's Braids; Napoleon Satin Stocks; Berlin Wool, Purse Silks, Knitting Cotton, Needles and Crochet Hooks; Purse Mountings, Braces, &c.

Also—a variety of Yorkshire Broad Cloths, ladies' Cloaking, gents' Comforters, Blankets, Flannels, Carpets, Hearthrugs, Horse Cloths, Bed Ticking, grey, white and striped Shirting, and all kinds of Tailor's Trimmings.

A variety of CUTLERY, including two sets of splendid Table Knives and Forks, balance handles; Joiner's Tools, &c.

And a good supply of TEA, COFFEE, Groceries and Spices.

NICHOLAS BROWN.

Oct. 22. Kent Street.

Cigars! Cigars!!

FOR SALE at VERY LOW PRICES. The Subscribers have received—

22,000 superior Cheroots,

on Consignment, with instructions to effect a speedy sale. HASZARD & OWEN.

American House.

No. 12, Grafton Street.

JUST RECEIVED, per Schrs "Saxe Gotha," from Boston, and "Superb," from Halifax, the following large

Stock of Goods,

which the subscriber offers for sale, wholesale and retail, on moderate terms:—

30 chests TEA, 50 boxes do, 6 puncheons Molasses,
50 boxes Raisins, 15 do Candles, 20 do. SOAP,
100 sides Sole Leather, 20 boxes Glass,
1 case Indigo, 100 pairs India Rubber Shoes,
50 Clocks, 100 Axes, 25 barrels Pilot Bread,
10 barrels Crackers, 10 do. Nuts,
Barrels Crushed Sugar, do. Currants,
Shoe Thread, Carriers' Knives, Clearing Stones,
Barrels Seal Oil, do. Lard Oil, do Olive Oil,
do. Whale Oil; Putty,
100 boxes assorted Confectionery, 100 do Lozenges,
Cora Starch; 20 barrels APPLES, 20 do. Onions,
5 bbls. Sugar; 10 SOFAS, 40 Bedsteads,
6 Mattresses, 3 Lounges, 10 Children's Cribs,
300 Chairs, of every description, Buckets, Brooms,
Hay Forks, Manure do., Dungle Hatchets,
Clothes Lines, Field Loups, Crucet Stands,
Spoon Holders, Sugar Bowls, Lanterns,
Room Paper, Paper Curtains, Looking Glasses,
Mortice Locks and Latches, Molasses Gates,
Zinc and Iron Shoe Nails, Whips, Wood Saws,
Blacking, Ginger, Matches, Starch, Rim Locks,
Mineral and Brass Knobs, Sand Paper,
Sleigh Bells, boxes Tobacco, Pepper,
Coffee, Saleratus, Washing Powder,
Cheese, Crackers.

WILLIAM B. DAWSON.

October 15.

On Hand,

PER "Napoleon III," and "Lady Sale," from Boston, Gothic, O G. & L. G. CLOCKS, LOOKING GLASSES, (assorted sizes,) a variety of toy and useful articles.—

100 doz. Masons' superior Blacking; 12 nests Tubs, 6 Cradles and Rockers, 300 assorted Chairs, (elegant patterns.) 4 casks of superior Vinegar, with a variety of other articles. These are to be sold at costs and charges. Cheap wholesale customers please apply at once.

Also,—per Schrs. *Joseph* and *Mary*,—150 Tons Sidney COALS, at 30s. per ton.

Also,—per *Mary*, from Labrador,—HERRINGS, COD FISH, (dry and Fall cured), SEAL OIL, and COD OIL.

And former importations,—CAPLIN, SOUNDS & TONGUES.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Oct. 23.—Adv. 2w

1855.

Fashions and Fashionable Goods from England

JUST RECEIVED, Fall and Winter supply of West of England CLOTHS, WHITNEYS, BEAVERS, SHIPLEYS, CLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, VESTINGS, and TAILORS, TRIMMINGS, at—

Bell's Clothing Store.

Market Square. - - - Charlottetown.

