

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 14, 1894.

CONSUMPTION.

DESPERATELY apart, there is nothing in this country as destructive of human life as consumption. It is incurable. But while this is true, recent investigations have shown that its spread may be prevented. The idea that it is incurable no longer prevails. But it is true that the children of consumptive parents,—he cause they are weaker than those of healthy parents—are liable to be the subjects of it. "Modern science," says Remond, "does not deny the numerous facts by which the influence of heredity evidently shows itself, but explains them in quite a different manner to what was done formerly. What tuberculous parents transmit to their child is not, in most cases at least, the bacillus itself, but a feeble constitution, forming a most favorable soil to receive the microbe of tuberculosis, unable to resist its attack, and presenting for its future growth the best breeding ground possible. Although the parents do not transmit this microbe to their child with their blood, they unfortunately spread it in their neighborhood as they are phthisical, so that their child is in most favorable circumstances to receive and communicate it in the same manner to his brothers and sisters, who in their turn die, not by heredity, but by infection." It follows from this that the child of a consumptive parent ought to have special treatment from the hour of its birth. If the mother is tuberculous she should not nurse the child. The child should, by every possible means, be guarded against infection and placed under conditions in which its health will be promoted. To prevent or lessen the infection of the child by the mother, it is necessary that the sputa and all things contaminated by it be destroyed or disinfected. A pamphlet upon the subject recently issued by the Board of Health of Quebec sets forth that "the patient should spit only in spittoons or bowls, cups, partially filled with water, or better with a disinfecting solution so as to keep the sputa in a moist condition. Spittoons filled with sawdust, ashes or other matter are dangerous as they favor the drying of the sputa. The cups or spittoons are to be emptied daily into the fire, or if found more convenient, they may be filled with boiling water and immediately emptied in the sewers, but never on manure piles in the yards or gardens, where those germs which escape destruction might contaminate the air and infect the fowls picking about and eating them." When the patient leaves his home and whenever he finds himself in a place where there are no spittoons, or what comes to the same thing, if these are not emptied regularly enough to prevent the desiccation of the sputa, he should use a pocket spittoon or handkerchief. The handkerchief should be put in boiling water at the first opportunity, so that the sputa will not have time to become dry. The room of the patient must be large and sunny, and if possible should not be papered. The curtains should be made of some fabric which can be washed in boiling water, the floor waxed or covered with oil cloth,—in a word there should be taken out of the room all that cannot be cleansed with a wet cloth, and dry dusting and sweeping should absolutely be abandoned as displacing and giving motion to the germs that had settled on the floor or objects contained in the room. The wet cloths used in cleansing must be boiled before drying. Body and bed linen must always be boiled in the process of washing. All these precautions taken with regard to the patient are to his advantage, as they increase his chances of recovery by preventing self-infection. If the patient dies, or changes his residence, the safety of those living in the dwelling demands that the room of the patient with its contents, furniture, linen, bedding, clothing, &c., be disinfected. Wool and cotton tissues should be boiled or passed through a steam disinfectant. The floors and walls (papered or not), should be washed with a disinfecting solution. All pieces of furniture or other things which are not passed through the steam disinfectant should be washed with a disinfecting solution.

But besides infection from persons in consumption, there is another source of danger. This was lately referred to by Mr. Justice Hodgson in the course of his charge to the Grand Jury of Prince County. Cattle are subjects of consumption as well as human beings and a fruitful source of infection is the cow's milk that is freely used in the raw state. Farmers ought, in the first place, to kill unthrifty cows, or ascertain by the tuberculin test, that such unthrifty animals are not the victims of tuberculosis. In the second place, all persons who have a tendency towards consumption, or are in ignorance of the sources of their milk supply, ought to have the milk that they drink boiled. A celebrated physician says that "there certainly is no better precaution against tuberculosis than boiling the milk, and this moreover renders its digestion easier." There are other causes tending to consumption, such, for instance, as living in unsanitary, over-crowded, ill-ventilated and damp dwellings, or workshops, which may in this country be avoided, and ought to be avoided, particularly by persons of consumptive tendency. Some causes of consumption cannot be avoided. But it is certain that if care and intelligence were exercised, the death rate on account of consumption would be very materially lessened.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great blood and Nerve Remedy.

