

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1887.

VOL. 21.—NO. 74.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co.

From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

—RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—
Six months.....\$2.50
Three months.....1.25
One month.....50
Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon 3rd day, 4h, 27.6m., p. m., N. E.,
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter 11th day, 7h, 24.0m., p. m., N.
E. (below horizon.)
New Moon 19th day, 1h, 26.1m., a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
First Quarter 25th day, 4h, 8.7m., p. m., S. E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M.	ris	sets	ris	water	len
1 Monday	4 47	7 25	5 46	8 57	14 38
2 Tuesday	48	23	6 42	9 43	35
3 Wednesday	49	22	7 21	10 24	33
4 Thursday	51	21	7 54	11 1	30
5 Friday	52	19	8 24	11 35	27
6 Saturday	53	18	8 51	12 9	25
7 Sunday	54	16	9 15	0 41	22
8 Monday	56	14	9 40	1 14	19
9 Tuesday	57	14	10 4	1 49	17
10 Wednesday	58	12	10 29	2 28	14
11 Thursday	59	10	10 59	3 14	11
12 Friday	5 0	11	11 33	4 14	9
13 Saturday	3	8	morn	5 27	6
14 Sunday	3	6	0 12	6 46	3
15 Monday	4	4	0 59	7 54	0
16 Tuesday	5	2	1 54	8 51	57
17 Wednesday	7	1	2 58	9 41	54
18 Thursday	8	0	4 9	10 25	52
19 Friday	9	6	5 24	11 7	49
20 Saturday	10	5	6 41	11 48	46
21 Sunday	12	5	7 5	morn	42
22 Monday	13	5	9 15	0 28	39
23 Tuesday	14	5	10 30	1 24	36
24 Wednesday	16	4	11 42	1 55	33
25 Thursday	17	4	12 52	2 45	30
26 Friday	18	4	1 58	3 53	27
27 Saturday	19	4	2 58	5 9	24
28 Sunday	20	4	3 53	6 33	21
29 Monday	22	0	4 42	7 32	18
30 Tuesday	23	3	5 31	8 42	15
31 Wednesday	5 24	5	5 55	9 24	12

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS FOR
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS,
Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &
Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,
BOSTON, MASS.,
May 18, 1887.

Boston Direct,
—BY THE—

Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward
Island Steamship Line.

The Only Direct Line Without Change,
Charlottetown to Boston

THE staunch and commodious steamships Car-
roll and Worcester have been thoroughly
refurbished and put into first-class condition in
every particular.
During the season of 1887, one of these vessels
will leave Pownal Street Wharf, Charlottetown,
for Boston, at six o'clock, p. m., on THURSDAY
of each week, and
Boston for Charlottetown every SATURDAY,
at noon.
Excellent Passenger Accommodation! Low
Rates!
FARES:—Cabin, \$7.50; Stateroom Berth, \$9.50.
Lowest Rates for freight, which is always care-
fully handled.
CARVELL BROTHERS,
Agents, Charlottetown,
Lewis Wharf, Boston.
July 21, 1886.

—FOR—
B-O-S-T-O-N

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Port-
land, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at
8.00 a. m.
Also leave St. John at 7.30 every Saturday
night for

BOSTON DIRECT.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd
class; \$9.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. SHARP,
P. E. I. S. S. Co.,
P. E. I. S. S. Co.,
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.
April 12, 1887—cod wky

PREPARE FOR HOT WEATHER

—AND BUY FROM—

Perkins & Sterns

New American Muslins,
New French Muslins,
New Prin'ed Batists,
New Printed Cottons.

A BIG DISPLAY OF LACES.
Book Muslin, Victoria Lawn, Bishop's Lawn, Check
Muslins.

Embroideries, in Allovers, Flouncings, Edgings, Inser-
tions, &c.
A Big Stock of Gloves and Hosiery.

Linen Collars and Cuffs, separate or in sets.
Corsets, direct from the makers and at the lowest
price.

