

CALENDAR, JULY, 1897.

MOON'S CHANGES
 First Quarter, 7h. 9h. 19.5m. a. m.
 Full Moon, 13h. 12h. 34.5m., midnight.
 Last Quarter, 21h. 11h. 55.5m., a. m.
 Ne. Moon, 29h. 11h. 45.5m., a. m.

Day of Week	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water
1 Thursday	4 18	49	11 08
2 Friday	19	49	1 16
3 Saturday	19	49	1 47
4 Sunday	20	48	2 19
5 Monday	21	48	2 49
6 Tuesday	21	48	3 30
7 Wednesday	22	47	4 08
8 Thursday	23	47	4 48
9 Friday	24	46	5 35
10 Saturday	25	46	6 34
11 Sunday	26	45	7 29
12 Monday	26	45	8 18
13 Tuesday	27	44	9 05
14 Wednesday	28	43	9 56
15 Thursday	29	43	10 50
16 Friday	30	42	1 11
17 Saturday	31	41	1 47
18 Sunday	32	40	2 20
19 Monday	33	39	2 54
20 Tuesday	34	38	3 26
21 Wednesday	35	37	4 00
22 Thursday	36	36	4 31
23 Friday	37	35	5 06
24 Saturday	38	34	5 52
25 Sunday	39	33	6 47
26 Monday	40	32	7 46
27 Tuesday	41	31	8 32
28 Wednesday	42	30	9 18
29 Thursday	43	28	10 05
30 Friday	45	27	10 58
31 Saturday	4 46	7 20	11 52

P. E. Island Railway

On and after FRIDAY, 4th June, 1897, the runs of this Railway will run daily, (Sundays excepted,) as under.

Trains Outward. Read down.	STATIONS.	Trains Inward. Read up.
3 30 A. M.	Charlottetown	9 15 P. M.
3 52 6 44	Royalton Junction	9 01 11 48
4 42 7 18	North Wiltshire	8 28 10 58
4 58 7 28	Hunter River	8 18 10 43
5 34 7 52	Bradallane	7 54 10 07
5 41 7 58	Emerald	7 48 9 57
5 59 8 08	Freetown	7 38 9 42
6 20 8 22	Kensington	7 23 9 20
6 55 8 45 Ar.	S' Side	7 00 8 45
7 30 10 00 Lv.		6 05 8 10
7 45 10 22	Miscouche	5 42 7 56
8 02 10 49	Wellington	5 16 7 38
8 30 11 32	Port Hill	4 33 7 11
9 20 12 50	O'Leary	3 15 6 20
9 36 1 15	Bloomfield	2 50 6 04
10 00 2 03	Alberton	1 13 5 40
10 40 3 00	Tignish	1 05 5 00
A. M. P. M.		P. M. A. M.
A. M. P. M.		A. M. P. M.
6 45 3 00	Charlottetown	9 15 5 49
7 05 3 14	Royalton Junction	9 01 5 20
7 38 3 37	Bedford	8 37 4 47
10 4 00 Ar.	St. Stewart	8 15 4 15
10 4 00 Lv.		8 10 4 00
9 00 4 33	Morell	7 42 3 20
9 29 4 54	St. Peters	7 20 2 50
10 16 5 28	Bear River	6 46 2 03
11 00 6 00	Souris	6 15 1 20
A. M. P. M.		A. M. P. M.
8 25 4 05	Mt. Stewart	8 10 3 50
9 37 4 58	Cardigan	7 17 2 38
10 5 15	Georgetown	7 00 2 15
M. P. M.		A. M. P. M.
7 55	Emerald	7 45
8 45	Cape Traverse	6 55
P. M.		A. M.

Trains run by Eastern Standard Time.
 A. McDONALD, Superintendent, Charlottetown.
 D. POTTINGER, Gen. Mgr. Govt. Ry. Charlottetown.
 W. W. CLARK, Ticket Agent, Moncton, N. B.
 Railway Office, June 1, 1897

Time Table
 Rocky Point Ferry, 1897.

The Steamer "Elfin" will leave Prince St. Wharf daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:
 At 6.30 a. m., 8 a. m., 9.30 a. m., 11 a. m., 1 p. m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., 6.30 p. m.
 Will leave Rocky Point as follows:
 At 7 a. m., 8.30 a. m., 10 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 1.30 p. m., 3 p. m., 5 p. m., 7 p. m., SUNDAYS.
 From Charlottetown at:
 At 9 a. m., 12.45 p. m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m.
 From Rocky Point:
 At 10 a. m., 1.30 p. m., 3 p. m., 5.30 p. m.
 SOUTHPORT FERRY.
 Hillsborough will ply on the Southport ferry till further notice as follows:
 Sundays excepted, leaving Ch'town daily at 6.30 a. m. and every half hour up to 10 p. m. Leaving Southport at 6.45 a. m., making half hourly trips up to 10.05 p. m. Sunday trips: Boat leaves Ch'town at 7 a. m., making half hourly trips up to 8.35 p. m. Steamer laid off from 11.05 to 12 o'clock noon. On Tuesday and Friday of each week steamer will run off time to accommodate the travelling public.

