

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1887.

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Advertising at moderate rates.  
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## ALMANAC FOR NOVEMBER, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 8th day, 0h., 49.5m., p.m., W.  
New Moon 15th day, 4h., 53.9m., a.m., N.W.  
(below horizon.)  
First Quarter 22nd day, 6h., 30.5m., a.m.,  
(be ow horizon.)  
Full Moon 30th day, 11h., 7.6m., a.m., South.

DI. DAY OF WEEK Sun Sun Moon High Day's  
M. DAY OF WEEK rises sets water len'h

1	Tuesday	6	7	4	41	5	24	10	44	9	54
2	Wednesday	6	43	30	6	6	11	20	51		
3	Thursday	50	28	6	43	11	55	45	48		
4	Friday	51	36	7	27	aft	30	45	45		
5	Saturday	52	35	8	17	1	8	42	42		
6	Sunday	51	34	9	15	1	51	40	40		
7	Monday	56	33	10	19	2	41	37	37		
8	Tuesday	57	31	11	27	3	42	34	34		
9	Wednesday	60	29	morn	4	59	31	31	31		
10	Thursday	7	0	28	0	28	6	23	28		
11	Friday	1	27	1	53	7	36	26	26		
12	Saturday	3	20	3	9	8	34	23	23		
13	Sunday	4	25	4	27	9	24	21	21		
14	Monday	6	24	5	45	10	9	18	18		
15	Tuesday	7	22	7	2	10	53	15	15		
16	Wednesday	8	21	8	17	11	36	13	13		
17	Thursday	10	20	9	25	morn	10	10	10		
18	Friday	11	19	10	26	0	18	8	8		
19	Saturday	13	19	11	17	1	2	6	6		
20	Sunday	14	18	11	55	1	48	4	4		
21	Monday	16	17	aft	35	2	42	1	1		
22	Tuesday	17	16	1	6	3	33	8	59		
23	Wednesday	18	15	1	33	4	38	57	57		
24	Thursday	20	14	1	57	5	45	54	54		
25	Friday	21	13	2	22	6	52	52	52		
26	Saturday	23	13	2	44	7	45	50	50		
27	Sunday	24	12	3	9	8	30	48	48		
28	Monday	25	11	3	26	9	10	47	47		
29	Tuesday	26	11	4	6	9	47	45	45		
30	Wednesday	7	27	4	0	4	11	33	8	43	

## L. ARTHUR & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS OF

Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS

Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &

Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,

BOSTON, MASS.

May 18, 1887.

—FOR—

B-O-S-T-O-N

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 a.m.

Passage from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. S.S. Co., P. O. Box 10, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

Sept. 24, 1887—ad & wkly

## Boston Direct,

—BY THE—

Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward

Island Steamship Line.

The Only Direct Line Without Change.

Charlottetown to Boston

THE staunch and commodious steamships Carroll and Worcester have been thoroughly refurnished and put into first-class condition in every particular.

During the season of 1887, one of these vessels will leave Pownal Street Wharf, Charlottetown, or Boston, at four o'clock, p.m., on THURSDAY of each week, and

Boston for Charlottetown every SATURDAY, at noon.

Excellent Passenger Accommodation! Low Rates!—Cabin, \$6.50; Stateroom Berth, \$8.50.

Lowest Rates for freight, which is always carefully handled.

CARVELL BROTHERS,

Agents, Charlottetown.

HARRISON LORING, Managing Owner,

Lewis Wharf, Boston.

July 24, 1887.

## Another Arrival of New Goods.

BY LAST STEAMER TO HALIFAX.

## Perkins & Sterns

Have added more NEW GOODS to their already large stock of this Season's Importations.

Another Lot of New Cloths,  
Another Lot of New Silks,  
Another Lot of New Dress Goods,  
Another Lot of New Trimmings.

Additions to all Departments and Everything Marked VERY CHEAP.

## Perkins & Sterns

Oct. 14—dy & wky

## THE SCOTT ACT.

SOME say will be sustained, others say it will be defeated; but all admit that

## The "Star" Tailoring Establishment

Cannot be defeated in turning out the noblest fitting Suits, Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters, &c., and at prices away down below competitors. Remember this is not a mere bluff, but stern facts that cannot be got over by our competitors. Try us and you will be convinced.

Our Fall Stock is now complete. By calling and examining it you will see that we keep as fine a range of goods as any house in the trade.

