

were entered free of duty. For the year 1878 the total imports of ship's materials, such as cordage, knees and riders, iron pumps and pump gear, sail cloth or canvass, varnish, black and bright, amounted to \$96,234, and the duty collected on these articles was \$4,718.60. This duty was borne by shipbuilders, and doubtless while the price of tonnage has been so low in the British market where Island vessels are principally sold, they have felt this duty to some degree. Under the new tariff all vessels that are launched, registered and cleared, can claim the drawback of all duties paid on articles used in their construction. It is not necessary to state that the vessel is exported to other markets for sale to claim the drawback; but upon any new vessel, built in the Dominion, and leaving one of its ports, the duties will be rebated. It is apparent then that under the new Tariff shipbuilding material for new vessels is, practically, duty free, and no obstructions are placed in the way of those engaged in the very important industry of shipbuilding. Taking the amount of shipbuilding materials entered at 5 per cent. during the financial year of 1878, we find that about \$1,000 of duty were paid. If the present Tariff had been in operation, or if the importations for the present year amount to the same as 1878, this sum of \$1,000 will be saved to those prosecuting the shipbuilding industry in P. E. Island. The duty on cotton duck remains the same as under the old tariff. It was contemplated to raise the duty on this article, but the fact being brought to the notice of Mr. Tilley by some members representing constituencies largely interested in the fisheries, that this would operate against the interests of fishermen, he willingly fixed the duty at 5 per cent. as under the old tariff. Among those who waited upon the Finance Minister were the Conservative members of the Island. They pressed this point strongly, and through their representation of the effect which a heavy duty on cotton duck would have upon the fishermen who require it for boats, Mr. Tilley was induced to place this article upon the 5 per cent. list. The fact that Mr. Tilley yielded although revenue is required to meet the large deficit of the late Government, is a proof that the present representatives are not without influence as the former ones were. It also proves that the Government is willing to consider the interests of the Lower Provinces.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 14, 1879.

### The Canada Temperance Act, 1878.

By a proclamation of the Governor General our citizens are required to decide whether or not they desire that the "Canada Temperance Act, 1878," shall be enforced in Charlottetown. For the purpose of arriving at a decision, a ballot will be taken on the 24th inst. Those entitled to vote are those whose names are on the list used in Dominion and Local elections; and there are the usual regulations against bribery, treating, or any other corrupt practices. On the day of balloting no tavern is to be open. Now, the first question which presents itself is, what does this Act require and provide? It is important that every voter be well-informed on this point. The law enacts that no intoxicating liquors can be sold in the town or district, except in the following cases:—

For medical purposes, no less than one pint on the certificate of a medical man.

For bona fide use in some art, trade or manufacturing purposes, on a certificate of two J. P.'s, and the affirmation of the applicant.

For exclusively Sacramental purposes, on the certificate of a clergyman.

The Lieutenant Governor may license one or two to vend for the above purposes.

Brewers or distillers, wine manufacturers, and exclusively wholesale dealers, may sell not less than 10 gallons, to be taken out of the district, and not into any district where the law is in force. In case of a prosecution, the vendor must prove that he had reasonable grounds for believing that the liquor would be taken away.

The penalties for illicit selling, and for first offence, not less than \$50; for second, not less than \$100; for third and subsequent offences, not less than two months' imprisonment. In this Province, the prosecutors are to be brought into a city or incorporated town, before the Stipendiary Magistrate, or else before the Justices of the Peace. Besides the fines above mentioned, all intoxicating liquors found on the premises shall be forfeited, and may be destroyed.

It is provided that, in describing offences, it shall not be necessary to state the particular kind of liquor sold, nor the person to whom sold; and, in proving the sale or barter, it shall not be necessary to prove that money passed, or that the liquor was consumed.

Suspected places may be searched, and the presence of bar-room appliances and of spirituous liquors, shall be prima facie evidence of a breach of the law.

The above are the main provisions of the law.

