

Poetry.

THE DAYS THAT ARE PAST.

BY EUSE SARGENT.

We will not deplore them, the days that are past;
The gloom of misfortune is over them cast;
They are lengthened by sorrow and sullied by care;
Their griefs were too many, their joys were too rare;
Yet, now that their shadows are on us no more,
Let us welcome the prospect that brightens before!

We have cherished fair hopes, we have plotted brave schemes,
We have lived till we find them illusive as dreams;
Wealth has melted like snow that is grasped in the hand,
And the steps we have climbed have departed like sand;
Yet shall we despond while of health unbefit,
And honor, bright honor, and freedom are left!

O! shall we despond while the ages of time
Yet open before us their records sublime?
While ennobled by treasures more precious than gold
We can walk with the martyrs and heroes of old;
While humanity whispers such truth in the ear,
As it softens the heart like sweet music to hear?

O! shall we despond while, with vision still free,
We can gaze on the sky, and the earth, and the sea;
While the sunshine can waken a burst of delight,
And the stars are a joy and glory by night;
While each harmony, running through nature, can raise
In our spirits the impulse of gladness and praise?

O! let us no longer the vainly lament
Over scenes that are faded and days that are spent;
But, by faith unshaken, unawed by mischance,
On hope's waving banner still fixed be our glance;
And should fortune prove cruel and false to the last,
Let us look to the future and not to the past!

Varieties.

PLEASURE, FAME, AND POWER.

The experience of most worldlings has been Solomon's sorrow,
repeated with the variations incident to altered circumstances,
and the diminished intensity to be expected in feeble men—vanity and
vexation of spirit all over again. And as we are sometimes more
impressed by modern instances than by Bible examples, we could
call to court nearly as many witnesses as there have been hunters
of happiness—mighty Nimrods in the chase of pleasure, fame and
power.

We ask the statesman, and as we wished him a "happy new
year," Lord Dundas would answer, "I had need to be happier than
the last, for I never knew one happy day in it." We might ask
the successful lawyer, and the warriest, luckiest, most self-com-
placent of them all would answer, as Lord Eldon was privately re-
cording when the whole bar envied the Chancellor, "A few weeks
will send me to dear Encombe, as a short resting-place between
vexation and the grave." We might ask the golden millionaire,
" You must be a happy man, Mr. Rothschild?" "Happy! me happy?
What happy! when just as you are going to dine you have a
letter placed in your hands, saying, "If you do not send me £500,
I will blow your brains out?" Happy! when you have to sleep with
pistols at your pillow?" We might ask the world-favored warrior,
and get for another answer the "Miserere" of the emperor-monk
Charles V., or the sigh of a broken heart from St. Helena. We
might ask the brilliant courtier, and Lord Chesterfield would tell us,
" I have enjoyed all the pleasures of the world, and I do not regret
their loss. I have been behind the scenes. I have seen all the
course pulleys and dirty ropes which move and guide the machines;
and I have seen and smelled the tallow-candles which illuminate
the whole decorations, to the astonishment of an ignorant audience."
We might ask the dazzling wit, and faint with a glut of glory, yet
distinguished by the creatures who adored him, Voltaire would
condense the essence of his existence into one word, "Ennu!"
And we might ask the world's poet, and we would be answered
with an imprecation by that splendid genius Byron, who

" Drink every cup of joy—heard every tramp
Of flame; drank early, deeply drank; drank draughts
That common millions might have quenched—then died
Of thirst, because there was no more to drink."
—Hamilton's Royal Preacher.

PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTS.