We also keep a good and select stock of GENTS' FURNISHINGS, which will be sold at prices that for cheapness cannot be beaten.

## VISITORS TO THE EXHIBITION,

And all who are in need of Suits, Overcoats, Reefers, Ulsters, &c., you will Save Money by leaving your order at our Establishment. Work done when promised.

We are now prepared to make up, in the Latest Style, Ladies' Newmarkets, Raglans, Dolmans, Wraps, Sacks, Tailor-made Suits, Riding Habits and all Tailor-made garments worn by the Gentle Sex.

## M'LEOD & M'KENZIE.

Charlottetown, Oct. 1, 1887—eod & wky

## HICKORY

## WHITE WOOD

## CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

HICKORY, 1 1/4, 1 1/2, 1 3/4 inches thick.

WHITE WOOD, 3/4 thick, 13 to 37 inches wide.

## CITY HARDWARE STORE.

## NORTON & FENNELL.

## CLOTHING FOR 1887-88

FALL AND WINTER

Overcoatings, Meltons, Worsteds, Venetians, Overcoatings, Naps, Vicunas, Beaver Pilots, Worsteds.

## TWEED SUITINGS

(In Endless Variety.)

Worsted Suitings, Worsted Trowsering, Tweed Trowsering.

We are better prepared than ever before to turn out First-class Work at short notice.

We guarantee FIRST-CLASS CLOTHES, and cheaper than any other house in the Trade.

## JOHN MAGLEOD & CO.,

Merchant Tailors and Gents Furnishing Store.

(Roger's Building, Queen St., next door to J. D. Macleod.)

Ch'town, Sept. 29, 1887—eod & wky

## ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

## A WONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either acute or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietor, P. W. STEVENSON & CO., DRUGGISTS, 305 4TH AVE., N. Y.

## CHANGE OF TIME. BOSTON STEAMERS.

CARROLL and WORCESTER will leave Charlottetown every THURSDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock, commencing 6th October, Oct. 3, 1887.

## C. C. CARLTON, AUCTIONEER,

Commission Merchant, ST. JOHN'S, P. E. I. Oct. 3, 1887.

## GLEN STEWART MARKET GARDEN

James Burke, Proprietor.

GOOD CELERY, 25 cents per dozen, delivered at customers' doors in Charlottetown. If packed or put into cellar, 10 cents per dozen extra will be charged. All other vegetables at market prices. Address all orders to Southport P. Office, P. E. Island. Oct. 8—twice 2aw

PURE GOLD GOODS ARE THE BEST MADE. BAKING POWDER, SHOE POLISH, MUSTARD, POWDERED HERBS, &c.

## Real Estate for Sale.

THAT valuable property in Charlottetown, known as "Kensington," containing about 80 acres. The best and most eligible site for Exhibition Grounds, close by the Railway Track. For particulars apply to GEORGE PEAKE, Agent for owner. Ch'town, Oct. 12, 1887—3aw

## A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

## NASAL BALM

TOTTENHAM, ONT., May 3rd, 1887.

I have been troubled with nasal catarrh for the last five years. Seeing Nasal Balm advertised I procured a bottle, and although I have only used part of it, I do not hesitate to pronounce it the best remedy in the world for that loathsome disease, Catarrh. It is easy and pleasant to use, soothing and healing in its action, instant in giving relief, removes and changes the poisonous secretions, to a healthy state; stops the droppings from the head into the throat, and removes all the symptoms of Catarrh and Cold in the Head. In fact, if the directions are faithfully followed, nothing but a sure and permanent cure can be the result. Yours truly, JNO. S. GEORGE, Baker and Confectioner.

Sept. 23—wky

## THE PIRATE.

By Sir Walter Scott.

CHAPTER XIII. (Continued.)