HON. SENATOR NORTUP died at Halifax on the 9th. He was one of the leading commercial men of Nova Scotia. In 1867 he was elected one of the Local members for the County of Halifax, in the Anti Confederate interest, and sat in the Local House till 1870. In 1869 he supported Mr. Howe in his acceptance of office in the Dominion Government, and ever after to the time of his death was a staunch and influential member of the Liberal-Conservative Party. In October, 1870, he was called to the Senate, in which body he always exerted himself ably and energetically for the advancement of the interests of his native city and Province.

## The National Policy.

ITS EFFECT ON CANADIAN INDUSTRIES.

[Clipped from Late Papers.]

NEW GLASGOW, April 7.—The Nova Scotia Forge Company, of New Glasgow, are now carrying on business under a full head of steam in their new buildings outside New Glasgow. The operations of the company are very extensive, requiring a large investment of capital.—Standard.

PICTON, April 7.—Several vessels are now on their way to Pictou. Coal shipments will begin early and in large quantity. Coal mining has been begun with energy this month, all the mines now working full time. There is every reason to hope for an extensive business being done by our coal companies the ensuing season. At present matters are looking bright and we have reason to believe that every miner in the county now has all the work he wishes.

Owing to the new tariff the contractors for the St. Cuthbert water works have changed their plans so far as ordering the engine, machinery and other details in England is concerned, and will give Canadian manufacturers a chance.

FREDERICTON, April 8.—A company to be known as the "New Brunswick Sugar-Manufacturing Co.," with a capital of \$1,000,000, was formed at this place on Saturday.

At Collingwood a new soap factory is being established.

A number of new sailing vessels are being built at Bronte.

An extensive cheese factory is being started at Strabane.

At Forest, Mr. Berth's stove factory is again running full time.

A sprig, brad and tack factory is being established in Hamilton.

Preparations are being made to build a large cotton factory at Tilsonburg.

Mr. A. S. Brown, of Belleville, is erecting a large new cabinet factory in that city.

A phosphate mill is to be built at Kingston this summer, by a Mr. Richardson.

Galvanized iron and cornice works are about being established in Windsor, Ont.

The Black Star oil refinery of Sarnia has been re-opened. It had been closed for the past four years.

The Oakville tannery, which has been closed during the past four years, has been re-opened by two practical tanners.

The Toronto Bridge Company are erecting large works in that city. At the start they will employ about one hundred hands.

Port Stanley is moving for the establishment of rolling mills, as is also St. Thomas. There is a brisk competition between the two places.

Messrs. J. H. Killey & Co., engine and boiler makers of Hamilton, announce that they are now busier than they have been for years past.

Messrs. Smith & Wilby, of Toronto, are making large additions to, and putting a quantity of new machinery in, their woolen mills at Weston.

D. M. Ferry & Co., the well-known seed merchants of Detroit, have rented buildings at Windsor, Ont., and intend opening a branch house in that place. They are fitting up the premises lately occupied by Girdlestone, Orris & Co., as a pork packing establishment, and will be ready for business in a short time.

Mr. Alex. Hartshorn, of Hamilton, has received an order from the American gentlemen who have taken possession of the rolling mills in that city for the casting of twelve sets of rolls for merchant iron work. It is understood that the Company will roll boiler plates, ordinary merchant iron, and may also engage in rail making. Between 250 and 300 men will be employed.

Messrs. Burrow, Stewart & Milne, of Hamilton, who have had their saddlery hardware manufactory nearly swamped by undue competition from American houses, are making preparations to carry on this department with renewed activity. They expect to be able, in course of four or five weeks, to employ as many men as they did four or five years ago.

Certain obstructionists of the National Policy, living in Halifax, own certain salt works in the eastern part of Nova Scotia. Said works were considered worthless by the owners while the country was governed by the Grit luminaries, before whom the said owners bowed down and worshipped, being overwhelmed by the greatness of those Grits. The National Policy has worked such a revolution that the salt works aforesaid became valuable property, and the owners now talk volubly about the duty of encouraging home industry, and the necessity of such works being protected and encouraged. The National Policy is as wonderful as the lamp of Aladin. One month ago this property was worthless according to their own admission, and they kept it only because no one would have it; and perhaps they may have had a secret hope that providence or Sir John A. would come to the rescue.

