

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, JANUARY 7, 1878.

NO. 200.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.
OFFICE:
KINGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
One Week, 0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

The Weekly Examiner

Is Published every Friday.
OFFICE:
KINGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Subscription price, postage prepaid, \$1.00 per year, in advance.

Rates of advertising, in the Weekly Examiner, will be as follows:

First insertion, per inch, \$0 50
Each continuation, " 0 12

Contracts may be made for quarterly, half-yearly, and yearly advertisements on application at the office.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

While taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never before attempted in this City.

We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

BEAUTIFUL PHOTO-ENAMEL
the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

Glace Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS.,
Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets,
opposite Connolly's Bank.
Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

Coarse Salt for Packing.

FIFTY TONS Coarse Salt, three hundred Bags do.
For sale by **HASZARD BROS.**
Dec. 8, 1877—1m eod

HERRING! HERRING!

FOR SALE AT
W. W. CLARKE'S.
Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—eod tf

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, Cheap,
TO BE FOUND AT
W. W. CLARKE'S.
Water St., Ch'town, Dec.—1' eod 1f

CHEAPEST YET!

In order to reduce our Large Stock, we will sell, at a great reduction on former prices.

We will Sell—
Good Gray Cotton, from 4 1-2 cts.
Good White Cotton, from 6 cts.
Good Print Cotton, from 6 cts.
Good Heavy Winceys, from 6 1-2 cts.
Good Tweed Dress Goods, 7 1-2 cts.
Boy's Winter Tweed, 25 cts.
Heavy Winter Shawls, \$1.25.
All Wool Flannel, 20 cts.

SCARFS, CLODS, GLOVES.

VERY CHEAP.

All other goods at proportionately low prices.

Buying our goods for Cash, we are in a position to sell all goods at our bottom prices.

J. B. MACDONALD,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.
Dec. 7—no pat

To Trustees of Country Schools

THE Trustees of several Districts have been applying for school furniture, and in every instance consider the American and Canadian Combination Seat and Desk too expensive. I have just got up a Combination that is stronger, neater, and one-third cheaper than those that have been imported. Call and see samples of the different sizes. City School Trustees fully approve of them.

MARK BUTCHER
Dec. 18, 1877—ex 1m ne a pat pres 4i

GENERAL AGENCY NOTICE.

I BEG to announce to the TRADE of this City, and the Island generally, that on the 14th of JANUARY I will have a complete

ASSORTMENT OF SAMPLES,

of the following lines of Goods for Spring and Summer:

**English & Canadian
TWEEDS & WOOLLENS,
BOOTS & SHOES,**

**AMERICAN COTTONS,
Readymade Clothing**

**AMERICAN
RUBBER GOODS,**

IN GREAT VARIETY.
Tobacco & Cigars, Confectionery,
Coffee & Spices, Naval Stores,
Teas, Sugars.

I am also SOLE AGENT for the Lower Provinces for WYATT & Co's (London) CELEBRATED

Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, Etc.,
—AND—
E. James & Son's (Plymouth) celebrated

STARCH, BLUE & DOME LEAD.
This Notice is only to the Trade—no Retail orders being solicited or accepted.

Sample Rooms at No. 9 Queen St., over the Office of Messrs. Hyndman Brothers.
JOHN H. CATHRAE,
Ch'town, Nov. 23, 1877—w & l w o

**H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR**

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.

All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.

A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

**BLANK BILL-HEADS,
BLANK STATEMENTS,**

—AND—
BUSINESS CARDS!
Furnished promptly and cheaply, to order, at the

EXAMINER OFFICE,
KINGS' BUILDING,
Corner Great George and Water Streets.

1878.

THE

Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

CONSIDER OUR TERMS:

SINGLE COPIES to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—\$1.00 in advance.

SIX COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$3.50 in advance.

TEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$9.00 in advance.

FIFTEEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as required, \$13.50 in advance.

TWENTY COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$17.00.

IN DULL TIMES

—GET THE—
CHEAPEST AND BEST!

The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

LOCAL NEWS,

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, \$2.50
For Three Months, 1.25
For One Month,50

ADDRESS,
W. L. COTTON,
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company,
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

The Only Policy.

There are six hundred and fifty members in the British House of Commons. What would be said in England if over a hundred of that number, including Mr. Speaker, were found to be Government contractors? Or what would our neighbors say if a sixth of their three hundred and seventy-five representatives in Congress were interested in printing, carrying and supplying contracts with the Departments? No scandal so gross has ever affected the British Parliament within this century at least, nor has Congress, corrupt and venal as it is supposed to be, ever had to consider, in all its records of jobs, one so extensive or wholesale as that. It has been left to a Canadian Administration, boasting all the virtues in man and some of the attributes of the angels, to show the world how a Legislature can be successfully corrupted. We can boast, indeed, that we have surpassed, not only the most conspicuous achievements of the British Walpoles in the matter of making Parliament the abode of placemen, but the best efforts of the vilest "rings" about the White House. Once, only once, was the Speaker of the House of Commons tainted, and he dared not face the ceremony of his expulsion. Only once, too, has a presiding officer in Congress been proven corrupt, and he retired to private life, and is still pursued by the scandal. But our Speaker, who takes a twenty thousand dollar contract from the Government, pleads "inadvertence," and asks and obtains a bill of indemnity from a Government majority itself equally corrupt! The spectacle of Mr. Speaker and thirty members, in a House of two hundred, holding Government contracts, is enhanced by that of the Ferris or Independent Reformers, telling the Premier they would support him unless he gives them so many hundred tons of rails for their local roads, and climaxed by the Premier accepting their terms by return post as coolly as though the transaction involved nothing more sacred than his Christmas turkey.—*Toronto Mail.*

A Few Precepts from Confucius.