If you want a Seaside Dress just see our stock of
Flannels—Cheapest and Best Goods for the purpose to be
found.

Perkins & Sterns
June 7—dy & wky

Know all Men by these Presents that
THE STAR

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

Is the right place to get your Clothes made.
Because we give Good Value and a Fit that beats the world.
Our Establishment is new but our Cutters are the oldest at their
business in the Province.
We can give a style and finish to our garments that others cannot
attain to.

WE BLOW

Because we know we are right and care not what our competitors say.
We are bound to knock them out in Fit, Style, Finish, Price, &c.
Come and see us, even if you don't buy. We want to show you
our Fine Stock of Tweeds, Worsteds, &c.

M'LEOD & M'KENZIE,
Queen Street, opposite Watson's Drug Store.

JAMES McLEOD, late of C. Robertson & Co.
J. T. M'KENZIE, formerly Bruce & McKenzie, late of New York.
Charlottetown, July 5, 1887—cod & wky

SUMMER BEVERAGES, & C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Montserrat Lime Juice, in pint and quart bottles. This
Lime Juice is imported from the Island of Montserrat, and is
guaranteed to be the best and purest in the world.

West India Lime Juice, in bottles and on draught. We
import this in casks and bottle it ourselves, and it has given
first-class satisfaction.

Lemon and Raspberry Syrups.—As we import these
from one of the best houses in the Dominion, we guarantee them
to be equal, if not superior, to any other Syrups in the market.

Fresh Fruit.—We are receiving Oranges, Lemons and
Apples, every Boston steamer, and will have Pears, Grapes,
Strawberries, Watermelons, &c., in their season.

Confectionery.—Having a very large stock of good, whole-
some Confectionery, we are prepared to give extra value in
this line.

Tea Committees will find it to their advantage to give us a
call before buying elsewhere.
BEER & GOFF,
QUEEN SQUARE AND KING SQUARE STORES.
Ch'town, July 9, 1887—cod wky

ADAMSON'S
BOTANIC
Cough
BALSAM
SAFE.
SURE.
PROMPT.
25 Cts.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.
It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and
Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been
speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after
all other remedies have failed. Sufferers from either
acute or chronic coughs, or bronchial affections, can
rely on this great remedy, confident of obtaining
speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Bottled at St. Steeple, N. B., by the proprietors,
F. W. KESSELMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS,
343 4TH AVE., N. Y.

SATISFACTION EVERY TIME.

WOODILL'S
& GERMANN
BAKING POWDER

—RETAILS AT—
32 CENTS PER POUND.
2 CENTS PER OUNCE.
2 1/2 Oz., 5 Oz., 10 Oz. PACKETS.
July 29, 1887—Imo cod

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will have, between the present
time and first week of October, about forty
young pigs for sale, of a good breed and easily
fed.
BENJ. E. WRIGHT,
Ch'town, Aug. 13, 1886—21 law wky 21

NASAL BALM
CURES
CATARRH
OF THE
NOSE
EASY TO USE.
Soothing, Cleansing, Healing.
It Cures
CATARRH,
Cold in Head,
Hay Fever.
STOPS
Droppings from
Nasal passages in-
to the throat and
excessive expectoration caused by Catarrh. Sent
pre-paid on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1. Address
FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

"Cleanliness Next to Godliness"

Cleanse Your Beds and Guard Against
Sickness.

