

The Herald.

VOL. III.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1867.

NO 23.

THE HERALD

IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING

BY EDWARD REILLY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
at his Office, corner of Kent and Prince Streets.

TERMS FOR THE "HERALD."
For 1 year, paid in advance, £0 9 0
" " " half-yearly in advance, 0 10 0

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING.

Of every description, performed with neatness and dispatch and on moderate terms, at the HERALD OFFICE.

ALMANACK FOR MARCH.

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, 6th day, 5h. 26m., morning, E.
First Quarter, 13th day, 4h. 35m., morning, NNW
Full Moon, 20th day, 4h. 43m., morning, S.W.
Last Quarter, 28th day, 3h. 33m., morning, S.E.

DAY MONTH.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises	sets	High (Moon)	Day's length.
		h m	h m	h m	h m
1 Friday		6 43	5 43	7 8	3 24
2 Saturday		41	45	8 7	4 7
3 Sunday		39	46	9 0	4 47
4 Monday		37	48	9 50	5 24
5 Tuesday		36	49	10 36	5 59
6 Wednesday		34	50	11 20	6 25
7 Thursday		32	51	11 59	7 34
8 Friday		31	52	morn.	8 43
9 Saturday		30	53	0 41	9 52
10 Sunday		28	54	1 26	10 55
11 Monday		26	55	2 10	12 0
12 Tuesday		23	57	2 58	morn.
13 Wednesday		19	58	3 52	1 7
14 Thursday		17	59	4 54	2 7
15 Friday		15	1 6	5 3	3 8
16 Saturday		14	2 7	10 3	4 8
17 Sunday		13	3 8	18 4	5 8
18 Monday		11	5 9	17	6 5
19 Tuesday		9	5 10	10	8 0
20 Wednesday		7	6 10	58	9 4
21 Thursday		5	7 11	39	10 12
22 Friday		3	8 even.	8	4 8
23 Saturday		1	9 1	0	9 44
24 Sunday		59	11 1	40	10 43
25 Monday		58	12 2	21	11 35
26 Tuesday		56	13 3	1 even	17
27 Wednesday		54	15 3	47	0 29
28 Thursday		52	16 4	38	1 15
29 Friday		50	17 5	32	2 2
30 Saturday		48	19 6	29	2 43
31 Sunday		45	21 7	26	3 12

PRICES CURRENT.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Feb. 22.

Provisions.	Grain.	Vegetables.	Poultry.	Fish.	Lumber.	Sundries.
Beef, (small) per lb.	3d to 7d	1s 8d to 2s	2s 8d to 3s 6d	20s to 30s	3s 6d to 4s	65s to 75s
Do by the quarter.	3d to 4d	4s to 5s	4s to 5s	25s to 40s	4s to 5s	1s 9d to 2s
Pork, (cascas)	5d to 7d	1s to 1s 8d	1s to 1s 8d	2s to 4s	7s to 9s	none
Do (small)	4d to 6d	1s 1d to 1s 6d	1s 3d to 1s 6d	2s 6d to 4d	13s to 18s	none
Mutton, per lb.	4d to 5d	4d to 6d	4d to 6d	2s to 3s	4s to 5s	none
Veal, per lb.	3d to 5d	8d to 10d	8d to 10d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Ham, per lb.	4d to 6d	9d to 11d	9d to 11d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Butter, (fresh)	1s 1d to 1s 3d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Do by the tub.	1s to 1s 1d	4d to 6d	4d to 6d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Cheese, per lb.	8d to 10d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Tallow, per lb.	8d to 10d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Lard, per lb.	9d to 11d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Flour, per lb.	3d to 3d 3d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Oatmeal, per 100 lbs.	16 to 17s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Eggs, per dozen.	1s 1d to 1s 3d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Barley, per bushel.	3s 3d to 3s 9d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Oats per do.	2s 5d to 2s 6d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Peas, per quart.	1s 8d to 2s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Potatoes, per bushel.	1s 8d to 2s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Geese.	2s 8d to 3s 6d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Turkeys, each.	4s to 5s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Fowls, each.	1s to 1s 8d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Ducks.	1s 3d to 1s 6d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Codfish, per qtl.	20s to 30s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Herrings, per barrel.	25s to 40s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Mackerel, per dozen.	2s 6d to 4d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Boards (Hemlock)	3s 6d to 4s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Do (Spruce)	4s to 5s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Do (Pine)	7s to 9s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Shingles, per M.	13s to 18s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Hay, per ton.	65s to 75s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Straw, per cwt.	1s 9d to 2s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Timothy Seed.	none	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Clover Seed, per lb.	none	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Homespun, per yard.	4s to 5s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Calfskins, per lb.	6d to 9d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Hides, per lb.	4d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Wool.	1s to 1s 3d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Sheepskins.	4s to 5s	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Apples, per doz.	2d to 4d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none
Partridges.	10d to 1s 3d	1s to 1s 1d	1s to 1s 1d	2s to 3s	7s to 9s	none

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,

KENT-STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN
THIS HOTEL, formerly known as the "GLOBE HOTEL," is the largest in the City, and centrally situated; it is now opened for the reception of permanent and transient Boarders. The subscriber trusts, by strict attention to the wants and comfort of his friends and the public generally, to merit a share of public patronage.

