he could establish a legal qualification,—whereas the fact was, that in the Schedule of his qualification, handed to the Sheriff on the nomination day in March, 1850, there was set forth his qualification on account of his leasehold interest in 300 acres of land,—as well as his distinct qualification, on the 73 acres of freehold,—and to this qualification, as generally set forth in the Schedule, he had sworn. But, independently of the leasehold interest, he was willing to risk his qualification, in 1850, on his title to, and possession of, the 73 acres of freehold. That his title to it was good, was clearly shewn by the Deed itself, and the evidence concerning its transfer, on which he had already commented,—and, although witnesses had been called for the purpose of shewing that the land was not of value sufficient to constitute a legal pualification in its owner, the evidence of those identical witnesses had, in the main, rather tended ta establish than overthrow, the very fact which they had been summoned to disprove,—which was, however, put entirely beyond doubt and question, by the evidence of the very credible and respectable witnesses which he (Mr. W.) himself had summoned to shew the value of the property. It had been contended, that the land was worth nothing. But Mr. Dawson, on oath, had stated, that he had been offered £30, £40, and £45 for it, all of which he had refused, his upset price being £60,—that he had been offered £60 in a certain species of payment which he declined,—and, that he had asked him (Mr. W.) £60 for it, although he had, afterwards consented to take £50, and had actually sold it to him for that amount. Mr. J. R. Bourke could not say what the land was worth,—he could not say what he would have been willing to give for it at the time of the Sheriff's sale, because he did not then know what kind of land it was, or what kind or quantity of timber was on it,—but he had admitted, that the land was like land in general, some good, some bad; that 20, 30, or 40 acres of it might be hardwood land; and, that although he had not known of any masts having been cut off it, he had had a mast cut off land very near it. Mr. Kelly could not conscientiously value the land; he did not want it, and, therefore, would not give any thing for it; he, however, admitted, that part of it was good land, and, that there was very good hardwood timber upon it. Mr. Haszard, who in giving his evidence was as fierce as a lion, said he would not give £10 for the land: he said he was not biassed by any private or political prejudices in giving his evidence; and he (Mr. W.) was very willing to believe, that he really thought he was quite free from all influences which could unfairly affect his evidence. Still, however, he (Mr. W.) was persuaded, that he (Mr. H.) would give a good deal to have him (Mr. W.) sent to the devil, or any where else: and he would certainly have been much surprised if Mr. Haszard's evidence had been to a contrary effect. The evidence of the Hon. Mr. Coles and that of Mr. Dawson, both went to prove that the agreement entered into in 1846, gave him (Mr. W.) full power to exercise every right of ownership over the land,—and such was the opinion of all who new any thing about it. The hon. member for Charlottetown had chosen to repudiate the idea of that agreement ever having existed, notwithstanding the direct and positive evidence of the Hon. Mr. Coles and Mr. Dawson to the contrary,—and he had immediately endeavored to invalidate their evidence, by asking why the agreement was not produced. To his observations on that head, he (Mr. W.) however, would reply, that the existence of the agreement, and its exact nature and purport, had been established by evidence which could not be fairly impugned—and, that on the one side, an agreement which had been produced only to be cancelled, as the copy of it was produced by Mr. Dawson, was not likely to be preserved afterwards—and, that on the other, it had certainly not appeared to him (Mr. W.) to be at all necessary to rummage his drawers, in search of a document, setting forth an agreement which had been fulfilled to the very letter, as shewn by a valid instrument of a subsequent date. Mr. Mooney had stated, that he was well acquainted with the extent and quality of the land in question,—and, that he had offered £50 for it. Mr. Hughes had stated, that he had sold 150 acres of land of the same quality as his (Mr. W's.) for £90; but, that had he been going to live upon it himself, it would have been worth more to him. The evidence of Mr. Fitzsimmons was to the same effect. To all their witnesses, questions had been put, with the evident intent of drawing from them an admission, that they did not think the land worth £50,—but such questions had only elicited stronger evidence, that the land was of that value, or more,—and the hon. member for Charlottetown had not succeeded, in one solitary instance, in shewing that the land was not of the value placed upon it. The member for Charlottetown had chiefly directed his efforts and ingenuity to prove, that he (Mr. W.) had not a good qualification in the year 1850.

