

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 5. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1879. NO. 105.

## New Fall Goods.

For NEW DRESS GOODS, very Cheap,  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For NEW MANTLES go to  
J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For NEW WINCEYS and CLOTHS  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For NEW HATS and BONNETS  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For NEW FLOWERS and FEATHERS  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For MENS' and BOYS' CLOTHING  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For MENS' and BOYS' UNDERCLOTHING  
go to J. B. MacDONALD'S  
For GREY and WHITE COTTONS,  
**CHEAPEST YET,**  
—GO TO—  
**J. B. MACDONALD'S.**  
Queen Street, Charlottetown, Sept. 15, 1879.

## LOOK HERE!

## BRITISH WAREHOUSE.

As we intend to make a change in our business at the end of the year, we are now closing out our  
**Large and Well-Assorted Stock of**  
**DRY GOODS**  
At Unusually Low Prices, which we are sure will meet the hard times.  
Dress Goods from 6 cents upwards.  
Grey Cottons from 4 cents upwards.  
Prints from 6 cents upwards.  
Hemp Carpeting from 12 cents upwards.  
Tapestry from 59 cents upwards.  
Brussels from \$1.00 upwards.  
All other lines we are closing out at Prices that Defy Competition.  
**W. & A. BROWN.**  
Charlottetown, June 30, 1879.

**TEA PARTY**  
—AND—  
**PIC-NIC SUPPLIES!**  
—AT—  
**BEER & GOFF'S**  
Lemon, Raspberry, and Pine Apple Syrup  
Sold in bottles and by the gallon.  
**Plain and Fancy Biscuits**  
Sold in Boxes & Bbls. and by the pound.  
Iceing Sugar, Raisins, Currants, Pastry Flour, Essence of Coffee, Confectionery, Nuts, Oranges, Potted Ham, Drivelled Ham, Potted Tongue, &c.  
**BEER & GOFF**  
June 23, 1879.

**MAIL NOTICE.**  
MAILS for Great Britain will be closed at 10 o'clock, p. m., on THURSDAY in each week, to be forwarded via Rimouski, and also on MONDAY, the 4th and 18th inst., at 4 o'clock, a. m., to be forwarded via Halifax.  
Mails to be forwarded via Summerside and Shediac and also for all places on the route to Summerside and in Prince County, will be closed daily at 5.30 o'clock, a. m., also for Summerside direct, at 5 p. m.  
Mails to be forwarded via Steamers to Pictou will be closed every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock, a. m.  
Mails for Georgetown and Souris East, and all places on those routes, will be closed daily at 6 o'clock, a. m.  
Post Office open from 8, a. m., till 9, p. m.  
A. A. MACDONALD,  
Postmaster.  
Post Office Charlottetown, }  
Aug. 2nd, 1879.

**BRITISH AMERICA**  
**Assurance Company.**  
FIRE AND MARINE.  
Cash Capital & Assets, \$1,176,491.45.  
INCORPORATED 1833.  
Head Office, - Toronto, Ont.  
Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at lowest rates.  
**PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES.**  
**HORACE HASZARD, Agent.**  
Office, South Side Queen Square.  
July 10, 1879.  
**FURTHER REDUCTION**  
IN PRICE OF  
**Albion Mines (Pictou, N. S.)**  
**SLACK COAL.**  
SLACK and ROUND COAL can now be obtained at the above mentioned Mines.  
Slack Coal, only \$1.30 per ton; Round Coal, \$2.00.  
For orders, apply to  
G. W. DEBLOIS,  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.  
Office: No. 35 Water street.  
Ch'town, June 23, 1879—patsj kca h sp2m  
**EMPLOYMENT.**—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars,  
D. DOWNE & CO.,  
Box 1964, Montreal