Now, it is a valuable property.

Now, there is dollars and cents in it.

Now, it is an important home industry.

LATEST SEALING NEWS.—The following are the arrivals at St. John's, Newfoundland, up to the 5th April:—

NAME.	NO. OF SEALS.
Proteus, . . . . .	13,000
Lion, . . . . .	full
Eagle, . . . . .	22,000
Aurora, . . . . .	27,000
Merlin, . . . . .	16,000
Falcon, . . . . .	22,000
Ridley, . . . . .	5,500
Greenland, . . . . .	24,000
Mastiff, . . . . .	full
Aretic, . . . . .	14,000
Commodore, . . . . .	20,000

## Another Fire.

ONE BUILDING DESTROYED.

About 12 o'clock on Saturday night parties passing along Great George street smelled burning timber near the Union Bank. On examination they discovered that the building next the bank, occupied by Messrs. Brecken & Fitzgerald, on the second flat, and Messrs. Longworth & Shaw on the first, was on fire in the rear. They immediately alarmed the neighborhood and sent information of the fire to the police station. The fire bell sounded in low tones, and the steam engines went quickly to the scene. The fire rapidly crept from the rear, and when the engines were brought into requisition (between five and ten minutes after the fire bell rang) it burst through the front of the building. Previous to this the libraries and office furniture of the above named law firms had been removed and the fire companies took charge of the burning fabric. They worked energetically, and succeeded in extinguishing the last spark about 4 o'clock on Sunday morning. The building was almost totally destroyed, nothing being left standing but a mere charred frame. It was owned by Mrs. M. O'Halloran, and was insured for \$600. The warehouse adjoining the building, also owned by Mrs. O'Halloran, and occupied by James Byrne, Esq., was gutted. In it was a stock of liquors, etc., owned by Mr. Byrne, which was totally destroyed. We learn that Mr. Byrne's loss amounts to \$1,500, with insurance of \$1,000. The loss of Messrs. Longworth & Shaw is small, as is the loss of Messrs. Brecken & Fitzgerald. A correspondent says:—

In referring to the fire on Saturday night, which destroyed the office of Messrs. Brecken & Fitzgerald and that of Messrs. Longworth & Shaw, and part of the warehouse of Mr. James Byrne, I cannot refrain from saying, all honor to our Fire Brigade, from the Chief to the rank and file, including, of course, the Hook and Ladder Company. Their energetic exertions on that occasion, as well as on other occasions, succeeded in controlling the flames, and preventing their spreading to adjoining buildings, thereby saving a large amount of property from destruction. Their promptness in reaching the scene of action, is to me quite surprising, when I look at the disadvantages under which they labor. One of these is the very defective fire-alarm which we have at present. Big Donald, at best, was a failure, and now he is entirely useless as a fire bell. Down with him, even in pieces, and let a more suitable one be put in his place with as little loss of time as possible, or very serious consequences may follow. Our Police force is also worthy of gratitude for the important part which, beside their ordinary duties on such occasions, fell to their lot—I refer to the burning which broke out afresh in a part of the roof very difficult to reach, after the engine had been withdrawn—the City Marshal, with his usual perseverance, succeeded with his men (by carrying water in buckets and breaking down some of the rafters) in completely putting out the fire.

MESSRS. S. R. FOSTER & SON, St. John, have resumed operations in their tack and nail factory. Their place of business, 11 and 13 Georges street, is at present the scene of unweary and pleasing bustle and activity. During the winter season the factory has been shut down, an unusual occurrence, the reverse having been the case as a rule, and only resumed operations on the approach of spring and the promise of better times. The factory has been running since the first of this month on full time and with plenty to do, a team being constantly occupied in transporting the goods to their various destinations in the city or to the freight depots previous to transshipment; and as things are going now the firm think that they may have to work over-time shortly to ensure a prompt filling of the numerous orders received.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

St. Thomas, March 23—Arrived schr. J. M. S., Bodreault, from Martinique, and sld. on the 27th for Caribien, to load sugar for New York or Baltimore. March 25—Arrived brig. Marshal S., Mann, for Port au Spain, and was chartered for Cienfuegos, to load molasses for North Hatteras. Hull, March 23—Sailed brig. William, for Charlottetown. Charleston, April 7—Sailed barque Lucy Pope, Thompson, for Liverpool. Boston, April 8—Arrived brig. Kitty Clyde Campbell, Crab Island.

