

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1884.

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(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND)

Commission Merchant,

269 BARRINGTON STREET,

HALIFAX, N. S.

Special attention given to the sale of P. E. Island produce.

N. J. CAMPBELL,

(Successor to Campbell & Rayden)

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

SHIP BROKER,

AND INSURANCE AGENT,

COR. OF QUEEN AND WATER STS.,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

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Special attention given to Auction Sales of Lumber, Coal, Fish, Apples and other Fruit, Real Estate, Household Furniture, Bankrupt and other Stocks, and all kinds of Merchandise.

Correspondence and Consignments solicited. Returns promptly made.

March 28, 1884.

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,

BARRISTERS

AND

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank,

(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL

Jan. 18, '83.

JAS. E. GRANT,

Sole Agent for P. E. Island for

THOS. CONNOR & SONS,

Rope Manufacturers,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Orders from the trade respectfully solicited.

Ch'town, Feb. 29, 1884.—1m

DRESS MAKING.

MISS TAYLOR and MISS FARROW

are now prepared to attend to DRESS MAKING, in every department, at Lord's Hotel, Souris East. Ladies giving orders will meet with prompt attention.

Souris, April 4, 1884.—1m

MONCTON

Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to him while in business in Charlottetown, begs leave to inform his old customers and the public generally, that he, in company with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed

Messrs. B. Williams & Co.,

Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownall Wharf, Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep constantly on hand a full supply of Mouldings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All orders entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.

LEA & ROGERS,

Moncton, N. B.

Sept. 5, 1882.—2aw wly

J. A. CHIPMAN & CO.

Are offering ex Warehouse,

400 bbls. Medium and High Grade Patents (American and Canadian),

125 bbls. Low Grade Bakers,

To arrive via Picton, 500 barrels choice Superior Extra, for early boats.

OFFICE OPPOSITE RANKIN HOUSE.

N. B.—Owing to the inferior quality of most Canada Superior this year, we have concluded to make a specialty of the two following brands: Evangelina, 1st grade; Superior Extra, Nova Scotia Mills, 2nd Grade. We guarantee these brands to give satisfaction.

J. F. SHAFFORD, Agent

Ch'town, April.

SHIP AND HOUSE BUILDERS,

Will find every requisite for the trade at

DUCHEMIN'S

STEAM FACTORY,

Beer's Wharf.

Always on hand, a complete stock of

Ship's Blocks,

Deadeyes,

Steering Wheels,

—ALSO—

Mouldings, in great variety, Cornice, Base

Panel, Door and Window Finish, Spouting, Conductor and Handrail, Newel Posts, Balusters and every description of Turning.

Fret, Circular and Jig Sawing, Planing and Moulding turned out neatly and with despatch.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Don't forget the place, Beer's Wharf near McMillan's Coal Depot.

Albert Duchemin.

Ch'town, Jan. 2, 1884.—wly 6i.

Cures

Rheumatism,

Diphtheria,

Neuralgia,

Erysipelas

Group,

Hoarseness,

Removes

Dandruff,

And restores

Hair on Bald

Heads, and

Cures all

aches & pains.

April 23, 1884.

TO LOBSTER PACKERS.

FOR SALE—1,000 cases FLAT CANS (warranted). Apply to

LONGWORTH & CO.,

Water Street.

Ch'town, April 9—2aw 3w

TO LET,

THE RAILWAY HOUSE, situated on

Richmond Street, near London House. Also a shop adjoining, 16x30 feet. Apply to

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1884.—1f

BARGAINS.

I AM selling the balance of my Furniture

saved from the fire of the 20th ult., at J. D. McLeod's corner, Queen Street, at a reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent. below usual prices.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, March 8.

GOLD MEDAL-PARIS 1878-

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S

STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL

STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

WHITE RUSSIAN

SEED WHEAT.