"Be severe to yourself, and indulgent to others; you thus avoid all resentment."
"The wise man makes equity and justice the basis of his conduct; the right forms the rule of his behavior; deference and modesty mark his exterior sincerity and fidelity serve him for accomplishment."
"Love virtue, and the people will be virtuous; the virtue of a great man is like the wind; the virtue of the humble is like the grass; when the wind passes over it the grass inclines its head."
"Children should practice filial piety at home, and fraternal deference abroad; they should be attentive in their actions, sincere and true in their words, loving all with the whole force of their affections."
"Return equity and justice for evil done to you, and pay goodness by goodness."
"Without the virtue of humanity, one can neither be honest in poverty nor contented in abundance."
"Real virtue consists in integrity of heart, and loving your neighbor as yourself."
"What I desire that others should not do to me, I equally desire not to do to them."
"Think not of faults committed in the past, when one has reformed his conduct."

Miscellaneous News.

Lizards are numerous in Hamilton, Ont. It is almost impossible to draw a pail of water without getting half a dozen or more.
If you are anxious to do some hard missionary work, have your club and spend your evenings with your family.
Now let us have P's.—*Boston Post.* Canada is happy. The sleighing is splendid, and there is no excise law.—*N. Y. Herald.* Who told you so?
During the present year the United States sent 105,000,000 yards of cotton goods abroad, ten times more than was exported the year before.
There are few men who, were they sure of death on their seventieth birthday, would think of preparation. To-morrow may be the gate of an eternity and they go on in their folly.
True joy is a serene and sober emotion; and they are miserably out that take laughing for rejoicing; the seat of it is within, and there is no cheerfulness like the resolution of a brave mind.
"What is your chief consolation in life?" asked a pastor of a young lady in his Bible class. The young lady blushed and hesitated, but on the question being repeated, the ingenious maiden said; "I don't like to tell you my name; but I have no objection to tell you where he lives."
Thrifty Wife:—"Oh, Algernon! More useless china! More money thrown away when we have so little to spare!" Amiable chintamaniac:—"Pooh? pooh! my love! Money not so much an object as a comfortable home, you know!"—*Punch.*
So strong is the feeling against capital punishment in Merionethshire, Wales, that at a recent execution at Dolgelly the Sheriff had to hire carpenters from Chester and cart the timber for the scaffold with his own horses. The Sheriff is so averse to hanging that he refused reporters admission to the jail to witness the execution.

"Reform" Principles.

At this time, when Ministerial conventions are the order of the season, we hear a great deal, not specifically but in a general way, of "Reform principles." The *Exeter Times*, a very able Opposition journal, sums up the old Reform principles as follows:—

1. They opposed members of the Government leaving the service of the country in Parliament and accepting offices of emolument under the Crown.

2. They opposed coalitions, and described them as corrupt.

3. They objected to Government letting contracts of public works without tender.

4. They favored a reduction in the number of Cabinet Ministers.

5. They favored a reduction in the expenditure of each Department in the Government.

6. They opposed the violation of the Independence of Parliament Act.

7. They opposed the expenditure of money in Parliamentary elections, and corruption was to be relentlessly stamped out under the iron heel of political purity.

8. They advocated the abolition of Government pensions.

9. They opposed the interference of Cabinet Ministers in elections, especially in those of the Provinces.

10. They opposed the employment of deputies to do the work of the Departments.

No. 1 has been sadly used up. Mr. W. Ross, M. Cauchon, M. Fournier, M. Letellier, Mr. D. A. McDonald, Mr. Laird, M. Dorion, Mr. Stirton, Mr. E. B. Wood, and others, have taken office, though in Opposition they denounced the practice.

No. 2. It is scarcely necessary to refer to No. 2.

No. 3 was broken by the Premier, notably when he bought the steel rails, undertook the construction of the Fort Frances Road, and gave the Georgian Bay contract to Senator Foster, then recouping him for his alleged outlay without certificate from the Chief Engineer. These transactions have involved a large expenditure:—

Steel Rails,	\$2,900,000
Fort Frances, to 31st Dec., 1876,	200,000
Payments to Senator Foster, (cash),	109,000
Payments to Senator Foster, (rails)	
227 tons at \$30,	6,000
	\$3,214,000

No. 4. It is scarcely necessary to refer to No. 4.

No. 5. There has been an increase in every branch of the public expenditure, as the Public Accounts since 1873 show.

No. 6. Anglin, Norris; but it is scarcely necessary to refer to No. 6.

No. 7. Thirty Reform members of the Dominion House, or one out of every four of those sitting on the Government benches, have been unseated for corrupt practices since January 1874. Reform partisans reported by the Judges for corrupt practices have been rewarded with public positions.

No. 8. The superannuation account has been increased from \$54,000, in 1873, to \$101,000, in 1875.

No. 9. Before the Reform Government had been in office three months, Mr. Cartwright went down to Bowmanville to make a corrupt contract with Senator Simpson for election purposes. Since then Ministers have appeared in almost every election contest, Three of them, Messrs. Mackenzie, Cartwright, and Huntington, were in North and South Ontario at one time seeking to defeat the Messrs. Gibbs, and Senator Pelletier has spent the last three months in Arthabaska and Quebec East on M. Laurier's behalf. As to interference in Provincial contests, Mr. D. A. McDonald assured Mr. Mowatt, in January, 1875, in a letter that found its way into the papers that the Dominion Government had done its best to secure the triumph of the Local Government in the Local elections then pending. Throughout the summer and fall just past, the Dominion and Local Premiers "hunted in couples," as the "Globe used to say, from county to county.

No. 10 has been habitually broken, summer and fall seldom seeing a Cabinet quorum at Ottawa.