## Fire, Life, Marine.

**HORACE HASZARD,**  
General Insurance Agent.  
REPRESENTING:  
**Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company,** of London, England, Capital, £2,500,000 stg.  
**British-American Fire Assurance Company,** of Toronto, Ont., Capital (paid up in full), \$500,000 00.  
**Sun Mutual Life and Accident Insurance Company,** of Montreal.  
MARINE INSURANCE ALSO EFFECTED.  
Office, south side Queen Square.  
Sept. 16—1w eod  
**UNION HOUSE,**  
Queen Street, Charlottetown.  
**P. P. GILLIS, . . . PROPRIETOR.**  
CHOICEST WINES & LIQUORS.  
NEW YORK LAGER BEER.  
TABLES set at all hours, with every luxury of the season.  
FRESH OYSTERS received daily.  
ROOMS large and comfortably furnished.  
COACHES from this House meet all Trains and Steamboats.  
First Class BARBER SHOP.  
July 4, 1879—3m

No. 35 Water St.,  
Charlottetown.

## Prince Edward Island Branch

—OF THE—  
**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE**  
**FIRE AND LIFE**  
**INSURANCE CO.**  
Subscribed Capital, \$9,735,532.00  
Paid up Capital, 1,216,666.00  
CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.  
Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate.  
Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.  
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.  
**G. W. DEBLOIS,**  
General Agent.  
Dec. 14.

## QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y.

OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.  
Special rates for isolated residences.  
Losses settled promptly.  
**GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),**  
Agent for Prince Edward Island  
June, 1877—

## TAKE NOTICE.

**M**ALPINE, our Directory Publisher intends publishing, about the beginning of 1880,  
**A BUSINESS DIRECTORY**  
of the Maritime Provinces—Pocket Edition—to contain all persons in business throughout the Provinces, even the remotest parts or the smallest business in Professional, Mercantile, Mechanical, Milling, Manufactories of every description, etc.  
About 500 pages for the year 1880-81; price only 75c. or \$1, to continue for two years before publishing next edition. The circulation will be SOME THOUSANDS, and the price being so small, will make it  
**A MOST VALUABLE MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISING.**  
If sufficient support is given, will add Newfoundland, St. Pierre, Magdalen Islands. The publisher also intends canvassing Ontario and Quebec; also Boston, New York, Portland, Philadelphia, and manufacturing districts of United States for subscriptions to the work.  
Any parties wishing to advertise will please send instructions to  
**D. McALPINE,**  
Sept. 3, 1879—1m St. John, N. B.

## ANTHRACITE COAL.

**TO ARRIVE** about the 20th inst. 150 tons of the best Philadelphia, Chestnut and Egg Coal. Parties wanting to be supplied will please send in their orders at once, as the first in will be first supplied. There will be no two prices. Orders left at the Post Office or at the subscriber's will be attended to.  
**THOMAS CASELEY.**  
Sept. 4, 1879—w stf

## Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

More Grit Oppression and Malpractices.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—Constantly are coming to the light, the iniquitous impositions and malpractices of the late Davies-Stewart regime. It is high time that the disreputable outcomes of that defunct Government should be stamped out of existence. The "tax curse," so far as at present possible has been ameliorated. But fraud and malpractices are still perpetrated under cover of the infamous poll-tax. I think it is universally known and acknowledged that the poll-tax Act was passed to realize a road money fund, or in other words, as at least a substitute for Statute Labor. Contrary to all past practices, precedents, and statute laws, school teachers have been, and are still, called upon to pay this unjust tax. And, sir, I ask, are teachers amenable for the non-payment of this abominable imposition? I ask not whether they are exempt from the performance of, or payment for statute labor? It is patent to all that they are. But I do ask, was it the spirit or intent of that Act that teachers should come under its exactions? I do not believe that there is a properly trained member of the bar in the city who would hazard his reputation as a lawyer by asserting publicly, that any licensed teacher employed as such, is legally liable to pay poll tax, either under present or past local laws. But in face of all this the miserable minion of the late Government appointed to demand and collect this tax, has succeeded in compelling every male teacher in the city to pay this fraudulent impost. But I have not yet revealed the worst. Only last Friday, a man employed by this tax-gatherer called at the residence of a city teacher in the absence of the latter, and represented to his wife (either truly or falsely) that he (the man) held a writ to seize her husband's body or chattels for poll-tax and and costs. The teacher's wife insisted—and with truth—that no account demanding the payment of such tax, had ever been served on her husband or any member of the family. But this availed her nothing. The money or chattels he would have, and walked away with double the amount of the doubly illegal tax, save ten cents. Now here has been a two-fold violation of law. First, in demanding money for which no account had been ever rendered; second, in levying an imposition when there existed no positive legal authority for doing so. It is the determination of the teacher who has been thus imposed upon to place this nefarious matter before the proper legal authorities and obtain redress, in order, if possible, to stamp out of our civilized Province such arbitrary and illegal villiany. By inserting the above in your independent and useful journal, you will confer a favor on your humble servant and others.  
A LOVER OF JUSTICE.