The following physiological facts are from the scientific journal:
—The average height of man and woman, at birth, is generally 19
inches. In each of the twelve years after birth, one twelfth is added
to the stature each year.—Between the ages of twelve and twenty,
the growth of the body is slower; and it is still further diminished
after this up to twenty-five, the period of a maximum growth. In
old age the height of the body diminishes on an average of about 3
inches. The height of woman varies less than that of man in all
different countries. The average weight of a male infant is about
7 pounds; of a female about 6 1/2 pounds. The weight of an infant
decreases for a few days after its birth, and it does not sensibly
commence gaining until it is a week old. At the end of the first
year, the child is three times as heavy as when it was born. At
the age of seven years, it is twice as heavy as when one year old.
The average weight of both sexes at twelve is nearly the same;
after that period, females will be found to weigh less than males.
The average weight of men is about 130 pounds, and of women 112
pounds. In the case of individuals of both sexes under 4 feet 4
inches, females are somewhat heavier than men, and vice versa.
Men attain their maximum weight at about forty, and women at
or near fifty. At sixty, both sexes usually commence losing weight,
so that the average weight of old persons, men or women is nearly
the same as at nineteen.

HOW DO MEN GET RICH.—Of one hundred men, it would be
safe to think to assert, that at least seventy-five have a strong
desire to be possessed of worldly goods and property, in a word to be
rich. Of these seventy-five in our active and ready-witted American
population, it would rarely happen, that one was entirely wanting in
faculty or diligence—and yet few, to the middle age, acquire a compe-
tency, or, in respect to fortune, accomplish their wishes. Can
any man, give us the philosophy of this frequent result.

There appear to be in every community a number of persons de-
termined not to labour, who lend their whole inert energies to the
reversal of the order of scripture; 'By the sweat of thy brow shalt
thou live.' They resolve, and maintain their resolution with calm
and stubborn uniformity to the end of their days, not to sweat, but
to 'keep cool,' and let others do the labor of the day. Characters
of this stamp are to be found in every town, village, city and dis-
trict in the country.

And how do they live! Simply by using others. Either by get-
ting possession of their property without paying for it on a false
credit, or by bringing others in, by way of loans and endorsements to
pay their debts.

In a word, at least to lose a competency by the non-collecting the
debts they have earned in their calling, or by having to pay the
debts of other people. These are two fruitful sources of poverty.
Do we argue, therefore against loans and credits! In one form and
another they are the bond and basis of all modern society—the
point we seek to get at is this—that men who have small means
should live on small means; that no man has a right to launch into
splendor on the expected profits of his business, or to make his cre-
ditors contribute to his extravagance and that of his household—in
other words, no man has a right to spend a dollar before he has
earned a dollar.

SLEEPING FLOWERS.—Almost all flowers sleep during the
night. The marigold goes to bed with the sun, and with him rises
weeping. Many plants are so sensitive that their leaves close during
the passage of a cloud. The dandelion opens at five or six in the
morning, and shuts at nine in the evening. The "goat's beard"
wakes at three in the morning, and shuts at five or six in the after-
noon. The common daisy shuts up its blossoms in the evening and
opens its "day's eye" to meet the early beams of the morning sun.
The crocus, tulip, and many others, close their blossoms at different
hours toward evening. The ivy-leaved lettuce opens at eight in the
morning, and closes forever at four in the afternoon. The night
flowering cereus turns night into day. It begins to expand its mag-
nificent sweet-scented blossoms in the twilight, it is full-blown at
midnight, and closes never to open again with the dawn.

In a clover field not a leaf opens until after sunrise!

An undertaker, having to reprove one of his mourners for laughing
at a funeral, said to him, " You reasel, you! I have been raising
your wages for these two years upon condition that you should ap-
pear more sorrowful; and the higher wages you receive, the hap-
pier you look!"

To be Sold.

AND immediate possession given. The leasehold interest of 57
acres of Land, on Lot 32, about five and a half miles from
Charlottetown, subject to the yearly rent of 1s. per acre, and lease
for 999 years, there are between 35 and 40 acres under cultivation.
A good Barn, Stable, Cart-House and Dwelling House, a frost
proof Cellar and Dairy. Also, a never failing Well of good Water
near the door.

