

THE WAR-TRAIL!

CHAPTER LXXX.

A RED EPITHEL.

The trail led northwest, as written upon the maguay. No doubt she had heard her captors forepeak their plans. I knew that she herself understood something of the Comanche language.

But, even without this knowledge she might still have learnt the designs of the savages—for these southern Comanches are accomplished linguists—many of them can speak the beautiful language of Andalusia.

No doubt, Isolina in their midst had overheard them discussing their projects. We had ridden about two hours, when we came upon the ground where the Indians had made their night camp.

We approached it warily and with stealth, for we were now travelling with great caution. We had need. Should a single savage, straying behind, set eyes upon us we might as well be seen by the whole band.

I say plan, for I had formed one. During the long vigil of the night my thoughts had not been idle, and a course of action I had traced out, though it was not yet fully developed in my mind.

We approached their night encampment then, warily and with stealth. The smoke of its smouldering fires pointed out the places, and warned us from afar. We found it quite deserted, the gaunt wolf and coyote alone occupying the ground, disputing with each other possession of the hide and bones of a horse, the debris of the Indian breakfast.

Had we not known already, the trappers could have told by the sign of the camp to what tribe the Indians belonged.

There were still standing the poles of a tent—only one—doubtless the lodge of the head chief. The poles were temporary ones—saplings, cut from the adjacent thicket. They were placed in a circle, and meeting at the top, were tied together with a piece of thong, so that when covered, the lodge would have exhibited the form of a perfect cone.

"Eft had a been Kickapoo," said Rube, who took the opportunity of displaying his knowledge, "thud a bent thur poles in'ard, so's to make a sort o' a roun top d'ee see, an' eft had a been Wacoos or Whitecheets they'd a left a hole at the top to let out thur smoke.

Delawurs and Shawnee wud a hed tents jest like whites, but thet ar ain't thur way o' makin' a fire. In a Shawnee fire the logs wud a been laid in, one end turned in, and the tother turned out, jest like the star on a Texan flag, or the spokes o' a wheel. Likewises Cherokee an' Choctaw wud a hed reglar tents, but thur fire wud a been alser diffrent. Thud a sot the logs parallel, side by side, an lit em only at one end, an' then pushed em up as fast as they burn'd. Thet's thur way. Ee see these hylr logs is sot diff'rint, thur lit in the middle, an' thet's Kimaneh for sartint, it ur."

Rube's knowledge extended farther. The savages had been astart as early as ourselves. They had decamped about daylight, and were exactly two hours ahead of us on the trail. Why were they travelling so rapidly? Not from fear of pursuit by an enemy. The soldiers of Mexico—had they regarded these—were too busy with the Saxon foe, and vice versa. They could hardly be expecting us to make an expedition to rob them of their captives.

Under the influence of singular emotions I rode over the ground. There were other signs beside those of the savage; signs of the plunder with which they were laden. Signs of civilization. They were fragments of broken cups, and musical instruments; torn leaves of books; remnants of dresses, silks and velvets; a small satin slipper (the peculiar chaussure of the Mexican manola—upon whose foot worn?) side by side with a worn-out, mud-stained moccasin—fit emblems of savage and civilized life. There was no time for speculating on such a curious confusion. I was looking for signs of her—for traces of my betrothed. I cast around me inquiring glances.

Where was it probable she had passed the night? Where? Involuntarily my eyes rested upon the naked poles—the tent of the chief. How could it be otherwise? Who among all the captives liked her? Grandly beautiful, to satisfy the eye even of a savage chieftain—grandly, magnificently beautiful, how could she escape his notice? There in his lodge, shrouded under the brown skin of buffaloes, under hideous devices—in the arms of a painted, red-bedaubed savage—his arms, brows and greasy—embraced—oh!

TO BE CONTINUED.

Take Care of The Stable.

1. Let your stable be well drained and sufficiently lighted. The vapours from a damp putrid floor, and the sudden change from darkness to light will almost certainly cause blindness.

2. Let the floor of the stalls be quite flat and level. Standing on a sloping place is very painful, and causes lameness by straining the ligaments and membranes. It also produces grease and sore heels.

3. Every stall should be at least six feet wide, and nine feet long. This will enable the horse to turn around without bruising himself, and to lie down and stretch himself with comfort.

