of noble vessels that have been built and dispatched to the respective markets, will tend to render the balance between our exports and imports greatly, unless we much mistake, in favor of the former. We never see a gallant barque sailing out of the harbour, but we feel the desire to ascertain how much beef, pork, wheat, potatoes, hay and oats have been incorporated into her hull and rigging. Nor would the calculation be attended with much difficulty for those acquainted with the details, at least so as to approximate nearly to the truth. It is only getting a correct account of the number of men, horses, oxen, &c., employed, the time consumed in the work, and an average of what it would take to support those men, horses, &c., for that time, and the thing is done. Such a calculation would give a very pretty series of items to add to the list of exports, annually printed in the Appendix to the Journals of the House of Assembly. We are also well pleased to hear that the quality of our ships is greatly improved, that they are better and more faithfully built, and more highly finished. The *Dorothea*, by the McGills, is said to have been a vessel that would do honor to any establishment. As to our farmers, they have even, by their own confession, and that is saying a good deal, nothing to complain of: good seasons, plentiful harvests, and brisk markets, have in some degree, compensated them for previous hard times. And as to their future prospects, we think they are more cheering than they have been for years. When the free intercourse under the treaty of Reciprocity shall have been continued for a year or two, there can be no doubt we think, that the list of enumerated articles will be greatly enlarged, until we shall have every restriction upon commerce reciprocally removed, and free trade in the most extensive sense of the term established between us. All the Island wants is a market, a steady, fairly remunerating market,and this, we think, she is likely to get in future. The Railroad from Shediac to the Bend will facilitate the intercourse by that route, and if the Nova Scotia Rail is carried through the Isthmus, it will afford another considerable outlet for the Island productions, for we do not doubt that, in such case, after a few years that there will be a branch Railroad to the Bay Verte, which will give occasion to a steam line being established between the ports of the Island and the Main by which produce of all kinds will be dispatched to meet the requirements of the market. Should the fisheries be prosecuted with that ardor with which it is but reasonable to suppose they will, a market nearer home will be afforded to those farmers who live contiguous to the fishing stations, for much of their meat, potatoes, butter, eggs, poultry, &c., which will be the means of adding considerably to their comfort, though it may be at the expense of the revenue, for smuggling, rife as it is at the present day, may be then calculated upon with a greater degree of certainty. We have been mercifully preserved from the pestilence that has been such a scourge to the neighbouring Provinces, and we trust, that with common prudence, the use of those sanitary precautions which experience has shewn to be efficacious in warding off disease, or mitigating its type when present, may under Providence, insulated as we are, and with fresh and invigorating seabreezes on every side, be the means of keeping this terrible and devastating enemy from our shores. On the whole, a fair prospect is before us, and if we do not mar it by imprudent legislation on our part, or fail to realize the advantages it holds out by want of energy, and the adaptation of the necessary means, we may safely calculate upon laying a broader and firmer basis than we have ever yet seen, whereon to raise a superstructure of future permanent prosperity. But this consummation can not be looked for, unless the diferent classes of society, each in its sphere, contribute to task their powers both of body and mind, and devote themselves to its accomplishment, bringing to their aid strenuous exertion, combined with calm judgment. Much will depend upon the conduct of the Government in providing wise and useful legislative measures adapted to the change of circumstances, and more still will be in the power of the mass, the labour of which, individually attended with different degrees of private emolument, will, in the aggregate, produce a vast amount of public wealth, accompanied by the diffusion of means of improvement, physical and mental, in all departments of society in every portion of the Island.

We are requested to state, that information has been received in the proper quarter that,the last P. E. I. Mail for England, reached Halifax in time for H. M. Steamer. In consequence of the Lady Le Marchant having made the Port of Pictou in a thick fog, she was unable to get up the harbour in time for the coach. The Island Mail was however, despatched by Express.

Our readers will require, we think, no apology from us for the following original communication. Sergeant Reid is the son-in-law of Mr. Logan, the Jailer of Georgetown Jail.

CAMP NEAR SEBASTOPOL.
October, 3d, 1854.

