

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 26, 1889.

Notes and Clippings.

—Mr. Bender, civil engineer, of Montmagny, Quebec, now in London, has cabled his friends, that he has succeeded in forming a powerful syndicate of English capitalists to build the Quebec bridge and a railway along the north shore to the Straits of Belle Isle.

—It is understood that a new extradition treaty has been arranged between Great Britain and the Washington government, and that consequence of this the Weldon Act of last session will not be proclaimed by the Canadian Government, pending the action of Congress upon the proposed treaty.

—The Deputy Minister of Agriculture states that the report that Canadian cattle had arrived in England suffering from pleuro-pneumonia is unfounded, and that the report arose from the fact that one cow imported from Canada, contracted the disease in a stable in England after arrival. There is no pleuro-pneumonia in Canada.

—It is a well-remembered fact that our roads were never worse than when the Grays were in office in this Province, and pimps and spies and tax-gatherers were scouring the country at the public expense. Yet when THE EXAMINER and its wide awake correspondents call attention to the good roads (and no taxes) of the present day, the Patriot has the audacity to accuse them of "Tory Presumption." The Patriot's impudence is unfathomable.

—The total paid-up capital of the chartered banks of the Dominion at the end of September was \$60,186,243.43; total amount of people's deposits, \$124,766,764; total liabilities, \$177,316,996.20; loans on stock, bonds and debentures, \$14,020,250; loans to municipal and other corporations, \$24,667,832.38; current loans and discounts to the public, \$149,154,645.24. Total assets, \$258,483,037.53; assets over liabilities, \$81,166,041.33; total directors' liabilities, \$8,524,399.72.

—The Canada Gazette reports the adoption of a revised freight tariff for the P. E. Island Railway. The changes are numerous—some of them radical, and, on the whole, we believe, in the public interest. We are glad to note that the railway authorities have taken into consideration the conditions peculiar to this Province. It is hoped that the revision will be mutually beneficial to business men and the country at large. The new tariff will not be in operation for some time to come.

—The Patriot "quite forgot" to record the triumph of the Conservatives in Richelieu County, until after THE EXAMINER had called attention to its omission,—then it stated the thing which was not. Compare the following statements:

Toronto Globe, Oct. 22. The defeat of Mr. Beauchemin, the Opposition candidate, did not run the Reciprocity. Undoubtedly it was an issue in the contest. Undoubtedly Mr. Laurier and Mr. Beauchemin declared for it.

The Patriot's statement is undoubtedly in accord with the principles of the Standard Elevators—it lacks the essential element.

—We learn that the Exhibition and Driving Park Association have sold their land outside the Park fence to A. B. Warburton, Esq., for the sum of \$6,000. We hoped that this land would have been held for the mutual benefit of the Association and the Eastern part of the town;—that, as the residents of the West End have Victoria Park as a place of resort in their hours of leisure, so the residents of the East End would have within easy reach, the great advantages of a healthful place of amusement and recreation, and that the publicity and attractions of the place would be made to inure to the profit of the Association. The land is beautifully situated, and could be made specially attractive at small expense, which might be recouped either directly by the citizens or in the form of rents and charges. An Eastern Park and Sea Shore Promenade, with bathing houses, flower gardens, etc., would be a valuable acquisition of all concerned; and we trust that Mr. Warburton will not dispose of the land referred to until an opportunity has been afforded to devote the property to that purpose.

Mrs. E. J. Hodgson's Will.

The will of Mrs. Edward J. Hodgson was registered in Judge Young's Court to-day on the oath of Charles E. McKinnon, one of the witnesses thereto. The document is quite a lengthy one, and bears date the twenty-first of September, 1888, and revokes all former wills. A representative of the Patriot to-day examined it and made the following extracts. The bequests are as follows:—

- 1st.—\$500 to Mrs. Frederick Mitchell, the niece of Mrs. Hodgson.
2nd.—\$500 to her brother, Mr. Frederick Brecken.
3rd.—\$500 to Ralph William Brecken, another brother.
4th.—\$1,000 to the trustees of St. Peter's Church, upon trust to pay the interest towards such purposes in connection with the church as the Priest Incumbent for the time being shall from time to time in writing direct.
5th.—A bequest of \$50 for the benefit of the aged or sick poor, being members of St. Peter's Church.
6th.—The sum of \$500 to the Priest Incumbent of St. Peter's Church to be expended towards the adornment of that edifice or in its repairs to his absolute discretion.
7th.—The remainder of her estate goes to her husband, Edward Jarvis Hodgson, for his life, and after his death to and for such uses and purposes in connection with St. Peter's Church, as he shall by his will appoint, and in default of his will, then to the same uses and purposes as regards the \$1,000.