CHARLOTTETOWN
 —TO—
 BOSTON

Buy your tickets for Boston by the fast Steamer Halifax.
 W. W. CLARK,
 Ticket Agent

There are thousands of sickly school-girls all over this broad land that are dragging their way through school-life who might enjoy that abundant life which belongs to youth by simple attention to hygienic laws and a proper course of treatment with Scott's Emulsion. This would make the blood rich, the heart-beat strong; check that tendency to exhaustion and quicken the appetite by strengthening the digestion. Our book tells more about it. Sent free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.



The Leading Bicyclists

use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It alloys thirst and gives staying power. Some dealers obtain a big profit by selling off imitations.

See that the trade mark name

Tutti Frutti

is on each 5c. package. Save coupons inside of wrappers for latest books and prizes. 150

Wants, Lost, Found &c

BICYCLE - For sale, an English made Revel, manufactured by the celebrated Radley Co. Large cushion tire; no punctures possible. Will be sold very cheap, can be seen at Jas D. Taylor's Bookbindery, Queen St. E. 15

LOST - On Monday the 12th inst. A \$2 dollar bill. Please return to Mrs. Insworth and receive reward. J. J. 54

WANTED - Agents for "Queen Victoria" Her Majesty and Diamond Jubilee. Overflowing with latest and richest pictures. Contains the endorsed biography of Her Majesty with authentic history of her remarkable reign, and full account of the Diamond Jubilee. Only \$1.00. Big book. If members demand. Remittance for agents Commission 20 per cent. DUTY PAID. Credit given freight paid. OUTFIT FREE. Write quick for outfit and territory. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 7, 756 Dearborn St., Chicago. dy 11

WANTED - A Cook; wages \$10.00; no washing; good references required. Apply to Mrs E. Bayfield, Charlottetown. dy and wky guar. S' side journal.

COOK WANTED - For the Spaulding Hotel at Rustico for the season. Apply to John Newson.

TO LET - A house containing six rooms situated on King St. back of Merchants' Bank of P. E. I. Possession given 1st of June apply to Miss. Lowden, Dundas Esplanade.

LOST - In this city yesterday afternoon a sum of money, including a \$20 bill. Reward on leaving same at this office. 21

WANTED - Chief Agent for P. E. I. to superintend the business of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company. The business is now so extensive as to require a resident manager. District Agents also wanted in every unrepresented district. Apply to J. B. Paton Box 292 Charlottetown. 12-3-Guar

LOST - Between Charlottetown and Saw Hill Bridge, a satchel containing money. Finder will oblige by leaving at this office. Jy 15 d & w 11

WANTED - A good cook; references required. Apply to Mrs H. W. Longworth, Upper Prince Street. Jy 15 11

Victoria Cafe

Great George St.
 Scene of attraction during these hot days.
 Nice drinks of all kinds to refresh the tired and weary.
 Nice Lunches, beautiful strawberries and cream.

JOHN P. JOY
 VICTORIA CAFE
 Gt George St....

Teachers

And students who have successfully passed their examinations will need a good time keeper before taking charge of a school. We have a large stock of

Gold And Silver Watches
 timed, and ready for delivery at low prices.

J. H. TAYLOR

Jeweler and Optician,
 North Side Queen Square.

STATE OF FRANKLIN.

AN INTERESTING CHAPTER IN THE EARLY HISTORY OF THE COUNTRY.

When What Is Now Tennessee Was a Part of North Carolina, the District of Washington and an Independent State—An Act of the Legislature.

The state of Franklin once formed in area, if not in population, an important part of the Union. It had its executive, legislative and judicial departments, exercised governmental functions, maintained a respectable militia, flourished, and then, after a varied experience, completely disappeared from the "sisterhood of states." From historians the state of Franklin has received scant attention, and to the majority of the present generation its identity with the state of Tennessee seems almost as mythical as that of Plato's Atlantis with the American continent.