Also, Freehold properties, consisting of three acres of Land being
1/4 of Common Lot, No. 27, opposite Spring Park, on the Malpeque
Road, and near Mr. Daniel Hodgson's farm. And 1/4 of town Lot No.
66, with the Buildings and Breast Work, fronting on Dorchester
Street and Kings Street. And 1/4 of town Lot, No. 59 in King's
Street.

Also, 1/4 of Town Lot No. 9, in King Street, with the buildings
thereon, consisting of a Dwelling House 35 x 30 and 20 feet post, a
frost-proof Cellar with a good Stone Wall under the whole building,
a Shop, Parlour, Kitchen and Office on the first floor, Five Rooms
on the second story, and Four on the Garret, all well finished and
in complete order, a Stable, Store, Coach-House and Wood-House.
The whole of the above property will be sold or let for a term of
years. Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to L. W.
Gall, Esq., or to the Subscriber on the premises.

EDWARD KICKHAM.
Also the unexpired term of four years of a House in Dorchester
Street, opposite Messrs. Duncan's store, and subject to a yearly rent
of Ten Pounds, now in the possession of Edward Neil.

As the Subscriber intends removing into the country he requests
all persons indebted to him either by Note of Hand or Book Ac-
count, to settle the same on or before the 29th instant, otherwise
they will be sued indiscriminately.

Charlottetown, Sept. 2d, 1851.

FOR SALE.

A THOROUGH BRED LEICESTER RAM, 3 years old from
the stock of JOHN GRUBB, Esq.

JOHN FERGUSON,
Craggan, Hillsborough.
Sept. 27, 1851.

Horses for Sale.

THE Subscriber has a Mare rising 4 years old, a Horse rising 3
years and another rising 2 years old, all of which he warrants
to be sound and servicable animals.

ALSO:
3 superior Iron Ploughs, double metal, imported from Scotland,
which he will dispose of for costs and charges.
JAMES ROBERTSON.
Brackley Point Road, Sept. 28, 1851.

To the Tenants on Lots 9 & 61.

THE Subscriber having, by Power of Attorney, dated the 6th
day of March, 1851, been appointed Agent to take charge of
LOTS 9 & 61, in this Island, the Property of Lawrence Sullivan
Esq., notifies the Tenants on those Townships, that all rents, and
Arrears of Rent, due on the said Property, are required to be paid
to him forthwith, he alone being authorized to receive the same.

JAMES YEO.
Port Hill, April 9, 1851.

THE Tenancy on that part of Lot or Township No. 48, owned
by Major CROOKER of Bristol, England, are hereby notified,
that all Rents and arrears of Rent are to be in future paid to the
Subscriber, who is authorized to receive the same.

JAMES MOORE.
Charlottetown, 23d Aug. 1851.

Notice.

ALL Persons indebted to the Rev. WILLIAM J. HOYLES, of
St. John's, Newfoundland, Clerk, on account of arrears of
Rent, or moneys due to him and his late Wife Janet Emma Hoyles,
(formerly Janet Emma Rennie) at the time of her death, which
happened on the 17th day of May, 1848, in respect of lands or
holdings on that portion of Township Number 23, formerly belong-
ing to her, and all others indebted to the said Rev. William J. Hoyles
in this Island, are hereby notified that I have been duly empowered
to receive the said arrears of Rent or Debts, and that payment
thereof is required to be made to me with-out delay.

JOHN LONGWORTH.
Charlottetown, May 20, 1851.

PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE,
And Unchangeable Metallic Paints;
PROOF AGAINST FIRE & WATER!

Manufactured by the Patentees, in Colchester, Nova Scotia.

THE ARTIFICIAL SLATE is the product of a mixture of
mineral substances known to be the best non-conductors of heat
as well as the most indestructible; the Chemical affinity of which
converts the surface of materials covered, into a Coating of Actual
Slate—Proof against FIRE and WATER. Thus the laws of
nature are made to accomplish results as surprising as they are use-
ful, by rendering Wooden fabrics as durable as brick or Stone,
and less pervious to moisture, and consequently preventing decay
and destruction from corroding influences hitherto supposed unat-
tainable.

