

THE CAMPAIGN.

Prince County—The Liberal-Conservative Candidates.

{ CORNELIUS HOWATT, ESQ. }
{ EDWARD HACKETT, ESQ. }

King's County—The Candidates.

{ AUSTIN C. McDONALD, ESQ. }
{ DR. MUTTART. }

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 16, 1878.

Franchise Voters Disfranchised.

JUDGE ALLEY has decided that the names of all franchise voters who did not pay their poll-tax previous to the 18th day of June last shall not be entered upon the Revised Voters' Lists. This decision involves serious considerations. Several hundreds of voters who have been invested with the right to vote, on payment of the amount of their assessment at any time previous to the day of election, and who have always exercised that right, are now disfranchised under an Act of the Legislature, which imposes hindrances and restrictions heretofore unknown—hindrances and restrictions of which no official notice has been given.

We have no doubt that before coming to a decision which deprives hundreds of men of their electoral rights, Judge Alley gave the law bearing upon the matter his most serious and careful consideration. There are, however, lawyers who think Judge Alley's decision a wrong one; and we understand that Counsel for the Franchise voters are now taking steps to test it before the Supreme Court. The Attorney General should, at this juncture, exert himself on behalf of the young men. Will he do so? We shall see.

CIVIC.

We must not forget that a Mayor and five Councillors for the City of Charlottetown, have to be elected on the first Tuesday of August. It is understood that Mr. Carvell will not again consent to accept the Mayoralty; and the term of the following Councillors will expire on Civic election day:—

Ward 1.—Councillor Morris.
Ward 2.— “ Quirk.
Ward 3.— “ Heartz.
Ward 4.— “ Harris.
Ward 5.— “ Smith.

In the selection of men to perform the responsible and (we may add) onerous duties appertaining to the offices of Mayor and City Councillors much care should be taken. Without regard to party or to creed—the very best men should be chosen, and, when chosen, should consent to act. Public spirit and private interest alike demand that the representatives of the City shall be able, discreet and honorable men.

If this be so, it is high time the electors began to look about them. Little more than a fortnight remains to do the work of selecting, canvassing and electing.

Names.

We note that the editor of the *Patriot* has taken to “calling names;” and we must admit that in the names he calls he displays remarkable ingenuity, originality and vigor of mind. It is said that Sir Francis Hincks merely appropriated an apt phrase when he termed the Grit party the “Organized Hypocrisy;” and it is not certain that Disraeli, who once used it, did not crib it from some earlier wit. At all events the name has an antique sound. But it is quite evident that the names the *Patriot* calls are new and that they are original with its editor. They, however, remind one of the interview, reported by Boswell, between Dr. Johnson and the King, in which the latter remarks:—

“Why, truly, then, when it comes to calling names argument is pretty well to an end.”

The Benevolent Irish Society picnic, held at St. Dunstan's College yesterday, ended very pleasantly. In the afternoon the weather became extremely fine, and at three o'clock a very large congregation assembled on the grounds. Among those present we noticed the honrs. F. Brecken, James Duncan, Col. McGill, and a large number of prominent citizens. The Harverly Jubilee Singers were also present in a body, and afforded considerable amusement by rendering a number of their popular songs in the open air. The goodly number present spent a very enjoyable evening, by dancing in the College Hall, where sweet music was discoursed by Messrs. Dougan & McEachern. Quoting, swinging, etc., was carried out in the play grounds during the day to a very large extent. The party returned home by special train at 7 o'clock, and the members of the society marched in procession to the Hall.

WALKING MATCH.—The walking match at Chicago on the 11th, in which Daniel O'Leary challenged Schmell to walk 250 miles while he would walk 275 miles, closed on the evening of the 13th. Schmell won, having completed his 250 miles at 9.50 o'clock. O'Leary did not finish his 275 miles until 10 o'clock.

The Twelfth in Montreal.

CROWDED STREETS—ARRIVAL OF ROUGHS IN THE CITY—INTERVIEWS BETWEEN THE MAYOR AND LEADING ORANGEMEN—ARREST OF ORANGE LEADERS—THE PROCESSION STOPPED—ATTACK UPON THE HALL.

[From the *Witness* July 12.]

THE SITUATION.