The words "uses and purposes" are to receive the most liberal interpretation, and for greater certainty, but not so as to restrict their generality, the expression shall include all work by way of enlargement or repairing or rebuilding, or any annex or for any school or schools, or for any sisterhood in connection with the church.

The trustees under Mrs. Hodgson's will are her brother, Frederick de St. Croix Brecken, and her husband, Edward J. Hodgson.

There is no hanging in the document to show what is to be done in the event of the testator's death. Our reporter made enquiries as to its value but received no satisfaction. It is believed, however, that it is a

Varia.

Affairs in Serbia, as regards Queen Natalie are still unsettled. She is living in a private house, and claims the right of a Serbian subject to live in Belgrade, and of a Serbian mother to see her son. King Milan has a mother to see her son. King Milan has a mother to see her son. King Milan has a mother to see her son.

This is the age of strikes, but the most extraordinary strike of all is that of the school boys of certain Scotch towns. Their programme is no cane and no home lessons, short hours and better teachers, to which, in some cases, is added, probably rather by the parents than by the boys—no fees. And schoolboy like, they are also striking for free meals. The School Board, it is said, have no funds with which to supply the latter demand, but a judicious application of the cane would, very probably, thoroughly meet all the others.

A very good story is told of an Eastern visitor who was taken to see a cricket match. He evinced the keenest interest in the game; but, as can be easily understood, he preferred slogging to finished cricket, and he paid a great deal of attention to the umpires, whom he regarded as personages of power and position in the national sport. It transpired that he assumed the umpires to be chieftains and the players to be their serfs, and he was greatly disappointed on discovering that the umpires were merely hirelings, and that the greater persons were the men who worked so hard in the field.

Spiders are the most murderous animals in creation. They have nets and traps, caves, fangs, hooks and poison-bags—all the paraphernalia, in fact, of robbers and assassins. When a spider attacks a hapless fly, he plunges his two horrid fangs down into it, pouring out his poison into the wound, whereby he soon kills his miserable victim. That this poison is a powerful acid is proved by its power of turning litmus-paper red for a considerable distance round the place struck. The fangs shut up like the blade of a knife into its case when not used or required, and open and erect themselves when the creature is savage and wants to use them. His eight eyes are like globes of polished diamond, and curiously follow the necessities of his situation.

When the creature lives at the end of long tubes or underground, they are clustered forward on his forehead, for then he not only wants to look straight before him, but to look before him intently; when he lives in the centre of an open web they are more divergent still, and set in slight prominences so as to have a freer axis; and when he is of the wandering tribe, they are scattered so that he can see every way and all around at once. The nocturnal species have no dark pigment like the rest, but have, instead, a curtain which reflects a brilliant metallic lustre, so that their eyes shine like cat's eyes in the dark. Spiders' webs are made of two kinds of silk; the one forming the cables and radii, simple and innocuous, the other forming the concentric or special threads, closely studded with minute globules of fluid like small drops of dew. These globules are intensely viscid, and by them alone is retained the fly, and even the bee, the gnat, and the pretty little moth. A fat old spider, basking half asleep in the middle of his treacherous net, yet never so asleep as not to be on the alert if but the wind shakes its moorings too roughly, is more like one of Bunyan's giants than anything else; he is the tyrant of the garden, the butcher, the assassin, the oppressor of the weak, the wily circumventor of the strong. He gives no quarter and deserves none, for after he has gorged himself with the fat of his thousands he happily falls a prey to some tyrant over him, and so the whole circle is complete, from the centre to the circumference.

