dreadful scourge. It cost the English at least 700 men—the French, including those who perished in the fatal excursion through the marshes of the Dobrudscha, must have lost *more than* 4000. It was in July that the greatest mortality occurred; and the corps which suffered most, was that of Generals Canrobert and Espinasse, at the bivouac of Kavarlik, near Kustendjeh—the Zouaves being more than decimated. When Khan Mirza, on the 23d July, allowed himself to be surprised at Karassu, by the retiring Russians, General Youssouf took his fine corps forwards—and in that one long march 1500 dropped down and died, without counting the regular daily losses. The Austrians, who had seemed constantly on the point of joining the Allies, but without ever really joining them, and who were expected to aid the Turks, but never did, now began to muster in large numbers along the confines of Transylvania. During the next month the discomfited columns of the Czar were all behind the Sereth, and Prince Gortschakoff had been borne in litters to Jassy. General Dannenberg assumed the chief command of the routed forces; numerous vacancies had rendered his promotion rapid; and Prince Dolgorouki, who had returned from Persia, was dispatched by Nicholas from St. Petersburg, to investigate the causes of so many and such huge calamities. On the 22d of August, Omer Pacha, seated in an open carriage, with Cantacuzene (a name recalling old Byzantine recollections), made his triumphal entry into Bucharest. He published a conciliatory proclamation, and the Sultan decreed an amnesty for all treasons committed during a time of terror and military coercion. In the beginning of the following month the Russian headquarters were removed from Jassy, and withdrawn behind the Pruth. The expulsion of the invaders was complete; the campaign was finished; and then, and not till then, Count Coronini and his Austrians entered the Principalities, "*to protect*," they said, a territory which had been effectually protected by its own lawful owners, and which these obliging strangers had, in no one particular, assisted in defending.

Such was the glorious Danubian campaign, from its commencement to its close.

OPERATIONS IN THE BALTIC.

Meantime, the Allied fleets had been active in the Baltic; the French division having passed through the Channel to join Admiral Napier, so early as the 23d of April. It consisted of twenty-five sail, nine being ships of the line, and, with the English squadrons, made the whole fleet of about sixty-seven vessels of war. The navigation of the northern waters was not universally practicable till the middle or end of May; and, even when it was, not much was effected, beyond the blockade of the Russian navy, which shrank behind granite fortresses, and the reconnoisance and study of the various maritime strongholds of the Czar along those seas. On the 20th a gallant exploit was performed at Hango, two Russian ships being cut out from under the very guns. On the 30th, Brahestadt was bombarded, and the next day Uleaborg was destroyed. Prizes of not much importance continued to be sent home. But on the 20th of next month, a check was sustained in attempting to land at Gamba Kariby, where we were repulsed with the loss of 54 men, killed or missing. Shortly afterwards the greater part of the fleet—fifty-one sail, in fact—were assembled in Bom Sound; and the French and English Admirals pressed their respective Governments to send them a military force. This was made ready with great energy by the Emperor Napoleon; and 25,000 French troops, under command of Baraguay d'Hilliers, sailed in the beginning of August, on board English ships, for the Isles of Aland, which lie across the mouth of the Gulf of Bothnia, half-way between Stockholm and Wirmo, in Finland. The soldiers were landed in company with a body of our Marines, and under the protection of the united fleets. The nature of the soil obliged them to use earth-bags for their batteries; and in one battery alone there were 15,000 such bags. The conoidal rifle balls of the French sharpshooters soon drove the Russian artillerymen from their casemates, while the walls were breached both by sea and land. The *Leopard* threw 120 pound shot from a distance of 2500 yards; and it was afterwards ascertained that 30 lb. or 40 lb. shot will, at a distance of 500 yards, breach granite works. The roof of the principal fort was of iron, and underneath the floor there were six feet deep of sand; then granite. This roof was torn to pieces in a few hours. On the 15th of August, General Bodisco, having lost his two subsidiary forts, surrendered with 2000 prisoners, who were sent at once to England and to France. The forts were then destroyed; and such was the new and sudden mistrust which the Russians conceived of their boasted defences, that they themselves blew up, a few days afterwards, the fortifications of Hango.

THE CHINESE INSURRECTION.—Yang the chief of the Chinese insurgents, has published an edict against the drinking of wine. In this document he calls himself "Prince of the East, the Consoler, the Holy Ghost, the Preceptor, the Superior Physician, the First Minister of the State, and the Captain-General of the Army."