The Best of Liquors always on hand. Good stabling for any number of horses, with a careful hostler in attendance.

JOHN MURPHY, Proprietor.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Nov. 25, 1866.

THE LAST CAUTION!!

As the season for Shipping has now far advanced, and those indebted to the Estate of the late PATRICK STEPHENS not having come forward to pay up their respective Accounts, the Subscriber hereby intimates to them that on the closing of the Navigation

Defaulters will be Sued indiscriminately.

R. J. CLARKE,
Agent for above Estate.
Orwell Store, Nov. 12, 1866.

Fresh Ground Rice,

For Sale by
W. R. WATSON.
Jan. 9, 1867.

Discounting Again!

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY

DELANY & BYRNE!

WE want MONEY to pay our Bills, and, in order to obtain it, we will, from this date, offer our entire STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE!

HATS AND CAPS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Skeleton Skirts,

Etc., etc., etc.

At a Discount of Twenty per cent.

FOR CASH ONLY!

We will give 10s. worth of Goods for 8s.
We will give 20s. worth of Goods for 16s.
We will give 30s. worth of Goods for 24s.

Larger Sums in Proportion. This is a good opportunity for those who have money to invest it to advantage.

DELANY & BYRNE,
Queen Street, next to Hon. D. Brennan's.
Ch'town, Aug 1, 1866. ip esp

STELLA COLAS,
Rimmel's Stella Colas Bouquet, dedicated by permission to this talented Artiste.

Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night, As a rich jewel in Ethiopia's ear.

Perfumes for the Handkerchief.

Alexandra, Guards, Fragebane,
Princess of Wales, Rimmel's, Lilly of the Valley,
Jockey Club, Wood Violet, Milledeur,
Essence Bouquet, Patchouly, Violet.

West End New Mown Hay, Loves Myrtle,
The Bard of Aven's Perfume, in a neat Box; Sydenham Eau de Cologne, Treble Lavender Water, Extract of Lavender,
Flowers, Verbena Water, Terebinthine Sachet, Perfumery, Terebinthine Sachet, Shakespear Golden Scented Locket,
Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, for making the Hair soft and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement Oil Violet Powder; Bloom of Ninoon, for the Complexion, Depilatory Powder for removing superfluous hairs without injury to the skin; Napoleon Pomade, for itsing the Mustachos, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for giving the Hair and Whiskers a natural and permanent shade without trouble and danger.

Rimmel's Rose Water Crackers, a new and amusing device for evening parties.

W. R. WATSON,
Drug Store, Dec. 22, 1866.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat.

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease, is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

Having a Direct Influence to the Parts, give Immediate Relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthmah, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases.

Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers

will find Troches useful in clearing the voice when taken before singing or speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The Troches are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches" and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 6, 1866.

JOHN BELL,
MANUFACTURER OF CLOTHING

In all its branches, thankful to his Friends and the Patrons for past favors; begs leave to inform them and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his

OLD STAND,
Queen Street,

and is prepared to make up all kinds of garments entrusted to him in the latest style and improvement of fashion.

Terms Cash.

Entrance at side Door.
Queen Street, July 11, 1866.

DONALD M'RAE,
Merchant Tailor,

And Dealer in

Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Queen Street,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Aug. 8, 1866.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON!

PER "UNDINE" and "L. C. OWEN," from LIVERPOOL, and "LOTUS" from LONDON, the Subscriber has received

An Unusually Large Supply of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines,

PERFUMERY, (English and French); SOAPS BRUSHES, PICKLES, SAUCES, MUSTARD (in Kegs and Bottles); CURRIE POWDER, Candied CITRUS, LEMON and ORANGE PEELS, MARMALADE, ESSENCES SPICES, Malt and White Wine VINEGAR, SARDINES, ANCHOVIES, MUSHROOMS, CAPERS, and United Service SAUCE, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYEING JAPAN KNOTTING, DYE STUFFS, and Miscellaneous Articles, of the Best Quality, and at Moderate Prices

W. R. WATSON,
Nov. 7, 1866.

Miscellaneous and General News.