At last the day towards which nearly all thoughts, anxieties and fears in this city have been unavoidably directed during the past few weeks has arrived. From extensive consultation with prominent Protestants it seemed to be an incontrovertible fact that the published legal opinion, to the effect that the Orange order was an illegal organization, and that they had consequently no right to walk in procession, had produced a wonderfully rapid change of sentiment, so much so that one and all hesitated not to counsel that the Orangemen should forego their celebration to-day. The Orangemen had hoped for protection from the military, but the anomalous position in which the whole question was placed by the procession having been declared illegal made it evident that all the troops would or could properly be employed for would be to suppress any disturbance that might arise on the streets without regard to any party involved, and consequently the Orangemen found their hopes were vain.

THE ORANGEMEN ENTREATED NOT TO WALK.

In the presence of this state of affairs, and the dark outlook for the Orangemen to-day, several leading Protestant magistrates last evening approached members of the Orange Celebration Committee and urged them to reconsider their determination to march, advising instead that, after the excitement of the Twelfth had passed, they should test the legal point at issue by a small number of members of the Order marching in the streets and allowing themselves to be arrested, so that the whole matter might be brought before the Courts of Justice.

A LETTER FROM THE MAYOR.

The Orange Celebration Committee also received a communication during the evening from Mayor Beaudry, urging them to desist from their purpose to have the procession. Some of the magistrates stated that the Mayor had agreed to permit the Orangemen to test the legality of their procession by a few of their number walking and being quietly arrested, and afterwards released on bail; but as there was no intimation of this kind in the Mayor's letter, the Committee resolved not to comply with His Worship's request, and Mr. Grant, County Master, will reply to that effect.

ARRIVAL OF ROUGHS FROM QUEBEC.

A crowd of several hundred persons assembled at the Richelieu Company's wharf this morning to await the arrival of the “Quebec” steamer. The police, many of them armed with rifles, were in attendance to preserve order. As the steamer touched the wharf the crowd on shore loudly cheered the steamer, and were in return cheered by those on board. Several hundred roughs disembarked from the steamer after being searched by the detectives, but no arms were found on them. They were met by a crowd on shore. The roughs split into three parties and pursued different courses. One party proceeded along St. Paul street, talking loudly and hooting any Volunteers they chanced to meet. Another party came up St. Francois Xavier street, indulging in threats against the Kingston Battery, and Orangemen in general. They insulted two young men whom they met, but did not offer to molest them.

GATHERING AT THE HALL.

From 8 o'clock this forenoon Orangemen and Orange Young Britons, but more especially the latter, began to gather in the Orange Hall on St. James Street, and numbers could be seen from time to time around the door, but the squads of city policemen, as they passed, ordered them in. Shortly before that time Mr. Fred Hamilton, one of the marshals, drove up to the hall wearing a high beaver hat, around which was an orange silk coil. Suspended from his belt was a scabbard in which it was presumed there was the usual sword. As he was approaching the hall, a carter passing by at the time deliberately drove out of his way and made an attempt to strike the horse.

A RASCALLY ASSAULT ON A VOLUNTEER.

As the Prince of Wales Rifles were passing through the square, a special constable struck Bandsman Sharpe a heavy blow on the back of the head. The constable was caught by the other volunteers, but was immediately handed over to the civic authorities by order of the Colonel, and liberated by the crowd. Sharpe was removed to the Guard House in the Drill Shed, when his wound was attended to.

ON VICTORIA SQUARE AND VICINITY.

Victoria Square and Radegonde street this morning presented a lively military aspect. The 50th regiment or Huntington Borderers, to the number of 292 men, were stationed around the north-west corner of the square, so as to face on the square and a portion of Bonaventure street. A little further up the 51st regiment from Hemmingford were stationed in Evans' wood-yard, occupying a sunny position on top of the elevated tramways. The “B” Battery, which was divided into divisions, protected the foot of Beaver Hall Hill. The mounted men of the two Batteries, forming a cavalry escort of twenty-four men, not before counted in the strength of the Batteries, were stationed across the head of Palace street.

PLACE D'ARMES SQUARE.

