

The Examiner.

VOL. 1.

W. L. COTTON
Editor & Manager.

SATURDAY MORNING

NOVEMBER 17 1877. NO. 159

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Provinces.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June

H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.

All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.

A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

American & Foreign Patents.

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Washington, D. C.

ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.

Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.
Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.

Widows and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Increased rates for pensioners obtained. Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1865. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.

Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.
July 21 1877.

VIOLIN CLASS.

MR. VINNICOMBE has opened a Violin Class over Mr. Fletcher's Music Store. Ages of pupils preferred—from Eleven to Fifteen years.

TERMS—\$10 a quarter, half in advance. Twenty-four Lessons a quarter, each Lesson one hour's duration.

Orders for TUNING may be left at the above Store.
October 13, '77.

Prince Edward Island
STEAMERS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m. with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p. m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SERVIC with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 8 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SERVIC every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & JO HAWKESBURY HANFORD BROS., St. John.
F. W. HALES

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester.

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.

FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN

Every Thursday,

punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON

Every Saturday,

punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agents

Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

White, Blue, Red, Orange, and Green

Warranted full length and weight.

Stronger and better than any other Yarn on the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.

No. 12's PLY IN ALL COLORS.

WILLIAMS, East.

WM. PARKS & SON,

Excursion Tickets TO BOSTON AND RETURN

STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,

For \$15.00.

CARVELL BROS

SINGER'S

SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism.

So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them.

So Durable that they last A Lifetime.

Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week.

To be had only from the Authorized Agent,

Robert Young,

South Side Queen Square,

Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

STADACONA

Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each,

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 93 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board,
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary

1877

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, &c.

Before Taking, Premature Old Age, and After Taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Wilson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dohd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere.

ROBERT YOUNG

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per S. S. Prince Edward,

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT

—OF—

NEW GOODS,

Which he is offering at

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

October 1, 1877.

125 CHESTS } **TEA.**

65 Hf. do. }

45 Qr. do. }

Strong. Fine Flavor

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

—AT—

BEER & SONS

NEWFOUNDLAND PORT WINE.

JUST RECEIVED.

From St. Johns, per Brig "Fleetwood," a supply of this Fine Old Wine, which will be sold at our usual

MODERATE PRICES.

MACEACHERN & CO

Oct. 24—

FOR CHARTER.

THE COPPERED BRIG "IDA."

149 Tons. Apply to

W. MCGILL,

Weish & Owen's Buildings,

Ch'town, N. 13—31

RUSSIA AND ENGLAND.

Judging from the diplomatic outgivings of these two formidable Powers, they are both alike actuated towards each other by the most friendly, the most sincere, and the most magnanimous sentiments possible—the former, in the very coolest and most conciliatory tone possible under the guise, however, of "injured innocence," declaring that she has no designs (oh! no,) against little Vic's possessions in India, while the latter, assuming a frank and unsuspecting demeanor, leaves Russia to infer—but does she infer?—that the traditional gullibility of John Bull is what it always has been; while, at the same time, the "fine old English gentleman" is rubbing his hands in secret at the thought of a possible tussle ere long with the Northern Bear. Will his anticipations be realized? We have a misgiving to that effect; and our suspicions are mainly founded on the hereditary hatred, as we may well call it, of the English people towards Russia. In case the unrestrained ambition and lust of conquest on the part of the Czar should induce him to lay hands on India, Johnny Bull will, to a certainty, be apt to lay hands on him.

IS IT "A DISTINCTION WITHOUT A DIFFERENCE?"

Two of the greatest reasoners and most erudite men of this or perhaps of any age—men who, from their youth up, have been knit together in ties of the closest friendship and sympathy, and who have settled down into a coincidence of view in regard to most subjects, are, at this very moment, antagonistic to each other to such an extent, in matters of religious faith, as to fill with quite as much astonishment as curiosity their thousands of admirers in this country as well as in England. Of course we allude to Ex-Premier Gladstone and Archbishop (now Cardinal) Manning—and, strange as it may seem in such connection, we are reminded of a little passage of arms that took place on a certain occasion between Dr. Goldsmith and Dr. Johnson. They were speaking of the famous Literary Club of that period, of which they were both members. Goldsmith maintaining the advisability of securing "new members" on the ground that the old ones had "travelled over each other's minds," and as a consequence, the interest of the club were on the decline. Johnson, it is remarked by Boswell, was in high dudgeon, sternly remarking to Goldsmith, "Sir, you have not travelled over my mind, I promise you." Well, the incident, though doubtless far-fetched, is not without its bearing upon the case in hand, seeing that if ever two individuals "travelled" most thoroughly "over each other's minds," it must have been Gladstone and Manning. And it is this same habitual and thorough exploration—continued from mere boyhood to advanced age—of each other's mental anafractuosities that renders their clash of swords on the very edge of the grave, a melancholy exhibition, to say the least. It might well have been supposed that that two such profoundly intellectual and liberal-minded men, each (after a long and blameless life) conscious of his rectitude of purpose, and calmly waiting the great change, would have contemplated with a species of horror the polemical wrangle in which they have been latterly engaged, and would have preferred to leave the stage undisturbed by any thing in the shape of rivalry, animosity, or unevangelical feeling. Well, human nature, even at its very best, would seem to be a weak affair—but who could have imagined that two such dear and loving friends as W. E. Gladstone and the exemplary Archbishop Manning would ever have descended, as they have done, to the arena of polemics, the worst arena of all.