## Special Notices.

NEW GREY COTTONS. White Cottons and Prints, just received at R. Young's.

ANOTHER lot of Ladies' Straw Hats and Bonnets, just received at R. Young's.

NEW Dress Material, from eleven cents and upwards, just received at R. Young's.

JUST arrived, per steamer "Albert," at "The Confectionery" and "The Branch," Valencia Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries and Onions.—31

VERY Choice Smoked Hams, at BEER & GOFF'S.

BONELESS FISH at BEER & GOFF'S.

## The Death-rate of

Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming, the average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant origin. At this season of the year, especially, a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it and often find, too late, that a Fever or Lung trouble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had *Boschee's German Syrup* been taken, a cure would have resulted, and a large bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, *Boschee's German Syrup* has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year without a single failure known.

## BOSTON STEAMERS

The "Carroll & Worcester,"

will continue running as usual. "Carroll" will leave Boston on

SATURDAY, THE 26th INST.,

ice permitting.

Orders to be in time to call forward at once.

CARVELL BROS.  
Ch'town, April 14, 1879—3in eod

## West of England House.

GREAT CLEARING-OUT SALE!

I AM instructed by W. W. STUMBLES to Sell at AUCTION, at the above-named Stand, Great George Street, commencing on

Monday, 21st inst.,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

THE ENTIRE STOCK IN TRADE,

Consisting of Dress Materials, Cloths, Flannels, Prints, Shirtings, Calico, Hats, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers; an assortment of Glassware, Crockeryware, Milk Pans, &c.; Hardware, Groceries, Confectionery, Shop Furniture, Stoves, Scales and Weights, Show Cases, &c., &c.

TERMS CASH.

A splendid opportunity for ready-money purchasers to buy Goods at their own prices.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.  
Ch'town, April 14, 1879—eod

## SPRING TRADE SALE.

WE will offer at AUCTION, on Thursday next, the 17th inst., at 11 o'clock,—

- Pans. MOLASSES.
- Bbls. FLOUR,
- Bbls. No. 1 Labrador HERRING,
- Casks KEROSENE,
- Cases
- Casks VINEGAR,
- Half-Chests TEA,
- Boxes PEARL BLUE,
- Bbls. ROSIN, TAR and FITCH,
- Boxes T. D. PIPES,
- " CRACKERS,
- " PEPPER,
- " BAKING POWDER,
- " CLOTHES PINS,
- Dozens BROOMS,
- Nests TUBS,
- Boxes BLACKING,
- Pails, Washboards, Wrapping Paper, Candles, Nails, Stove Brushes, Coffee, Washing Soda, Starch, &c.

Terms at Sale.

HAZARD BROS.  
April 14, 1879—31

## Garden Seeds.

JUST RECEIVED at Rankin's Drug Store, a large assortment of Flower and Hot Bed SEEDS, from most reliable growers.

April 14, 1879—3aw 2w

## Property for Sale.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH PROPERTY, situate on Great George street, will shortly be vacated, and is now offered for sale by private contract.

Apply to either of the undersigned.

JOHN SCOTT, Kent st., Trustees.  
JAMES DE BRISAY, }  
April 14, 1879—eod tf

## Piano for Sale.

VALUABLE SQUARE AMERICAN PIANO, nearly new. Apply to W. McKECHNIE.

April 14—6i

## ANOTHER EVENING

WITH SOME OF THE

Best Musicians!