MY DEAR LOGAN,

* * * * * * * I suppose that you have heard about the battle which was fought on the 20th, September last, by this time; perhaps the following account will not be uninteresting to you. At day light the Russians appeared in great numbers on the heights a few miles off; as we advanced, they retired until after mid-day, when they got their whole force, drawn up in battle order on the face of a hill, called Alma, about 3 miles in length and steep, in many places difficult to ascend, likewise a river between us and them and every advantage upon the Russian side; as soon as they had taken up their position, we took up ours also, and moved forward to attack in line, the Russians all in column. They opened a terrible cannonade on us, but did us little harm, as it was either short, or went over us, and as the ground was soft, the balls sunk into the ground, knocking up a little earth about us, which did us no harm. The Russians stood well to their guns, and poured upon us a terrible fire of musketry, but the most went over our heads. The British Army advanced upon left and centre. The French Army upon the right, and when we got about 400 yards from the Russians, we gave them one hearty hurrah, which seemed to terrify them, as their cannon ceased to fire, and they retired in some disorder; and as they retired, we advanced, cutting them down in great numbers. The British Army are all armed with the Minie Rifles, which is a very effective weapon, the range is from 1 to 900 yards. The 42d Regiment, with the 93d and 79th upon our left, advanced up the most difficult part of the hill, under a most galling cross-fire from our right and front, but we advanced so rapidly, that the enemy must have been deceived in the distance, as it mostly went over our heads, except a few that were struck upon their bonnets. We were led on gallantly by our General, Sir Colin Campbell, who cheered us on the whole way up. The 42d were the first that reached the top of the hill; the General's horse was shot under him; he took off his hat and waved it in the air, and roared out "hurrah, my boys, come on;" which we did in good order. Some of the Russians kept their ground until shot by our men, and many who retired were sharply cut down by our rifles; and as our Artillery were close upon our heels, they made terrible havoc upon a column of Russians who had retreated before us. The battle ended after three hours' terrible fighting, as our most experienced Generals say, that they never saw such terrible fighting in their life. The 42d had 6 killed and 2 Serjeants and 38 privates wounded; the 79th and 93d had about the same casualties. The British Army lost about 700 killed and wounded; the loss of the French I never heard. The loss of the Russians were upwards of four thousand; we took a few prisoners, one of them a General,who tells us, that they expected to keep good their ground for fifteen days, but lost it in three hours. The General also says, that they thought they had only to fight with men, but when they saw us advancing to the cannons mouth they thought we were *devils*, in red clothing. The day after the battle, the field presented a sad spectacle of destruction, too horrid to relate. We had a thousand men employed two days collecting the dead and burying them; also, their arms and accoutrements, knapsacks and clothing. were gathered in heaps, and burned. The Russian force were about sixty thousand, with every advantage upon their side. English and French Armies were fifty thousand and every disadvantage upon our side, and we had eight thousand of a reserve that never fired a shot, so that there was not more than 17 thousand of our troops engaged; but the Russians are not good fighting soldiers, they cannot be trusted in line the same as ours; and I am sure they will never face us in an open field again, we gave them such a thrashing in so short a time. We are now lying round Sebastopol with an army of about sixty-eight thousand English, French, and Turks. We have been lying here two days at our ease, the heavy artillery has been throwing up batteries. The Russians have been firing shot and shell upon them, however, they fall short, and do no harm, our Engineers have been surveying the fortifications, and one of the Russian head Engineers has just made his escape and joined us, and is giving our Engineers directions to blow up their magazines and destroy the city; he also gives a very bad account of the garrison, as being short of provisions and water. We have cut off their chief supply of water from the country; we expect that they will soon surrender, as they have no way of escape. Our fleet is on one side and the army on the other, so that they are completely surrounded, and I expect that a few days more will decide. We have just been reaping the fruits of their vineyards, since we came into this country, which is one of the finest for grapes and fruit of all descriptions I ever seen. The people have all fled before us, and not one is to be seen; if they had stop't at their homes their property would have been protected, but now it is all destroyed, with the exception of a few that did remain, we put guards over their property and prevented any one from touching it,

There are * * * * on the way to * * tell her that she need not be afraid of me being shot as I have come through the worst of it. That unseen enemy, the Cholera, is more to be feared than the shot and shell of the Russians, as a good many who escaped the battle of the 20th have died with cholera since, which generally proves fatal in 24 hours, and generally the stoutest and healthiest of the men are cut off by cholera. Sergt. John Scott, died in a few hours illness on the 24th September. I have been very healthy here as yet, and hope to continue so through the blessing of God who is able to protect us from all danger. So I must close here, as I have no more space and believe me yours sincerely and truly.

