

The Daily Examiner.

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This is true Liberty, when Free-Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free.—EUPHIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1885.

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J. H. BELL & CO.,

Custom Boot & Shoe Makers.

CUSTOM work got up in the latest styles, neat and up to the times. Good stock and workmanship second to none.

Orders Filled Prompt—Prices Reasonable.

We also keep on hand a quantity of Shoe Findings, with a good assortment of Fashionable Laces, in Men's, Women's, Boys', Misses', Gents' and Children's, which we sell cheap.

J. H. BELL & CO.,

Sign of the BIG BOOT, Upper Great George St., 2nd door to Knight & Son. Nov. 30, 1885—lmo 2aw

WARBURTON & SMALLWOOD,

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day entered into partnership, under the style and firm of Warburton and Smallwood,

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,

Notaries Public, &c.

Office—Cameron Block, Queen Square.

A. B. WARBURTON, B.A., B.C.L., C. R. SMALLWOOD.

The firm are Agents for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, which does the largest business of any Life Insurance Company in the world.

Dec. 3—law wky 3 mo

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,

BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.

July 15—dly wky

EDWARD M. ARCHIBALD,

Shipping and Commission Merchant,

81, 83 & 85 WATER STREET,

ST. JOHN'S, N. F.,

Ample wharfrage, yardage, and storage room. Consignments solicited.

Liberal advances made on receipt of consignments.

Sept. 9, '85—11 dec31

—FOR—

BOSTON,

Fall and Winter Arrangement

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday and Thursday, at 8.00 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to

G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. S. S. Co., F. W. HALES, P. E. I. S. S. Co.,

or to your nearest Ticket Agent. Nov. 2, 1885—cod wky

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

None Other Genuine.

Oct. 20.

CUT THIS OUT and return it to us

with 10c, or 3c stamps, and

you'll get by return mail a

Golden Box of Goods that will

bring you in more money in one year than

anything else in America. Your fortune if

you start quick—**ONLY NOVELTY CO.**

Charlottetown, N. E.

ENGLISH CONFECTIONERY.

The finest assortment of English and Canadian Confectionery for Christmas trade we have ever offered.

BEER & GOFF.

MINCE MEAT,

Choice Brand, for Sale at

BEER & GOFF'S.

ORANGES, LEMONS, GRAPES.

20 cases Oranges, 15 cases Lemons, 25 brs. Grapes, just arrived from Great Britain.

BEER & GOFF.

RAISINS.

250 boxes received—Layers, Valencia, Seedless.

BEER & GOFF.

APPLES.

American Baldwins, N. S. Tomkins, Pippins, &c., at

BEER & GOFF'S.

CRANBERRIES.

30 brs. Cranberries and Foxberries at

BEER & GOFF'S.

CANDIED PEEL.

Keiffer's Celebrated English Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels at

BEER & GOFF'S.

SPECIALTIES.

Corned Beef, 20cts. per pound; Smoked Beef (shaved) 24cts. per pound; Bologna Sausages, 14cts. per pound; Ox Tongues (English), Pea Soup, &c., at

BEER & GOFF'S.

Pure Spices, Essences, &c.

Pure Spices, Cream Tartar and Baking Powders at

BEER & GOFF'S.

Canned Salmon.

Sandwiches, Peaches, Pine Apples, Corns, Tomatoes, Peas, &c., choice brands.

BEER & GOFF.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Fresh roasted and ground—fine quality; also Essence Coffee and Condensed Coffee & Milk.

BEER & GOFF.

PASTRY FLOUR.

2, 3, 5, 10 and 12 pound packages, very choice quality.

BEER & GOFF.

Dec. 11, 1885.

COLD MEDAL-PARIS 1878

OSMONT'S

STEEL PENS

SOLD BY ALL

STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Always Gives Satisfaction

WHEREVER USED.

WOODILL'S

GERMAN

BAKING

POWDER

KENTVILLE, N. S., Dec. 3, 1885.