A few thousand mountaineers, in a remote wilderness, infused with the principles which inspired the Revolution, had banded together and formed a state government of their own. With John Sevier, an ideal frontiersman, as the hero, with local self government as the animating motive, with a variety of plots and counterplots to lend picturesque interest, and then with episodes truly tragic, the drama was acted out amid the mountain regions of Tennessee.

When the American Revolution broke out, what is now the state of Tennessee was an unorganized, sparsely settled territory. In 1776 its inhabitants, under the leadership of Captain Sevier, petitioned the North Carolina legislature to be annexed to that state in order to contribute their share toward national independence. As the expenses of the war bore heavily on the Old North State, her legislature was only too glad to divide the burden. The petition was granted, and what is now Tennessee formed part of North Carolina until the close of the Revolution. A it had now become a source of expense rather than help, the North Carolina legislature in June, 1784, without consulting those most affected, ceded to the federal government the whole annexed territory under the name of the District of Washington, provided the government should within two years signify its assent.

The settlers, naturally objecting to such a wholesale disposition of themselves, rose up in wrath. The manner and conditions of the cession were repugnant, and the

HELPLESS FOR SIX MONTHS.

Rheumatism Held Him in Chains—Suffered Untold Torture—The Great South American Rheumatism Cure Waged War and Won a Complete Victory—Relief in a Few Hours.

"I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. I was completely helpless for over six months. I tried all kinds of remedies but got no relief. Having noticed strong testimonials published of the cures effected by South American Rheumatism Cure I obtained a bottle of it, and received relief from pain from the first dose, and in an incredibly short time I was entirely freed from my suffering." James K. Cole, Almonte, Ont. For sale at Dods' Medical Hall and Geo. E. Hughes.

GREAT SLAUGHTER PRICES

On Readymade Clothing FOR JULY

500 Men's Tweed Suits, good all wool, regular price: \$8 suit for \$4, \$6 suit for \$3, 100 Boys' Suits at less than first cost.
 Men's Pants, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50, worth double. See them.
 Bargains in Underclothing, White and Colored Shirts.

Boots & Shoes

Our prices will be found from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than any in town.
 See our Women's Shoes, 65c.
 See our Men's solid leather laced Boots for 98c.

J. B. Macdonald's Old Stand,

Opposite west end Market.

people felt that they had not only been trifled with, but subjected to two years of anarchy and disorder. Calling a convention in August, 1784, they formed the state of Franklin. The North Carolina legislature, realizing its error, hastened to undo its mistake and reannexed the "Washington district." The inhabitants of Franklin rejected offers for reconciliation, and Captain Sevier, though at first inclined to advise a return of allegiance to North Carolina, yielded to an overwhelming public sentiment and accepted the governorship of the new state. He was inaugurated at Watuga on March 1, 1785. Some sort of order was now established, at least for a time. A court was created, the militia thoroughly reorganized and peace effected with Indians.

But peace did not long prevail. Complications arose which kept the young state of Franklin in a constant turmoil. Congress still asserted jurisdiction. A reaction, stimulated by disappointed office seekers, ensued among those who had been most clamorous for the new state. Jealousy of Sevier's success animated his rivals, who henceforth sought to make his life a burden. The population was divided into the Franklin and the North Carolina factions. Elections were held and appointments made under the laws of both states. Two sets of officers claimed authority, each nullifying the acts of the other. One faction would steal the public records from the other, only to be treated in like manner in turn. The courts were in a chaotic condition. Wills could not be proved, titles perfected or justice administered. No taxes were paid. Marriages performed by officials of one faction were not recognized by the other.

Still the determined young state fought for its life. It exercised even federal power and authorized the coinage of specie, though its chief medium of exchange continued to be the skins of wild animals. Finally emissaries were sent to the North Carolina legislature to make overtures of peace. The address of Franklin's representative was a model of eloquence, fervid with the rhetoric of the era. But it fell upon unheeding ears. No recognition would be made of the rebellious state.

The last session of the Franklin legislature was held in September, 1787. That there was then no intention of surrendering is evident from one of the acts of the legislature, which has been preserved and is interesting as an example of primitive financing. The law is as follows:

"Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Franklin, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from the 1st day of January, 1788, the salaries of the officers of this commonwealth be as follows, to wit:

"His excellency the governor, per annum, 1,000 deerskins.
 "His honor the chief justice, 500 deerskins.

"The secretary to his excellency the governor, 500 raccoon skins.

"Treasurer of the state, 450 raccoon skins.

"Each county clerk, 300 beaver skins.

"Clerk house of commons, 200 raccoon skins.

"Members of the assembly, per diem, 3 raccoon skins.

"Justice's fee for a warrant, 1 muskrat skin.