In 1872 Dr. Bell had a private school for deaf mutes in Boston. Among his pupils was Howard Gynodon, who is well-known in American literary circles. One day, while this lady was walking, she noticed that whenever street cars were passing, and the muff in which her hands were placed was pressed against her body, she evinced peculiar vibrations. On informing Dr. Bell of her sensations, he proceeded to construct what he called a sound-box, having drum shaped heads, which was to be worn in front, under the clothing. Dr. Bell experimented with sound-boxes until it struck upon a new idea. The idea excited him very much, caused him to work all night, and at length resulted in the telephone. Dr. Bell now needed capital to push his idea. He was poor, having nothing but his salary as teacher. The way the Bell telephone was a success was due to causes wholly outside of its own merit. Gardiner Green Hubbard of Cambridge, Mass., had a deaf-mute daughter at school in Germany. Becoming dissatisfied with her progress, he had her home, and employed Dr. Bell to teach her. The young lady was very lovable, and Dr. Bell soon discovered that the feeling he had for her was very different from the ordinary feeling existing between teacher and pupil. He felt compelled by honor to resign his position, which he did. But the mischief was done. The affection was mutual. At first the young lady's parents opposed the union, but when they found their daughter's happiness at stake they gracefully surrendered. Dr. Bell had won a charming wife, and obtained as a father-in-law a wealthy business man. Gardiner Hubbard had every inducement to push the telephone. From this time it was a success.

Respecting symbols, Carlyle thus writes: "In a symbol there is concealment and yet revelation; here, therefore, by silence and by speech acting together, comes a double significance. And if both the speech be itself high, and the silence fit and noble, how expressive will their union be! Thus in many a painted device or simple seal emblem the commonest truth stands out to us, proclaimed with quite new emphasis. It is in and through symbols that man consciously or unconsciously lives, works and has his being, those ages, moreover, are accounted the noblest which can be best re-

highest. For is not a symbol ever, to him who has eyes for it, some dimmer or clearer revelation of the Godlike? Highest of all symbols are those wherein the artist or poet has risen into prophet, and all men can recognize a present God, and worship the same: I mean religious Symbols. Various enough have been such religious Symbols what we call Religions; as men stood in this stage of culture or the other, and could worse or, better body-forth the Godlike; some symbols with a transient intrinsic worth; many with only an extrinsic. If thou ask to what height man has carried it in this manner, look on our divines; on Jesus of Nazareth and his life, and his biography and what followed therefrom. Higher has the human thought not yet reached; this is Christianity and Christendom; a symbol of quite perennial infinite character; whose significance will ever demand to be anew enquired into, and anew made manifest."

Marriage Bells.

St. Paul's Church was, this morning, the scene of a fashionable wedding. The principals were Mr. A. B. Warburton, a well-known and popular member of the legal fraternity, and Miss Isabella C., daughter of the late Hon. John Longworth. The bridesmaids were Misses Pen. Longworth and Daisy Hobkirk. Mr. Fred Green, of Summerside, was the groomsmen. The ceremony was performed by the Venerable Archdeacon S. Weston-Jones, in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Brenton F. Longworth. Both bride and bridesmaids wore very becoming travelling suits. Mr. H. A. Tanton presided at the organ. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Warburton, amidst showers of congratulations and good wishes in which THE EXAMINER heartily joins, took passage in the St. Lawrence for Picton, on route to Halifax, where they will take the steamer for England. They will be absent about three months.

Mr. Herbert McGregor, of Lea's Planing Mills, Moncton (formerly of Charlottetown) was married on the 22nd to Miss Cassie Duffy, of that place. The ceremony was performed at the bride's residence by Rev. W. B. Hinson, in the presence of about thirty guests. Mr. and Mrs. McGregor were the recipients of numerous presents, among the articles being a useful article of furniture from the employees of the mill, by whom Mr. McGregor is held in high esteem.

Local Notices.

Great rush to Goff Bros. for cheap boots. oct26 tf
Goff Bros. takes the bun for the cheapness and variety of their boots. oct26 ti
This is the time of the year that you want a good solid pair of boots, and Goff Bros. is the place to get them. oct26 tf

—An attempt is being made to prevent the issue of liquor licenses in Winnipeg. The Manitoba provincial license law requires twenty-five per cent. of the electors to sign a petition before this is done. The petitions are now being signed.

DIED.