## MR. EARLE'S CONCERT

Will be repeated, by special request, with an entire change of programme, on

Tuesday Evening,

APRIL 15th, 1879,

—in—

## ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL-ROOM.

INSTRUMENTALISTS: The Ch'town Orchestral Club.

Mrs. Joseph Pope.

Miss Maud DesBrisay.

Miss Helen Palmer.

Mr. Vinnicombe.

Mr. F. Mitchell.

VOCALISTS: Mrs. Malcolm Macleod

Miss Minnie Palmer.

Miss Dunn.

Miss Ings.

Miss G. DesBrisay.

Miss Manning.

Miss Agnes Longworth

Mr. L. J. Williams.

Herr Hermans.

Mr. Blanchard.

Prof. Caven.

TICKETS only 25 cents—to be had at Dr. Dodd's and the Apothecary's Hall.

CONCERT AT EIGHT.

N. B.—In order to save trouble, ladies and gentlemen will oblige by purchasing their tickets at the stores.

Ch'town, April 10, 1879.

## GRAND CONCERT

Variety Entertainment!

Under the Auspices of St. Patrick's Band,

IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

—ON—

Easter Monday Night

APRIL 14th, 1879.

The Committee will spare no pains to make this a first-class Entertainment.

The programme will consist of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Addresses, Readings, Recitations, etc., etc.

The Entertainment will conclude with Broder's laughable Farce, entitled,

"NUMBER ONE, ROUND THE CORNER."

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 8.

Admission—Reserved Seats, 50 cents; Unreserved, 25 cents.

Tickets can be obtained at the Drug Stores of W. R. Watson and C. D. Rankin, and at the door on night of Entertainment.

THOS. E. FLYNN,  
Secretary to Com.

Ch'town, March 29, '79.—law

## PUBLIC Temperance Meeting

A PUBLIC TEMPERANCE MEETING will be held in the MARKET HALL, on Wednesday Evening, the 16th inst., at 7 1/2 o'clock, p. m., when addresses will be given by several gentlemen, in support of the adoption of the Dominion Temperance Act.

All ladies and gentlemen, friends of the cause, are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the Committee,  
A. A. McDONALD,  
Chairman.

Ch'town, April 12, 1879—2i sat & tue

## HOUSE TO LET.

TO LET—A House one-fourth mile from the city, on the St. Peter's Road, free from city taxes. Apply to LEMUEL WRIGHT.

Royalty, April 10, 1879—3i

## MOORE & McDONALD,

CABINET-MAKERS,

UPHOLSTERERS, & C.

CHAMBER-SETS, in Black Walnut, Ash, &c.; Parlor, Hall and Dining-Room Furniture, in the latest styles.—We are prepared to meet the wants of our customers with punctuality and despatch.

REPAIRING neatly executed.

PICTURE FRAMES and Mouldings constantly on hand or made to order. All kinds of Household Furniture furnished.

Don't forget the place: Opposite Mrs. Robertson's Hotel, Souris East, P. E. Island.

April 12—2m eod

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS

For Spring.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Have in Stock a splendid lot of

Carpets (in all qualities), Paper

Hangings (cheap, medium, and best qualities), Floor Oil

Cloths (stout English make, all widths),

Table Linens, Sheetings, Towelings, Bed Tickings, Lace and

Muslin Curtains, Bleached and Grey Calicoes.

Housekeepers purchasing, should see these Goods, as they will be sold at Old Prices.

April 10, 1879—th fr mon wed 2w

## Valuable Freehold Property

FOR SALE.

A Rare Chance to Obtain a Cheap and Elegant House in Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers at private sale the three-story DWELLING HOUSE and SHOP on Prince street, opposite St. Paul's Church, in the very centre of the city.

Also, a small Cottage on Hensley street, known as "Davy's Lane."

And, also, a large Building Lot, 45 by 160 feet, pleasantly situated on Euston street, near entrance to St. Peter's Road.

If not previously disposed of by private contract, the above described property will be offered at Public Auction on Thursday, the first day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon.

For terms, etc., apply to

R. WRIGHT.

Prince st., Ch'town, April 9.—pat 3w