## A Good Place for a "Town Clock."

To the Editor of the Examiner.  
SIR,—Strolling in the direction of Upper Prince Street, to day, my attention was directed to the tower of the new Baptist church edifice, and the remark made, "What a splendid place for a clock."  
The tower rises to a height of 126 feet, and being on one of the highest sites in the city, can be seen at a very great distance. A clock on such a building would be of great value to that part of the town, and, indeed, to other parts; for our brilliant "town clock" is placed in such a position that, with the exception of those who are so fortunate as to be near the square, the citizens have to remain in blissful ignorance as to the hour until the hammer falls.  
Now, we can hardly expect the Baptists to provide a clock. They have done their part in the erection of the building, which is not only a credit to the denomination, but an ornament to the city. Could not a sufficient sum be raised by subscription, and a clock placed in the tower? It would be a public benefit, and meet a want greatly felt by those who dwell in that part of the town. Hoping this may be acted upon.  
Yours, &c.,  
UNKNOWN.  
Sept. 13, 1879.

A Russian nobleman, Panteleef, who died in 1875, bequeathed one million roubles to a body of peasants, to be used for the special purpose of purchasing land from their former masters. The relatives of the deceased nobleman tried to break the will, and brought the case into court, where it has been kept for four years. At last the Czar himself has confirmed the original will, and on the 8th of August directions were issued to fulfil its provisions. As the capital is not sufficient to benefit all the peasant referred to, lots will have to be cast to determine who shall be recipients of land.

CARLYLE, according to the London correspondent of Dundee Advertiser, is not long for this world. "He may," says the letter-writer, "linger on for days or even weeks, but he is not likely ever more to be seen outside of his house. His thoughts have already been fixed upon the end, and he has expressed a wish that he should be buried as quietly as possible in the choir of the old cathedral at Haddington, where he laid his wife a dozen years ago."

## A Highlandman's Good Cheer.

SHERIFF M'KELLAR'S CHRISTMAS PRESENT TO THE MARQUIS OF LORNE—GAELIC CORRESPONDENCE

When Mr. Sheriff McKellar, of Hamilton, who is an Inverary man, heard of the Marquis of Lorne's arrival in Canada, he succeeded in procuring—through the kind offices of Major Martin, of Tilbury East, county of Kent, which Mr. McKellar was presented in Parliament for many years—a brace of the finest wild turkeys that could be had in that region. These were forwarded to His Excellency in time for his Christmas dinner, with a Gaelic letter, a copy of which is subjoined, together with the reply which His Excellency was graciously pleased to make, in the same language.

## SHERIFF M'KELLAR'S LETTER.

Do 'N Ard Dhuin-Uasal, Sir Ian Caimbeal Moirear Lathairne, Agus Ard-Uachdaran Chanada:

GUM BITHEADH E TAITNEACH LE'R N-ORIDHRE-ARCAIS:

Tha mi gabhail danachd a chur d'ur r-ionnsuidh fa chomhair Latha Nollaig, a tha dluth air laimh, da Chioleach Fhrangach, a chum agus gum faic sibh a ghne eunlaith fhiadhaich a tha anns an t-ir so.

