

# The Daily Examiner.

NEW SERIES.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—BURTON.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1883.

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**THE DAILY EXAMINER**  
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER  
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
CHARLOTTETOWN,  
P. E. ISLAND.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
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ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon 7th day, 1h. 57m. a. m.  
First Quarter, 14th day, 5h. 42m. p. m.  
Full Moon, 21st day, 5h. 6m. p. m.

Day	Sun	Moon	High	Days
of Week	rises	sets	water	len'th.
Thursday	7 30	4 59	1 47	4 58
Friday	29 5	1 24	6 16	
Saturday	28	3 44	7 30	9 59
Sunday	26	5 47	8 31	
Monday	25	6 52	9 21	
Tuesday	23	7 6	10 7	
Wednesday	21	9 6	10 48	
Thursday	19	11 7	11 28	
Friday	17	12 7	12 11	
Saturday	15	14 8	12 58	10 17
Sunday	14	16 8	1 48	
Monday	12	17 9	2 31	
Tuesday	11	18 10	3 27	
Wednesday	9	20 10	4 38	
Thursday	7	21 11	5 35	7
Friday	5	23 11	6 29	10 36
Saturday	3	24 12	7 20	
Sunday	1	26 2	8 20	
Monday	6 59	27 3	9 17	
Tuesday	58	28 4	10 14	
Wednesday	56	30 5	11 24	
Thursday	54	31 6	12 36	10 56
Friday	52	33 7	1 27	
Saturday	51	34 8	2 18	10 57
Sunday	49	36 9	3 10	
Monday	47	38 10	4 1	
Tuesday	45	39 11	5 1	
Wednesday	44	40 11	6 2	

**McLEOD & MORSON**  
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,  
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.

OFFICES:  
Reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post  
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Sam-  
merside, P. E. Island.

MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at  
moderate interest.  
W. A. O. MORSON.  
Nov. 24, '82.—pres her

**DR. WARBURTON,**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
(EDINBURGH.)

Office in Old City Hotel, corner of Great  
George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the  
Catholic Chapel. Entrance on Great George  
Street—night bell.  
Ch'town, Nov. 11, '82.—3m

**FOR SALE.**  
Lea's Sash and Door Factory,  
SAWING & PLANING MILL,  
Is now offered for sale.

THE above property will be sold to suit  
purchasers, as it now stands, or buildings  
and land will be sold separate from machin-  
ery. Also, that COMFORTABLE DWELLING  
HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, near  
Grafton.  
For further particulars apply to the owner  
on the premises,  
PAUL LEA.  
Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1883.

**NOTICE.**  
BEING about to make a change in my  
business, it is necessary that all amounts  
due me be paid on or before the twentieth  
January, 1883. All amounts not paid will be  
sued for then, without further notice.  
PAUL LEA.  
Sash and Door Factory, Ch'town, Jan. 5, '83.

**NOW OPENED**  
NEW  
Dining and Coffee Rooms,  
North Side of Queen Square,  
OPPOSITE THE LAW COURTS.  
D. MAY.  
Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1882.—3m

**JOHN MACEACHERN,**  
(Late of Italian Warehouse)  
AGENT FOR  
Royal Fire Insurance Company, of  
England,  
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance  
Company, of England,  
City of London Fire Insurance Co.,  
of England,  
HAS REMOVED  
His Office to his New Building,  
Cor. Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs.  
Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832.  
Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building  
occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Selling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Agent.  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882.—tf

**NOTICE.**  
THE business heretofore carried on by the  
undersigned and the late A. B. Stewart  
under the style and firm of HICKEY & STEW-  
ART, Tobacco Manufacturers, will be con-  
tinued by the subscriber under the same  
style.  
MICHAEL HICKEY.  
Ch'town, July 4, 1882.—pat tf