THE best producer yet tried on the Island

Call and examine and see testimonial at my Furniture Store, J. D. McLeod's corner.

JOHN NEWSON.

Ch'town, March 8.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. B. MACDONALD

IS now showing an extensive range of NEW PRINTS, bought

before the advance in duty, consisting of,—

650 pieces, in all the Newest Designs,

20 bales (800 pieces) Grey Cottons,

White Cottons, in the Different Makes,

Sheetings and Pillow Cottons,

Towellings and Stair Linens.

—ALSO—

A Large Variety of Carpets, in Brussels, Tapestry, Scotch

and Dutch Carpets, Stair Carpets, Hearth Rugs,

and Door Mats.

SOLD AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Ch'town, Feb. 28, 1884.—2aw wly.

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Montreal.

HALIFAX BRANCH—J. Scott Mitchell, Agent.

Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

F. H. ARNAUD,

Merchants Bank of Halifax.

Ch'town, Feb. 27, 1884.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

We have on hand a full line of PARLOR AND BEDROOM

SUITS, latest styles and well made, that we will sell cheap to

make room for new patterns.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Upholstering, Cabinet

Work, Polishing, etc., for house-cleaning time, in a thorough

manner.

HAIR MATTRESSES Re-made, Re-picked and Cleaned, which

make them as good as new. CHAIRS Reseated with Birch,

Veneer, Perforated Seats, and Cane.

First-class work guaranteed in every branch. All orders en-

trusted to us in this month will be promptly executed, and

cheaper than after the spring rush commences.

Better value in every department than ever before offered in

Charlottetown.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.,

Kent Street, and 83 Queen Street.

Charlottetown, March 17, 1884.—2aw wly

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!

AT SIGN OF THE LION.

WE OFFER

CHOICE TEAS AT LOW PRICES,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

April 4, 1884.—wly

QUEEN STREET.

GRAND SALE OF

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO. will, during the HOLIDAY SEASON, give

special bargains in

Dress Goods, Knit Wool Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, &

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Men's Overcoats, \$3.90, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, up.

Men's Ulsters, \$4.95, \$6.25, \$7.00, up.

Men's Reefers, \$2.95, \$3, \$3.50, \$5, \$4.50, \$5.50 up.

Fur Caps, Kid Mitts and Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Worsteds Tweeds, Under-

clothing, Buffalo Robes, Horse Rugs, Small Wares, etc.

PARKS' WARP, CHEAP.

Cash Buyers can depend on getting REAL BARGAINS in every

Department.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JOHN MACPHEE & CO.,

ROBERT ORR'S OLD STAND.

Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1883.—2aw wly pres pat.

CURRENT NOTES.

Mississippi was visited by heavy frost April 24th. Many farmers are compelled to replant.

The Empress of Austria can set type; but it is not recorded how many proof readers she has sent to the Austrian insane asylums.

M. Gayon has demonstrated to the Paris Academic des Sciences the possibility of obtaining illuminating gas in considerable quantity from the fermentation of cow and horse droppings.

A Young Wife who went West with her husband sends this doleful note home: "Things are different now. In place of being called up to breakfast I have to get up and prepare it or go without." How terrible.

"This art craze is going too far," said Broughne, when a pot of paint fell from a second-story window and struck him on the head. "No more decorated tiles for me," he mournfully added, as he began to scrape the yellow paint off his silk hat with a jack-knife.—*Norristown Herald.*

A young woman who is able to earn her living in the country should hesitate long before coming to New York to seek employment, is the advice the *Sun* gives a correspondent. The *Boston Globe* says such advice is applicable to maidens who think of coming to Boston or any other large city. Unless they have an exceptional chance the country is the best place.

The Cochrane Rancho Company have disposed of their lease near Calgary, together with all improvements and the horses upon the rancho, to the British American Ranche Company. The purchasers intend stocking the rancho with sheep, about six thousand of which will be brought in this season. Mr. W. D. Kerfoot, lately of the C. R. Co., has been appointed manager of the B. A. R. Co., and will fix his headquarters at Big Hill.