That was not the question before the Committee. The question was, had he (Mr. Palmer), or had he not, unjustly aspersed his character as a member of that House, by imputing to him the crime of perjury. Although he (Mr. Whelan) had already clearly established the validity of his qualification, which he contended could not in the least be affected by the law relating to the registry of Sheriff's deeds, he nevertheless denied emphatically that the member for Charlottetown, or any person else, had the right to call his qualification for the year 1850 into question—because he had been again elected in 1851 on a totally different qualification, and that was the only qualification then before the Committee. The deed of the property on the table did not constitute the whole of his qualification for 1850. He did not feel himself called upon to produce the qualification of that year, any more than the agreement in virtue of which he qualified in 1846. The member for Charlottetown had frequently before, the presumption to question his (Mr. Whelan's) qualification, long previous to the year 1850; but it was at last admitted by him in the course of the speech he had just delivered, that the agreement entered into in 1846, gave him an equitable qualification. The existence of that agreement was sworn to by two of the witnesses, (Mr. Dawson and Mr. Coles), the Deed before the Committee was transferred to him in fulfilment of that agreement—that was likewise sworn to by the two witnesses he had just mentioned; all the conditions of the agreement had been fulfilled—that was also sworn to by Mr. Dawson. Now, he would like to ask, if he h d an equitable title to the land, and an equitable qualification in 1846, in virtue of an agreement, how was it that he had no such equitable title, or no such equitable qualification in 1850, when the agreement was fulfilled, and merged in the deed? The member for Charlottetown had stated, that in 1850, he [Mr. Whelan] had no estate in the land, nor any interest whatever in it; if such were the fact, what did he mean by his admission, that he [Mr. Whelan] had an equitable title to it in 1846? Was an "equitable title," which gave him the right to sit in that House, no interest whatever in the estate? Oh, exclaims the member for Charlottetown, entrenching himself, as usual, behind a quibble and a sophism, he [Mr. Whelan] had no legal interest in the land—he was not in seizin or possession. Then pray who was in possession? Was Mr. Dawson? No. It had been declared by him upon his oath, that he [Mr. Whelan] could exercise all the rights of ownernership over the land, from the time the agreement was signed in 1846. He [Mr. Dawson] could not sell the land, nor, as he declared upon oath, interfere with him [Mr. Whelan] if he chose to sell it, previous to 1850. Not Mr. Whelan, said the member for Charlottetown, because his title, according to his [Mr. Palmer's] unauthorized and highly questionable version of the law, was not a legal title. Was Mr. Dawson then, the possessor? No, that could not be the case, because, according to the same high authority, he [Mr. Whelan had an equitable claim upon, and interest in, the land; Mr. Dawson, could not therefore, legally possess what another person had an equitable claim to. It was indeed, unnecessary to expose the absurdity of this quibble; it was a paltry and contemptible shuffle, which could exercise no influence upon any intelligent mind; but it was well in keeping with the general tenor of the speech delivered by the member for Charlottetown, which was remarkable for nothing, but its complete failure to establish the case he took in hand.

With respect to the hon. member's (Mr. P's) explanations touching the position in which he (Mr. P.) was placed before the Committee, as regarded what he had engaged to substantiate, he (Hon. Mr. W.) would merely observe, that a reference to the Resolution before the Committee would clearly shew, that the obligation resting upon him, and as assumed by himself, was to substantiate the implied charge of perjury: and not merely to shew that he (Mr. W.) had not a sufficient qualification. As, however, all the evidence he (Mr. P.) had been able to adduce, and all the poor and miserable arguments with which he had endeavored to sustain his allegations, had only tended to shew how unfounded and indefensible they were, he (Mr. W.) would not unnecessarily trespass any longer upon the patience of the Committee; but with the fullest confidence in their impartiality, he would now leave them to pronounce judgment in accordance with the evidence which had been adduced, unbiased, as he believed they were, by the special pleading, sophistries, quibbling, legal chicanery and finessing of him who had arrogantly assumed to himself the office of public prosecutor, without either its honors or its rewards.