At Summerside, on the 22d inst., of scarlet fever, Annie, the beloved wife of Francis Murphy, aged 38 years; on the 23d inst., of scarlet fever, Winnie, eldest daughter of Francis and Annie Murphy, aged 9 years; and on the 25th inst., of scarlet fever, Albert Austin, third son of Francis and Annie Murphy, aged 4 years. May their souls rest in peace.

MARRIED.

At the manse, Bloomfield, on the 24th inst., by the Rev. J. R. Coffin, James Harry Hunter, Esq. of Alberton, to Miss Barbara Annie Forsythe, of Elmsdale, P. E. I.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HOTEL DAVIES.
Oct 25—R Edmison, Manchester, Eng; W R Powell, Halifax; S T McCurdy, New Glasgow, N S; P Moeckler, Picton; A G Morris, A McParlane, Quide St Marie, J Robertson, F Burch, Montreal; F E DeJude, Sherbrooke, Wm Heard, city; E E Ross, Quebec; J B Richards, Bideford; E Sinclair, Miramichi; J A Trites, St John; J B Black, Onslow; G B McLean, S' side.

OSBORNE HOUSE.

Oct 25—F Peters, G Kelly, S' side; M Eoge, Boston; J Burke, Keosauqua; D E Brown, St John; Jas Ross, Mount Stewart; D H Powers, Picton; W Wickham, S' side; Neil Campbell, P E I; R A McInnis, W R Boyd, Wallace; G Gillis, Dundas.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.
ENTERED.

Oct 25—John Lawrence, Henderson, Crapaud; Sarah Elizabeth, Ferguson, Picton, Genesta, Langill, Picton; Minnie Mac, McConnell, Port Hawkesbury; Mary D, Reid, Wallace, Batavia, Speedwater, Halifax.

CLEARED.

Oct 25—Henry Swan, Atkinson, Picton; L H Davies, Langill, Wallace; Josephine, McLean, Glace Bay; Catherine, Benoit, Sydney; Valenar, Wentzel, Halifax; John Lawrence, Henderson, Canso; P L G, Davies, Canso; Jeremia, Strickland, Souris; Mary D, Reid, Wallace; Minnie E, McKenzie, McNeill; Batavia, Speedwater, Vernon River; Annie G Eastman, Rose Blanches, Nfld.

OTHER PORTS.

Halifax, Oct 25—Ar schrs B Wier & Co, Bissett, Orwell; Green Leaf, Julian, Cardigan; City Belle, Graves, Geo'town; H W Wentzell, Ferguson, Montague; Union, Mitchell, Souris, Cld, sehr Minnie D, Maskell, S' side.

Glen Stewart Market Garden.

CELERY! CELERY!

FIRST-CLASS CELERY, free from rust, 90 cents per dozen, delivered at Sales-room, Stall No. 1, west end of Market House, Boxing extra. Cash must accompany all orders.

JAMES BURKE, Southport Post Office.

FASHIONABLE JACKETS,

RICH DOLMANS, Fur Jackets, Fur-Lined Cloaks, Dress Goods, Carpets.

JAS. PATON & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

Something very Special for every Lady. A specially cheap line in the double width. All Wool Amazon Cloth, only 40 cents per yard. The latest effects in Border and Checked Robes. A wonderful bargain in Striped Dress Goods, at 10 cents per yard.

Velvets, Plushes, &c.

A big bundle of Corded Velvets, in short lengths, suitable for Boys' Coats, Girls' Dresses, &c., at the astonishing low price of 25 cents per yard. This lot is worth 60 cents per yard.

Still Another Startler!

100 Dozen Childrens' Handkerchiefs, at 20 cents per dozen.
50 Dozen Ladies' Hem-Stitched Linen Handkerchiefs, 80 cents per dozen.

CURTAINS.

Our stock of Curtains is very large. We are offering a very special line of 100 pairs Canvas Curtains, worth \$1.75, for \$1.25. Two dozen pairs handsome Cretonne Curtains, regular price \$3.50, now \$2.50. We have a beautiful lot of Plush and Tapestry Curtains at the very lowest prices.

HALF PRICE.

A lot of HEARTH RUGS, bought from a manufacturer at half price. Come and see them. Price from 25 cents up.