About 9.30 a.m., the 53rd and 54th marched with fixed bayonets along St. James street to the square, under command of Lieut-Col. Aylmer. They numbered 489 officers and men, and marched with military precision. Their marching was, in fact, the subject of much favorable comment, and take them all in all, those two Battalions formed a force of which any commander

might be proud. When they marched through the motley crowds gathered in some portions of the square there was a slight attempt at jeering, by a few roughs, which however, quickly subsided. The Battalions were ranged in line facing outward from three sides of the square. Chief Marshal Hamilton of the Orange procession had gone to meet the troops, and after they had arrived rode through the crowd into the police enclosure, in front of the Orange Hall, without being molested. Upon being asked by our reporter why he rode with the troops, he replied that he was waiting for them to reach their allotted position before giving orders for the procession to form. This force was the last getting into position, and, as no procession was formed, were kept standing there. Guards marched with fixed bayonets about three paces in front of the men and kept the crowd back. Colonel Smith was the magistrate with this force.

THE RESERVE.

At nine o'clock the city troops marched from the Champ de Mars to take up the position on Dominion Square assigned to them in to-day's movements. They numbered about 1,670 strong rank and file, presenting a most formidable array. Too much praise cannot be bestowed on the neat appearance and steady marching of these military preservers of the peace. All along the line of march prominent citizens had placed servants with buckets of ice-water, which was thankfully and quickly drunk up by the thirsty soldiers.

AT THE ORANGE HALL.

About ten minutes after nine o'clock Chief Naegel and Sub-Chief Paradis, with six sergeants and fifty-four policemen armed with rifles, and about the same number armed only with batons, marched up in front of the Orange Hall, where they took up their position.

THE MAYOR INTERVIEWS THE ORANGE COUNTY MASTER.

A few minutes after the arrival of the police Mayor Beaudry and Alderman Mercer walked up to the hall and met Mr. D. Grant, County Master, and Mr. A. Mackey, District Master, who were standing at the door. The Mayor expressed his desire to have some conversation with these gentlemen and they all together, with our reporter entered the *National* office, where an interview was held.

The Mayor proposed that the Orangemen should form their procession, when some half-dozen of their number should be quietly arrested, and then the procession should be given up. He urged that his only desire was to preserve the peace, and that such a course as he proposed would be in the interests of the city at large, and by following it they would have the respect and support of the whole respectable community.

Mr. Grant said he only looked upon their proposed demonstration as an assertion of principle.

After further entreaty on the part of the Mayor and Alderman Mercer, Messrs. Grant and Mackey declared that they would go in procession to church, and the interview, which was very amicable throughout, ended. Immediately after the Orange officers went up to their hall to open their lodge meeting.

COUNTRY ORANGEMEN.

Shortly before 10 o'clock, this forenoon, about fifty men marched along St. James Street, two and two, the majority of them carrying heavy walking-sticks, and our reporter learned that they were Orangemen from Granby and Cowansville, who had arrived to-day. They applied first to the police ranged along the west side of Place d'Armes Square across St. James Street, to get through to the Orange Hall, but permission was refused them. They then marched down to Fortification Lane, and made an effort to get into the hall by the back way. Not succeeding in this they marched to the east side of the police, but here again admission through to the hall was refused, and they accordingly wheeled about and marched off. Several of their opponents made uncomplimentary remarks, but the peace was not broken in any way.

THE CROWD

which fills the street on either side of the Orange Hall is thoroughly organized, and commanded by leaders who give such orders as “Keep back, good boys.” At one time there was apparently some cause of offence in the lane behind the hall, and one man whistled and motioned to those standing on St. James Street to come on, and in a moment the lane was crowded. Several commenced throwing stones, which some took from their pockets, at the building. This did not suit the views of the leaders of the main body, and those in the lane were ordered away, the reason given being that they must not give the military cause to act. All are sober and evidently determined to keep inside the law as it is interpreted at present by the Mayor. The fife and drum band of the Orange Young Britons were playing lively tunes in the rear end of the hall, which might have had something to do with it.

ARRESTING THE ORANGEMEN.