**A POSITIVE CURE**  
Without Medicines.  
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED  
BOUGIES.  
Patented October 16th, 1876. One box  
No. 1 will cure any case in four days or  
less.  
No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no  
matter of how long standing.  
No nauseous doses or cubes, copaiba, or  
oil of sandalwood, that are certain to pro-  
duce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of  
the stomach.  
Price \$1.50. Sold by all druggists, or  
mailed on receipt of price. For further par-  
ticulars send for circular. P. O. Box 1,533.  
J. J. ALLAN CO., 83 John Street,  
New York  
se 1 '82.—1yr

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NER, the Cheapest and Best Newspaper  
published on P. E. Island. Only \$1 per year

## PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

**MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD.**  
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send to—Regular, I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA GROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.**  
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instan-  
taneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively  
cure blue cases out of ten. Information that will save  
many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment.  
Prevention is better than cure.

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT** (For Internal and Ex-  
ternal Use) CURES  
Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Hoarseness, Hoarse Cough, Whooping Cough,  
Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**MAKE HENS LAY**

## FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST.

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEADS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofa Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room  
Bedroom Suites, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and  
Picture Mouldings.

**JOHN NEWSON.**  
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

## CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST LIFE INSURANCE

IN THE WORLD.  
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association  
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.

\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working  
under Government License.  
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance  
at its actual cost.  
Good Canvassers Wanted.

**LEONARD MORRIS,**  
General Agent for P. E. Island.  
Summerside, Oct. 25, 1882.—1y

## TO LET,

The Business Premises Known as  
"83 Queen Street,"  
Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.

The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES,  
will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January,  
of which due notice will be given.  
**JAS. DESBRISAY.**  
Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—tf

## THE EXAMINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH  
A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material  
OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,  
AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,  
Under the Careful and Skillful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,  
TO PRINT  
BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,  
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,  
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,  
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.,  
On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

## THE KING'S COUNTY ELECTION CASE

### THE EVIDENCE.

(CONCLUDED.)

PETER ADOLPHUS MCINTYRE, the respondent, sworn and examined by Mr. Davies.—I was a candidate at this last Election and was elected. James R. McLean was my financial agent. It does not embrace personal expenses, I had some personal expenses, but they were very small. The amount did not go over \$6 or \$7. I was not aware that the law required that my personal expenses should have been returned. If I had, it would have been just as easy to return. The expenses were at three places. The first was at Marton's, I put my horse up there. He kept a kind of inn there. The expenses was about \$2. I paid there a night with my horse, and afterwards called there for my dinner. I staid a couple of nights at Campbell's, Cardigan Bridge. He keeps an inn. I expect that would be about \$2. I remained a night at Sigworth's, Cardigan Bridge, the night of the public meeting. It would be about \$1. Throughout the rest of the County I used to stay at private houses and no charges were ever made. The custom of the County. I stayed at Grant's in Georgetown, and paid for my night's lodging and breakfast and tea 75 cents, as far as I can recollect. There might be a couple of telegrams. I sent one from St. Peters, and one from Cardigan Bridge. Wouldn't cost more than \$1. I have no recollection of anything else. There was none. I had not the slightest motive whatever in keeping them except my want of knowledge of the law. After my defeat in '78 I made no return at all. I never asked Whelan and Keefe and James R. McLean to go canvassing for me, and did not know they were out. I did not make use of liquor in making my canvass, nor did I authorize it to be used. I prohibited it because I knew it was dangerous and might have the effect of upsetting my election. I did not attempt to bribe, or buy, or corrupt any elector. I knew of nothing. I was not a party to or knew of no attempt to bribe or buy any elector. I told my friends to be very careful as I felt pretty certain of being returned, to do nothing that would be the means of upsetting it again. There were a number of political meetings held throughout the County. They were called by Mattart and McDonald. I attended them all but one. The meetings at Anderson's were supposed to be the meetings of my friends. Some of my opponents would be there also. The inner workings of the campaign were not discussed there. Nothing was discussed but what I did not care whether my opponents heard it or not. When I gave Mr. McLean the appointment as financial agent, it was strictly for that purpose, and I did not authorize him to act in any other capacity.