4. Let the stalls be separated by partitions, not by bars. They prevent the horses from fighting and kicking each other.

5. Let proper openings be made just under the ceiling to permit the hot foul air to escape, and proper openings at the bottom of the wall to admit fresh air. Impure and confined air will cause broken wind.

6. The fresh air should enter through a number of small holes, rather than a large hole, such as an open window. That prevents draughts, which cause chills and cough.

7. The temperature of a stable should be that of a sitting room or parlour, not over 70° in summer nor under 45° in winter. Hot, close, or foul stables will bring on glanders or inflammation, while a very cold or damp one may cause an incurable cough or disease of the lungs.

8. Do not keep the hay over the manger. The steam and breath of the animal make it both unpleasant and unwholesome. If the hay must be kept over the horse, the ceiling should be of plaster. This will prevent the vapours from passing up to the food.

9. Have no opening into the manger from the hay loft. Dust is very often thrown into the horse's eyes when fed in this way, and thus blindness is begun. The breath ascends directly to the food through the opening, which at the same time pours a continual draught on the horse's head, thus causing chills as well as bad food.

Special Notices.

L. E. Prowse is opening New Goods to-day, ap 25

FRESH Oranges and Lemons at "The Confectionery," ap 25 2in

GREAT show of Scotch Tweeds at L. E. Prowse's to-day, ap 25

NEW MAPLE SUGAR at BEER & GORF'S, ap 25

THE usual full stock of fresh seeds has just arrived at Watson's Drug Store, ap 29

OLD BANK PAPER FOR CASH.—A few hundred dollars wanted. Apply to H. Combs, Agent, ap 19

A LARGE door key lost to-day, between Queen and Pownall Streets. The finder will please leave the same at the Family Grocery, ap 18

Old Bank Notes taken at BEER & GORF'S, ap 10

MILLINERY and MANTLE FITTING.—Ladies are respectfully informed that Miss Vandervest, late with Mr. Robert Young, has taken the management of our Millinery and Mantle Fitting Room. In this department we shall be able to show, in the course of a few days, the newest goods, selected personally by our Mr. Paton, in the English markets.—W. A. WEEKS & Co., ap 19 eod

SCOTCH TWEEDS.—A splendid assortment of Scotch Tweeds, just opened to-day, at L. E. Prowse's, ap 25

St. Jacob's Oil and Handy Package Dyes, just opened at DODD'S Medical Hall, 2w wed sat wky—ap 12

COME and see the splendid assortment of Spring Tweeds manufactured at the Charlottetown Woolen Mills, and for sale cheap at Wm. Gordon's store, sign of the Sheep, Grafton Street, near Walker's corner.

"ALL RIGHT," is the general exclamation of all who have used Minard's Liment, for it always proves to be just what it is represented, ap 13

CASH paid for Bank of P. E. Island notes at the London House, ap 17

Very Fine Fresh, Sweet Cod Liver Oil, at DODD'S Medical Hall, ap 12—2w wed sat wky

A VERY large stock of Christy's London Hats at L. E. Prowse's, ap 14

Go to W. P. COLWELL for Clover, Timothy and Garden Seeds, ap 7 wky 2m

200 coils Manila Rope, 3 and 12-thread, for Lobster Packers, etc.—W. E. Dawson & Co., ap 24

The only place on P. E. Island, where you can get every part of a Gun made, is at Brown's Shop, corner of Prince and Grafton Streets, nov 1 of wky

Old Bank Notes taken at BEER & GORF'S, ap 10

Fresh Flower Seeds at DODD'S Medical Hall. Fine fresh Garden Seeds coming in time for hot beds, ap 11 eod pat

VIA Georgetown per "Northern Light," 120 Suit Length Tweed, which will be made up at bottom prices to suit the times.—JOHN McLEOD & Co., ap 4 3 eod 2w.



Royal Insurance Co of ENGLAND.

Assets \$25,000,000.00 Unlimited Liability of Shareholders.

JOHN MACEACHERN, Agent March 2, 1882.



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Croup, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains.

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. James' Ointment as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 25 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TO SHOEMAKERS!

Boot Uppers, AND Leg Fronts.

A nice assortment of the above for sale.

C. I. MORRISON, Charlottetown, April 14, 1882.

\$20,000 City Debentures.