SKIRTINGS, 3 1/2 inches wide, nice stripes, with border.

YARNS in all shades, at the lowest prices.

Millinery.

A magnificent selection of Ladies' Felt Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons, Wings and Pins. Our Milliner, Miss Hobbs, has returned from the United States with the latest ideas in her department. If you want to get good work done give us a trial.

FUR GOODS.

The very best value in Boas, Capes, Scarbores and Muffs. Extra value in Mens' Persian Lamb Caps, Goat Robes, Australian Bear, Carriage and Sleigh Robes, at the very lowest prices.

FLANNELS.

Grey, White, Scarlet and Opera Flannels, of the very best value.

Mantle and Ulster Cloths.

We have some rare bargains in this lot. We are selling a splendid line at \$1.25; the regular price is \$1.65.

Great Excitement,

—IN OUR—

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

Assortment Big! Prices Low!

ULSTERS TO SUIT GIRLS.

Gimps in all Shades to Match our Dress Goods.

NO PLACE LIKE PATON & CO'S

—FOR—

FLEECY COTTONS.

We have extra value in FLEECY COTTONS. Just see them.

Blankets! Quilts! Counterpanes!

Our sales increase owing to the splendid value we give our customers.

JAS. PATON & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE.

P. E. ISLAND

SOAP WORKS.

WE TRY TO PLEASE THE PUBLIC AND SUCCEED. Our Factory has been running over six years, and having thoroughly studied the wants of the people, can please them every time. Ask for the following brands, and get value for your money:—

Maple Leaf, Prize Bar, XXX Mottled, Silver Bar, Extra Pale, White Rose, Yellow Rose, Dainty and Island Boquet.

CELEBRATED DIAMOND POTASH.

Cash Paid for Tallow and Grease.

BEER & SONS,

PROPRIETORS.

FACTORY—Weymouth Street. OFFICE—King Square. oct26—3m 2aw (tues sat) wky

FOR FUR GOODS of all kinds go to BEER BROS.

BEER BROS.

SPECIALTY.

Astracan, Bocharan, Persian and Seal Jackets, FUR-LINED CLOAKS—Latest Novelties in all qualities. MUFFS—Beaver, Persian, Seal, Astracan, Hare, &c. CAPES—Nutria, Opossum, Astracan, Beaver, &c. BOAS—Beaver, Wolf, Goat, Neoufon, Hare, &c. Caps, Storm Collars, Gloves, Trimmings.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

MOURNING Dress Goods. Our Stock of Black Goods is very complete and of unusual value. Samples sent to any part of the Island. BEER BROS.

Charlottetown, Oct. 24, 1889.

A Large Stock of WATCHES

On Hand, from \$5 up—Tested and Warranted.

Cheaper Kept in Stock but not Guaranteed.

Our Watches having received the highest awards for general excellence and time-keeping qualities, we can thoroughly recommend them. Unsolicited testimonials regarding their merits received continually. New Goods in every department.

G. H. TAYLOR, NORTH SIDE MARKET SQUARE.

LAMP CHIMNEYS. EXTENSIVE SALE

IN STORE: 150 Cases LAMP CHIMNEYS, 75 Gross WICKS, 100 " BURNERS, At Reduced Prices. FENTON T. NEWBERY. oct26—6i pat 6i guar four 2i

Flour and Cornmeal.

In Store and To Arrive: 500 Barrels "KENT," 375 " " "HOWARD," 250 " " "JEWEL," 150 " " "ROBE," 100 barrels "Buckeye" Fine Bolted K. D. CORNMEAL, At Bottom Prices. FENTON T. NEWBERY. oct26—6i pat 6i guar four 2i

MOLASSES.

In Store and To Arrive: 250 Puns, } Antigua, Barbadoes, St. 30 Tierces, } Vincent and Demerara 25 Barrels, } MOLASSES, At Lowest Prices, Wholesale. FENTON T. NEWBERY. oct26—6i pat 6i guar four 2i

FOR SALE.

A HANDSOME JERSEY HEIFER, 15 months old, Nova Scotia Registry. Took the first prize at the recent Provincial Exhibition in Charlottetown. T. HEATH HAVILAND, oct26—tf