Cross-examined by Mr. Hodgson.—I understood Mr. McLean was a supporter of mine. I can't tell, he supported me all he could. I never heard until this noise came up that he went out of the village canvassing, but I knew that he was asking people in the village to support me. I never gave any one a treat during the Election nor on Election day. I swear positively. I swear I did not give Mr. Kickham a glass of grog on Election day. I swear that the money I have mentioned was all my personal expenses.

Michael McCormack re-called.  
To Mr. Hodgson.—The appointments of the financial agents were all handed to me on Nomination day.  
To Mr. Davies.—The result of the poll was: McDonald, total 1,941. McIntyre, total 2,124. Mattart, total 1,554. Robinson, total 2,002. The poll at Baltic Road, Lot 46, was: McDonald, 72; McIntyre, 135; Mattart, 74; Robinson, 103. This is the polling division through which McLean and Whelan drove, as given in evidence. I don't know if it is the polling division where Garrett votes. McLean's forge is in Lot 47, and I am not sure if Garrett votes there or not.  
Court adjourned to meet at Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 4th January, 1883, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon.

## Sugar Refiners' Profits.

The Grit papers have said a good deal at times about the gigantic profits that inure to sugar refiners in the Dominion by the imposition, as they alleged, of the present tariff. The charges of these ignorant prints must have been amusing, if they did not seem a little sarcastic, to the shareholders of the refining establishments. It will be seen by the annual report of the largest refinery in Canada—the well-abused Redpath Company—that its directors have only declared the very moderate dividend on capital of six per cent. at a time when money in the open market brings eight per cent. easily. The cause of the profits is therein laid down, and it is a fact that it corroborates the arguments of the Mail in always maintaining that competition would keep down the price of the necessary household article of sugar. The following is the substance of the report:—"At the annual meeting of the Canada Sugar Refining Company, a dividend of 6 per cent. for the year was declared. The directors refer to the business of the year as extremely unsatisfactory, consequent on excessive production and resulting keen competition. They point out that the consumption in the Dominion for the average of the past five years is only 115,687.44 pounds, or 51,660 tons, and that this includes all classes of sugar for consumption, as well as syrups, but not including molasses. This is equal to only 27 pounds per head per annum, about one-third of the consumption in Great Britain, accounted for, it is presumed, by the large use of maple sugar in the rural districts, especially in this province. For this business there are now no less than five refineries competing, the Canada sugar refinery and St. Lawrence in this city, the Nova Scotia and Atlantic at Halifax, and the Moncton sugar refinery; and a considerable importation of raw sugar for consumption is also included in the above total. The above figures are taken from the trade and navigation returns issued by Government. The capacity of the Canada Sugar Refinery is quite one-half of all the consumption of the Dominion.

## The Fall in Prices in 1882.

The London Economist regards as the most strongly marked commercial feature of the year 1882, the fall in the price of commodities. The following list shows that this decline embraced the great leading staples—

	Dec. '82.	Dec. '81.	Fall.
	£. d. s.	£. d. s.	£. d. s.
Wheat (Canada)	2 1 6	2 4 4	0 2 10
Sugar (Demerara)	1 5 0	1 8 6	0 3 6
Coffee (Ceylon)	3 11 0	3 16 0	0 5 0
Tea (medium)			
Congou	0 0 10	0 1 0	0 0 10
Cotton (Uplands)	0 0 5	0 0 6	0 0 1
Wool (Leicester)	0 0 9	0 0 11	0 0 2
Flax (St. Petersburg)	27 0 0	30 0 0	3 0 0
Silk (Canton)	0 12 6	0 15 0	0 2 6
Iron (good)	14 10 0	19 0 0	4 10 0
Iron (Scotch Pig)	2 9 0	2 11 9	0 2 9
Iron Bars	6 0 0	6 15 0	0 15 0
Tin (English)	4 17 0	5 14 0	17 0 0
Copper (English)	70 6 0	75 16 0	5 10 0
Lead (English)	14 5 0	15 12 6	0 17 6

NOTE.—The exact rate for cottons in Dec. 1882 was 5 and 13-16ths, and in Dec. 1881, it was 6 and 11-16ths pence.