THURSDAY, March 11th.

AFTERNOON SITTING.

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE OF PRIVILEGES,—Mr. FLYNN in the Chair.

Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, that Edward Palmer, Esquire, has failed to substantiate his implied charge of Perjury against the Hon. Edward Whelan, a Member of this House as made by him during the debate on the Lawyers' Bill.

YEAS—Messrs. Fraser, Coles, Pope, Jardine, Flynn, Mooney, M'Neill, Beaton, Davies, Clark, Speaker—11.

NAYS—Messrs. Thornton, Wightman, Haviland, M'Aulay, Yeo, Douse and Montgomery—7.

Mr. Speaker having resumed the Chair, the Chairman reported two Resolutions.

Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, that Edward Palmer, Esq., has failed to substantiate his implied charge of Perjury against the Hon. Edward Whelan, a member of this House, as made by him during the Debate on the Lawyers' Bill.

Resolved, As the opinion of the Committee, that the Deed laid on the Table of the House by the Hon. Edward Whelan, is a sufficient qualification to entitle him to a seat in this House, as a member thereof.

The first having been read, Mr. DOUSE moved an amendment.

Resolved, That the Deed of Conveyance for 73 acres of Wilderness Land on Township 37, conveyed from William Cundall, Esq., Sheriff of Queen's County, to John Dawson, dated July 24th, 1843, and transferred to the Hon. Edward Whelan, April 24th, 1850, comes within the meaning of the fourth clause of an Act to confirm Titles to Lands purchased under the several Acts for levying an Assessment on all Lands in this Island, as passed April 18th, 1845, viz.: "That no Deed of any Sale heretofore made, shall be deemed valid, unless such Deed be executed within six months after the passing of this Act; nor shall any such Deed as aforesaid be valid, before the same shall be duly registered."

The question being put on the said amendment, the House divided:

YEAS—Douse, Wightman, Yeo, Haviland, M'Aulay, Montgomery, Thornton—6.

NAYS—Honorables G. Coles, J. Pope, J. Warburton, and Dr. Jardine; Messrs. Fraser, Beaton, Clark, Mooney, M'Neill, Laird, Flynn, and Davies—12.

So the amendment was negatived.

Mr. THORNTON then moved an amendment to the first Resolution.

Whereas the following Resolution passed this House on the 2d instant:—

"Whereas Edward Palmer, Esq., a Member of this House, while the House was in Committee on the Lawyers' Bill, charged the Hon. E. Whelan, a Member of this House, by implication, with being a Perjurer, by having taken his seat in this House without a qualification which accusation this House believes to be unfounded: Therefore Resolved, That Mr. Palmer retract the implied accusation against Mr. Whelan (unless he is prepared to substantiate the same) and do apologize to this House for such uncalled for and unfounded language; and that Mr. Whelan be required to apologize to the House, for the unbecoming language made use of by him in debate."

And Mr. Palmer being called upon to make the said apology, replied as follows: "if time was given him to procure witnesses, he is prepared to prove, that at the time Mr. Whelan took his seat in the House, he was disqualified. He had already apologized to the House, and now did so again." Whereupon the House ordered, that Mr. Palmer be required, without any unnecessary delay, to substantiate the accusation he had preferred against Mr. Whelan. And whereas, upon a full investigation into the matter, before a Committee of Privileges, it appears that the Deed of the Property upon which Mr. Whelan qualified, is a Sheriff's Deed for Land sold at a Land Tax Sale, to Mr. John Dawson, and is dated the 24th of July, 1843, and the same was transferred to Mr. Whelan, as appears by endorsement on the said Deed, and which transfer, by the evidence of Mr. John Dawson and the "subscribing witness," was not executed by him until the 24th of April, 1850, is not yet recorded, nor was the consideration money fully paid until 1852; and therefore, at the time of Mr. Whelan's qualifying as a Candidate, in February, 1850, he had not a legal qualification:

Therefore Resolved, That this House deems Mr. Palmer, as by the evidence adduced, so far to have substantiated the charge. by proving, that in February, 1850, Mr. Whelan had not a legal qualification; but this House, considering, that when Mr. Whelan qualified in February, 1850, he was not fully acquainted with the provisions of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, the House therefore exonerates Mr. Whelan from the implied accusation of Perjury.

The question being put on the said amendment, the House divided:

YEAS—Messrs. Douse, Wightman, Yeo, Haviland, M'Aulay, Montgomery, Thornton and Davies—8.

NAYS—Honorables G. Coles, J. Warburton, J. Pope. and Dr. Jardine: Messrs. Beaton, Clark, Mooney, M'Neill, Laird, Flynn, and Fraser—11.

So the amendment was lost.

The question was then put on the first Resolution, and it was carried without a division.

The second Resolution being then read, Mr. Haviland, moved word "is," in the second line be struck out, and the words "was not," be substituted; and that the words, "in March, 1850," be added to the end after said Resolution.

Hon. Mr. POPE, then moved in amendment to the amendment, that the words proposed so to be struck out do stand part of the motion, and that the words proposed to be added at the end be not inserted.

The House divided on Mr. Pope's amendment.

YEAS—Honorables J. Warburton, J. Pope, J. Jardine, and G. Coles; Messrs. Beaton, Clark, Mooney, Flynn, M'Neill, Laird, Davies and Fraser—12.

NAYS—Messrs. Montgomery, M'Aulay, Wightman, Thornton, Haviland, Douse and Yeo—7.

The question being then put on the second Resolution, it passed in the affirmative on the same division.

MORNING SITTING.

FRIDAY, March 12.

HOUSE IN COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES—Mr. FLYNN in the Chair.

Mr. FRASER moved the following Resolution,

Whereas Edward Palmer, Esq., in his place, accused—by implication—the Hon. Edward Whelan, of perjury, and was allowed by this House, the alternative of retracting or substantiating the same; and whereas, upon a full investigation, he having failed to substantiate said charge: Therefore Resolved, that the Speaker do admonish Edward Palmer, Esq., and require him to make the following apology

I Edward Palmer, while in the heat of debate, *in charging*—by implication—the Hon. Edward Whelan, of Perjury—*now* acknowledge that I have done wrong, and retract the *accusation*.

Mr. CLARK, moved to amend the said Resolution, *as follows*:

Resolved, That as Edward Palmer, Esq., a *member of this* House, has failed to prove the charge—by implication—*of Perjury*, made by him against the Hon. Edward Whelan, he *be called* upon to retract such charge, in accordance with the *Resolution* of the House, of the 2d March, instant.

The question being then put on Mr. Clark's amendment, it was carried by the Committee.

Hon. Mr. WARBURTON then moved, that E. Palmer, Esq., be called upon to defray the expenses of the witnesses examined before the Committee of Privileges.

An amendment was thereupon moved as follows:

Resolved, That Edward Palmer, Esquire, having failed to prove the charge of Perjury, preferred by him—by implication—against the Hon. Edward Whelan, he be called upon to defray the expenses of the witnesses summoned by him before the Committee on Privileges.

And the question being put on the said amendment, it was carried in the affirmative by the Committee.

Resolved, That as Edward Palmer, Esq., a Member of this House, has failed to prove the charge—by implication—of Perjury made by him against the Hon. Edward Whelan, he be called upon to retract such charge, in accordance with the Resolution, of the House, of the 2d March, instant.