NOW is the time to get your Feather Beds and
Pillows renovated by Dufour's Patent Feather
Renovator, which will remain in Charlottetown
a few weeks for the purpose of cleaning Feather
Beds and Pillows, and making them Soft, Clean
and Healthy.
Thousands of our Canadian Housekeepers can
testify to the beautiful work done by this splen-
did invention.
Medical men and scientists acknowledge its
excellence.
Satisfaction guaranteed—Charges moderate.
Remember the place—Terlizzick's Corner,
Queen Street.
July 27, 1887—1 mo cod to th sat

PURE GOLD GOODS
ARE THE BEST MADE.
ASK FOR THEM IN CANS,
BOTTLES OR PACKAGES.
THE LEADING LINES ARE
BAKING POWDER
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
SHOE BLACKING
STOVE POLISH
COFFEE
SPICES
BORAX
CURRY POWDER
CELERY SALT
MUSTARD
POWDERED HERBS &c.
ALL GOODS
GUARANTEED GENUINE
PURE GOLD MANFG. CO.
39 FRONT ST. EAST TORONTO

WANTED.
A LIVE CANVASER FOR our
book, "Sea and Land," just now ready, with 300 illustrations
of the wonders of the deep and jungle. Four
beautiful Chromo Plates, over 800 pages; print
and paper excellent; low priced. Nothing like it
in the world.
W. E. EARLE,
St. John, N. B., Manager for
J. S. ROBERTSON & BROS.,
Publishers.
July 25, 1887.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Protest.

SIR.—By secret petitions or communica-
tions from Morell Station, Lot 40, in the
interests of one or two individuals of that place,
the P. O. authorities have changed the name
of Morell P. O., Lot 39, to Lot 40 P. O. We
would ask what right have the people of
Morell Station, Lot 40, to meddle with the P.
O. affairs of a neighboring district? Is it not
quite enough for them to attend to their own
affairs? We give them all credit, for honest
endeavors to improve and enlarge their little
village, but when they resort to mean, under-
hand dodges to that end, we object. Let
them remember the fate of Napoleon when
he undertook to boss all Europe, and learn that
others have rights worth respecting, and require
conveniences as well as they. They also so
far succeeded in "pulling the wool over the
eyes" of one of our local M. P.'s as to induce
that gentleman to write to the department
supporting their claims. If that "man from
the East" was as shrewd as we take him to
be, he would, before pursuing the course he
did, thus making enemies for himself, be in-
formed of the real cause of grievances, instead
of listening to the plausible yawn of a particu-
larly interested party who now chuckles over
what he considers a clever trick.

Morell Station and Morell Station Post
Office are in Lot 40. The old Morell Post
Office, which is now changed to Lot 40 Post
Office, has been for nigh 30 years or more in
Lot 39. Now, we had a Post Office named
"Lot 40" situated in the very centre of Lot
39. Sensible, is it not? What is the result?
Why, it suits business men nicely,
but it has so bungled up the affairs
of the old Morell Post office,
that we might almost as well have no office at
all. Letters for persons in the far end of Lot
40—six or eight miles distant—now come to
the centre of Lot 39, while the mail intended
for Morell Post Office (now Lot 40) goes to
Morell Station Post Office.
Now, we protest against this change, and
demand that the old name be restored. We
don't wish all our lives to be under a false
name, and now is the time to settle the mat-
ter. "Business," writing to the *Patriot* some
time ago, said that we have two offices called
"Morell." That is false. Morell Station
and Morell are as distinct as Kildare and
Kildare Station, Charlottetown and Char-
lottetown Royalty, or Souris East and
Souris West. If space permitted we could
expose the true inwardness of this matter, but
of this not now. In conclusion let me say
that if the above demands are not acceded to
instantly, we shall put them in such a way as
will insure attention. PROTEGE.

Morell, Lot 39, Aug. 15, 1887.

Give Them a Chance!

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your
breathing machinery. Very wonderful
machinery it is. Not only the larger air-
passages, but the thousands of little tubes
and cavities leading from them.
When these are clogged and choked with
matter which ought not to be there, your
lungs cannot half do their work. And
what they do, they cannot do well.
Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia,
catarrh, consumption or any of the family
of throat and nose and head and lung ob-
structions, all are bad. All ought to be
got rid of. There is just one sure way to
get rid of them. That is to take Busch's
German Syrup, which any druggist will
sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if
everything else has failed you, you may
depend upon this for certain.