Carlyle says: "All true work is religion; and whatsoever religion is not work may go and dwell among the Brahmins, Antinomians, spinning Dervishes, or where it will; with me it shall have no harbor. Admirable was that of the old monks, *Laborare est orare*, 'work is worship.' Albeit the source is not Christian, the words have a real Christian ring—utter a real Christian truth much needed in these days. Right thoughts and right feelings are indispensable to religion, but they are worthless unless translated into right actions.

In Russell County, Va., last Sunday, George Gibson, his cousin William Gibson, James Powers and Wayne Powers, who had bought a bucket of brandy in the mountains, got into a dispute about who had paid the most for it. Knives and pistols were drawn and William Gibson was shot and killed. The other three men built a fire over his body, burning it almost to a crisp. The charred remains were found next day and recognized. The three murderers have been caught and placed in jail. With great difficulty lynching was prevented. The people are terribly aroused and it is feared that the murderers will yet be taken from jail and hanged.

There is "more truth than poetry" in the following paragraph from the *Journal*, of Windsor, N. S.:—"Our young people this spring are returning from the United States. By correspondence in this issue, and from private sources, we learn that to a greater extent than any previous year, young men come back to Nova Scotia who ought never to have left it. It seems useless to argue with such people. The money they spend in going out and in, would help them to begin a life of independence. How many of that class are obliged to go away because they cannot make a living at home! And how many of them, after having earned a little money, come back to make a good use of it? Is not the money earned in the States, by doing harder work, and sometimes meaner work than they would submit to here, spent in sight-seeing, in having a good time, in travelling home and back again? Are there not people who have cleared good farms in Nova Scotia, simply by keeping at their work, while these rolling stones have gathered no moss. Remember, we find no fault with steady, industrious young people, who stick to a place and make the most of it. These are likely to succeed anywhere. But we would like to see less of the disposition to move about from mere love of excitement, or because 'Nova Scotia is such a slow place, you know.' Depend upon it, Nova Scotia will never be made better by persons who talk and act in this way.

Moderate men of all shades of political thought must rejoice (says the *Toronto Mail*) at the success of Sir John and the failure of Mr. Blake. If this country is to become anything, it must be by the creation of a sound National enthusiasm, desirous of conserving all provincial rights under the Union Act, but equally desirous of preventing the unseemly antagonisms which it appears to be Mr. Blake's great aim to stir up and intensify. In so far as the legislation of the session has succeeded in quieting doubts, removing causes of jealousy, and preventing heart burning by prompt proof of good feeling on the part of the Federal Parliament towards all the Provincial Governments, irrespective of the political views of these Provincial Government, that success is due to the wisdom and moderation of the Premier. In so far as it has not succeeded, the failure has been produced by the anti-national utterances of the Opposition. It is a good proof of the moderation and wisdom of the Central Government, as seen in their legislation, that the Legislatures of the several provinces have, even when politically antagonistic, taken, in important instances, the same line of policy as that initiated by Sir John. In the Province of New Brunswick resolutions antagonistic to the Federal Government were introduced, but died of atrophy before they were a week old, and were buried *sum cordibus*.

CURRENT NOTES.

During 1883, 2,582 buildings were erected in New York at a cost of \$43,727,658, so rapidly does that city grow!

A telegram from the Dahyple farm says: "Three-quarters of our seeding is done; weather fine. The seeding is twelve to fifteen days earlier than the average of the last three years."

Bombay is now the largest city in British India, the population by the recent census being 773,166, against 706,298 for Calcutta. Bombay's increase in the last ten years was 128,791, against Calcutta's increase of only 79,614.

Sir William Thomson, who is so widely known through his electrical discoveries and inventions will be the president of the mathematical and physical science sections at the meeting of the British Science Association in Montreal the coming summer.