Resolved, That Edward Palmer, Esquire, having failed to prove the charge of Perjury preferred by him—by implication—against the Hon. Edward Whelan, he be called upon to defray the expenses of the witnesses summoned by him before the Committee on Privileges.

The House resumed.

The two Resolutions agreed to in Committee were reported; and the First of them having been again read, the question of concurrence being put thereon, it was unanimously agreed to by the House.

The Second of the said Resolutions being then again read, and the question put thereon, the House divided:

Yeas—Honbles. Messrs. Coles, Jardine, Warburton, and Pope; Messrs. Flynn, Fraser, Clark, M'Neill, Beaton, Mooney, Davies and Land—12.

Nays—Messrs. Haviland, Montgomery, Wightman, Thornton, Yeo, M'Aulay, and Douse—7.

So it was carried in the affirmative.

Mr. MONTGOMERY, then moved that the House do come to a Resolution as follows:

Resolved, That from the evidence adduced, the Hon. Edward Whelan had not a legal qualification, when he took his seat in this House, in March, 1850.

The Hon. the Colonial Treasurer moved, in amendment, that Mr. Montgomery have leave to withdraw his motion.

The House divided on motion of amendment.

AYES—Honorables G. Coles, J. Warburton, J. Pope, and Dr. Jardine; Messrs. M'Neill, Davies, Laird, Fraser, Flynn, and Mooney,—10.

NAYS—Messrs. Montgomery, Haviland, Wightman, Thornton, Yeo, M'Aulay, Douse, Clark, and Beaton—9.

So it was carried in the affirmative, and ordered accordingly.

Mr. PALMER having then been called in, and the first of the said Resolutions having been read to him, by Mr. Speaker, Mr. Palmer in his place, stated that he retracted the words used by him on the evening of the 2d March, with reference to the charge of Perjury, made against certain *Members* of the House.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. POPE,

Resolved, That Mr. Palmer has complied with the order of the House.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1852.

We intended last week to have issued an EXTRA, to have kept pace with the Debates in the House of Assembly, but the Copy being delayed in another Office, we were prevented.

The Debates and proceedings in Mr. Whelan's case, having extended to more than we calculated, and being desirous of giving the subject entire, in one Paper, we have been obliged to exclude several Communications, and some news. The Mail due yesterday, has not yet arrived. We intend, in order to lay before our readers, matter on hand, and any news that may arrive dy the English Mail, now expected, to issue an EXTRA on Thursday next.

We are informed that the House of Assembly will rise some day next week.

The proceedings of the Bible Society Meeting, "A Female Teacher," "An Observer," and "Native" have been received and will be attended to as early as we can find room.

We did not receive the Advertisement of the Commissioner of Roads of the 8th District of Prince County, until Friday last, too late for last week's paper.

By the arrival of the Couriers on Friday last, we are put in possession of News a few days later *via* the United States.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Late papers received by brigt. Halifax, from Boston, contain intelligence by the Arctic, which arrived at New York on Monday last.

A new Ministry has been formed with the Earl of Derby at the head.

Parliament had adjourned over till Friday, the 27th, in order to allow the new Premier to complete his arrangements.

Lord John Russell's resignation had been definitively accepted by the Queen on the 21st Feb., and Lord Derby, (late Stanley,) on Monday, 23d, submitted a list of his cabinet to Her Majesty, and kissed hands on his appointment to office. The new Ministry consists of:—

First Lord of the Treasury.—The Earl of Derby.
Lord High Chancellor.—Sir E. Sugden, with a peerage.
President of the Council.—The Earl of Lonsdale.
Lord Privy Seal.—Marquis of Salisbury.
Chancellor of the Exchequer (probably) Mr. D'Israeli.
Secretary of State for Home Department.—Mr. Walpole.
Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.—Earl of Malmesbury.
Secretary for the Colonies.—Sir J. Packington.