Tha dochas agam gu'n gabh sibh iad mar chomharradh air an urram agus an dilsheachd a tha mi g'altrum araon r' thaob' h'ur N-Oiran hearcas fein agus 'ur Cile Rioghail, nighed ar Ban-righinn gra dhachle.

Gum bitheadh sibh araon a seallbhachd slainte agus mor-shonas re iomad bhliadhna, is e iartras cridhe.

Ur Seirbhisceac umhrl.

GILLEASBUIG M'CELLAIRH.

Fear de mhuinntir Inbhir-Aoradh.

Baile Mor HAMILTON,

An treac la fheachd de'n darne Mios-Deug, 1878.

## HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY.

TIGH AN RIAGHLAIDH, OTTAWA.

An ceathramh la thar fheachd de'n dara Mios-Deug, 1878.

Tha 'm Prìomh Uchdaran ro thaitneach le litir chaomhneil Mhaighstir 'o Eallair, agus taingel arson an fhaillte Ghaidhealach a chuir e da ionnsuidh. Tha e ur meas orre mar ghlibht 'o aon de mhuinntir Inbhir-Aoradh a coisinn chiu da fheachd agus da ainm anns an T'saoghail Ur; agus mar dhearbhadh air a ghradh do 'n Bhan-righinn, a tha air altrum le slànach na duthcha so.

## Lieutenant Carey on the Power of Prayer.

The following letter has been addressed to the editor of the Christian by Lieut. Carey, apparently in reply to the address of welcome presented to him by the people of Devonshire—

SOUTHEAS, August 25, 1879.

MY DEAR SIR,—May I ask you to kindly insert a request for praise on my behalf in the next number of your journal.

Since the first moment of my arrest I took the whole matter to my heavenly Father. I left it in His hands, reminding Him constantly of his promise to help. He has borne my burden for me. He has sustained me, my wife and family in our distress, and He has finally wiped away tears from our eyes.

There were certain circumstances at first that it seemed, owing to the bewildered statement of the survivors, difficult to explain; but, though my faith wavered, His promise endured, and He in His good time brought me to the haven where I would be.

I feel that it would be very wrong to keep from my fellow believers such a wonderful example of God's goodness and power in influencing the hearts of men; and, though I hate publicity, I feel compelled to add my testimony to the power of prayer. Believe me, dear sir, yours very faithfully

BRENTON CAREY,

Captain, 98th Regiment.

## The Short Credit System.

The system of giving short credits is being generally adopted in Chicago and other western trade centres; many wholesome firms there are working upon a purely cash basis. Dry goods, hardware, boot and shoe, hat, cap and fur houses, which until lately extended their credits to three, four and six months, are now invoicing at thirty and sixty days, and such has been the successful working of this plan already, that well-to-do firms which were wedded to the old system, and averse to the least innovation, are now represented to be following the example of those who first reaped the benefit of the much-needed reform. There are others who are cultivating a strictly cash business by allowing the usual discount, which many buyers are availing themselves of.—Exchange.

The Prince of Wales will leave Portsmouth next week in the "Osborne" for Copenhagen, where the Princess will join him, and they will subsequently accompany the Bacchantes on her course for some distance; but the duration of this part of their expedition will depend on the weather. Before leaving Plymouth the Prince of Wales "received" on board the Osborne the champion female rower of the world, the venerable Mrs. Ann Glanville, of Saltash, who is now nearly ninety. The Queen and Prince Albert once saw Mrs. Glanville win a race at Cherbourg, and afterwards "received" her in the Victoria and Albert, when she amused her Majesty by dancing a hornpipe. The Prince's invitation to the old lady has given much gratification to the people of the "three towns."—Truth, Sept. 14th.