As buyers or sellers, Canadians are affected by the change in price of all these commodities. Except what, we are sellers of none of them; of the balance of the list we are buyers. In the chief market for the surplus wheat of the world, the price fell last year—after last harvest—and it still remains probably below the average of the year. Of the prospect of the next harvest it would be too soon to speak; but in many parts of Europe the crop is likely to be more or less damaged. The fall in the price of iron was favorable to railway construction; and in this respect railway companies and contractors were in luck.—*Montreal Times.*

## Breaking in Cart Colts.

The breaking in of cart colts is very simple. They are usually put to work at from two to two-and-a-half years old. The first step to take is to get it accustomed to the working harness; by being baited in the stable with them, it will soon allow itself to be tied to the manger. In a day or two, when it has gained confidence, a collar and harness may be carefully placed on it, so that it will be in it whilst baiting. This should be done two or three days, according to the temper, never taking it out of the stable with the harness on until thoroughly quiet with it; patience, quietness, and determination are three special elements required in the man in charge, and without them no man ought to be trusted with a colt—a rough, noisy, hot-tempered fellow will do the mischief in a few minutes that may take weeks to overcome. The next step (says Mr. G. M. Sexton in his admirable essay) is to teach the colt to lead particularly avoiding injuring the mouth, as is often done, with a sharp bit; having accomplished this, it is safest put into trace between two old horses in a wagon an hour or two, and the same day a short time at plough. It is a good plan to tackle in two colts at a time; they will do the work at plough of one horse; at first doing half a day each, and when thoroughly educated may go all day every other day, as it saves the trouble of changing, especially when at a distance from home. Of course, care must be taken not to gall the shoulders; washing them with salt water when they come from work is a good preventive. The collar had better be a trifle too small than too large.

Collars, bits, bridle-reins, and trace require the master's eye, to see that the former fits the horse properly, and is in a proper condition, so as not to chafe or gall the shoulders. The bits should be jointed snaffles, smooth, of medium size; the reins of just such a length as to keep the head in the proper place, without gagging the mouth, and allow the horse to go fully into his collar. The reins should be whole without buckles; the good horse cannot then be buckled up, as is often done, with, perhaps, a sharp straight bit. The horse is often thus made both fretful and a jib, and consequently spoilt. Again, bad, old, worn-out traces, by breaking, have made many a horse false. Horses are clever, and do not like to be deceived. Care should be taken to see that the traces and harness generally are sound and in good repair. There is no policy, for various reasons, in buying old harness because it may be had for little money; it is a benefit only to your harness maker.

## A Hint to the Girls.

The newest parlor game at Laramie, Wyoming Territory, where woman suffrage has been established, was invented by the ladies of that region. The girls sit in one room in a row, with a chair in front of each one. The young men are stationed in another room, and are brought in one by one. When he comes in the youth chooses his chair, and the young lady behind him binds his eyes with a handkerchief. Then the black cook comes in, kisses him and disappears. The young man is released, feeling much refreshed and elate, and promptly retires to the other end of the room. His feelings when the next young man comes in and is treated to this novel entertainment can be imagined, but they are mitigated by the pleasure of seeing the other fellows undergoing the experiment. As a winter evening amusement, it is one of the most popular in Wyoming.

## Horsford's Acid Phosphate

FOR NERVOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, ETC., ETC.  
Send to the Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I., for pamphlet. Mailed free.

Five hundred and forty Remnants of Dress Goods for less than half price at PERKINS & STERN.  
[Feb 16 '83]