ARCHBISHOP O'BRIEN'S LATEST WORK.

A very valuable addition to the literature of Canada has been made by the publication of a new work from the gifted pen of the Archbishop of Halifax. This work is entitled the "Memoirs of Bishop Burke, first Vicar Apostolic of Nova Scotia." The fact that it has for its author so gifted a writer, is a sufficient guarantee of its literary and historical excellence. Few, if any, writers in Canada have attained such literary celebrity as the illustrious author who has just published the memoirs of the first Bishop of the Maritime Provinces; and, without doubt, the work, apart from any other reason than that it is the product of his gifted pen, will command an extensive sale throughout the Provinces, as well as in Quebec and Ontario.

The Memoirs of Dr. Burke furnish us with much interesting knowledge, not only of the great missionary himself, but also of the religious, social and political state of the country during the pioneer age of Canadian development. In 1786, the then Father Burke arrived at Quebec, "a stranger and unknown." Being a man of great learning, having taken a brilliant course in the University at Paris, his worth as an educator was recognized, and, accordingly, shortly after his arrival he was made professor of philosophy and mathematics in the Seminary of Quebec. In the face of these preferments, however, he felt that his vocation was that of a missionary in the yet uncivilized portions of Canada, and after laboring for eight years in and around the city of Quebec, he finally saw the realization of his cherished desire, when he proceeded to the far west through the trackless forests beyond the great lakes, spreading the light of the gospel among the native Indians and semi-civilized Canadians. A few years ago, as the Archbishop justly remarks, it was deemed a feat of no ordinary magnitude to lead a body of soldiers through this same territory, notwithstanding that the railways, steamboats and other means of conveyance were at their disposal. How much more worthy of admiration was the solitary but unflinching missionary who, in the face of almost insurmountable difficulties and imminent dangers, continued with unflinching vigor for seven years, during which time he effected numerous conversions among the natives, and recalled very many of the semibarbarous Canadians to a sense of their religious duties. In recounting the various events connected with his missionary career in that portion of Canada, the author has given a vivid and faithful account of the trials and privations to which Father Burke was exposed, and which cannot fail to strike the ordinary reader of to-day with surprise at the spirit of self-sacrifice that animated the pioneer missionaries of Canada, and especially the subject of the memoirs.

Before entering on a description of the missionary labours of Father Burke in the Maritime Provinces, the author touches incidentally on the question regarding the priority of the mission in Acadia, that of any other missionary field in North America, with the exception of the Spanish colonies. While not professing to enter fully into the details of this question, he brings to the notice of the reader some very conclusive evidence in favour of conceding to Nova Scotia the honour of being the first missionary field in North America, always excepting the Spanish mission. For the points upon which the author has given evidence of close and impartial research, and what he terms the scope of the work, yet he invariably mentions the sources from which he derives his information, so that all readers, irrespective of country or religious belief, can peruse its pages with full confidence as to the authenticity of the facts recorded.

Bishop Burke's labors in the Maritime Provinces were characterized by the same spirit of self-sacrifice in the various parts of the Provinces to which his duty called him. Indeed, from the ninth to the concluding chapter a very valuable and interesting account is given of the beginning and the progress of the Church in Nova Scotia, and generally throughout the Lower Provinces. A faithful account is given of the aggravating circumstances under which the missionary people were for a time compelled to labor, while equally interesting is the glowing description of his heroic and finally successful efforts to obtain justice, not only for those under his care, but also for others who were subjected to unjust treatment on the part of somewhat unreasonable immigrants. The account given of Bishop Burke's zeal for the promotion of education, is not only attractive as a historic narrative, but very plainly shows that the Maritime Provinces owe a deep debt of gratitude to Dr. Burke for his untiring efforts to establish schools throughout the country. Indeed this work cannot fail to recommend itself to every reader to the province who may desire to become acquainted with the condition of Canada over a hundred years ago. It is replete with information hitherto unknown, to the ordinary reader of history, and can be read with profit by all classes and denominations. It is to be regretted that we have not more numerous works relative to our early history, especially in its religious and educational aspects. The Archbishop of Halifax has not only for having given another impetus to the literature of Canada, but also for having brought within the reach of the public the life and labors of a prelate whose memory deserves the veneration of every Canadian Christian.