BURNING OF AN OCEAN STEAMER.

TWENTY-ONE LIVES LOST!

The screw steamer, *City of Bath*, Captain Jos. S. Cooney, owned by Richardson and Otis of Boston, and running between that city and Savannah, was totally destroyed by fire on the morning of Sunday the 10th inst. The *City of Bath* had on board an assorted cargo and four passengers. Her crew numbered 20 men beside the captain. Only four have survived. The particulars as far as they can be gleaned are these. At noon on Sunday the ship was about 35 miles N. W. from Cape Hatteras, when fire was discovered well under way in the coal bunkers. In two or three minutes after the discovery the coal passers and firemen were compelled to abandon their posts. The engineer slackened speed, went on deck to notify the captain, and returned to his post, where he was so badly burned and suffocated that when rescued he was nearly exhausted and nearly insensible. All hands were speedily at work trying to check the progress of the fire and were so far successful that at four o'clock it was supposed to be entirely under control. But a gale was blowing at the time, and the flames broke out again with such force as to convince the captain that the vessel must go. The fire was bursting from the batches and running along the forward deck when the order was given to get the boats ready. Three boats were launched and all are supposed to have got into them, but the sea was running high and swept them away from the ship as soon as they touched the water. It was now quite dark and the boats were unable to communicate with each other. No life preservers were put in the boats, the men being more willing to trust their chance for life to oars and buckets. About 8 o'clock two of the boats washed together, in one of which was the captain. The lady passenger and her infant were found dead from exposure, the mother lying across thwarts, and the infant lashed to one of them near her. They held the boats together and all got into the larger and stronger one. About 11 o'clock a vessel was descried and efforts made to reach her, in doing which the boat was capsized three times at each time sadly diminishing their number. When the vessel was reached, the greatest peril was encountered in getting from the boat to the deck of the schooner, on account of the gale and high sea. Only four succeeded, by means of lines thrown to them, in reaching the deck, and these were the two oilers and the two firemen of the ill-fated vessel. The captain, mates and pilot, perished in their attempt to reach the schooner. The men were kindly cared for by the officers and crew of the vessel which proved to be the *Laura S. Watson*, Captain Dorrity. The schooner kept up a search for the missing boat for some hours, but nothing was discovered. The steamer when last seen was burned to the water's edge, with the sea washing over her.

Captain Cooney belonged to Eastport, was a man of temperate habits, and had been master of various vessels for years.—He was an executive officer on the gun boats "Monticello" and "Britannia" during the war.

It is somewhat extraordinary that the boat which weathered the gale was the same which saved 26 men from the steamer *Charles Benton*, of New York last November.

Frank Leslie is going to Paris as one of the Commissioners to the Great Exposition. He is one of the most remarkable newspaper men of the day. Starting on a few dollars capital, he has worked his way to the head of an enormous publishing business, and has given his name to a dozen leading magazines, illustrated journals and story papers. He is an Englishman by birth, and Leslie is not his real name. At the Exposition he proposes to give the Frenchmen an idea of New York enterprise. He takes over with him a splendid printing press, and from it he will issue, in the American department of the Exposition, an illustrated paper in the French language, illustrating all that is worth recording during the continuance of the fair. The entire work of producing the paper will be done in the building.

A gentleman in California having made a lady a present of a pair of pistols, after several trials of skill, they concluded to go through the forms of a duel. They took their positions, fired at the word, and, to the terror of the lady, the gentleman fell. She threw herself frantically upon the corpse, embracing and kissing it with every emotion of endearment. Under such magical influence the gentleman revived, and rose unharmed from the ground—and they are to be married.

A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A terrible tragedy occurred last night at Newmarket, N. J. During the evening two strangers called at the residence of Dr. Corville and enquired if he was at home. The servant girl replied that he was not. Late in the evening they returned and awoke Mrs. Corville, who went to the door. As soon as the door was opened they seized her by the throat and tried to stifle her screams. The servant girl, hearing the noise, seized and fled through the rear door to the next house, which was occupied by a Methodist clergyman and aroused him. Several neighbors were at once summoned. On reaching the place the house was discovered to be on fire by them, and on opening the door of an inner apartment he was almost stifled by the dense smoke. Placing himself on the floor to avoid suffocation, his hand came in contact with the body of Mrs. Corville, which was apparently covered with blood. The corpse was taken from the room when it was found that she had been strangled and also stabbed in the breast. Facts have come to light which cast suspicion on the servant girl as the murderer. On the neck of Mrs. Corville were found teeth marks which correspond with the teeth of the girl. Other evidence also seems to point to her as the murderer.