GENERAL NEWS.

An Indian man recently sold his wife to
a friend for \$300. No indictment for
swindling his friend has been found against
him yet.

An Ohio lover shot his sweetheart
because she refused to kiss him. Our girls
do not require any such extreme modes of
persuasion.

"How quick can a man wink?" asks the
scientific editor of the *Philadelphia Press*.
Well, he cannot wink to the soda fountain
clerk too quick but that his wife will catch
him at it.

Mr. Ruskin has recently been publishing
advice to young people who intend getting
married. The old gentleman ought to be
able to give some valuable pointers, for his
matrimonial experiences have been more
peculiar than pleasant.

The cyclone struck a noted corner loafer
in David City, Neb., and slapped him
against the side of a brick building, 100
yards away. On recovering consciousness
the victim threw up his hands and cried
piteously: "Don't, Libbie, don't; I'm going
right home."

In 1885 John Hay was sentenced by an
English court to seven years' penal servit-
ude for larceny. He was afterwards
pardoned. He brought action against the
Great Eastern railway company for malici-
ous prosecution, but was non-suited on the
ground that, as a convicted felon, he was
dead in the eye of the law. Last week,
however, he was himself sued in the
Mayor's court for \$270, money advanced
for the purpose of his defense on the
original prosecution. He now would like
to know how a dead man can be sued, and
the English lawyers are puzzled too.

Mr. J. B. Freeman, M. P. P., for North
Norfolk, recently travelled through the
counties of Lincoln, Wiltshire, Hants, Dorset,
Berkshire, Hereford, Gloucestershire, Wiltshire,
and as far west as Oxford. He says the
crops in these divisions have suffered fear-
fully from the unparalleled drought. Many
farmers are feeding their stock. The pas-
ture is as bare as the sidewalk. Autumn
wheat thrived fairly well. But coarse grains
are more or less shrivelled up by the in-
terest heat and lack of rain. The time has
gone by when showers, no matter how
liberal, can be of any benefit to the crops.
Dr. Hamlin, returned missionary from
Turkey, produced a great commotion
amongst Canadian residents of the Thou-
sands Islands Park on Friday afternoon. He
stated that when the slaves of Turkey de-
cided to embrace the Christian religion
they were not permitted to do so by Eng-

land, because she feared her millions of
Mohammedan subjects in India more than
God or Christ. The statement received
endorsement from the platform, and the
audience manifested approval by applause.
The Canadians present rose and left the
building.

Mr. Barclay has refused £20,000 for his
famous horse Bendigo. From time to time
during the last century there have been
rumors of magnificent offers made for fa-
mous thoroughbreds, but no horse, either in
this or any other country, has ever been
sold for so large a sum as £15,000 guineas.
The biggest price actually given for horses
were about £14,300 paid by Lord Dupplin
to Mr. Gosden for Petrarch, £14,000 paid
by the Duke of Westminster to Mr. Robert
Pack for Doncaster, 12,500 guineas paid by
the Cobham Stud Company to the execu-
tors of Mr. Blenkiron for Blair Athol, and
a like sum paid by Lord Hastings to Mr.
Padwick for the worthless Kangaroo.

The battle of Poitiers took place on the
19th of September, 1356, in which King
John of France was made prisoner and
many of the French nobility lost their
lives. The captive monarch, though
respectfully treated, was brought to Eng-
land to grace the triumph of the conqueror.
The peace, in 1360, put an end to his
captivity, but to obtain his liberty he made
over many of the most valuable provinces
of the kingdom to the King of England, and
agreed to pay a ransom of three millions of
gold crowns, which reduced him to the
necessity of paying for the necessities of
his household in leather money, in the
middle of which there was a little nail of
silver.