The greatest flesh and blood maker in existence and a life-saver to consumptives is Miller's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, "the kind that cures" bronchitis, coughs, colds and all lung troubles. Every bottle warranted. No oily taste like others. In big bottles, 50c. and \$1.00, at druggists.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Verdict for the Plaintiff in the Outerbridge-Owen Case

THE ARGUMENT IN THE LATER CASE

Not Concluded at the Time The Examiner Was Sent to Press.

FRIDAY, JULY 13. Outerbridge vs. Owen—Action for breach of contract. In this case, the jury after being out four hours, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$2,200— one juror dissenting. Peter, Q. C., and Stewart, Q. C., for plaintiff; Davies, Q. C., for defendant.

SATURDAY JULY 14. The Court of Crown Cases reserved this morning for the purpose of hearing the argument in the case of the Queen vs. William Larter, tried before his Lordship the Chief Justice at the present term of the Supreme Court when the prisoner was found guilty. A note was then made for arrest of judgment on the ground that the indictment did not charge any offence either by statute or at common law. The Chief Justice reserved the point for the consideration of the court of Crown Cases reserved.

Chief Justice, Sullivan. Mr. Justice Hodgson and Mr. Justice Fitzgerald took their seats on the bench, at 10:30 o'clock. The Attorney General appeared for the Crown and Mr. Davies, Q. C. and Mr. Stewart, Q. C. for the prisoner. Mr. Stewart opened the argument on behalf of Larter. Shortly he was made known which he contended that the prisoner should be discharged: It was, he said, no doubt intended by the Crown officers to charge Larter under the 27th section of the Criminal Code, which enacts that "Every one is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment who unlawfully supplies or procures any drug or other noxious thing, or any instrument or thing whatever, the use of which is intended to be used unlawfully or employed with intent to procure the miscarriage of any woman, whether she is or is not with child."

The learned counsel stated that under this section three things were required: 1st. There must be a supplier or procurer. 2nd. The supplier or procurer must supply or procure a large quantity of the same as intended to be unlawfully used. And, 3rd. The supplier must have the intent to procure the miscarriage. Mr. Stewart then drew the attention of the Court to the indictment preferred by the Grand Jury, and upon which a verdict of guilty had been found. The indictment charges: "That William Larter, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County aforesaid, on or about the twenty-eighth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, unlawfully did strike the ordinary reader of to-day with surprise at the spirit of self-sacrifice that animated the pioneer missionaries of Canada, and especially the subject of the memoirs."

Having thus stated the grounds of his objection to the indictment, Mr. Stewart proceeded at length to argue and cite authorities in support of his contentions. Mr. Davies, Q. C., at the conclusion of Mr. Stewart's argument, rose to address the Court on behalf of Larter, but the Chief Justice stated that the Court would not hear it, but would call on the Attorney-General to support the indictment.

The Attorney-General, on behalf of the Crown, argued that the indictment sufficiently charged the prisoner's intention in supplying the drug. The new criminal code had made provisions just to meet such a case as the present, and it was no longer necessary to charge an offence with the same care and precision as formerly. He then referred to certain sections of the code, which enacted that an indictment need not charge the offence in popular language and give the defendant reasonable notice of the offence. The Court adjourned at one o'clock, to meet again at 2:30.