ALEXANDER REID,
Color Segr., 42d Regiment.

MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT.—The members will meet at their usual place of meeting, on Monday next, the 4th December, for despatch of business, when a full and punctual attendance is requested.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. John B. Howlett a Gauger for the Port of Georgetown.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint William Minns Howe, Esquire Barrister, to be a Notary Public for this Island.

Married,

At Charlottetown, on Monday evening, the 27th ultimo, by the Rev. Mr. Albrighton, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. George M'Dougall, formerly of Halifax, to Maria J., eldest daughter of Capt. H. Webster of the former place.

On the 25th inst., by the Rev. J. H. Reid, Rector Mr. Donald Ramsay, of Lot 17, to Miss Ann Simpson, of Lot 16.

At Charlottetown, on Thursday the 30th inst. by the Rev. W. Snodgrass, Mr. George Jenkins, Lot 49, to Miss Jane M'Eachern, Lot 48,

On the 29th inst., at St. Eleanor's, by the Rev. Herbert Reid, B. D. Mr. Andrews, Merchant of Summerside, to Amanda Jane, only daughter of the late Mr. James Holman, Merchat, of St. John New Brunswick.

Died,

At Charlottetown, on Monday the 27th ultimo, Capt. William Griffiths, aged 54 years. His remains were followed to their last resting place, on Wednesday last, by a large number of "Masonic Brethren," and by the Sons of Temperance, of both which bodies the deceased was a member.

At Cherry Valley, on the 23d ultimo, after a long and painful illness, which he bore with exemplary fortitude and christian resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. Finlay Docherty, in the 69th year of his age, leaving a large family, and a numerous circle of relatives to lament the loss of an affectionate parent, and a good member of Society.

At Charlottetwn, on Sunday the 26th ultimo, after a long and painful illness, Caroline Leah, fifth daughter of Mr. John Yeo, aged 10 years.

This morning, Dec. 2d, Mr. John P. Love, Kent Street, aged 42 years. The funeral of the late John P. Love will take place on Tuesday next, Dec, 5th at 3 o'clock p. m. The Members of the Order of the Sons of Temperance, and friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVED.

Nov. 26, Charlesina, Halifax; goods. Trusty, Bathurst; shingles. Mary Ann, Anderson, Boston; goods. Bessie, Neal, do.; do. Mary Jane, Pictou; coal. Fanny. do.; do. Trial, do.; do. Dove, do.; do.

27th, Harmony, Pugwash; lumber. Wellington, Bathurst; lumber.

29th, Mars, Buctouche; deal. Sophronia, Miramichi; lumber. Flora, do.; do.

30th, Antelope, from the Gut, with goods from the Brigt. Ellen, wrecked, from Boston. Steamer Rosebud, Pictou. William, Newfld.; bal. Lively Lass, Pictou; coal. Margaret, do.; flour, &c. Nugget, do.; coal.

SAILED.

Nov. 29, Barque Sir Alexander, Liverpool; timber & deal, by W. W. Lord. Experiment, Halifax; produce. Mayflower, Pictou; bal. Betsey, Halifax; produce. Lady Le Marchant, Pictou; mails. Favorite, St. Andrews; oats.

30th, Mars, Buctouche.

Dec. 1, Brig Tooting, London; timber & deal, by H. Haszard. Schr. Ornament, Richibucto; oats.

2d, Barque Isabell, Liverpool, by Messrs. Duncan & Co.

Ship News.

The schr. Jason, McDonald, from Charlottetown, bound to Richibuctou, for Deals, is ashore at Cape Tormentine.