Mordaunt was doubly mistaken in these his angry speculations. In the first place, with an eye which was, in some respects, that of a rival, he criticised far too severely the manners and behavior of Captain Cleveland. They were unpolished, certainly; which was of the less consequence in a country inhabited by so plain and simple a race as the ancient Zealanders. On the other hand there was an open, naval frankness in Cleveland's bearing—much natural shrewdness—some appropriate humor—an undoubting confidence in himself—and that enterprising hardihood of disposition, which, without any other recommendable quality, very often leads to success with the fair sex. But Mordaunt was farther mistaken, in supposing that Cleveland was likely to be disagreeable to Minna Troil, on account of the opposition of their characters in so many material particulars. Had his knowledge of the world been a little more extensive, he might have observed, that as unions are often formed betwixt couples differing in complexion and stature, they take place still more frequently betwixt persons totally differing in feelings, in taste, in pursuits, and in understanding; and it would not be saying, perhaps, too much, to aver, that two-thirds of the marriages around us have been contracted betwixt persons, who, judging a priori, we should have thought had scarce any charms for each other.

A moral and primary cause might be easily assigned for these anomalies, in the wise dispensations of Providence, that the general balance of wit, wisdom, and amiable qualities of all kinds, should be kept up through society at large. For, what a world were it, if the wise were to intermarry only with the wise, the learned with the learned, the amiable with the amiable, nay, even the handsome with the handsome? and, it is not evident, that the degraded castes of the foolish, the ignorant, the brutal, and the deformed, (comprehending, by the way, far the greater portion of mankind,) must, when condemned to exclusive intercourse with each other, become gradually as much brutalized in person and disposition as so many outrang-outrangs? When, therefore, we see the "gentle joined to the rude," we may lament the fate of the suffering individual, but we must not the less admire the mysterious disposition of that wise Providence which thus balances the moral good and evil of life;—which secures for a family, unhappy in the dispositions of one parent, a share of better and sweeter blood, transmitted from the other, and preserves to the offspring the affectionate care and protection of at least one of those from whom it is naturally due. Without the frequent occurrence of such alliances and unions—mis-sorted as they seem at first sight—the world could not be that for which Eternal Wisdom has designed it—a place of mixed good and evil—a place of trial at once, and of suffering when the worst ills are checked with something that renders them tolerable to humble and patient minds, and where the best blessings carry with them a necessary alloy of imberbering deprivation.

When, indeed, we look a little closer on the causes of those unexpected and ill-suited attachments, we have occasion to acknowledge, that the means by which they are produced do not infer that complete departure from, or inconsistency with, the character of the parties, which we might expect when the result alone is contemplated. The wise purposes which Providence appears to have had in view, by permitting such intermixture of dispositions, tempers, and understandings, in the married state, are not accomplished by any mysterious impulse by which, in contradiction to the ordinary laws of nature, men or women are urged to an union with those whom the world sees to be unsuitable to them. The freedom of will is permitted to us in the occurrence of ordinary life, as in our moral conduct; and in the former as well as the latter case, is often the means of misguiding those who possess it. Thus it usually happens, more especially to the enthusiastic and imaginative, that, having formed a picture of admiration in their own mind, they too often deceive themselves by some faint resemblance in some existing being, whom their fancy, as speedily as gratuitously, invests with all the attributes necessary to complete the *beau ideal* of mental perfection. No one, perhaps, even in the happiest marriage, with an object really beloved, ever discovered by experience all the qualities he expected to possess; but in far too many cases, he finds he has practised a much higher degree of mental deception, and has erected his airy castle of felicity upon some rainbow, which owed its very existence only to the peculiar state of the atmosphere.

Thus, Mordaunt, if better acquainted with life, and with the course of human beings, would have been little surprised that such a man as Cleveland, handsome, bold, and animated,—a man who had obviously lived in danger, and who spoke of it as sport, should have been invested, by a girl of Minna's fanciful character, with an extensive share of those qualities, which, in her active imagination, were held to fill up the accomplishments of a heroic character. The plain bluntness of his manner, if remote from courtesy, appeared at least as widely different from deceit; and, unfashioned as he seemed by forms, he had enough both of natural sense, and natural good breeding, to support the delusion he had created, at least as far as externals were concerned. It is scarce necessary to add, that these observations apply exclusively to what are called love-matches; for when either party fix their attachment upon the substantial comforts of a rental, or a jointure, they cannot be disappointed in the acquisition, although they may be cruelly so in their over-estimation of the happiness it was to afford, or in having too slightly anticipated the disadvantages with which it was to be attended.