After recess, the Court met at 2:30. The Attorney-General continued his argument. The moment he supplied the argument the offence was complete, no matter what became of it afterwards. The Attorney-General proceeded to comment at length on the cases cited by the prisoner's counsel, and at 3:30 was still arguing.

LAST NIGHTS CONCERT.

Last night Mrs. Harrison, assisted by Miss Earle, Miss Large, Miss Read and Mr. Lavigne Archibald, gave a concert under the auspices of the Summer School of Science. The concert was also under the distinguished patronage of the Lieutenant-Governor, and it was rather painful to see His Honor's party, on their arrival, march unattended to their curtained box and sink luxuriously into the hard-seated chairs placed there.

Notwithstanding that the concert was late in commencing, the opening number, a violin solo by Mr. Archibald—was so interrupted by late arrivals that a great deal of its beauty was spoiled. In his other selections, however, Mr. Archibald's exquisite playing received the respectful attention it deserved, and lovers of the violin heard him in his happiest mood.

Mrs. Harrison's first solo, "Lo, hear the gentle harp," revealed a voice of exceptional compass. Her high notes were taken full and true, and her low notes were quite as satisfactory. Once or twice some of her middle notes sounded a little harsh, but this slight defect was lost sight of in her wonderful execution. In the "Angel's Serenade" she won the hearts of her audience. Perhaps the quality of her voice was best shown in the flute imitation which were her part of the duet with Miss Earle. Her most enjoyable selection, however, was "Sempre Libera," which won an enthusiastic recall, when she sang "The Fairies" with sweetest expression.

Miss Earle made only one appearance. Long ago her voice made her a favorite with our concert-goers, and that their judgment was right is proved by the fact that she loses nothing in comparison with Mrs. Harrison. Their duet—a pretty little composition—was charmingly sung, and the singers were loudly applauded. As a general rule our concert programmes are too heavily weighted with piano solos. Last night there was only one, and the player, Miss Large, showed such superior ability and knowledge of her work that her performance has firmly established her in the front rank of our local pianists. Her selection was a charming one and, its beauty was brought out by Miss Large as perfectly as her surroundings permitted. Not a very large audience was present last night, and that reason it might be mistakenly assumed that it represented all the musical taste of our city. It is a deplorable fact to have to state that during the latter part of Miss Large's solo, such a chattering and giggling was kept up that nearly all sound of the music was lost to the back seats. If the "human commingling with the divine" last night the effect should have been more tranquilizing.

The concertist of the evening was Miss Reid. This young lady is a conscientious artist, and her two selections were well received. She was recalled after her second selection, and acknowledged the attention by telling what Billy "did."

Last, but not least, Mr. Earle. His accompaniments last night showed his power to elevate what is often considered a secondary matter into a feature that was as pleasant and enjoyable as any event on the programme.

When Travelling. Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fever, headache and other forms of sickness. For sale in 75c. bottles by all druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Summer School of Science Text Books! BOTANY—"Spartan" Parts I and II. CHEMISTRY—Laboratory, Manual of General Chemistry. CHEMISTRY—Introduction to Chemical Science. GEOLOGY—Dana's Geological Story Briefly Told. PHYSICS—Gage's Introduction to Physical Science. ZOOLOGY—Colton's Practical Zoology, etc. Magnifying Glasses, etc.

FOR SALE AT CARTER'S BOOKSTORE 187 QUEEN SQUARE. july6

MEMORY. The World-famed PROFESSOR A. LOISETTE, of New York and London, will give his FREE LECTURE—ON—Assimilative Memory, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 17th, IN THE Masonic Temple Opera House, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, SHARP. He is endorsed by Stonyhurst College, England; Hon. Wm. Waldorf Astor, Dr. J. M. Buckley, Sir Edward H. Meredith, Hart, Francis Wilson the Comedian, Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, Henry Guy Carleton the Dramatist, and many others of international fame. The Witness (Montreal), May 18, 1894: "No other lecturer ever gave such universal satisfaction in Montreal." jyl3

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TELEGRAPHIC.

CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION

To Be Held at Toronto Shortly. Addresses by the Cabinet Ministers.

Toronto, July 14. An Ottawa despatch says that as a result of the caucus of the Government's Ontario supporters, a proposal has been set on foot for holding a Conservative convention in Toronto in September next, during the Industrial Exhibition. It is proposed that the convention shall be attended by delegates from all parts of the Dominion, and that Sir John Thompson and all the Cabinet Ministers shall make addresses.

Ras Wiman Released. New York, July 14. Judge Barrett yesterday fixed Wiman's bail at \$30,000. Chas. E. Bous went on Wiman's bond and qualified for \$50,000. The bail was approved and Wiman released.

Lost Their Lives. St. John, July 14. John McBay, and his cousins Daniel and Edward Logan, lost their lives near the Falls of St. John River, north end of the city, yesterday.

The Chicago Strike. Chicago, July 14. President Debs declared the strike off yesterday. The leaders of the union claim that the strike is on the same as ever.

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A WATCH DOG will keep your time all right. Most lost articles can be recovered, but no one has ever been able to recover lost time; so time should be well watched. It's better to avoid losing time by putting a watch on its selected from our elegant and very complete display of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, that are unequalled for accurate time-keeping and artistic appearance. The only point run down by our watches is the price, which is as low as \$4.50 for Nickel, \$10 for Silver, \$10 for Gold Filled, \$10 to \$100 for Solid Gold Watches.

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There is always a best, even among a score of good things, and every pipe smoker who has tried the Mastiff brand acknowledges it to be the sweetest, coolest smoking tobacco made. It does not bite the tongue, and is positively free from any foreign mixture.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia; and Montreal, Canada.

MONTAGUE Carriage Factory. We are showing this season a finer line of Carriages than shown by us heretofore. The assortment consists of Top and Open Buggies, Jump Seats and Road Carts. For style, comfort, durability and excellence of workmanship our stock cannot be surpassed. Also at hand, at lowest prices, CARTS, TRUCK WAGONS, and all Carriage Findings, such as Pocket Boots, Whip Sockets, Washers, etc., usually found in a first-class Carriage Shop. Prompt attention to Repairs. Painting a specialty. Terms reasonable.

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DAVENPORT SCHOOL, Portland Manor, St. John, N. B. Boys educated for College or Business by an excellent staff of Resident Masters. Special Attention Paid to Religion, Morals and Manners. Visitor—The Lord Bishop of Fredericton. Also at hand, at lowest prices, CARTS, TRUCK WAGONS, and all Carriage Findings, such as Pocket Boots, Whip Sockets, Washers, etc., usually found in a first-class Carriage Shop. Prompt attention to Repairs. Painting a specialty. Terms reasonable.

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BEER & GOFF'S. Charlottetown, June 30, 1894—in this sat

Tickets to Boston.

Buy Your Tickets for Boston by S. S. "FLORIDA," (Canada Atlantic and Plant Line).

W. W. CLARKE, Ticket Agent, Corner Queen and Water Streets, Charlottetown, June 22, 1894.

Provincial Loan.

PROVINCIAL TREASURY, Prince Edward Island, 25th June, 1894. Under authority of the Act of last Session, 57 Vic., Cap. 6, the Government of Prince Edward Island is now prepared to receive, from any person or persons, Temporary Loans, at 4 per cent. interest, on call or on such terms as may be agreed upon.

This will afford a good opportunity for the investment of large or small sums for short or long periods. ANGUS McMILLAN, Prov. Treasurer. June 25—pat

Black Diamond Line. The SS. COBAN, due here from Montreal on Monday morning July 16th, prepared for North Sydney, St. John's and Harbor Grace, carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck, and produce under deck at lowest possible rates. For further particulars apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents. july12

SMOKE MASTIFF PLUG CUT BRIGHT, MILD & PURE

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