RAGGED SCHOOLS VS. JUVENILE CRIME.—At a recent meeting of the London Ragged Schools, Mr. Alderman and Sheriff Wire said he could tell them, from his experience of the city prisons, that since the establishment of ragged schools, juvenile crime had diminished fifty per cent. This is a great fact, and cannot be too extensively known as a most powerful argument in support of such institutions.

KOSSUTH.—Never, perhaps, was the eloquence of M. Kossuth more conspicuously displayed than in the speech recently delivered by him at St. Martin's Hall, on the anniversary of the Polish insurrection. Its rare command of the resources of our English language—more remarkable for being exhibited by a foreigner—its rich and varied diction, its flashes of vivid imagination, and the spirit of deep-souled enthusiasm that pervaded it throughout—all mark it as a display of oratorical power of the very highest character. Nor when we pass from the beauty of the mere vehicle to the sentiments that it conveyed, can we hesitate to say that it contained much with which every Englishman must most deeply sympathize.

MRS. WINSLOW.

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of Mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething.

For the Nervous Affections, Convulsions, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, &c. that attend this period of children, she recommends it as sure to produce the desired effect, giving *Rest to the Mother, and Relief and Health to the Infant.*

A child in Congress-Street was cured by the Soothing Syrup, of Infantile Dysentery or Diarrhœa after being given over by the attending Physician.

Mr. Blackman, of Edington says, it has never failed to cure the Dysentery or Diarrhœa in children he has prescribed it to in the village. Lots of testimony.

One parent informs me his child has suffered to an alarming extent, with Flatulence or Wind Cholic. Lately they have tried the Soothing Syrup, and it always effects a speedy cure.

Hundreds of like instances might be enumerated.

PROOF POSITIVE.

Messrs. CURTIS & PERKINS:—Please send us a further supply of Soothing Syrup. We are selling large quantities of it and from what we can learn, it is used with *uniform success*, both by children and adults, in all cases of Dysentry or Diarrhœa.

Yours respectfully,

W. H. A. CAUMBIE,
J. MERRILL.

New-York, July 10th, 1853, 318 Bowrey.

Hear the Brooklyn Daily Advertiser, of June 13th 1853.

We cheerfully comply with the request of a friend to insert the following letter which we are assured is from a lady of the first respectability residing in Lowell, Mass., believing that a vast amount of suffering may be prevented, and many valuable lives saved, by calling the attention of mothers to this valuable prescription of an old and experienced nurse.

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to certify to the efficiency of Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the great relief it has imparted to the invalid. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of Soothing Syrup, in order to test the remedy—and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic, he soon went to sleep, and all pain and inconvenience disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it. H. A. ALGER.

Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Price only 25 cts. a bottle.

NEUROLOGY, or SCIATIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

This may certify, that for about four years I was grievously afflicted with a disease in the hip, which Physicians termed Neurology, or Sciatic Rheumatism; and resorted to various remedies without any permanent relief; have been under the care of a regular Physician, who pronounced it a time. Last spring, had a very violent attack, which laid me up, when I made use of the *Cramp* and *Pain Killer*, prepared by Messrs Curtis & Perkins, of Stonington. It gave me immediate relief, and I do not hesitate to say, that it is the best article I ever used. I cheerfully recommend it to all who may be afflicted with similar complaints. HENRY HUNT.

Stetson, Dec. 2, 1847.

Deacon Hunt, the signer of the foregoing certificate, is a man of undoubted veracity and high standing in the community.

N. B. The sure and call for Curtis & Perkins' Cramp and Pain Killer. As all others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12½, 25, 37½ cts. per bottle according to size.

Also for sale those pure

WILD CHERRY BITTERS,

For the cure of Bilious and Jaundice complaints, and general debility. They quicken the blood and give *life and vigorous* to the *whole system*. Price *only* 37½ cents in *Pint* Bottles.

Likewise for sale as above,

HUNTER'S PULMONARY BALSAM.

Hear what the Daily Mercury of Bangor says of Dr. Dunning's

Hunter's Balsam. It is not often that we can say anything favorable of patent medicines, on the testimony of those with whom we are acquainted, who have used the articles themselves. But in regard to Hunter's Balsam, put up by our fellow citizen, Jeremiah Curtis, we have the testimony of many of our own citizens and those of neighbour ing towns, unasked in its praise. The testimony of one individual with whom the public are acquainted, carries with it more weight than whole columns of certificates from strangers, whose faces we never saw, and whose certificates, for aught we know, may have been procured by fraud. See Dr. Benjamin L. Pomroy's testimony, in agent's hands, or

Hear the People's Press, Skowhegan, Me.

Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam.—To those afflicted with Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, and all affections of the Lungs, we recommend Hunter's Pulmonary Balsam. It is believed to be the best article ever yet invented for these complaints. Price 50 cts. a bottle.

INDIAN DISPEPSIA PILLS,

For cure of Costiveness, Acidity of the Stomach, Bilious Habits, Headache, Dizziness, Heart Burning, Pain in the Side, Jaundice and Liver Complaints.

DYSPEPSIA AND IDIGESTION,

With Costiveness, Acidity of the Stomach, Heart Burning, Bilious Complaints,—producing Headache, Pain in the side, Loss of Appetite, and general Debility,—can be speedily removed, mildly, and entirely cured, by the use of the *Indian Dispepsia Pills.* These Pills have effected the most astonishing cures in hundreds of cases of the above complaints, and are an invaluable remedy, in an especial manner, for Dispepsia. They are a mild and gentle Cathartic, operating mostly upon the blood, cleansing and purifying the same, and causing the digestive organs to perform their appropriate duties, with regularity.

COSTIVENESS.

Habitual Costiveness is, if not removed in time, a cause of more than half of the disorders and pains to which humanity is subject. The medicines too generally had recourse to, do more harm than good, as they weaken the peristaltic action of the bowels, and thus aggravate instead of removing the complaint.

Also, for the speedy relief of Costiveness, Pain in the Side and Right Shoulder Blade, with a dull, sallow countenance. In all Diarrhœas,, Ague and fever, Bilious Fever and sick headache, they are an invaluable Medicine.

They will be found the best Family Physic in the world, purifying the blood, restoring the appetite, and loosing the stomach and bowels in a healthy state. Price 25 cents per box.

For purifying the Blood we do not believe these Pills have their equal in the world.

Sold by BOYD & PAUL, No. 40, Cortland Street, New York.

And by W. R. WATSON, T. DESBRISAY & Co. H. & R. CHENEY, Stonington, M. W. SKINNER, and J. R. WATT, Charlottetown.

JOHN E. W. ALLEYNE, Head of Hillsborough, WILLIAM HOOPER, Morell, JOHN PETER ELLAND & JOHN A. MACLAINE, Head of St. Peter' Bay. MICHAEL MACNADE, East Point. JOHN KNIGHT & ROBERT BOSWELL, Souris. WILLIAM SANDERSON, EDWARD GOFF, DANIEL GORDON, LEMUEL OWEN, and MRS. STIGGINS, Georgetown. PATRICK STEPHENS & EDWARD ROBERTSON, Belfast. ROBERT BRYSON, Vernon River. JOHN GALVIE, Bonshaw. GEORGE WIGGINTON, Crapaud. WILLIAM D. CLARK, Cape Traverse. JOHN TODD and WILLIAM DODD, Bedeque. WILLIAM S. ARSWORTH, Rustico. RICHARD BAGNALL, Malpeque Road. WILLAM GLOVER, Barrett's Cross Roads. JAMES MACKAY, Darnley. WILLIAM COUSINS, Park Corner GEORGE SIMPSON, Hillsborough Bridge. JAMES CROSBY and JAMES PIDGEON, French River, JAMES MUIRHEAD & EDWIN PARKER, Travellers Rest. JAMES C. POPE & PATRICK PYNE, Lot 31. JAMES MACDONALD, Lot 32. J. FRASER, JAMES CAMPBELL, JAMES L. HOLMAN and ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Saint Eleanor's. CHARLES C. HUNT, Miscouche. JAMES ROSS, Port Hill. ROBERT BELL & ADAM C., FITZ, Cascumpeque. WILLIAM HUBBARD, ALEX. LARKIN and FRANCIS ARSNEAUX, Tignish.

W. R. WATSON,
General Agent for P. E. Island.

Feb. 7th, 1854.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, such as Constipation, inward Piles, fullness, or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking, or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON,
German Medicine Store,
No. 120 Arch St., one door below Sixth Philada.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparations in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of Invalids. Possessing great tonic, with the regulating of the liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching power in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal safe, certain, and pleasant.

Testimony from Maine.