☞ There will be a Collection made in St. Paul's Church on next Lord's day morning, in aid of the Episcopal Sunday School.

Died,

On the 11th ult., at the Manse of Kilchrennan, Rev. John MacLennan, Minister of that parish.

The deceased is well known on this Island, having been for many years Minister of the Church at Belfast. In Sept. 1849, he left the Island for Scotland, and laboured for about two years at Cromarty, when he was removed to the Parish of Kilchrennan.

On Saturday last, Mr. James Millner, sen., Tinsmith, aged 72 years, an old and respectable Inhabitant of this Town.

Passengers.

In the Ice Boat on Friday last, Captain SLEIGH, from England. This gentleman purchased Mr. Worrell's Estate on this Island a short time since.

ERRATUM.—In the date of debate, in first page of the paper for WEDNESDAY 18th, read WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3d.

LOST.

A large black Newfoundland DOG, having one white spot on his left hind toe. He answers to the name of "ROVER."

—ALSO—

A Newfoundland PUPPY, answering to the name of "SABLE." He is black, very fat, with curling hair; a white spot on the back of his neck, and a white chest.

Whoever will bring any information of the above-mentioned dogs, either to the Office of this Paper, or to Captain BAYFIELD, will be handsomely rewarded.

March 22, 1852.

PALE SEAL OIL,

Of excellent quality on Sale, by

W. B. WELLNER,
near the Jail.

Charlottetown, 18th March, 1852. 3w.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Court for the Recovery of Small Debts at Murray Harbour, has been advertised to be held on the Second Tuesday of the Month, the day on which that of St. Peter's is held: it is therefore found expedient to give further notice, that it will in future, be held on the FIRST THURSDAY, instead of the second Tuesday, before notified.

DAVID CRICHTON, Clerk,

Murray Harbour, March 16, 1852.

Road District No. 5, Queen's County.

ON Monday the 5th April next, I will set up and sell at Public Auction to the lowest bidder, on the spot, the repairs of Bonshaw Bridge: Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, forenoon. Same day letting the repairing of a Bridge on Sawyer's Brook.

On Tuesday the 6th, the sum of £6 will be expended on building a new bridge on Melville Road, near Waddle's: sale to commence at 10 o'clock, forenoon. Same day, letting the repairs of Sturdy's Bridge.

On Wednesday the 7th, the building of a new Bridge on Westmoreland Road, near Joseph Trousdale's: sale to commence at at o'clock.

JOSEPH TROUSDALE, Commissioner.

Crapaud, Lot 29, March 22, 1852.

☞Road District No. 10, Queen's County.

THE Subscriber hereby notifies all those persons who have subscribed towards opening a new Road from Malcolm McLeod's Orwell, to Newtown Road, that their respective sums so subscribed must be paid to me, on or before the 20th of April, as the Legislative Grant cannot be got, until the money is lodged with me, and to accommodate subscribers in the rear Settlements, I have authorized Edward Robertson, Newtown, and P. Stephens, Orwell Cove, both Merchants, to receive the money and grant receipts.

SAMUEL MURCHISON, Commissioner.

Point Prim, March 22, 1852.

Road District No. 9, Prince County.

ON Wednesday the 7th April next, the sum of £35 will be expended at Public Auction, towards building a new Wharf at west side of Crapaud: sale to commence at 10 o'clock. Same day, at 12 o'clock, £5 will be expended on Bridge near Samuel Dawson's. Same day, at 3 o'clock, £5 will be expended on Michael Clark's Bridge. Same day, at 4 o'clock, £10 will be expended on Causeway, near Samuel Leard's.

Approved securities will be required for the performance of each Contract.

JOHN LORD, Commissioner.

A stray Ewe Sheep, with the top cut off the right ear, and two slits in the left ear, long tail, has been on the Subscriber's Premises for four months last past. The Owner is requested to come and take her away and pay expenses.

BENJAMIN WRIGHT.

Charlottetown Royalty Mills, March 4, 1852.