The army of special constables were, by the order of the Mayor, arranged in an irregular line before the Orange Hall, extending from Place d'Armes to St. Lambert Hill. The motley crowd, swinging their batons, awaited the appearance of the Orangemen, while at the extremes of the line immense crowds were kept back by the police. Suddenly some of the Orangemen appeared at the door, and the procession was about to start, when an order was given to arrest the marshal. Constable Beauregard took hold of one, while several others laid hands on three others, while the special constables, who were shaking their batons in the air, were restrained. The High Constable, with several of the detectives, were at the door, and gave the order for the arrest. Immediately it became known that several arrests had been made a loud, long cheer was raised, which echoed down the street, and was reiterated from the crowd which occupied the steps and platform of the Bank of Montreal. A stampede towards the Police Court and Central

Station attracted large crowds which had occupied the steps to the French church and vicinity, while an alarm of fire, with the reels from No. 2 station, drew numbers in the opposite direction. Four of the Orangemen arrested were taken to the office of the High Constable in the Police Court, where all attempts to ascertain the names or positions of the accused met with gruff and unsatisfactory replies. It was, however, learned that among the four were David Grant, County Master, and Fred Hamilton, Grand Marshal, the accusations against whom were also kept private. Thomas Ingram, Assistant Grand Marshal, was also arrested and taken to the Central Station. Two of the marshals were pulled from their horses when arrested and taken to the Police Court. Several men visited the Central Station, curious to see the regalia of an Orangeman, which was viewed with evident curiosity.

ANOTHER INTERVIEW BETWEEN THE MAYOR AND ORANGE OFFICERS.

Soon after the arrest, Mayor Beaudry and Ald. Mercer held a second interview with the officers of the Orange Association, in their hall, when, it is understood, the latter consented, so far as they were concerned, to give up the procession to-day, the Mayor on his part guaranteeing the Orangemen protection to get safely away from the hall. The question was then submitted to the Lodge meeting.

THE PROCESSION GIVEN UP.

About 11 o'clock Ald. Mercer, having become impatient for the decision of the Orangemen, entered the Hall and had another interview with the Orange Officers. After some fifteen minutes stay, he came out and stated that the Orangemen had resolved to give up the procession under protest, and to ask the Mayor to clear the streets so that there might be no danger of their being attacked when they came out, and also to furnish a guard to protect the hall to-night. He stated that a formal communication to that effect was then being written. Up to 11.45 this communication had not been received.

A STARTLING PHASE OF THE TROUBLES.

Opinion is divided among the Orange party in the Hall as to what will be done, but a large number will not forego the procession until they find there is no expectation of it taking place. A Union Jack, with an Orange fringe, has been hung out of the hall, and some of the occupants can be seen at the window. From information gleaned by our reporter there is no doubt but that telegraphic communications are passing between Orangemen here and their friends in the West, and if they hold out until the evening the inference will be that there is some movement in Ontario on their behalf. Already telegrams have been received from Kingston foreboding an Orange invasion from that quarter.

ORANGEMAN ASSAULTED.

About half-past eleven o'clock an Orangeman who it is said displayed his colors indiscreetly was attacked at the corner of St. Lawrence and Craig streets by a large crowd of roughs who are gathered at that point. The policemen who were present seemed quite helpless and allowed matters to drift.

THE ORANGEMEN STILL IN CUSTODY.

Ald. Mercer also learned in the lodge room that there was no arrangement for bailing out the Orangemen, and consequently proceeded forthwith to the Police Court and found such to be the fact. He stated it was his intention to bail them out.

SILLY WOMEN.

Shortly after ten o'clock two women attracted considerable attention by promenading St. James street with the fashionable color of Paris in rosette form prominently displayed on their bosoms. Their appearance excited a good deal of attention. About the same hour two women and a man made an exhibition of themselves by piling on a fellow who carried an Orange lily. They drove him out of the street.

Two women who were standing behind the perambulating ice-cream stand at the corner of Victoria Square came to words and then blows, using their umbrellas as weapons. They were separated and a company of the 50th marched with fixed bayonets to clear the place.

ANNUAL PIC-NIC

OF THE
ST. PATRICK'S T. A. SOCIETY.
THE Members of St. Patrick's Total Abstinence Society will hold their Annual
PIC-NIC TO-MORROW,
WEDNESDAY, JULY 17th,
ON THE BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS OF
ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE.

Games of every description will be provided, for which liberal prizes will be given.

A first-class Refreshment Booth will be on the grounds, conducted on strictly Temperance principles.

The arrangements for Dancing and other amusements will be such as to please all parties.

The Grand Division S. of T., St. Joseph's T. A. Society and several Temperance Societies from the country will participate.

The procession will leave St. Patrick's Hall at 10 o'clock, a.m.

The Rustico Brass Band will be in attendance.

Admission 25 cents; Children half price.