The principal ingredients are Alumina, Silica and the Oxides of
Iron. The adhesive quality of the latter not only binds and attracts
the particles together, but the substance covered also. The longer
exposed to the weather the more powerful the attraction, and con-
sequently the harder the Slate. As various shades of colour are
obtained, Brick buildings may be made impervious to moisture, and
the fashionable colours of either Free Stone or Granite. The oil
must be evaporated by the action of the weather before it is Fire
proof, which will take from nine to twelve months.

THE METALLIC PAINTS, Purple and Red, are offered as
Weather and Water Proof solely. Their base being Iron, secures
them from Galvanic action so fatal to lead and other Paints on Iron
work—and their chemical combination makes it impossible, that
any change should take place from atmospheric influence or the
action of Salt Water and Sulphureted hydrogen so prevalent in Sea
Ports and Tidal Harbours. They surpass all Paints yet discovered
in Cheapness and Durability, which render them pre-eminently
adapted to the covering of all kinds of Iron work, such as Shipping,
Mills, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railway Cars, and Iron
Railings. THE METALLIC PAINTS have been analysed by Pro-
fessor Hays of Boston. The following is an extract from his Cer-
tificate:—"As a permanent pigment, this mineral must rank with
the most indestructible and unchangeable bases. For covering
Metallic Ware, its composition shows that it is eminently fitted."

(Signed) AUGT. A. HAYS, State Assayer.
Directions.—Artificial Slate. Mix the powder with pure Boiled
Linseed Oil and a little Spirits Turpentine to the consistency of very
thick Paint, and apply with a common Brush, being careful to keep
the mixture well stirred while putting it on. One pound will cover
ten square feet with two Coats.

If Shingles have been on for years, it will be necessary to sweep
off the moss and lint with a stiff broom; two or three coats of this
material will make a perfect Slate Roof, proof against Fire and
Water.

THE METALLIC PAINTS are mixed and put on like
an ordinary paint.

JOHN ROSS, Patentees.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 13, 1850.

Mr. J. W. IRISH.
DEAR SIR,—Please send us two more barrels of your Artificial
Slate. We have seen some of the good effects of it at the last fire.
Some of the Roofs covered with it did not catch at all, and when
the walls were burnt some of the roofs came down in one piece,
and others were the means of saving the building, especially one
roof alongside of the Bank B. N. A., which also was one means of
saving the Bank.

Please see that it is on board of the first boat, as it might be ne-
glected and stored.
Your obedient Servants,
STEWART & NEILL.

ROSS' METALLIC PAINTS.—We have already called public
attention to the high estimation in which the Metallic Paints, man-
ufactured by John Ross, Esq., Truro, are held by those who have
had occasion to use them. Certificates of a highly satisfactory char-
acter in praise of these articles of Provincial manufacture appear
elsewhere, in this issue, and from information afforded by parties
who have similarly applied them, we can safely endorse the opi-
nions therein contained.—Halifax Sun.

Agents for Prince Edward Island, GEO. T. HAZARD, Queen
Square, KENNETH M'KENZIE, Pownall Street.
Charlottetown, Oct. 8, 1851.

Soap! Soap!

A Constant Supply of New Brunswick made Soap, will be kept
by the Subscriber, which will be Sold to wholesale dealers at
a lower price than any other imported Soap of equal quality. Daily
expected, a lot of No. 1, a superior article, for Family use. Terms
Cash.

E. L. LYDIARD,
Upper Side Queen Square, June 9, 1851. A & I

Manchester and Glasgow House.

RECEIVED from Glasgow, and landing per Brig "Vernon,"
Gala Cloth and Cashmere Cloakings, long Wool Shawls,
Mufflers, Osnaburghs, Tickings, &c.