TENDERS will be received at the City Clerk's Office, up to noon of Saturday 6th May next,

for the purchase of (\$20,000) Twenty Thousand Dollars Debentures of the City of Charlottetown.

These Debentures are of the denomination of \$500 each, and are payable in twenty (20) years from date of issue, bearing interest at five (5) per cent. per annum, payable half yearly.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender. Any further information required, as to the issue of debentures, can be had on application to the undersigned.

WM. B. MORRISON, City Clerk, City Clerk's Office, April 12, 1882. dw 1f

FRESH GARDEN & FARM SEEDS.

Just Received!

—BY— F. LePAGE & CO., PER NORTHERN LIGHT.

Catalogues on application.

Glasgow House, 53 QUEEN STREET, April 21, 1882.

To Lobster Packers

FOR SALE,— 171 Ingots Tin, 33 Pigs Lead.

PEAKE BROS. & CO. March 7, '82—3w

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE.

Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Suppression of Urine, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs. The experience of thousands proves it an UNVALUABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two week's medication, and is the cheapest and best. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 25 Cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by enclosing a check or postal note.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO., Windsor, Ont., Canada. Agents for Prince Edward Island, and Regal Dispensary, Charlottetown.

TO LET.— DWELLING HOUSE, containing 10 rooms and 2 Kitchens, with Coach House, Garden, etc., opposite the Residence of the subscriber. Dry Cellar, and 1 rain to the River. Painters, etc., now at work. Possession 1st May. Apply to JNO. WM. MORRISON, April 18, 1882.

Wanted. TWO GOOD MEN TO PEDDLE GOODS for EGGS, &c. Must find their own Teams. Apply at once, with reference, to B. K. BRACE, April 19, 1882—wky

Freehold Farms.

FOR SALE.—Severable valuable Farms in different parts of the country. For particulars apply to A. McNEILL, Auctioneer, April 13, '82—4f

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN.—The first act of the present Government, on assuming the administration of affairs was to appeal to the Electorate of the Province for an indorsement of the personnel and policy of the Ministry. A programme was then formulated, which received the cordial approval of the people, and to which the Government have faithfully adhered.

The usual number of legislative sessions constituting a General Assembly, having terminated, the Government take the earliest opportunity of again consulting the constituencies, and of soliciting at the polls a renewal of public confidence.

On assuming office, the ministry found that the recklessness and extravagance of their immediate predecessors had resulted in imposing upon the Province a large amount of indebtedness. By amalgamating some of the Departments, reducing the salaries of officials, diminishing the cost of legislation and of administration, as well as by improved management in every branch of the public service, the Government have been enabled to remove the legacy of debt bequeathed to them by their opponents, and there is now a considerable surplus to the credit of the Province.

In view of this state of things, and knowing that they shall have sufficient revenue for some time to come, to meet the public requirements and amply provide for every interest, the Administration, in pursuance of their policy of lightening the burdens of the people, have felt justified in repealing the Assessment Act.

The Government have, by every means in their power, fostered agriculture and stock-raising, as the leading industries of the Province, and they intend to continue increased encouragement in the same direction.

It is much to be regretted that the measures framed by the Ministry for the abolition of the Legislative Council, failed to meet the approval of a majority of that body. The Government have done everything they could accomplish to give effect to the wishes of the people as expressed at the last General Election; and it is their intention to submit to the Legislature next Session measures providing for the constitution of one legislative body, and otherwise calculated to reduce the cost of legislation.

The Ministry are now engaged in endeavoring to secure for this Province a portion of the Fishery Award, with other compensation respecting the use of our fisheries by United States citizens, and the business shall be diligently prosecuted to its termination.

The attention of the Dominion Government has been called to the failure of Canada to carry out the Terms of Confederation with this Province, by providing efficient steam communication, winter and summer, between the Island and the mainland. The question is now under the consideration of the Privy Council, and it will be the duty of the Provincial Administration to adopt such measures as shall secure to Prince Edward Island a complete and satisfactory fulfilment of the Terms of Union.

On the subjects to which I have alluded, as well as on all other public questions, the policy which the Government submitted to the people at the last general election, remains unchanged, and shall be pursued. During the term of office of the present Ministry, the blessings of contentment, happiness and peace have prevailed throughout the Province, and it is the desire and determination of the Government to contribute towards a continuance of this pleasing state of things, by the practice of economy and retrenchment in every department, and by an honest and faithful administration of public affairs.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant, W. W. SULLIVAN, April 20th, 1882. pres ne kca sf pat li

To the Electors of the City of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty.