It is not certain in what era—or in what
country—the modern art of shoeing horses
with iron took its rise. The earliest proof
which Berenger, in his work on horsemans-
hip, says he met with was the shoe said to
have belonged to Childeric, who lived about
480, which is preserved in Montfaucon's
antiquities of France. It perfectly resem-
bles the shoe now in use. In England
there is reason to think that they began to
shoe soon after the Norman Conquest.
William the Conqueror gave to Simon St.
Liz, a noble Roman, the town of North-
ampton and the whole hundred of Falkeley,
then valued at £40 per annum, to provide
shoes for his horses. In the Great Seal of
William the First, however, the horse is
unshod, but in the seals of subsequent
kings all the horses have shoes.

In Germany there 157 pupils attending
the elementary schools to every 1,000 of the
inhabitants. That is the largest propor-
tion of any country except Switzerland.
The average attendance in Great Britain is
4,329,434. In Greece the number of pupils
is 143,278; in Italy, 1,873,723; in Portugal,
177,685. In Austria-Hungary students and
scholars number 4,784,533. Denmark has
231,935 pupils in its parochial schools.
Russia's school-keeping population is 1,921-
181. Sweden has 6,617 elementary schools
with 697,792 pupils, or 94 per cent. of all
children from eight to fifteen. Mexico has
half a million pupils attending 8,986 public
elementary schools, and 17,200 pupils at-
tending 138 superior schools. In the matter
of expenditure there is a great deal of
difference in different nations. France
spends 131,734,827 francs on public instruc-
tion and 12,936,655 on the fine arts. For
public worship and instruction Germany
expends 55,852,894 marks. Spain, on the
contrary, spent last year only \$1,543,860.
Mexico's appropriation is \$1,431,081 for
education and justice.

A Utah despatch of the 8th inst., reports:
"Fred Hopt, alias Welcome, was shot to
death in the yard of the penitentiary, four
miles from the city, yesterday. The firing
party consisted of five men with rifles. Dr.
Hamilton pinned a rosette over Hopt's
heart, told him to be firm and death would
come quickly; he would not be mutilated,
but would be if he flinched. The condemn-
ed man showed the utmost firmness and
said he forgave everybody, but if he had
got a fair show on the first trial, he would
not be here to-day. He came out of his
cell smoking a cigar and kept it in his mouth
to the last. He posed as for a photograph.
He was seated on a chair upon a blanket;
sat up firm and straight. Marshall Dyer
gave the word 'Ready, Fire.' The crack
of the five rifles rang out as one, and the
rigid body of the dead man retained its
pose, the body falling forward and the chair
falling over backwards and his stiff limbs
resting on the rug as when he sat upright.
Two bullets pierced the small rosette.
Death was instantaneous. The murder for
which Hopt was executed was committed at
Park City, Utah, on the night of July 3,
1886, the victim being John F. Turner, son
of John W. Turner, Sheriff of Utah
County.

The following reply to the President's
congratulatory telegram sent on the occa-
sion of her jubilee, was received from
Queen Victoria:
"Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,
Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of
India, &c., &c.
To the President of the United States of
America, sendeth greeting to our good friend:
We have received from the hands of Mr.
Phelps, United States minister at our court,
the letter you addressed us on the 26th May
last, in which you convey your congratula-
tions and those of the people of the United
States on the occasion of the celebration of
the 50th anniversary of our accession to the
throne. We request you to accept our best
thanks for this proof of friendship and good
will, which with similar proofs we have
recovered from the rulers of people of other
nations, have caused us most sincere gratifica-
tion. In thanking you also for the choice
which you have made of Mr. Phelps to be the
inspector of your sentiments on this occa-
sion, we request you to accept in return
our best wishes for your own uninterrupted
happiness and welfare, and over the prosper-
ity of the United States of America. And so
we recommend you to the protection of the
Almighty. Given at our court at Windsor
Castle the 18th day of July, in the year of our
Lord, 1887, and in the 51st year of our reign.
Your good friend,
Salisbury, VICTORIA, R.