The new Brigt. Gertrude, from P. E. Island, for Cork, was totally lost at St. Ann's Bay, Cape Breton, on the 15th November.

The Brigt. Ellen, Kennedy, from Boston, with Goods for Charlottetown, is ashore at Canso. Her cargo was transhipped on board the Schr. Antelope, and has arrived at this Port.

ALARMING NEWS!

Hard Fighting!—Dreadful Slaughter!

5000 Allies and 8000 Russians killed.

The Steamer *Lady Le Marchant* due from Shediac on Wednesday last, did not arrive until Thursday, having by a sudden fall of the tides, grounded at Shediac, and experienced extremely boisterous weather in the Gulph. By politeness of Mr. McPhee, Clerk of the Steamer, we have the following important news by Telegraph from New York:

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
RICHIBUCTO, Nov. 27, 1854.

Via Telegraph from New York.

Baltic arrived yesterday. News from Sebastopol caused much sensation in England and France. Reinforcements have urgently been sent for; and 150,000 French are already waiting conveyance. Steamers *Europa*, *Alps*, *Indianna* and others have been taken up by Government. On the 4th Nov. there was a sanguinary engagement, and on the 5th, a terrible combat, including a sortie and a general attack by Menschikoff's whole army, which lasted from daybreak until 4 p. m., both sides claim the victory; the British took some 100 prisoners. The Russians stormed several batteries, and silenced the guns. The loss of the Allies was 5,000, the Russiana 8,000, the Czar's two sons were in the battle. On the 6th the battle was renewed by the Russians, but the result is yet unknown. Garrison of Sebastopol numbers 65,000, and a large force under Menschikoff in the field. Allies are out-numbered, but the siege is continued with desperate valor.

Breadstuffs lower.
Flour, 6d. Wheat, 2d.
Consols, 90¼ to 91.

☞ The following telegram was received this morning *via* Pictou.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE, HALIFAX,
Friday Evening, December 1.

Steamer *Africa* arrived at New York, on Wednesday evening. Liverpool dates are to the 18th Nov. Nothing important from Sebastopol since last advices, further than that the siege was progressing.

The Steamer *Niagara* is taken by Government for conveyance of toops. There will be no Steamer for Halifax next week. Flour market unchanged.

Charlottetown Markets, Dec.. 2.

Beef,(small)lb.	3d a 5d	Oatmeal,	2½d a 2½d
Do. by quarter,	2½d a 4½	Turkeys each,	3s a 5s
Pork,	3d a 4d	Fowls,	6d a 1s
Do. (small),	5d a 7d	Partridges,	7d a 9d
Mutton,	3d a 5d	Geese,	1s 9d a 2s 3d
Veal,	2½d a 4½d	Ducks,	1s a 1s 3d
Ham,	none	Eggs dozen,	10d a 11d
Butter (fresh),	15d a 18	Barley bush.,	3s 6 a 4s 6
Do. by tub,	1s 2d a 1s 4d	Oats,	2s 3d a 2s 9d
Lard,	10d	Potatoes,	1s 9d a 2s
Tallow,	10d a 1s	Turnips,	10d a 1s
Wool,	1s a 1s 3d	Homespun yd.,	3s 6d a 5s
Flour,	3¼ a 3d½	Hay, ton,	110s a 125s
Carrots bush.,	3s	Straw,	2s 6d a 3s
Pearl Barley,	2d		

MAILS.

THE Mails for the neighbouring Provinces and the United States will be made up at this office and forwarded, during the month of December ensuing, every Tuesday and Friday morning, at Nine o'clock; and a Mail for England will be made up and sent on the 1st, 5th, 15t, 19th, and 29th.

THOMAS OWEN,
Postmaster General.

General Post Office, November 30, 1854.

BENJAMIN DESBRISAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

☞ Office—Desbrisay's Buildings, Queen Street Charlottetown.

A BAZAAR.

Under the patronage of Mrs. Daly.

WILL be held (D. V.) at the TEMPERANCE HALL, Charlottetown, the first week in January next, in aid of benevolent purposes. The public are invited to contribute.