D. WILSON.
Sept. 30, 1851.

Just received, and ready for Sale,
COMSTOCK'S VALUABLE MEDICINES,
BESIDES a large Stock of FRENCH PERFUMERY,
Lubin's Balmolin or Curling Fluid,
Ox Narrow Pomade,
Calced Carbon for the Teeth and Gums,
Stove Varnish, & Starch Polish for glossing Linen,
Roach, Rat and Mouse Exterminator,
Thompson's Eye Water for the immediate relief of inflamed
Eyes.
A large lot of Almanacks to be had free gratis at the Drug
Store of

JAMES GILLIGAN.
Charlottetown, Sept. 30, 1851.

John M'Lea, Agent for the Sale of Comstock's valuable Medi-
cines at St. Peter's Bay.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

PARTIES having Cloth which they wish DYED or DRESSED
in a superior style, may send it to the Agent for Gurney's
Mills, where it will be finished equal to any done either in Nova
Scotia or New Brunswick, and at equally low rates. Information
as to prices, may be obtained, and patterns seen, at the Agents,
Upper Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.

E. L. LYDIARD, Agent.
Sept. 22. Is. & Adv

Dyeing and Cloth Dressing.

JOHN M'PHERSON FRASER, of Pictou, long favourably
known in the vicinity of Georgetown and White Sands, as a
Dyer and Cloth Dresser, has appointed Mr. John Boyver his Agent
for this Town and vicinity. Cloth entrusted to his care will be fin-
ished in a workmanlike manner, and with despatch, and returned to
his Agents free of carriage.

AGENTS.
Finlay M'Neil, Esq., Georgetown.
Mr. David Johnston, White Sands.
John Boyver, Charlottetown.
Alex. M'Phail, Pictou.
Charlottetown, Sept. 2, 1851.

Eligible Business Sites to be Let,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, IN LOTS OR OTHERWISE, AS MAY
BE AGREED ON,

THOSE well known superior Business Stands in Charlottetown,
fronting on Queen's and Sydney Streets, at present, and for
some years past, occupied as MERCANTILE ESTABLISH-
MENTS by CHARLES DEMPSEY, Esquire, and Mr. JAMES
M'CRAITH. Apply to

Mrs. ELEANOR ROBINSON, or
JAMES PEAKE.
Charlottetown, July 19, 1851.

Building Lots.

TO be sold together, or in Building Lots to suit Purchasers, the
following Town Lots Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, in the 2nd
Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on Queen Square,
Great George Street, Sidney Street, and Prince Street. For terms,
and Plans of the Property, apply to SAMUEL NELSON, Esq., Char-
lottetown.

APOTHECARIES' HALL.

Direct from London.

FRESH DRUGS and MEDICINES, Patent Medicines,
Assorted Perfumes, Pickles, Sauces, Confectionary, Brushes,
Soaps, Pomatums, requisites for the Toilet, articles for Domestic
use, Chishters Du Barry's Arabian Revalenta, just received and
for SALE low by

T. DESBRISAY.
No. 1 WHITE LEAD, PAINTS and OILS.
June 12, 1851.

Important Notice to persons purchasing
Sarsaparilla.

WHEREAS a quantity of SARSAPARILLA, bearing the name
of "S. P. Townsend," but which not having been man-
ufactured by J. R. Chilton, is of inferior quality to that sold under
the agency of the latter gentleman. The Public are hereby warned,
that the only kind of Sarsaparilla safely to be relied on has two la-
bels, one in green, with the words following:

"This is to Certify, that the Compound Extract of Sarsapa-
rilla, contained in this bottle, is prepared under my direction and
supervision, from the Original Recipe of Dr. S. P. Townsend, and
that it is composed of ingredients purely vegetable, and without
Mercury."
JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
Chemist.

The only true kind is on sale at the Medical Warehouse of M. W.
SKINNER, where all necessary information may be obtained.

P. S. In addition to the above safeguard, look carefully for the
following:

SPECIAL NOTICE.