Please forward another case of Woodill's

German Baking Powder.

Never before had such Pastry.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

W. M. D. PEARMAN, Treasurer, Halifax, N. S.

Dec. 10, '85.

BETTER THAN FACTS!

NO CHANCE BUSINESS.

The Most Reliable Yet—Genuine Recommendations at

STANLEY BROS.,

BROWN'S BLOCK, OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.

NO Old Goods; Everything Fresh and New—This Year's Importation.

From this date we will sell at a Large Reduction the balance of our Wool Scarfs and Squares, Wool Shawls and Jackets, Fur-lined Cloaks and Astracan Jackets, Colored Dress Goods and Millinery Goods, Ladies' Plush and Leather Hand Bags.

Big Bargains for Men in Fur Caps, Kid Gloves and Mitts, Wool Shirts, Underclothing and Heavy Wool Tweeds.

STANLEY BROS.,

BROWN'S BLOCK.

Ch'town, Dec. 14, '85.

NOW THEN FOR

D. A. BRUCE'S

—OFFER OF—

CLOTHING & GENTS' FURNISHINGS

WE have on hand one case Cloths, one case Gents' Furnishings, sent by mistake, and sold to us at a big advantage rather than return them. We are manufacturing these cloths into

SUITS AND OVERCOATS,

charging only FIVE PER CENT OVER COST! and from \$4.50 to \$6 for making and trimming Overcoats; from \$5 to \$7 for making and trimming Suits with Good Trimmings and

GOOD WORKMANSHIP.

CLOTH, by the yard or piece, Very Cheap. We have on hand a few Suits and Overcoats, made to order, not called for

SELLING AT COST.

This ought to convince you that there is money lost if you don't purchase from us, instead of buying imported clothing. ALL OUR CLOTHING IS MADE ON THE PREMISES. No \$3 Overcoats.

The Custom Tailoring,

under the management of MR. JAMES McLEOD, leads all others for All work. Prices in this department will be found lower than ever. Our past record is sufficient guarantee to secure your future confidence.

A large portion of our Neckwear has been manufactured to our special order, from patterns that will be found the very thing you want.

D. A. BRUCE,

72 QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Dec. 3, 1885.—cod wky 2mos

BRITISH

WAREHOUSE,

83 QUEEN STREET.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK,

NOW COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

UNSURPASSED FOR VALUE!

A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, Nov. 19.—wky.

CHARLOTTETOWN SASH AND DOOR FACTORY!

Peake's No. 3 Wharf.

R. PALMER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

We are now manufacturing and will sell at the lowest cash prices:

Sashes, Doors, Window and Door Frames, Architraves, Spouting and Conductor

Mouldings, Ballusters, Newel Posts, Staff Rails, Twists, &c.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, in Planing, Jointing, Morticing, Tenoning,

Jig and Fret Sawing, Turning, &c.

All kinds of Gothic Windows for Churches made at shortest notice.

With new and first-class Machinery, and the latest appliances, we can insure the

most satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage.

Ch'town, Sept. 23, 1885.—wky 1 mo

Distress in Russia.

While the political future of Russia is, to say the least, uncertain, the commercial and financial outlook is so dark that one scarcely sees a ray of light. The skill and enterprise of American farmers have been every year diminishing the imports of Russia into Western Europe, and to this competition has now been added that of India, whose export of wheat this year will surpass that of Russia. Competition has forced the price down to the lowest figures known in more than a century; so low, in fact, that Russia cannot grow wheat at the present prices, and the great interest of wheat growing is therefore paralysed. The ignorance, poverty, and financial burdens of the peasantry are so great that they do not know how to make proper use of their lands. The latter are already becoming exhausted, and a bad season, added to the cumulative effects of bad tillage, has caused widespread disaster and discouragement among them. The suffering from these causes has gone so far that the Government has interfered for the relief of the wheat growers; banks have been organized to make advances to proprietors and farmers to enable them to hold their wheat against the possibility of a better market. But as the Government itself is practically bankrupt the end of this kind of help cannot be far off. The beet root industry, after having been stimulated into life by subsidies, has now been destroyed by the competition of Germany. The great linen trade is fast going to decay by the increasing use of cotton and jute. Flocks and herds are becoming more and more the prey to various diseases. It will be seen, therefore, that the agricultural condition is desperate, and the commercial situation is no brighter. The Government adds to the general suffering by its excessive taxation for the great war expenses of the past, and steadily piles up an enormous debt by yearly deficits. A crisis is apparently inevitable, and is deferred by nothing except the immense interests of German investors in Russia.