GENTLEMEN.—I have been requested by a number of the Electors of this District to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election for the Local Legislature in opposition to nominees of the present Government, and have accepted the nomination.

The most important question at present affecting your interests, and the interests of the whole Island, is that of the proper prosecution of our undoubtedly just claim to a share of the Fishery Award. In my opinion the Government have not taken adequate measures to press our demand. If elected I shall use every constitutional means to obtain a proper recognition of our rights on this question.

With regard to the administration of the finances of this Province, my views are that the strictest economy should be practised in every department, but at the same time due regard should be had to the efficiency of all branches of the public services.

Another question which must soon be settled is that of the reduction of the now excessive cost of legislation, and, if elected by you, my best efforts will be directed towards effecting such a reform as will best check the lavish expenditure in this respect.

Owing to the exigencies with which this Election has been forced upon the country, it will be impossible for me to make a thorough personal canvass of the City and Royalty, and I therefore take this means of asking you for your votes. FRED. PETERS, April 20, 1882.

TO LET.

DWELLING HOUSE, containing 10 rooms and 2 Kitchens, with Coach House, Garden, etc., opposite the Residence of the subscriber. Dry Cellar, and 1 rain to the River. Painters, etc., now at work. Possession 1st May. Apply to JNO. WM. MORRISON, April 18, 1882.

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TO LET.

The Store and Dwelling, No. 62 Queen Street, next door to W. A. Weeks & Co's, and lately occupied by the subscriber, to whom application is to be made. JOHN GAHAN, Charlottetown, March 31, '82—2w eod

MORE LIGHT!

THE Charlottetown Gas Light Company have imported some of "BRAY'S BURNERS," which they will supply and fit on Gas Brackets, etc., at a moderate cost to consumers.

These Burners are reported to be the best Flat Flame Burner yet produced, and will give a far greater amount of light than any other Burner with the same consumption of Gas.

Dr. Wallace, F. R. S. E., F. C. S., Gas Examiner to the City of Glasgow, in a lecture delivered by him, calculated that £130,000 (\$650,000) a year are thrown away in Gas lost by the use of imperfect fittings. On the subject of Gas Burners he says: "Another and as I think a better Burner is that called Bray's regulator, and as I consider these the best unit Burners attainable at moderate cost, I have selected them for a series of experiments.

The Report of the Committee of the British Association of Science to enquire as to the best means for the development of light from Coal Gas of different qualities—comprising Dr. William Wallace, Professor Dittmar, and Mr. Thomas Wills, F. C. S., F. I. C. E., showed that Bray's Burner yielded the greatest amount of light of all the two or three score of Burners reported upon, which included all the Burners of repute in the market.

In a pamphlet upon Light and Heat, published by R. B. Taber, A. M., he says: "The cost of Gas as compared with other illuminants is much more economical when rightly used, than many suppose. From experiments made for this purpose, the following results have been obtained. They were made by burning samples of Devos's Brilliant Oil and ordinary Oils, and testing their illuminating power. It was found that Coal Gas costing one cent at \$3 per thousand feet, gave a light equal to 18 candles, while Devos's Brilliant Oil consuming 27.4 grammes costing half a cent, gave a light equal to 9 candles.

A good Argand or Johnson's Burner, the Burner used in the last experiment, will therefore give the light of 2 ordinary Oil Burners in direct comparison, at no greater expense in the case of the finer and safer grades of Oil. Lights, however, on the authority of scientists, are not to be compared in direct proportion, but in proportion to the squares of their powers, and such a comparison with the case of the use of gas, its cleanliness, freedom from odor and dangers, renders its use desirable wherever it can be introduced."

As the above experiments were made with Gas at \$3 per 1000 feet, and not consumed through Bray's Burners, it will readily be seen how much more economical it is to consume Gas instead of Oil, with a price is only \$2.63 per 1000 feet as now charged here when consumed, more especially through Bray's Burners.