CAPT. DANIEL ABBOTT, Brooklyn, Maine, July 11, 1853. "I was taken with one year ago, last April, upon my passage from Havana to Charleston, S. C. At the latter place I took medicine and procured a physician, but for ten days could obtain no relief, no sleep or appetite. At last taking up a newspaper having your advertisement of "Hoofland's German Bitters" in it, I sent for some immediately, this was about 4 o'clock, at 11 o'clock I took the first dose, and another at 6 o'clock. The effect was so rapid on me, that I had a good appetite for supper, and rested well that night, and the next day found me well. I have been without pain or sickness since, having been sailing between Baltimore, Charleston and the West India Islands ever since. I have now given up going to sea, and reside in this place, where you should have an agency, as you could sell large quantities of it."

Jos. B. HALL & Co., Presque Isle, Aroostook Co., Maine, April 20th, 1853. "I feel it my duty to send you a certificate of a cure performed by the use of *only one bottle* of the German Bitters, we think Mr. Clark is a man of veracity, and have no doubt of the truth of his story."

Messrs. Jos. B. Hall & Co.—Gentlemen—In answer to your inquiries, I will state that my daughter, aged about 16, had been consumptive for about two years, and was brought to her bed. She had a cough, night sweats, and was reduced to a mere skeleton, and sent to your store and purchased *one bottle.* She had taken it but a few days when she began to improve, and now, after taking *only one* bottle, she is enjoying better health than she has for years. She took no other medicine or any part of her body, and attributes her cure *entirely* to the German Bitters. WILLIAM CLARK,
Salmon Brook, Aroostook Co., Me.

You should bear in mind that these Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, thereby possessing advantages over most of the preparations recommended for similar diseases.

For sale by respectable dealers and storekeepers generally.

T. DESBRISAY, & Co.,
General Agency

And by
Mr. LEMUEL OWEN, Georgetown,
" EDWARD GOFF, Grand River,
" EDWARD NEEDHAM, St. Peter's Bay,
" J. J. FRASER, St. Eleanor's,
" GEORGE WIGGINTON, ra paud
" JAS. L. HOLMAN, do.
" WM. DODD, Bedeque,
" JAMES PIDGEON, New London.

Per Rapid, Abigail,

AND OTHER SHIPMENTS,

THE Subscriber has JUST RECEIVED his *FALL STOCK*, which he will sell low for cash, at his new store, "LONDON HOUSE," LOT 19.

DRY GOODS.

Black and Coloured Broad and Pilot Cloths, plain and fancy Doeskins, Cassimeres and Vestings, Cloaking Cloths, Satinets, Kentucks, Tweeds, Jeanes, Cobourgs, coloured and Black Velveta, black and coloured Gros de Naples, Persians, Shawls, Prints, Irish Linen, Flannels, Factory and white Cottons, coloured and White Warp, Bonnet Sharpes, Pasteboard, Ladies' Fur Capes, Boas and Victorines, plain and figured Muslins, Nets, Laces, Edgings, and Blonds, Artificial Flowers, Cap Fronts, rich plain and figured Bonnet and cap Ribbons, Ladies' furcashmere and kid Gloves, silk and worsted Braids, Gent's Satin Stocks, Worsted Cravats and Mufflers, Ladies' Knitted Fingers and Gauntlets, Braces and back Combs, dressing do., buttons, needles, pins, hooks and eyes, threads, tapes, sewing cotton; Letter Paper, wove and ruled, pens and handles, pins, Men's Fur Caps, Kossuth and other Hats, &c.

GROCERIES.

Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Soap, Indigo, Starch, Raisins, Currants, Rice, Leather, Vinegar, Mustard, Pepper, Alspice, Roasted Coffee, Chocolate, Cocoa, cocoa Brushes, Buckets, Pails, Glass, Plate and Oil, Dye Woods, Alum, Copperas, Sago, Arrowroot, Earthenware, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

A Large Lot of Medicines, Perfumery, &c.

Rhubarb, Calomel, Laudanum, Epsom Salts, Peruvian Bark, Cream Tartar, Moffatt's Pills, Holloway's Pills and Ointment, Dr. Kidder's Pills, Indian Dyspepsia Pills, Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, Fahnestock's Comstock's, Curtis and Perkins' and Dr. McLane's Vermifuge, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Avery, Brown & Co's. celebrated Cough Lozenges, Devine's Cancerine, Dr. Jackson's Sarsaparilla, Curtis and Perkin's Pain Killer and Wild Cherry Bitters, Bear's Grease, Flair Oil, assorted Essences, for the growth of the hair, Perry's Hungarian Balm for the hair, French Oil, Mexican Mustang Liniment, Honey, Lozenges, &c.