Good Advice to Country Boys.

Every man who lives in New York and has acquaintances in the rural districts knows that the majority of country boys and young men think that the golden opportunity of life is a chance to enter business in a large city. It is also a fact that country boys who come to the city are reasonably sure to wear away the best years of their lives before they realize that they would have succeeded better had they remained at home. The following bit of advice, which the *Nashville American* offers is worth preserving for use in cases of special application.

"Intelligent boys in the country, however poor, should take comfort. Let them consider their present hardships as a gymnasium for the development of their many qualities of mind and body. Let them practice industry and honesty, acquire knowledge, cultivate decision of character, suffer patiently and endure cheerfully privations and self-denial, labor with a singleness of purpose, and strengthen their characters by winning success in every undertaking, however small. Let them cultivate habits of thrift, economy and persistency, and their time of influence and power will come—come as surely as effects follow cause, as wealth follows prudence and industry, as intelligence follows inquiry, as light follows darkness."

Put This in Your Pipe.

An English workingman, just past the middle age, found that his pipe, which for many years had been a great comfort to him, was beginning to seriously affect his nerves. Before giving it up, however, he determined to find out if there was no way by which he might continue to smoke without feeling its effects to an injurious extent. He accordingly wrote to a medical journal, and was recommended to fill the bowl of the pipe one-third full of table salt, and press the tobacco hard down upon it, as in ordinary smoking. The result was very satisfactory. During the process of smoking the salt solidifies, while remaining porous, and when the hardened lump is removed, at the end of the day's smoking, it is found to have absorbed so much of the oil of tobacco as to be deeply colored. The salt should be removed daily.

Quite a Difference.

"I see that Archdeacon Farrar will take back about \$25,000 as profits of his lecture tour," remarked the Horse Editor.

"That's a good deal of money," assented the Snake Editor.

"But John L. Sullivan will clear over \$75,000 by his tour. Isn't that rather a commentary on the tastes of the American people?"

"I don't know. You see Sullivan has the advantage of Farrar in one important particular."

"Indeed! What particular?"

"He has a better delivery, you know."—*Pittsburg Chronicle*.

"Please help a blind man," said a fellow with green goggles, as he held a tin cup toward the line of people issuing from the Union Depot, last evening. "I always help the blind," said one of two young men who were passing, and he stopped and took out a five dollar bill; "can you get a quarter out of this?" "I guess so," said the blind man, fishing out a handful of change and counting out four dollars and seventy-five cents. "Well, John," said the benevolent young man's companion, as they walked on, "you're a bigger fool than I took you to be."

"Am I?" said John. "Yes, you are; that fellow's no more blind than I am. How could he tell that was a five-dollar bill?" "Blamed if I know," said John, innocently; "but he must be mighty near-sighted not to see that it was a counterfeit."

—*Chicago News*.

CURRENT NOTES.

Vanderbilt was extremely fond of molasses candy.

The election for president of France will be held on the 23th.

How to get a dinner of great variety—Allow your cook a wide range.

From a single acre you can gather 3,000 bushels of prize oysters, if you can have the acre in the right place. This beats wheat raising by a large majority.

The *Nord Deutsche Zeitung* says that England and Italy will take joint action in the Soudan, and that an Italian army corps will be despatched to the Soudan shortly.