Messrs. Goodwin & Co., of Philadelphia, the well-known manufacturers of Scientific instruments for testing the illuminating power of Coal Gas, etc., say in their Circular to Gas Companies: "In presenting the Bray's Standard Patent Slit Union Burners and Lanterns, for which we are the sole Agents in the United States, to the attention of the public, we are convinced that we are filling a want long felt." They further add: "The yield of light from these Burners is 12 to 26 per cent. greater per cubic foot of Gas consumed than that from any flat flame Burner hitherto introduced."

DAVIDS' COMBINED WRITING & COPYING FLUID AND CHEMICAL WRITING FLUID.

Are the Best Inks manufactured. TRY THEM.

FOR SALE BY ALL STATIONERS. WHOLESALE, BUCKLEY & ALLEN, HALIFAX, N. S.

CHARLOTTETOWN BUSINESS COLLEGE,

(ESTABLISHED 1873.)

Welsh and Owen's Brick Building, Corner of King and Queen Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

REAGH & MILLER, - - Proprietors.

Designed to Educate Young Men for Business.

OUR SYSTEM is conducted on Actual Business and Scientific Principles, and embraces all subjects necessary for a thorough COMMERCIAL EDUCATION. Our facilities for teaching these are the most complete that have ever been devised. Theory and practice are combined, and the whole course rendered so interesting and practical that the dull student cannot fail to be largely benefited. The course of Study is short, practical, useful and reasonable; it is just what every MAN needs and will use, no matter what his calling or profession is to be.

The youth commencing a business life with only industry and integrity as his capital, the clerk engaged during business hours, but desirous by evening study to repair the defects in his education, each have the advantage offered by our sessions occupying DAY AND EVENING. Morning Session, 9.30 to 12, and 2 to 4 p. m. Evening Session, 7.30 to 9.30.

Diplomas granted to such as pass satisfactory examinations. Students may enter at any time. No entrance examination required. Business men and others are cordially invited to call and examine our system. Teach your sons what they will practice when they become men. Full particulars concerning Terms, Tuition, Scholarships, &c., &c., on application to L. B. MILLER, Principal, Jan. 7, '61—8 o d.

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to MRS. BOWWELL, March 12, 1881

WANTED.

AT the JUNK STORE, Head Pownall Street, old Copper, Brass, Iron, Lead, Zinc, Rope and Canvas, Horse Hair, Bags, &c., for which the highest price will be paid. Charlottetown, Jan 13, '82—3m



LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY

AN ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION 54, Holborn-Whitway, E. C., London, Aug. 8, 79, Report on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY.

"We have visited the bottling stores of Greenlees Brothers, and have selected from the vast supplies of their Lorne Highland Whisky, and have subjected them to careful examination and analysis. The samples were very fragrant, mellow, and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all the characteristics of pure and well-matured Scotch Whisky of the first quality."

"ARTHUR HILL, HANSELL, M. D. "OTTO HEHNER, F. C. S., F. I. C." Agent: OWEN CONNOLLY, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Feb. 24, 1882.

DAVID'S INSTANTANEOUS MUSIC for the Piano or Organ, by which any child or person can play any of the popular airs by note at sight, without study, previous notice or even musical talent. Seven pieces of music, with instructions, mailed to any address on receipt of one dollar. Catalogue of tunes mailed free. Agents wanted. DAVID'S MANUFACTURING CO. P. O. Box 211, Amherst N. S. [Seal 91m



JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 17.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To take effect on the 1st Dec., 1881.

TRAINS OUTWARD.

Table with columns: STATIONS, MIXED, MIXED, MIXED. Rows include Charlottetown, Royalty, N. Wilshire, Hunter R'r, Bradaiba'e, Co'ty Line, Freetown, Kensington, Summ'side, Welling'tn, Port Hill, O'Leary, Bloomfield, Alberton, Tignish, Mt. Stew't, Cardigan, George'tn, Mt. Stew't, Morell, St. Peter's, Bear River, Souris.

TRAINS INWARD.

Table with columns: STATIONS, MIXED, MIXED, MIXED. Rows include Charlottetown, Royalty, N. Wilshire, Hunter R'r, Bradaiba'e, Co'ty Line, Freetown, Kensington, Summ'side, Welling'tn, Port Hill, O'Leary, Bloomfield, Alberton, Tignish, Royalty, York, Bedford, Mt. Stew't, Cardigan, George'tn, Mt. Stew't, Morell, St. Peter's, Bear River, Souris.

L. B. ARCHIBALD, Superintendent

Railway Office, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1881.

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