P. S. The Subscriber thanks those persons who has patronized his Shop for the last twelve years, and hope for a continuance of their favors. Those persons whose accounts have been RENDERED THIS FALL, will oblige by an early settlement.

E. PARKER.

Lot 19, December 11, 1854.

BRASS FOUNDRY, AND MACHINE SHOP.

BY W. C. HOBS.

NOW open in Great George Street, on the old Stand. Old Copper and Brass bought. An Apprentice wanted.

May 18, 1854.

Dixon's Fulling, Dyeing and DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT,

ST. PETER'S BAY.

THESE MILLS are now in full operation, and finish the Cloth in a superior manner. Specimens of the work can be seen of the following

AGENTS:

Charlottetown.—GEO. T. HASZARD's Book Store.
Georgetown.—HON. JOHN WIGHTMAN.
Mount Stewart.—Mr. KENBLE COFFIN.
Pinette Mills.—Mr. ALEX. DIXON.
Vernon River.—Mr. JAMES HAYDEN, Alexander's sons.

☞ Two Prizes were awarded to pieces of cloth full dressed at the above Establishment.

Mr. Jacob Lippincott, of the firm of Lippincott & Co., Nova Scotia, is the Superintendent of the above Establishment.

JOHN DIXON.

Elkington & Co's. Patent Electroplate.

HAS now been before the public since 1841, and after the severest test of wear, in the vessels of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the Peninsular and Oriental Company, the General Screw Steam Ship Company, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and numerous Club Houses, Hotels, and Private Houses, in every part of the world, continues to give the most unqualified satisfaction, applying as it does all the advantages of silver in utility and beauty of effect; and it will be found that the interest of money upon the cost of silver Goods for a period of seven years, is alone sufficient to purchase Electro Plate, and this, with the new established fact of its extreme durability, makes it a matter of great importance to all purchasers of such articles. It must be evident that the wear of all articles depends on the thickness of the deposit, and the Patentees refer with great satisfaction to the award made by the Royal Commission of the Great Exhibition, 1851, of THE FIRST CLASS OR COUNCIL MEDAL for these productions.

A large assortment of the above Goods has just arrived per Circe, direct from the manufacturers, and is now ready for sale.

WILLIAM HEARD.

Crosse and Blackwell's

MIXED PICKLES, Sauces, Candied Peels Gelatine, Macaroni, Vermicilli, Essences, Rose Water, Orange Flower Water, Ground Spices, Chillies, Cayenne, Lime Juice, Tre. le, Cheese, Split Peas, and Sardines are for sale by

W. R. WATSON.

Dec. 25.

New Blacksmith Establishment.

Tryon Road, (formerly old Henry's place) now in possession of the Subscriber.

JOHN McLAIN respectfully informs the inhabitants of the Island generally, that he has commenced business in the above line, and will keep constantly on hand all materials required for the public, which he will warrant to be satisfactory to all who may favor him with their work, and will be disposed of as low as the same articles can be got elsewhere. Having a thorough knowledge of his business, he flatters himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may patronize his Establishment. All orders punctually attended, to an any'job required, done at any hour.

Tryon Road, Dec. 5, 1854.

Sleigh and Furs.

FOR SALE, a double-seated Sleigh, fitted for one or two Horses, and complete. Apply at Mr. George T. Haszard's, Book Store.

Stray Heifer.

STRAYED, from the Subscriber, about the middle of July last, a red Poll HEIFER, rising 3 years old, with white tail and rump, white on the forehead, and striped face, with white mark on the forehead, that will give such information as will lead to her being recovered. will be liberally rewarded.

JAMES RATTRAY.

Brackley Point Road,
January 10th, 1855. 3z

FOR SALE,

THE HOUSE and GARDEN at present occupied by the Subscriber, in WILLIAM FORBES, Esq., R. N., either with or without Town Lot No. 88, fronting on Pitz Roy Street.

Jan. 12th, 1855.

LONDON TRADER.