The Department of Marine has purchased the steamer *Edsall* for surveying work on Georgian Bay. Staff Commander Boulton, of the Royal Navy, will be in charge of the survey, and Stewart, of Ottawa, graduate of the Royal Military College, will be assistant surveyor.

Mr. Clifford Lloyd, as described by the *London Times* correspondent, is a man whose social popularity is only equalled by his official unpopularity. He possesses indomitable energy and courage; he is thoroughly in earnest, and attacks an abuse like a bull, utterly regardless of all obstacles.

The *British Medical Journal* says: "We often hear a great deal about the dampness of our climate as a cause of disease, of the respiratory organs especially, but the death rate and the amount of rain fall do not appear to stand in any definite relationship, whereas a spell of cold weather produces an immediate and notable effect."

A ray story is told of an old lady who refused to be comforted by her pastor's assurance that when he left she would have a better pastor as his successor. "No, no," she said, "I have seen fourteen changes in the ministers since I attended the kirk, and every one has been warr than another."

The *Minneapolis Tribune* has collected information from 117 counties in Minnesota, Dakota and Iowa. It says that seeding is finished, and one-half the wheat sown is already above ground. Dakota shows a 40 per cent. increase in acreage, and reports that the late rains have been beneficial.

Advices from Calcutta, dated April 6th, say:—"Reports received from the north west provinces, the Punjab and Rajpootana, show that the scarcity of food for cattle is becoming serious in many places; and it is likely that steps will have to be taken by the government to afford relief. There has hardly any rain fallen in North-west India since the beginning of the year, and the grass is withered throughout a great part of the country."

Opposition papers will be interested in the following: And now we have it, on the authority of the *Chicago Tribune*, that Oregon is a first class place to stay away from. The climate is so exceedingly moist that residents of a few years have forgotten what the sun looks like, and so far as "times" go, the *Tribune* explains that there has never been any demand in the State for anything but manual labor of the hardest kind, that at present wages for they are coming down to eastern figures, and that at least 6,000 men are idle and suffering.

What is wanted with many young men, is independence—"get-up-and-get." How many young men are wasting a vigorous manhood, it would be hard to tell. We know of many. They seem to lack the manhood to face the world. White hands—a few stray hairs on their upper lip, and the make-up of a dude, seems to be the height of their ambition. Young man strike out for yourself. Be a man. Don't say I can't, for you can. Then you will be your own master. Business men will respect you, and opportunities will be constantly offering you to better your condition. This road may appear a little rough at first, but you will shortly like it and wonder why you did not start on it sooner.

In replying to an address from the congress of peasants of the Duchy of Meiningen, Prince Bismarck urged the latter at the coming elections to free themselves from the influence of political faction. "I am delighted to see," he said, "that the peasants' associations are multiplying throughout the empire and that they are endeavoring to take in hand the defence of their own rights and interests. The economic well-being of the country has nothing to gain from the purely political strifes in which parties have engaged. On the other hand, the good of the people and especially of the peasantry is an object of unceasing solicitude to the government and His Majesty the Emperor, and the prosperity of agriculture is one of its prime conditions."

Each of the various countries on the Continent where glass is manufactured produces an article peculiar to itself and unlike its neighbors; and one of the specialties of Austrian glass making is the manufacture of various fabrics for ladies' wear from spun glass. The glass is spun into threads, like ordinary silk or cotton, and woven into different colored fabrics, sometimes entirely of glass, and sometimes with a warp of silk or cotton. Collars, neckties, cords and tassels, fringes, pin cushions, feathers, belts, etc., are all made of this material. At the Paris Exposition in 1878 a bonnet made entirely of spun glass, with feather and ribbons, lined with silk, was shown, as well as cloaks and other articles of wear. This spun glass is also used for watch chains, brushes, etc. Glass flowers are also made to a considerable extent, but it is difficult for these to compete with those made from china.