TO LET on Lease, with liberty to purchase, if so required, part of the Lands belonging to the Subscriber, known as the "ESKER" Estate, situate at the Eastern extremity of Charlottetown, comprising Eleven Town Lots and portions of Two Common Lots. This Property has been laid off into Building Lots, and will be let by private contract agreeably to a plan to be seen at the Office of JOHN LONGWORTH, Esq.

W. S. LONGWORTH.

Charlottetown, January 6, 1852.

AUCTIONS.

By H. W. LOBBAN.

ON FRIDAY, the 2d April next, at the Store of S. C. HOLMAN, Corner of Water and Pownal Streets.
8 Hhds. Trinidad Molasses
20 Chests and half-chest Souchong and Congo Tea
50 Bbls. Canada Flour
10 Boxes Tobacco (honey dew)
20 Bbls. Onions
10 Bbls. bright Muscovado Sugar
8 Bbls. Cider Vinegar, &c., &c., &c.
☞ Terms at Sale.
March 23, 1852.

Postponed Sale.

Nine wrecked Vessels for Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY the 24th day of MARCH inst., at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, where they now lie at Princetown, Malpeque, will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, the following VESSELS and other Property, for the benefit of all concerned, viz.: the Schooners *H. Ingram, Good Intent, Index, Lucinda, Martha Ann, William, Ocean*; the *Balarama*, at Fish Island, and *Montano*, at Hog Island.

These Vessels will be sold each with Spars, Rigging, Sails, Anchors, Chains, Hawsers, and every other article belonging to them.

—ALSO—

A large quantity of Fish Barrels and half-Barrels containing Salt and Bait, viz.: Herrings, Bokies and Clams, together with Bait Mills, Buts for Fish, spare Anchors, Hawsers, Rope, Compasses, and a variety of other articles in the Fishing and Ship Chandlery line; all of which will be sold with or without Registers, as the Purchasers choose. See Handbills for particulars.

J. WEATHERBE, Broker.

March 1, 1852.

ON MONDAY the 29th MARCH, instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Store of JONATHAN WEATHERBE, Esq., Pownal Street, the remainder of his STOCK IN TRADE, consisting of—

DRY GOODS;

Black and Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Shepherd's Plaid, California Cloth, Satinetts, Casinetts, Tweeds, Moleskins, Homespuns in great variety, Vestings, Oregon Dresses, Orleans, Coburgs, Cloaking; furniture, white and lining Cottons; Cotton, woollen Gloves, Cashmere do., Silk and Lace do., Kid do., worsted and cotton Hose, Bonnet Silk and Persian, Paris Hats, Cloth Caps, Summer Hats, Men's and Children's Boots, Rubbers, Cravats, Veils, Muslin Collars and Sleeves, Habit Shirts, Berlin Wool Hoods and Caps, Ribbons, Tapes, Reels, Side Combs, Buttons, Silk and Twist, Padding, Youths' Belts, Fur Gauntlets, Boas.

SUNDRIES;

Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Dried Apples, Digby Herrings, Snuff, Tar, Pitch and Rosin, Cane seat Chairs, Nails, Rope, cooking, tight, air and franklin Stoves, Brooms, Shovels, *Cast Steel Spades*, Forks, Rakes, Table Salt, Earthenware, Pots, Glass, Looking Glasses, Screws, Pen and Pocket Knives, Razors, Thimbles, Shoe Brushes, Letter and long Paper, Envelopes, Friction Matches, and sundry other articles, too numerous to particularize.

TERMS.—Two months' Credit, on approved Notes, for all sums over Five Pounds.

W. H. GARDINER,
Charlottetown, March 9, 1852. Auctioneer.

SELLING OFF.

THE

SUBSCRIBER WILL SELL OFF HIS REMAINING

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

AT a large reduction in price, preparatory to receiving his Spring Supply.

Parties from the COUNTRY, desirous of securing BARGAINS, will do well, not to lose the present opportunity.