Nov. 23, 1854.

Pine and Cedar Shingles

FOR SALE.

JAMES PURDIE.

Charlottetown, Nov. 28. Isl3w

House to Let.

TO LET, part of that new HOUSE, fronting on Kent Street, possession given immediately. Apply to THOMAS W. DODD.

Pownal Street, Nov. 24. tf

Notice.

THE subscriber intimates to the mercantile community connected with Marine Risks, that he has been appointed to act as the Protective Agent for the Provincial Insurance Company of Toronto, C. W., for this Island.

In cases of loss, the insured are expected to make the same known to me, before survey is held.

BENJ. DAVIES.

Charlottetown, November 20, 1854.

LOST,

ON Friday evening last, between Reddin's Wharf, and the Subscribers Store, an Iron Keg, containing 1 cwt of White Lead. The finder will be rewarded by delivering it to

WILLIAM HEARD.

Charlottetown, Oct. 17th, 1854.

FOR SALE,

THE HOUSE and PREMISES, consisting of two Town Lots in Kent Street, owned by DR. JENKINS. The House contains on the ground floor, a Dining and Drawing Room, Ladies' work Room, Breakfast Parlour, best Bed Room, Store Room, Kitchen, and Servants' Bed Room. On the upper floor, four bed Rooms. A good walled Cellar under the whole house. There is also a Stable and Coach House. The Garden is well-stocked with fruit and ornamental trees.

Three BUILDING LOTS immediately adjoining, may be sold with the above, or separately. For particulars apply to

CHARLES DESBRISAY.

Nov. 8.

STRAYED some time since, from the Subscriber's premises, a two-years' old HEIFER, brown colour, with short tail. Any person giving information where she may found, will be rewarded for their trouble.

THOS. W. DODD.

Pownal Street, Nov. 24. tf

WEST OF ENGLAND HOUSE.

JOHN T. THOMAS AND WILLIAM E. DAWSON.

HAVING this day entered into Partnership, will conduct their GENERAL MERCANTILE Business under the Style or Firm of

THOMAS & DAWSON,

And hope that their united efforts to meet the demands of their friends and the public, will ensure the continuance of the patronage conferred on the business lately conducted by JOHN T. THOMAS, their

FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS

Just arrived by the SIR ALEXANDER and PEEPING TOM.

Charlottetown, October 25, 1854.

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to announce to his friends and the Public, that he offers his services in the above line of business.

Those who may favour by confiding to him their property for Sale, may rely on his acting under their instructions, as well as on his best efforts to serve their interest.

BENJAMIN DAVIES, Queen Street,
near the wharf.

P. S. Mr. DAVIES intimates advice of the shipment of a considerable consignment of

BRITISH GOODS, TEA, &C.

now daily expected per the ships *Peeping Tom*, the *Sir Alexander* from Liverpool, and by the *Cicely* from London; they are well worth the consideration of country customers and will be held on Sale some time for their accommodation.

October 16th.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS, 1854.

THE Subscribers have pleasure in announcing the arrival of their FALL & WINTER GOODS, per Barque 'ANNIE HALL.' from Liverpool, G. B., comprising one of the MOST EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENTS now offered to the Public of Prince Edward Island.

A. & J. DUNCAN & Co.

☞ *Daily Expected an Assortment of AMERICAN GOODS.*

Dorchester Street, Nov. 3. 1m

Steamer! Steamer!

LADY LE MARCHANT!!

THE subscribers have just received, per the above Steamer, from St. John N. B., their FALL SUPPLY OF CLOTHS,

COMPRISING

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Whitneys, Vestings, and Trimmings.

Being confident that parties in want of any of the above articles, can suit hemselves from their selection as well as in any other establishment in Charlottetown, they would recommend the public to call and examine before making purchases of Clothing elsewhere.

C. & J. BELL, Merchant Tailors,
Nov. 2. Queen Square.

NEW GOODS. FALL 1854.

JAMES DESBRISAY has received by the "Cicely" and "Sir Alexander," his usual Stock of Seasonable Goods, which are now opened and ready for inspection.