Which will be made up to order, in the latest style, and on the most reasonable terms. As the best Journeymen Tailors on the Island are kept constantly employed, and the Cuttings being done by the Subscriber, fit and workmanship will be warranted superior to that of any other Establishment in this City

CLOTHING.—The Subscriber is making up, and will keep on hand, the largest and best Stock of READYMADE CLOTHING in the City, which will be sold as cheap as any House in the Trade Also, Shirts, Undersoirts, Collars, Drawers, Socks, Suspenders, Neckties and Stocks, Pocket and Neck-handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Gloves and Mitts, Fur, Cloth and Plush Caps, in great variety; Rubber and Oil Clothing, Sailors' Shirts, and almost every article necessary for Men's wear, which will be sold at the lowest price for prompt payment.

CHAS. BELL, Merchant Tailor.

Oct 27.—1st Ex & Adv 2m

Notice to the Public.

THE Undersigned begs to return his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Wheatley River, New Glasgow, Cavendish, New London, and the Island generally, for the very liberal patronage he has hitherto received in his Business as

Tanner, Currier and Shoemaker,

and now informs them that it is his intention to continue to carry on said Business in all its branches, in a more extensive manner than heretofore, and trusts, by always keeping a good STOCK on hand, and furnishing superior articles, to continue to receive a share of public patronage.

The highest price in Cash will be paid for GREEN HIDES.

ISAAC WHITLOCK.

Wheatley River, Oct. 20. 2m

The following despatch has been posted at the House:—

"Marshall Pelissier reports on the 1st instant that a brilliant contact of cavalry was fought on the 26th ult at Kenghil, five leagues N. E. of Eupatoria, in which the Russian cavalry, commanded by General Korff, were defeated by the French cavalry, under General Allouville."

"Six guns" 12 ammunition wagons, and a campaign forge with all the appurtenances, and 150 prisoners, of whom 2 were officers, were captured besides 250 horses of the Russian Hussars."

"Fifty of the Russians were killed, among them was Colonel Androwsky. Of the French, 6 were killed and 27 wounded.

MARSEILLES, October 1.—The steamer Euphrate, which sailed from Constantinople on the 24th September, has arrived. 2,000 French had passed Constantinople on their way to the Crimea, and others were expected. It was stated, that the English cavalry would winter at Scutari. The Sultan had ordered a regular budget to be drawn up, and had directed that foreigners should pay the land tax, as paid by the Turkish subjects.

LORD PALMERSTON ON THE WAR.—On Friday, the 5 h, the Mayor and inhabitants of Romsey, Hants, presented to Lord Palmerston, on his arrival at his seat at Broadlands, an address on the reduction of Sebastopol. His Lordship replied in a powerful and picturesque speech, in the course of which he vindicated the policy of the Government against those who contended that the war ought to have been carried into the south of Russia, pointing out, that by the latter mode of procedure, we should, after many great but of course victorious battles, have merely gained possession of vast plains, from which we must ultimately have retired, without having in our hands a pledge of future security; whilst by attacking Sebastopol we had defeated the whole military force of the great military empire of Russia, and had taken from the Czar the main hold of his power in the Black Sea,—a fortress in which almost inexhaustible stores of warlike material had been amassed, no solely for the purpose of defence, but for the conquest of Constantinople. After giving a striking picture of the advantages gained by the allies in war, by glancing at our own exemption from the heaviest miseries of war, enlogizing the splendid spectacle presented by the cordial and disinterested alliance of France and England for the independence of the world, and showing that, in all ages, there were crisis in which the nobler nations had regarded as more intolerable than the calamities of war, his lordship concluded by expressing a strong conviction that the union with England, France, Piedmont, and Turkey would end in placing the future liberties of Europe upon a lasting and stable foundation.

RUSSIAN SUPERSTITION.—STATE OF ST. PETERSBURG.—The *Moniteur* has the following among its correspondence:—

"A letter from St. Petersburg says—'The capital presents a very dreary aspect, particularly since the departure of the Emperor. The lower classes of the population placed all their hopes in the pilgrimage of the imperial family to the Chapel of St. Sergius, who, in their belief, gave the victory to the Russians in 1812. Persons who are capable of making a distinction between mere military excitement and the real wants of the country, are desirous that peace should be made.'"

SEBASTOPOL.—Much of the accumulated dirt in the Karabelnaia is being disappearing, under the direction of the commandant, Col. Windham. The French have already established depots and commissariat magazines, and allotted and marked various offices in their side of the town. English fatigue parties are actively engaged in dyking and filling up the holes and irregularities in the Woronzoff road, as it passes along the Left Ravine to go into Sebastopol. The shot and shell, which are so thickly strewn along this "Valley of the Shadow of Death," are placed among the broken stones intended to repair the road, and as loose soil or clay, or whatever may be at hand, is afterwards laid on to make a smooth surface, it appears well enough just now. What the horses may think of the slippery shot, when the clay is converted into mud, is another matter. At present the weather continues dry, though very chilly.