This is to certify, that the within Compound Extract of Sarsa-
parilla is manufactured by us expressly for the New York Propri-
etor of the Townsend's Sarsaparilla Depot, 61 Hollis Street, Halifax,
N. S., and that he is our Sole Agent for the British Provinces.

Each bottle of the Genuine Article has this Certificate with our
signature, as at foot.

NOSTRAND & BACH,
Successors to Clapp & Townsend, and Sole Pro-
prietors of Dr. S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Office, 82 Nassau Street, New York.

The original and Genuine Dr. Townsend's Extract of Sarsaparilla
is now manufactured under the immediate direction of the well-
known Chemist and Physician, JAMES R. CHILTON, of New York,
whose Certificate, Printed on Green Paper, will be found on the Out-
side Wrapper of each Bottle. This will prevent the possibility of any
mistake or question as to its Genuine.

A fresh Supply of the above SARSAPARILLA, just received from
the Manufactory, New York, via Halifax, for Sale, Wholesale and
Retail, at SKINNER'S Medical Warehouse.

Wonderful cure performed by S. P. Townsend's
Sarsaparilla!

To M. W. Skinner, Agent for S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

SIR:
This is to certify that I was, for this last 12 months, troubled with
Fits; and, from their very severe attacks, thought each one would
terminate my existence; and, in addition to the Fits, I was reduced
to a mere skeleton, and was extremely weak and nervous. I heard a
great deal about S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, for which you are
Agent. I was advised to try it. And strange and wonderful to re-
late, before using the contents of one bottle, was greatly benefited.
Indeed, so rapid and effectual was the cure, that it appeared to me to
be almost miraculous. And I think that, in justice to the public and
suffering humanity, I am bound to make the above statement, and
say, that a greater blessing, in my opinion, than S. P. Townsend's
Sarsaparilla never came to this Island.

(Signed) MARY LOWE,
Bungay, New Glasgow Road.
Sworn to, before me, this 14th June, 1851,
CHARLES DEMPSEY, J. P.

The public will please bear in mind, that the above cure was made
by the Sarsaparilla manufactured by J. R. Chilton, M. D., whose
certificate, in green paper, is on the outside wrapper of every bottle,
and be cautious not to buy any wanting this.

M. W. SKINNER.

Charlottetown, June 13.

Agents—DANIEL GORDON, Georgetown,

THOMAS CAIRNS, Green's Shore, Bodeque.

MOSES RYAN, Malpeque.

SWEET LAD.

THIS very superior BULL was bred by the Right Honorable
Lord Wenlock, of Escrick Park, and imported from Eng-
land by Thomas Marshall, Esq., and subsequently purchased by
Mr. Douce. The well known, thorough bred and valuable stock
of this animal requires no comment further than being by far the
most superior ever landed in British North America, and is well
worthy the attention of Farmers desirous of improving their stock.
"Roan," calved in 1845, sire "Sweet Lad," the property of
the Right Hon. Earl of Carlisle, of Castle Howard, by "Bel-
shazzar."

TERMS 5s. propraem.
South Hermitage Farm, }
August 6, 1851. }

To oblige persons of small means, being at a distance,
Pasture can be given for a time on reasonable terms, and good grain
will be received in payment by a promissory Note, at a short date,
by adding one-ninth for "Sweet Lad."