A large lot Ready made Clothing.
Ladies' Mantles, &c., Good and Cheap.
Queen Square, Near the Market. Isl.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!

THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED a general assortment of STOVES which he offers at most reasonable prices, at his Tin Shop, (old tand) Great George Street, near the Catholic Chappel.

JAMES MILLNER.

NOTICE.

AS the undersigned intends to make an alteration in his business, he would respectfully request all persons indebted to him by Book or other Accounts, to call and settle the same on or before the 20th of DECEMBER NEXT, when the Books will be placed in the hands of an Attorney.

WILLIAM TANTON, Sen.

Charlottetown, Nov. 14, 1854. 3w

Two Stray Sheep.

STRAYED from the farm of the Subscriber on the 9th October, two EWES about nineteen months old, with N. W. marked on the right side; whoever will bring the same to the Subscriber will be rewarded for his trouble.

NATHAN WRIGHT.

Hazelwood Grange, Winsloe Road.

KING SQUARE HOUSE.

NOW LANDING per Schooner *Speedy* from Boston. A further supply of Carpenter's Spirit Levels, Chisels, &c. Also, Burning Fluid, Candles Cheese, Sole Leather, Digby Herring, Preserved Ginger, Caddies good Tea, &c. &c.

GEORGE BEER, jun.

Isl 3w

JOHN T. THOMAS

WILL be obliged to all persons indebted to him, (by Note of Hand, or Book Debt), by an immediate settlement. Nov 9th.

FOR SALE.

200 ACRES of land on Township No. 51 having a front of 20 Chains on Montague River.

200 Acres on Lot No. 8, embracing the West Point of the Island.

100 Acres on Township No. 60.

Pasture Lot No. 188 in the Royalty of Georgetown and

Town Lot No. 95 in the 4th handred of Lots in Charlottetown. Apply to WILLIAM FORGAN.

Feb. 7th, 1854.

AUCTIONS.

(For the benefit of all concerned.)

TO BE SOLD, *AT AUCTION*, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of *December*, at 11 o'clock, at the WEST POINT, where she now lies stranded, the *HULL* and *MATERIALS* of the BRIG ROBINSON, WILLIAM H. BRODERICK, Master, 260 tons burden.

Also,

The *CARGO*, consisting of 6,000 pieces of *DEALS*.

JAMES KINLAY, Broker.

West Point, Nov. 27, 1854.

Sale of Stock, Crop, &c.,

AT BRIDGEFORT HOUSE, the Residence of CAPT. JAMES, 3½ miles from Charlottetown, on the St. Peter's Road. The Subscriber will sell by AUCTION, on THURSDAY 7th day of *December* next, at 11 o'clock on the Premises, the following Stock, &c , viz :—

2 Working Horses, 3 Milch Cows,
3 Hiefers, 1 Donkey
1 Waggon with Pole and Shafts,
2 Carts, (Iron Axles)
1 Jaunting Sleigh, (double Seated)
2 Wood Sleighs,
1 Plough and Swingletrees,
1 Sett Harrows, 1 Horse Rake,
1 Sett Waggon Harness, 1 Sett Cart do.
1 Gents. Saddle, 1 Ladies do,
Lot FARMING TOOLS, consisting of Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Sneaths, Grindstones, Shovels, &c.

Also,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Consisting of

2 Bedsteads and Bedfurniture, Tables, Chairs, Benches, 2 Franklin Stoves, 1 Cooking Stove, 1 Churn with Crank, Milch Dishes, and several other articles.

Likewise,

A quantity of HAY, STRAW, POTATOES, TURNIPS, &c. &c.

Terms, all sums under £5 cash, over £5, 3 months approved Notes.

W. DODD.

WINTER SUPPLY.

WILLIAM HEARD.

HAS just received per *Cicely*, from London, the remainder of his Fall Supply of BRITISH & FOREIGN GOODS, which are now ready for sale at unusually low prices.

W. H. begs to call especial notice to the following goods.

CLOTHS.

West of England and Yorkshire Superfine Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Mohair, Pilot and Whitney.