The expected abandonment of the north side, considering its comparatively unimportant character now as a military position to the enemy, must not be looked upon as any indication of an intention to shrink from future contest. A Russian naval officer, who was superintending the removal of the wounded from the Karabelnaia to the north side, on the 10th instant, was addressed by an English officer, after a slight conversation between them in the French language, with the remark —"Well, I hope now we may look forward to a cessation of hostilities between us." "What with that behind us? (said the Russian officer, pointing to the burning city), no, depe d upon it, peace is further off than ever." This may be taken as a sample of the feeling of the Russian officers on this subject, for it was evidently said in earnest.

SPECIAL MINISTER FROM RUSSIA TO THE UNITED STATES.—The N. Y. *Herald* correspondent writing from Washington, says that a despatch has been received by Mr. Marcy from Mr Seymour, Minister to Russia, announcing the appointment by Russia of a special ambassador to the United States, who was shortly to take his departure for that country.

YANKEE POWDER IN THE CRIMEA.—The New York *Times* says:—"Now that the transaction is of the past, and Sebastopol has fallen, by the combined means of French and English valor, *and Yankee Powder*, we presume we violate no confidence in stating, from well authenticated rum ur, that two or three thousand tons of *American* made powder, from the most approved mills of Delaware and Connecticut, have been shipped from this port to the order of British official agents, to the Crimea. The Russian government may be somewhat surprised at the magnitude of the supply, but will scarcely make it the ground of diplomatic remonstrance, knowing that partial shipments of the same sort were made to Antwerp or Hamburg, to be sent overland, through Germany, for Russian use."

In addition to the above, we may state that the barque J. H. Duvall sailed from Boston 10th inst., with 400 barrels rum, 200 barrels flour, 5000 kegs gunpowder, &c., &c., probably destined to be used in the East. The barque is bound for Smyrna.—*State of Maine.*

SEIZURE OF A VESSEL SUPPOSED TO BE A RUSSIAN.—In consequence of information received by Hon. John McKeon, United States District Attorney, Deputy Marshal Horton was authorised to go on board a ship called the Maury, lying at her wharf in New York, and take possession of her, together with her cargo and tackle, on suspicion of her having arms and ammunition on board for the Russian government. Mr. Horton executed his process, and found, under a quantity of cotton, twelve large cannon, a quantity of powder and other ammunition, together with a number of muskets. It is rumoured, that this craft was to have cruised under false colors in the Atlantic, for the purpose of capturing British and French vessels proceeding to Europe with valuable cargoes from the United States.

The seizure was made, it is said, on complaint of the British Consul, who alleged, that her owners were about to sell her to the Russian government for the purpose of intercepting and capturing the Cunard steamers.—*Boston Adv.*

VALUE OF EDITORIAL TIME IN SYDNEY.—The author of an article in a late number of *Chambers' Journal*, descriptive of life in Australia, thus describes his visit to an editor in Sydney:—At my first call, I came to the palace-like house, the ground floor occupied by the printing office. On the first floor, among other advertisements, I found a tablet, informing visitors, that the editor cannot be spoken with, unless paid for his valuable time; accordingly everybody without exception is advised to buy a ticket of admission at the door of the waiting room—one hour costing 10s., half-an-hour 6s.; fifteen minutes, 3s. Such were the contents of this singular price-current on time.

RELICS OF A FRENCH FRIGATE.—The schooner Director, of Scituate, is now discharging at Long wharf some eighteen or twenty old iron guns which were taken from the sunken wreck of the French frigate "*Bien Faisant*"—or Good Will. This frigate was sunk in 1758, at the time of the attack of the English upon the French at Louisburg, to prevent her falling into the hands of the English. The guns, which varied in weight from one and a half to four and a-half tons, were taken up by the submarine armour of Messrs. Edwin Otis & Co., of Scituate, Mass. We have in our counting-room a flake from one of the guns, composed of iron, wood, and rope. Among other things raised was a piece of one of the floor timbers, which sided 18 by 35 inches. The Director will return to the spot, where the wreck lies to secure more of the remains.—*Boston Journal.*