Terms in all cases *CASH.*

JAMES DESBRISAY.

Upper Queen-street,
Near "Apothecaries' Hall,"
March 12, 1852. 1m.

ROAD ADVERTISEMENTS.

District No. 5, King's County.

ON FRIDAY, the 2d April next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., will be sold at Public Auction, to the lowest bidder, repairing Little Inlet Bridge. On the same day, Campbell's School-house Bridge; on the same day, road from the Chapel, Lot 47, by Mr Angus M'Isaac's. On the day following, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the East Lake Bridge; on the same day, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, Eastern Bason Bridge.

RONALD MACDONALD, Commissioner.

Prospect Hill, March 16, 1852.

District No. 3, King's County.

I Hereby give Notice, that I will on THURSDAY the 8th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, noon, [provided the subscription of £10 from the inhabitants is paid into my hands, on or before that day,] set up and sell to the lowest bidder, the building of a new Wharf, south side of Bay Fortune Harbour.

Good security will be required for the due performance of each Contract.

JOHN M'INTOSH, Commissioner.

Naufrage, Lot 43, March 16, 1852.

Road District No. 1, Queen's County.

THE furnishing of the Timber for the following Bridges, will be let to the lowest bidder, on the 3d day of April next—commencing at Corbett's Settlement Bridge, at 10 o'clock, a m.; at Wigmore's Road, two Bridges, 12 o'clock; at Sutherland's Creek, 2 o'clock.

GEORGE M'KAY, Commissioner.

New London, March 16, 1852.

District No. 9, Queen's County.

THE Subscriber will on Saturday, the 27th instant, at 9 o'clock, sell at Public Auction, the repairing and flooring Vernon River Bridge. Same day, at 11 o'clock, the building a new Bridge at Hayden's Mills,

J. L. HAYDEN, Commissioner.

Vernon River, March 12, 1852.

District No. 1, King's County.

ON Tuesday the 30th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, the rebuilding of the Bridge near the Chapel, on the Road leading from Mount Stewart to Cardigan, will be sold at Public Auction, to the lowest bidder. At 2 o'clock, same day, repairs to the Bridge near Barratt's Mill.

On Wednesday the 31st, at 10 o'clock, forenoon, repairs to the Bridge over the head of the Hillsborough. At 1 o'clock, same day, new planking the Bridge, near Doyle's, on the Saint Peter's Road. At 3 o'clock, same day, repairs of the Bridge near Hooper's Morel.

Approved securities will be required for the due performance of each Contract.

JOHN E. W. ALLEYNE, Commissioner.

Hillsborough, Lot 38, March 12, 1852.

District No. 6, King's County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will attend at Cooper's Mills, on Monday, the 30th of March, inst., at 4 o'clock, afternoon, to let by Auction, to the lowest bidder, the covering and planking the Bridge at said Mills.

Good Security will be required for the performance of the Contracts.

W. UNDERHAY, Commissioner.

Bay Fortune, March 10, 1852.

Road District No. 4. Prince County.

THE Subscriber will on Wednesday, the 24th instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, let to the lowest bidder on the spot, repairing the Bridge at Plasted's Mill. Same day, at 3 o'clock, the sum of £15 will be expended towards the erection of a Wharf, at or near Mr. Cooper's Shore.

DAVID RAMSAY, Commissioner.

March 15, 1852.

District No. 5, Prince County.

THE undersigned will attend at the hereafter-mentioned places, where he will let at Public Sale, to the lowest bidder, upon approved security, the following Bridges, and one Scow for Ellis River Ferry:—

On Friday, March 29th, at 10 o'clock, forenoon, two Bridges, commencing at Peter Clement's Bridge. Same day, at 12 o'clock, Bridge at M'Nally's Mill.

Tuesday, April 1st at 10 o'clock, forenoon, one Scow at Ellis River Ferry.

PETER M'GREGOR, Commissioner.

Lot 16, March 6, 1852.