CARPETS &c.

Brussels, Kidderminster and Felt Carpets, Printed Druggets, Hearth Rugs, Hassocks, Embossed Table Covers, Travelling Bags, Railway Rugs, Damasks, in all colours.

FLANNELS.

Blankets and Blanketing, White & Blue Serges, White, Blue, Green, Scarlet and Striped Flannels, Saxony & Welsh Flannels.

DRESSES.

Gala, Saxony, Engaged, German and Maccadorine Plaid Dresses, Silk, Mohair, Poplin, Twill Glace and Satins, Norwich Dresses, Silks, Satins, Satinettes, DuCapes, Silk & Cotton Velvets, French and British Merinoes, Coburghs, Alpaccas, Lustres, Orleans and Cotton for Dresses in great variety.

MILLINERY &c.

Bonnets, Caps, Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons, Fringes Braids, Girdles, French Stays, Mantles, Scarfs,, Shawls, &c.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

FURS.

Mink, Stone Marten, Squirrel and Mock Neutria Muffs, Capes, Boas, Victorines, Cuffs and Mits, Seal, Astrachan and Mock Neutria, Winter Capes, Lustred Seal, Coats, Gloves and Gauntlets.

SILVER PLATE.

A splendid assortment of Elkington and Cos. Electroplated goods.

Pickles, Tea and Salt Spoons, Table and Dessert Spoons and Forks, Sugar Tongs and Sifters, Toast Racks, Soup Ladles, Engraved and Chased Tea Pots, Sugar Baskets, Cruets &c.

GOLD AND PLATED GOODS.

Gold and Silver watches, Chains, Brooches, Bracelets, Pencils, Watch Keys & Seals, Rings, Studs & Pins: in gold and plated.

FANCY GOODS, &c.

Papier Machie,and other Inkstands, Card Baskets, Netting Boxes, Blotters, Lava Baskets and Busts; Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, Cloth, Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Combs: German and Shell, Fancy Soaps, & perfumery, 6 Alabaster Figures, with Glass Shades.

LEATHER.

Waxed Calf, Striped Seals and Cape, Assorted Roans & Lambs, Patent Calf, Enamelled Hide and Seals, White Kid, Chamois, Door Leather, Tanned Basils, Crust Goats, Pig Skins, Hog Skins, Leather Trunks, Travelling Bags & Hat Boxes.

IRONMONGERY, &c.

A great variety of Locks, Hinges, Screws, Pit and Crosscut Saws, Hand & Tenon Saws, Files, Planes, Chisels, Pen Knives, Knives & Forks, Braces and Bits, Augers, Gimlets, Squares, Steelyards, Ships' Compasses, Curled Hair.

Tea Indigo, Plymouth pale Soap, Oils, Paints, Soda, &c.

Charlottetown, 25th Oct., 1854.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

JUST RECEIVED from Boston, per Schooner *Ornament*, 100 Cooking, Franklin, and Air Tight STOVES, Farmers' BOILERS.

Also,

Bbls. Apples, for winter use, Onions, Candy, Tobacco, Cheese, Crackers, Soap, Candles, Burning Fluid, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps in great variety, Buffalo Robes, all of which he offers cheap at his Brick Store in Pownal Street.

THOMAS W. DODD.

Nov. 8. (All the papers 4w)

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.

JUST RECEIVED, *ex* Schr. *Myrtle* from Annapolis

150 Barrels APPLES—Baldwins, Greenings, Russets, Golden Pippins, &c. &c., selected for Family use.

Apply to
WILLIAM T. PAW,
Oct. 2. Auctioneer.

One more chance for the Public!

THE Subscriber intending to make an alteration in his line of business, now offers to the public his.

FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS,

which are just landing per Barque *Sir Alexander*, and *Annie Hall*, at an extraordinary cheap rate—considering the quality. While offering these GOODS to the public—which he knows will give them satisfaction—he can assure them that no pains have been spared by his Agents at Home to have them properly selected to suit this market.

Please to make an early call before they are all sold, and before it is too late.

JAMES PURDIE,

Charlottetown, October 27, 1854.