CURES FOR THE UNCURED!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCROFULA OR KING'S
EVIL.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Aliday, 209, High Street,
Cheltenham, dated the 22d of January, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—My eldest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted
with a Glandular Swelling in the neck, which after a short time broke
out into an Ulcer. An eminent medical man pronounced it a very bad
case of Scrofula. The disease then for four years went on gradually increasing in virulence,
When, besides the ulcer in the neck, another formed below the left knee,
and a third under the eye, besides seven others on the left arm, with
a tumor between the eyes which was expected to break. During the whole
of the time my suffering boy had received the constant advice of the most
celebrated medical gentlemen at Cheltenham, besides being for several
months at the General Hospital, where one of the surgeons said that he
would amputate the left arm, but that the blood was so impure, that if
that limb were taken off it would be then even impossible to subdue the
disease. In this desperate state I determined to give your Pills and
Ointment a trial, and after two months' perseverance in their use, the
tumor gradually began to disappear, and the discharge from all the ulcers
perceptibly decreased, and at the expiration of eight months they were
perfectly healed, and the boy thoroughly restored to the blessings of
health, to the astonishment of a large circle of acquaintances, who could
not testify to the truth of this miraculous cure. Three years have now
elapsed without any recurrence of the malady, and the boy is now as
healthy as heart can wish. Under these circumstances I consider that
I should be truly ungrateful were I not to make you acquainted with this
wonderful cure, effected by your medicines after every other means had
failed.

(Signed) J. H. ALIDAY.

CURE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS'
STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Pitt, Dudley, 19th Jan. 1850;
To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—It is with the greatest pleasure that I write to thank you for the
benefit I have received from your Pills and Ointment, which have com-
pletely cured me of the Rheumatism, under which I suffered for this
last four years, at times I was so bad as hardly to be able to walk.
I had tried every kind of medicine that was recommended without re-
ceiving any benefit. I at last thought I would give your medicines a trial
and purchased from Mr. HOLLIN, Chemist of this Town, two boxes of Pills
and two of Ointment, and in three weeks through them and the blessing
of God, I was restored to health and strength, and am now as well able
to walk as ever I was in my life. I am well known in this parish,
having been sixty-five years in it, with an exception of ten years I served
in the 24th Regiment of Foot.

(Signed) JOHN PITT.

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS'
STANDING.

Mr. Barker, of No. 5, Graham's Place, Drypool, near Hull, had
ulcers on his leg from the age of eight years until upwards of eighty, and
although for many years he had sought the first advice in the country,
nothing was found to cure them. He very often suffered most excruciat-
ing pain for long periods together, which incapacitated him from at-
tending to his business. He had given up all hopes of getting a cure
when at last he was persuaded to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment,
which he did, and however wonderful it may appear, the leg was thro-
ughly healed by their means, and by continuing to use the Pills alone
after his leg was well, he has become in health so hale and hearty as now
to be more active than most men of fifty.

N. B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be vouched for
by Mr. J. C. Reinhardt, 22, Market Place, Hull. February 20th, 1850

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF RINGWORM, OF SIX
YEARS' STANDING.

Lima, 13th November, 1849.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lima (the Capital of Peru) had
a child covered with Ringworm for more than six years; in vain he
exhausted all his art in his endeavours to effect a cure. Not succeeding,
he consulted among his brethren, the most celebrated medical practition-
ers of the City, but nothing was found to do the child service. When he
was persuaded by Mr. Joseph P. Hague, the English Chemist and Drug-
gist, residing at 74, Calle de Palacio, to try Holloway's Pills and Oint-
ment, which was done, and after using six large Pots of the Ointment,
with a proportion of the Pills, the child was radically cured, to the sur-
prise of the whole medical profession. The name of the parent, from
motives of delicacy is withheld.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of
the following cases:—

- Bad Legs —Chico-foot —Fistulas —Sore throats
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Bunions —Corns (Soft) —Swellings —Sore heads
Bites of Mos- —Cancers —Lumbago —Tumours
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Sand-Flies —Stiff joints —Rheumatism —Wounds
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NO Medicine has been discovered that is so happily adapted to use
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USE IT IN THIS MANNER.

For Common headache, simple bathing will answer. For sudden
colds and hard coughs, [to cure immediately] put one teaspoonful in
four of molasses, and take three spoonfuls of the mixture as often as
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Asthma, Phthisic and sore breasts—for speedy relief, 30 drops in
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For bowel complaint, cholera morbus, cholice and diarrhoea,—