Having a certain partiality for the dark Beauty whom we have described, we have willingly delineated this digression, in order to account for a line of conduct which we allow to seem absolutely unnatural in such a narrative as the present, though the most common event in ordinary life; namely, in Minna's appearing to have over-estimated the taste, talent, and ability of a handsome young man, who was dedicating to her his whole time and attention, and who was himself a

ed her the envy of almost all the other young women of that numerous party. Perhaps, if our fair readers will take the trouble to consult their own bosoms, they will be disposed to allow, that the distinguished good taste exhibited by the agreeable to a whole circle of rivals, selects one as their individual object, entitles him, on the footing of reciprocity, if on no other, to a large share of that individual's favorable, and even partial, esteem. At any rate, if the character shall, after all, be deemed inconsistent and unnatural, it concerns not us, who record the facts as we find them, and pretend no privilege for bringing closer to nature those incidents which may seem to diverge from it; or for reducing to consistence that most inconsistent of all created things,—the heart of a beautiful and admired female.

(To be continued.)

## Further Particulars of Lady Brassey's Death.

SHE JUMPS OVERBOARD FROM HER YACHT WHILE SUFFERING FROM FEVER.

A gossiping society writer, speaking of the late Lady Brassey, says: "She will be especially mourned in Hastings and the surrounding district, where both she and Lord Brassey have for many years taken keen interest in the welfare of all classes of the various public institutions connected with the locality. She was a fearless horsewoman, and, when resident at Normanhurst, often attended the meets of the East Essex fox-hounds with her daughter. The last time that Lady Brassey was out with the hounds was in November last, when the meet was at Pebsham, and Sir Craven Goring entertained the hunt at breakfast in honor of his only daughter's debut, on which occasion Lady Brassey returned thanks on behalf of the ladies in a most amusing speech.

A few days afterward she started for India to join the Sunbeam. To Lady Brassey her husband owed such social distinction as he may have achieved. She was amiable, genial and ambitious, and it seems a sad fate that ended so abruptly the enjoyment of the coronet for which she had worked with pleasure so assiduously. Among the public she was known as the authoress of the voyage of the Sunbeam. Her death, I am informed, was most tragic. Maddened by fever, she jumped overboard from the yacht, and her husband, who quickly dived after her, was with difficulty rescued from sharing the fate of his wife.

Lady Brassey is remembered by those who have known her well as a restless, forceful woman of the most indomitable will and American-like energy. From the date of her marriage her ambition centered itself in the career which she was determined her husband should work out, and through her never-ceasing devotion to him and his children, and the example of vigilance that she set, she made him what he afterwards proved to be, a member of the House of Lords.

Despite the inordinate love of travel, against which it is said her husband at times slightly rebelled, Lady Brassey was only acknowledged by her husband and the world in general as being not only the maker of his success, but a most faithful wife and devoted mother as well. Her political schemes and her social ambitions never weighed so heavily upon her but that her presence in London was at once made manifest by her daily drives with her children in the Park. They were always to be seen together, and their mutual affection was noted as being truly remarkable in the family of so politically strong-minded a woman.

Besides being politically ambitious, if so the phrase may be used, Lady Brassey was, even as Mrs. Brassey, famous socially as a thorough cosmopolitan. At her house No. 24 Park Lane, London, was sure to be found everybody that, in the phrase of the world, was anybody. Her house never degenerated into the vulgar feeling of a "camp," but the wide world was there. The foreign envoys are never held in the same social estimation in London that we are used to seeing them held in Washington but they had a very faithful friend in Lady Brassey. She made a particular point at one time of advancing the interests of the Chinese Embassy, and making them quite the social lions of the season. It was, indeed, at her house, at one of the really fine concerts for which she was noted, that Josquin Miller emptied his famous pockets of those memorable rose leaves, making a pathway of them down the drawing-room for Mrs. Langtry, then the very glory of her success, to walk upon—"May this be your path through life," he said.

Lord Brassey will undoubtedly, in his present trouble, seek to rid himself of the yacht which was for many years the stage on which so many pleasant hours were spent. This tragedy, which is being noised abroad, is not the first which has taken place on the Sunbeam. Eight months ago a young reporter who had been taken from the Bombay Gazette to act as Lady Brassey's private secretary, committed suicide by leaping from the Sunbeam when it was two days out from Bombay. He left, it was said, a letter to Lady Brassey, and this communication, together with the dreadful manner of his death, in all probability preyed upon the peculiarly sensitive and imaginative mind of Lady Brassey as to aid in bringing about, if it did not directly cause, this sad final melancholy.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Nov 17 eod & wky