The Louisville "Courier-Journal" says that the Mayor of Hot Springs, Ark., lectured himself very severely in court the other morning for getting drunk. "You are old enough, Linde," said he, "to know better. I am pained beyond expression that you have thus disgraced yourself and the city you, as its chief executive, represent. I must fine you \$20, and see to it that hereafter you conduct yourself more properly."

The "Vie Parisienne" thus describes a modern lady's dress: "She wears a cravat and cuffs of old point lace, like Monsieur de Lauzun, a Pifferari hat, Polish boots, Louis XIV. dresses, a Catherine de Medicis Aumoniere, a Madame de Maintenon mantle, a Marie Antoinette fichu, a Spanish mantilla, Queen of Navarre gloves, sultana veil, and nabob's golden cloth skirts. This modern fashion is a *pot pourri* of all fashions, all nations and all times."

One of Pope's moral essays closes with a well known compliment to Lord Cobham, to whom it was dedicated. The poet, pursuing the idea that every character has a ruling passion, wrote:—

"And you, brave Cobham, to the latest breath,
Shall feel your ruling passion strong in death."

Such in those moments, as in all the past, "Oh, save my country, heaven!" shall be the last.

The poet was no prophet. It is recorded, in the Memoirs of Hannah More, that Lord Cobham, not being able to carry a glass of jelly to his mouth, got into such a passion that he flung the jelly, glass and all, into the face of his niece, and died of the exertion.

Miscellaneous News.

Byron died at Missolonghi, on April 19, 1824, died of improper treatment it is believed, which realized his own theory that "more died by the lancet than by the lance."

A man who appeared at the Bridgeport depot dripping wet the other morning, said that he fell overboard from a vessel in the Sound during the night, and giving up hope of rescue struck out for the shore, where he landed in two hours. After wandering about all night, meeting various adventures with dogs and tramp fearers, he reached Bridgeport and started on the train for New York to show the rest of the crew the man raised from the dead.

The Boston Post says:—There are some very good men in the world nowadays, but there are very few gentlemen. If the gentle art could be taught it would be public money well invested to endow a professorship in every college and establish a school of special instruction in every town and village. But, alas, the rising generation go more by example than by precept, and where are our examples?

She was forty, and came to town to collect a legacy of two hundred pounds. Receiving a cheque for the amount, she went to the bank to have it cashed, and being properly identified, the paying clerk asked her, "How will you take it, madam?" She smiled her heavenliest, and in honeyed accents whispered, "Warm—and two pieces of sugar, if you please."—American paper.

A WIFE WORTH HAVING.—Chicago, Oct. 19th.—A well-to-do Irishman named Miles Klynch, who keeps a grocery store on the corner of Catherine and Union Streets, in this city, received more congratulations than any man in America to-day. His house is crowded with friends and they are having a jolly time of it. Miles married Mrs. Klynch six years ago, and she has since presented him with eleven children, or equal to two and one-sixth per annum. Four times she has become the mother of twins, and yesterday evening she surprised her husband by giving birth to triplets. The children are fine, healthy babies, and are doing well.

The works at the Palace of the Universal Exhibition, Paris, are advancing rapidly. The colonnade of the great Salle des Fêtes and the galleries belonging to it, and which consist of 360 pillars of the Corinthian order, are receiving the finishing touches. The immense hall itself, which is 50 metres in diameter and 45 feet high, is almost entirely completed. Preparations are being made to instal the colossal organ intended for it. The magnificent mosaic pavement of the adjoining vestibules is already far advanced. Nine hundred workmen are employed on the building, including the carvers, who are occupied in embellishing the two great galleries of the Retrospective Exhibition of Archeology. They will be ready at the beginning of November to receive glass cases destined to contain the finest collection in the world. The objects which will be brought here are estimated to be worth more than 300,000,000 francs.

The London "News" says: The winter approaches with strikes and rumors of strikes on all hands. There is scarcely an important seat of industry which is not the scene of some dispute. There is scarcely an important trade in which there are not differences which may ripen into actual conflict between ministers and men; and as many of the strikers show no sign of coming to an end, the outlook for the winter is gloomy.

It is announced that Cardinal Manning being unable to be present at the marriage of the Duke of Norfolk next month on account of his call to Rome, Monsignor Cappel will tie the nuptial knot. The ceremony will surpass anything of the kind seen in England since the Reformation, and it is expected the Pope will specially delegate an ecclesiastic to bestow the Pontifical blessing.

Troy, N. Y., Nov. 3.—The wife of Stephen Way of Mechanicsville stole out of the house while her husband was sleeping with four children, 9, 6, 4, and 1½ years old, and threw them in a deep and swift running creek in the rear of the premises, and jumped in herself. The eldest child reached the shore and gave the alarm and the mother and one child were rescued alive. Two children were drowned; the bodies were found.

PORTAGE DU FORT (Que.) Nov. 10th.—A young man, twenty-two years of age, by the name of John Goddard, was instantly killed at the Chenau mill yesterday. The hands employed in the mill had all left for dinner, Mr. Goddard remaining as usual to oil the machinery. On returning to the mill the unfortunate man was found in a most horriying state: his clothes had caught between two cog wheels, drawing his breast in between them, which had cut it nearly in two. His neck was also broken and torn.

James Gordon Bennett has been mulcted in a verdict of \$10,000 by a jury in a suit against him by Phoebe Robertson as damages for the following libellous words, published in the "personal" advertising column of the N. Y. Herald: "Beware of the blackmailing crowd at Nos. 51 and 59 West Twenty-fifth street." Mrs. Robertson, who keeps a boarding-house at Nos. 51 and 53 West Twenty-fifth street, on her attention being called to the publication, asked Mr. Bennett to publish a retraction of the advertisement, which he refused to do.