A SPUNKY BRIDE.—The Lawiston (Penna.) correspondent of the *Herald* relates the following:

"We hear of a case of remarkable bravery which happened in this place, or in the suburbs, during the first severe snow storm in January. A couple of

young aspirants, who thought it was "not well for man to live alone," determined to make a change from single blessedness to matrimonial bliss, and accordingly started out in a hack to get "spliced." They proceeded on their journey to the parson's, but the snow fell with rapidity, and the wind blew it with such force into every crevice and corner that the hackman descended from his seat, and with all the gravity possible announced to the pair, who were somewhat chagrined because of the slowness of the coach, that it was impossible for him to proceed further, and he must return. But the young heroine was exceedingly wrathly at the course of things, and announced to her suitor that she must get to the parson's, and, suiting the action to her word, placed herself upon the box, and braving the cold north-east storm, placed her "precious" load upon the door-stone of the parson's house."

(From the St. John Globe.)

Dr. Tupper has written a long letter to the London Star to prove that the people of Nova Scotia ought not to be appealed to ascertain their wishes upon Confederation. It seems to us that the case is very plain, and all the sophistries of the learned Doctor can not effect it. Either the people of Nova Scotia are or are not in favor of Confederation. If they are not in favor of it, it certainly ought not to be forced upon them. It is tyranny to force the best institutions in the world upon an unwilling people; it is the worst form of tyranny to force upon a free people the Quebec or any other similar scheme of Confederation. If the people of Nova Scotia are in favor of Confederation, no possible harm can be done by taking their sense up in it.—Why is it that Dr. Tupper is so anxious to put a good face upon his refusal to appeal to the people? It is because he knows that the people of his province are opposed to Confederation, and that if they had the chance to-morrow, they would say so in thunder tones. He has to get them into Confederation by hook or crook, trusting to luck or to the future to keep them quiet when he gets them in. Dr. Tupper may argue until he is blind about the right of the Legislature of Nova Scotia to confederate the people, and he may exhaust all the musty precedents in the language in support of his position—what does it all amount to if the people are not satisfied? If the people of Nova Scotia are favorable to Confederation, they will sustain it heartily. If they are not favorable to it, they may make the best of it for a time until they can get out of it in some way, or they may resort to that last appeal which brave men have never feared to invoke in all ages and in all times, when their cause was just.

LOVE AFFAIRS IN BERLIN.—In tragical love affairs the cold and rational city of Berlin emulates warm and susceptible Vienna. At the moment when, in the latter city, a youth of eighteen, the only son of wealthy parents, poisoned himself for seeing his love for a young girl of his own age unrequited, a young man of our city shot, for a similar reason, the girl he adored. At the inquest, he, bursting into tears, threw himself over the dead body, exclaiming in an agony of grief: "Oh, my poor Mary!" It might scarcely be supposed that under our cold gray sky, on the sandy soil of our marshes, such wild passions could flare up, and yet there happen even more wonderful things, calculated to puzzle physiologists. Thus, a laborer of an age tolerably well advanced, commits suicide by hanging himself from an unhappy love for a blind itinerant harp-player of nearly sixty years. If such things happen among the aged, it is not surprising if a youth snatches up a pistol and, in his blind fury, levels it at his former sweetheart because she has no longer a smile for him. The woman thus murdered, herself a girl of 18, was working at a factory. Her unhappy lover waited in the evening until the girl quitted her work, when he went up to her, saying he could not live without her, and asked her if she felt no pity for him. Receiving no answer, he overpowered with despair, discharged at her a pistol loaded with two bullets. But immediately after his rash deed, he was seized with remorse, and to the functionaries who had him in custody he has repeatedly expressed a hope of being speedily executed.

Too Much for Him.—A young man, who actually desired wealth, was visited by his Satanic majesty, who tempted him to dispose of his soul for eternity if he could be supplied upon earth with all the money he could use. The bargain was concluded; the devil was to supply the money, and was at last to have the soul, unless the young man could spend more money than the devil could furnish. Years passed away, the man married, was extravagant in his living, built palaces, speculated widely, lost and gave away fortunes, and his creditors were always full. He turned politician, and bribed his way to power and fame without reducing his pile of gold. He became a filibuster, and fitted out ships and armies, but his banker honored all his drafts. He came to New York to live, and paid his usual rate of interest for all the money he could borrow; but though the devil made faces when he came to pay the bills, yet they were all paid. One expedition after another failed.—The devil counted the time, only two years, that he must wait for the soul; and he mocked the efforts of the despairing man. One more trial was resolved upon—the man started a newspaper! The devil growled at the bill at the end of the first quarter; was savage in six months, melancholy in nine, and broke, dead broke, at the end of the year! So the newspaper went down,