"Constable for serving a warrant, 1 mink skin.

"Enacted under a law the 18th day of October, 1787, under the great seal of the state."

Meantime Governor Caswell of North Carolina issued his proclamation declaring the government of Franklin illegal, stigmatizing its officers and adherents as rebels, and demanding surrender and acknowledgment of the authority of North Carolina. The Franklinites refused, and it was only when forced by a superior number of troops that they yielded. The state ended its short lived career with a sort of judicial farce. Sevier, of course, was arrested and prosecuted. During the proceedings an ardent Franklinites rushed into the presence of the court and dramatically referred to the popular idol then on trial. In the uproar that followed Sevier walked out of the courtroom and was not again molested. Years afterward he was elected first governor of Tennessee.

The state of Franklin was obliterated, its territory forming part of North Carolina once more, until 1790, when, under the name of the District of Washington, it was ceded to the federal government. June 1, 1796, it was duly admitted to the Union.—Chicago Post.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR Royal Oak Soap

the best laundry Soap on the market. One bar will do as much as two bars of ordinary imported Soap made from filthy material.

CHTOWN SOAP WORKS

PURE WEST INDIA

Lime Juice

ONLY 15c A PINT

—AT—

Beer & Coff's

TO LET.

A house on Dorchester Street, next block to the New Cathedral, at present occupied by Mrs. Leahy. Possession given last of June.

ARTHUR G. PEAKE,
 Office on "Peake's" Wharf.



Paris Green, Paris Green Paris Green.

Machine Oil, Haying Tools, Hardware. Everything cheap for cash at CITY HARDWARE STORE. Call and see. Don't ask for credit.

R. B. NORTON & CO., J. F. NORTON, PROPRIETOR

Just a Minute

You may be busy; so are we, and have been all the Spring. So busy that we did not have time to advertise and tell you all the fine things we have for this season and the low prices we are selling for, but the people find us out, for it takes over forty people to keep the orders we get made up, so it keeps us moving to keep everything going right. But for those who do not know, we might say that we keep all the old reliable cloths such as Bellwarp Coating and Serges, Tyke and Bleheim Serges, Fashionable Trousers to no end. Come and see us and see our stock and the fine clothes we make.

JOHN MACLEOD & CO MERCHANT TAILORS.

SPECTACLES.

Over twenty-five years I have been in the Spectacle business and during that time have fitted hundreds and hundreds of persons. Some had put off getting glasses so long that they could not see a large 4 inch letter A without going within 2 or 3 feet of it, and might have gone blind if they had put off getting glasses much longer. Others have been fitted or rather misfitted, with wrong glasses by travellers, and charged a great deal more than they ought to have been. This year our traveller, Mr. C. H. White, intends calling on parties at their homes in the country, to test eyes and show samples of our goods. Should he call on you I bespeak for him your favorable consideration, and any order you may give him will be filled as soon as possible and guaranteed by me. Glasses can also be exchanged at the store, CAMERON BLOCK, City, if after a trial they do not prove as satisfactory as you wish.

E. W. TAYLOR, City

GAY'S PLANTS

Biennials, wintered over; Pansy and Daisy in Poom 30c to 40c per doz.; Dianthus, Indian Pink, Sweet Williams, Forget-me-nots, English Carnations, highly perfumed double and Verbena in bloom or bud at 4c each, 40c per doz.; Verbena later 30c per doz.; transplanted Aster, Stock Phlox, netunia, at 15c per doz.; Pansy, Daisy, Balsam, Chrysanthum, Candytuft, Everlasting; Larkspur, Marigold, Nasturtium, Morning Glory, Canary Creeper, Poppy, Snap Dragon, Sweet Pea, Single Dahlia, Mignonette, at 12c per doz.; Alyssum, Golden and Lobelia for edging at 30c per 100; Delia Bulbs, 4c to 10c each, Gladioli, 3 to 5c each. Transplants: Vegetables Plants, very early, Cabbage and Celery 40c per 100; Cauliflowers, 50c Tomato, 12c per doz. in bloom 5c each. Cabbage from Seed bed 12c per 100 cauliflower 30c per 100. Seeds, Egan's Mammoth Mangle at 25c per lb. At the experimental farm, Ottawa this mangle yielded 4 tons more than any other variety. The gardener's Improved Elephant, Monarch and Imperial Hardy Sweet Turnep, at 30c per lb. Improved Danvers Carrots, 65c per lb. The above mailed or shipped to any part of the Island or Maritime Provinces on receipt of price, or call at the market, Charlottetown, and deal with us personally. Address

J. J. CAY & SON