Tickets to be had at the Stores of W. R. Watson, Owen Connolly & Co., S. W. Dodd and John Gahan, Esqs., and at entrance to the grounds.

THOMAS HAGAN,
Secretary of Committee.
Ch'town, June 26, 1878.—twaw

JOB PRINTING Neatly and Promptly Executed at the **EXAMINER PRINTING ROOMS**, Water Street, Charlottetown,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Sale or to Let

A NEW COTTAGE, situated on Pleasant Street, containing eight rooms, with Stable and Coach-house attached. For particulars, apply to

P. C. KELLY,
127 Upper Queen St.
Ch'town, July 16—3i eod

SYDNEY COAL.

REDUCTION IN PRICE!

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

THE GENERAL MINING ASSOCIATION (Limited) beg to intimate to the Public that the price of SYDNEY COAL has been

Reduced to \$2 per ton of 2240 lbs., a price which it is hoped will place it within the reach of all consumers.

The opening of the new winning at “THE SYDNEY MINES” and the fact that the SYDNEY COAL now being shipped is all from the DEEP taken in connection with recent improvements in the process of screening, affords purchasers a positive guarantee of the very superior quality and condition of the SYDNEY COAL now offered for sale.

It is a well-known fact that for many years past the prices of other Cape Breton coals have been regulated by the rates fixed for SYDNEY COAL; but while it is true that other coals, to get a sale at all, have been pressed on the market at various prices under the current rate of SYDNEY COAL, it is no less true that, taking into account the superior lasting qualities of SYDNEY COAL when compared with other Cape Breton coals, the advantage, both as to economy and convenience, is in favor of SYDNEY COAL, even at a much higher price.

The General Mining Association (Limited) regret that they should again have to caution the Public against the attempts being made from time to time to induce them to buy inferior coals purporting to be “EQUAL TO SYDNEY,” “SUPERIOR TO SYDNEY,” etc., etc., while some yet more unscrupulous vendors have not hesitated to advertise their coal as SYDNEY COAL (from some designated locality). All these efforts to sell coal by such means are only so many admissions on the part of those who make them of the STANDARD character of SYDNEY COAL.

It has come to the knowledge of the Association that in frequent instances parties giving orders to truckmen and others for SYDNEY COAL have been furnished with other and inferior coal. The Public are cautioned against permitting themselves to be imposed upon in this way.

Every vessel loaded at THE SYDNEY MINES is furnished with a certificate of her cargo being Sydney Coal. Parties purchasing should satisfy themselves by demanding the production of this certificate.

The “Sydney Coal” is registered under the laws of the Dominion, and unauthorized parties using the Trade Mark “SYDNEY COAL” are liable to prosecution.

CUNARD & MORROW,
Agents G. M. A., Halifax, N. S.
G. W. DEBLOIS,
CHARLOTTETOWN,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
July 15, 1878—3m

CARVELL BROS.—Wholesale the very best qualities of TEA, in chests, half-chests, and 21 lb. boxes—186 Packages landing from “Prince Edward.”
Ch'town, July 12, 1878.

EXAMINATION FOR SCHOLARSHIPS

IN CONNECTION WITH THE
Prince of Wales College.
1st and 2nd August.

Open to all Candidates, 18 years of age and under, except to those from Charlottetown.

IN ENGLISH.—Parsing, Analysis, English Grammar (Currie's Grammar), Writing to Dictation.

IN HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.—History of England, Geography of North America.

IN MATHEMATICS.—Arithmetic, Algebra, to end of first set of Simple Equations, in Colenso's Algebra.—Geometry: 1st Book of Euclid's Elements.

IN LATIN.—Bryce's 1st Latin Reader—the passage to be selected for translation to be taken from the Roman History, at the end.

The Board of Education has authorized Kirkland & Scott's Elementary Arithmetic for use in the Public Schools, and has also retained Smith and McMurphy's smaller Arithmetic.

EDWARD MANNING,
Sup't of Education.
Ch'town, July 8—2w

RICE!

50 BAGS—nice quality.
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July 11—3i

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.—Persons having relatives or friends abroad, and desiring to keep them informed concerning P. E. Island, cannot do so in a better or cheaper way than by subscribing to THE WEEKLY EXAMINER. Sent, postpaid, to any address in Great Britain, the United States, or the Dominion, n receipt of One Dollar.