Patti was almost overrun by beggars in Paris—not an uncommon experience in that city. In ten days the demands upon her—in person and by letter—for stated sums of cash, aggregated more than \$50,000.

British Columbia has followed Ontario in giving women the franchise in municipal and civic elections, on the same qualifications as men; but no woman is allowed to sit as alderman or councillor.

Telephonic communication has been established between Paris and Rhoms, a distance of about one hundred and fifteen miles, and the transmission of sound is said to be perfect. Five minutes' conversation costs one franc.

Pasteur's parents were humble and poor. His father was a tanner, and obliged to work very hard to support his family. Nevertheless he superintended the lessons of his son and sent him to college, being determined to make him an educated man.

The family physician of the late Wm. H. Vanderbilt says he was killed by overwork. Mr. Vanderbilt was possessed of an excellent constitution, a fine physique, and great muscular power. He should have lived with these advantages many years longer. Since his father's death—eight years ago—he has lived, measuring by work and care, fully twenty. This laid the foundation of arterial changes which resulted in the rupture of a large vessel in the brain.

Sir Charles Tupper.—Another instance of good travelling was the recent tour of Sir Charles Tupper, the high commissioner of Canada. Sir Charles was out of London ninety-six days. During that time he spent three weeks in cities, and delivered innumerable speeches with his customary vigour and copiousness; yet he got over 20,523 miles, or an average of nearly 214 miles a day on the whole ninety-six days. It is a painful contrast with the recent London weather that all but one of these ninety-six days were brilliant with sunshine. —*London Canadian Gazette*.

The death of Mr. Vanderbilt elevates to the administration of his vast estate, says the *Brooklyn Eagle*, a man of abilities transcendently greater than his own. Indeed it is an open secret that the genius which guided the millionaire in all the important details of his multifarious business concerns was lodged in the brain of Chauncey M. Depew. Orator, lawyer, lecturer, man of affairs, brilliant in the drawing-room, incomparable on the stump, and sagacious in political council, it would be hard to mention another American who can match the distinguished New Yorker in the versatility of his power.

As an example of what an American may do with himself under the favoring aspects of life in this country, may well be cited Peter Donahue, who died recently in San Francisco worth \$1,000,000. He began life as a blacksmith, and was never ashamed of his first calling. When he built a \$25,000 tomb in Calvary Cemetery, he placed upon the front a heavy bronze medallion, representing in bas relief a tremendous arm, with a heavy hammer in the fist, and underneath the words: "Labor Omnia Vincit." Over it was the single name, "Donahue." His daughter is the wife of Baron von Schroeder, of Germany, and lives in Stuttgart in high social position.

In the Memoirs of Gustave Dore some interesting statistics are given with regard to his earnings. It is estimated that between 1850 and 1870 his illustrations brought him \$1,400,000. A morning's work has been known to realize \$2,000. But it was the number of his works, quite as much as the unprecedentedly high rate of remuneration which he commanded, that made his earnings so large. Everything brought grist to his mill, from Dante to an almanac. He was not actuated by a greed of gain, but by the desire to establish a monopoly of talent in his own person. About the age of 23 he conceived the plan of illustrating some forty of the great masterpieces of literature, from Homer downward, and by 1855 he had executed seven.

Mr. Gladstone, referring to the British election, writes: "It has been a wonderful election and will prove that we have gained on the Tories since 1880, if allowance is granted us of fifteen seats lost through double liberal candidatures and fifteen seats Mr. Parnell gave the Tories."

The number of members of the new House of Commons never before elected to Parliament is 332. This has had no parallel since the first Parliament under the Reform Bill in 1832. It is now seen that the Parnellite strength in the new Parliament will be virtually 100. The solid phalanx of Parnellites proper, bound by oath to vote as the majority decides, lacks but fourteen of that number. This deficiency is fully made up by old allies of Mr. Parnell, and by other Liberals, whose narrow escapes from defeat have emphasized to their minds the power of the Irish vote.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America and self-addressed envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Truman, Station D, New York.