THE new and splendid SHIP "LADY RAGLAN," 500 Tons, copper fastened, DONALD M'KAY, Commander, (A. 1 for 7 years) built expressly for the Trade, will positively sail from the above Port for Charlottetown on 1st April; has a half poop and will be fitted with spacious and airy Cabins and Steerage Passengers. Is commanded by one of the most experienced navigators in these parts. For rate of Freight and Passage, apply in London to Messrs. Keal & Roberts, 5 Good Lane, Fen Church-street; at Charlottetown to

SAMUEL NELSON & SON.

Charlottetown, Jan. 6th, 1855.

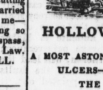
For Charlottetown direct.

THE fast-sailing, copper-built, Copper-fastened Barque *Isabel*, 519 tons register (A at Lloyds), will sail from Liverpool on or about the 1st April. Can accommodate a few Cabin Passengers. For Freight or passage, apply to ANDREW DUNCAN, 12, Baltic Buildings, Red Cross Street, Liverpool, or to

A. & J. DUNCAN, Co.

Charlottetown, Jan. 9, 1855. 1si. 1m.

The Renowned Remedy;



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFULOUS ULCERS—A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor of Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

Dear Sir,—Mrs. Sarah Dixon, of Liquorpond street, Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers in her arms, feet, legs, and other parts of her body; and although the first medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of suffering, but gradually grew worse.

Being recommended by a friend to try your Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of the Pills, and before that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the medicines for a short time longer, according to the directions, and strictly adhering to your rules, as to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health.

I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly,
(Signed) J. NOBLE.

Dated August 12th, 1852.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED.

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates, of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near Bognor, Sussex, dated January 12th, 1853.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

Sir,—I suffered for a considerable period from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at length settled in my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. My suffering were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pills. I did so and duly followed your directions; and the result was eminently successful, for they effected a radical cure of my leg and restored me to the enjoyment of health.

I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in this neighborhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.

I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful Servant,
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES.

A DREADFULLY DISEASED ANCLE CURED AFTER BEING GIVEN UP BY THE FACULTY, AT MALTA AND PORTSMOUTH HOSPITALS.

The following important communication has been forwarded to Professor Holloway for publication, by Mr. B. Dixon, Chemist, King-st., Norwich.

Copy of a Letter From Captain Smith, of Great Yarmouth, dated January 19th, 1853.

To Mr. DIXON,

Dear Sir,—I send you the particulars of a cure effected by your Holloway's invaluable medicines:—Mr. John Walton, late in Her Majesty's Service, in the British Fleet at Malta, had a very bad ulcerated ancle, and after having been in the Malta Hospital for nine months, was sent to England as an invalid to Portsmouth Hospital, where he remained an inmate four months, there, as at Malta, refusing to have the limb amputated, he was discharged incurable. He then came to Yarmouth, and was under a medical gentleman for about three months, but his ancle became so much worse that all hope was lost. At this period, he was induced to try Professor Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which, by unremitted application, healed all the ulcers, and restored him to perfect health and strength.

I remain, Dear Sir, yours very truly,
(Signed) JOHN SMITH.

Albert Hotel, Great Yarmouth.

SURPRISING CURE OF A BAD BREAST, NERVOUS DEBILITY, AND GENERAL ILL HEALTH.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. T. F. Ker, Chemist, &c., Lower Moss-lane, Manchester, dated February 12th, 1853.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

Dear Sir,—I have great pleasure in forwarding to you the particulars of a very extraordinary cure of a bad breast, effected solely by the use of your celebrated Ointment and Pills. Mr. Martha Bell, of Pitt-street, in this town, had been for a considerable time laboring under nervous debility, loss of appetite, and general ill health, occasioned by ulcerated wounds in the breast. She had had much experience in the use of all the known remedies for the cure of ulcers, but without any beneficial result; in fact she had nearly lost all faith and hope of a cure being effected. In this distressing and painful condition of body and mind, she was persuaded to have recourse to your invaluable Ointment and Pills, which she immediately did, and in the course of a very short time the effect produced was most astonishing; her appetite was speedily improved, and the sores and ulcers in the breast gradually healed, and the nervous excitement of her system was wholly removed.

I remain dear Sir, yours faithfully,
(Signed) T. FORSTER KER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Cancers	Sore-throats
Bad Breasts	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Skindiseases
Burns	Scurvy	
Bunions	Elephantiasis	Sore-heads
Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Flies	Fistulas	Sore-nipples
	Gout	Soft Corns
Coco-bay	Glandular swellings	Tumours
Chiego-foot	Lumbago	Ulcers
Chilblains	Piles	Wounds
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