

exit, leaving the farce unfinished and the self-elected president, the Hon. Donald Montgomery, unsupported in the Chair, where some say, but we do not believe them, he still sits, studying and practising in solitary dignity for the Speakership of the next House.

In the foregoing review, we find that, through most unaccountable inadvertence, we have omitted to notice the singularly prominent part played in the Farce by the Hon. Edward Palmer. We will now supply the omission.

When the entrance of the Usher of the Black Rod into the Hall of the Assembly to deliver a message from His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, without permission for him to do so having first been accorded by a vote of the unorganized House, was denounced by the Hon. Edward Palmer, as a greater breach of parliamentary privileges than any that has been committed in a British State since the days of the great parliament-contemning-and-disrupting Cromwell, did he do so in ignorance? No, he did not; for his assertion was not made in ignorance of the fact that the members elect, having been sent back to their own Hall from the bar of the Council Chamber, for the express purpose of their being duly constituted the lower Branch of the Legislature by their appointing one of their number to preside as the Speaker, were not, and could not be, invested with any of the peculiar privileges of a Constitutional Parliament, until they had made that choice, and until it had been acquiesced in and completed by actual installation. No, the Hon. Edward Palmer could not be ignorant of this; but he thought many who heard him were so, and he hoped that, by instilling into their minds the false idea that the privileges of their parliamentary representatives had been rudely invaded by command of His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, he should most effectually be able to incense them at once both against His Excellency and the party holding the reins of Government. Surely, the Hon. Edward Palmer, if not blinded by the most inconsiderate and ungenerous rage, would not have practised dishonesty so shameful as this? But so far had he, in his rage, cast aside not only all the restraints of his better judgment, but even seemingly all regard for any show either of moderation or of brotherhood, that he concluded his harangue on this subject with the following peroration, every word of which, we may truly say, proves that mad ambition, the unprincipled lust of power, knows no ties or obligations of honor, truth, mercy, or kindred: "I say the entrance of the Black Rod [Henry Palmer, Esq., a brother of the Hon. E. Palmer] into this Chamber, before a vote of the House, [he it remembered there was no "House"] it had been determined he should be admitted, was a most gross, a most insolent, a most unpardonable violation of the privileges of the representatives of the people; and not only did he deserve the most unceremonious and ungentle expulsion from this Chamber which he received, but had the people treated him according to his deserts, they would have thrown him into the street." Electors, Tories as well as Liberals, consider well the spirit which breathes in this language—the spirit not of one only, but of the whole of the Tory Clique—and then say whether or not it is possible for you, under any circumstances, to submit to the domination of such a spirit!

Failing to make one determined effort more, often have men remained in the state of degradation and bondage from which they had long been nobly struggling to emancipate themselves, when spirit and resolution to make that one effort would have triumphantly secured their lasting independence. In such an all but finally triumphant position do the people of this Colony now stand. Let them only make the one further determined effort which their position demands, and to which concurrent although adventitious circumstances are at this time so wonderfully propitious, and the most odious oligarchical tyranny—so lately overthrown, but which now, having, by the powers of reptile reunion, conjoined its parts, dashes again to lift its head—will speedily be annihilated, and ere long be remembered and spoken of only as an extinct monstrosity of a former world. At the coming elections acquit yourselves with the spirit of free-born men; and even although the powers of darkness should be leagued against you—which, in truth, we are sometimes tempted to think they are—with your most wily enemies of human mould, the triumph and the lasting blessings of political freedom and domestic independence will be yours; but fail to do so, and you will rivet and bind upon yourselves, and upon your descendants for generations to come, the fetters and the trammels of helots and of serfs.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE FROM EUROPE.

The English Mail arrived here on Thursday evening last. We are indebted to the Halifax Morning Sun for the following summary of the news.

The R. R. Steamship Canada arrived about 6 o'clock last evening, bringing dates to the 12th inst. The news furnished is not of much interest. The question of peace or war on the Continent is still undecided, and the impression in England is, there will be no war.

Among the passengers by the Canada was Richard Cobden, Esq., one of England's most distinguished men. Mr. C. is on his way to the United States, on private business. A Parliamentary return gives an account of the gross income and expenditure of the year ending December 31, 1858. It appears from this document that the total income for the twelve months was 295,285,995 lbs. 8s., and the gross expenditure 265,159,338 lbs. 7s., leaving an excess of income over expenditure of 30,126,657 lbs. 1s.

The speech of the Emperor of the French on the opening of the Corps Legislatif is pacific. His desire, he says, "is to cement more closely the alliance with England, which he has used all his powers to preserve, and his efforts have been recognized by the Queen of England." He has, since the peace, assumed a character of the frankest cordiality with Russia. He is equally justified in congratulating himself on the good will which exists with Prussia." Referring to Austria, he regrets, he says, there has been some misunderstanding; and after referring to the reconstruction of the Danubian Principalities—his respect for Piedmont, which proved herself such a faithful ally in the Crimea—and the state of Italy—he concludes by saying "peace, he hopes, will not be disturbed."

The Prince of Wales has officially visited the Pope. Capt. Morton's newly invented shell had been experimented with. On trial it was found that with a peculiar shell called the "liquid fire shell," it would set fire to wet sacking, or grass at 100 yards.

A private letter from Rome mentions that Archbishop Cullen is about to be named Cardinal. The intention at present is that he shall take up his abode permanently in that city. There is to be a great demonstration in Tipperary in favour of reform, and ballot, and tenant right. It is to come off at Thurles, and is intended to be a revival of the O'Connell monster repeal meetings.

On the 21st Dec. the Governor-General of India issued a decree disarming the whole of Upper India. The measure is expected to diminish the necessity for a huge native army. It is understood that one small fortification will be raised in every station in the north-west, so as to render the seizure of treasure or a simultaneous massacre of Europeans both difficult and hazardous.

The campaign in Oude was considered very nearly over. The rebels are considered hopelessly beaten everywhere. Lord Clyde's success, the ever increasing force of Europeans, and the energy displayed during the long struggle, render the British position for the hour impregnable.

Mr. Montgomerie, late Chief Commissioner of Oude, has been promoted to be Lieut.-Governor of the new presidency of the Punjab, which contains a population of 22,000,000, and will shortly be garrisoned by 17,000 Europeans and 45,000 Sikhs.

DUNMURDO, January 15.—Brig 'Prince Edward,' Knowlan, master, bound for Auckland, New Zealand, called for water—all well.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—Several communications received during the past week are omitted for want of space.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S LITERARY INSTITUTE.—On Thursday evening, the 3rd inst., Mr. Thomas Murphy, the President of the Institute, delivered a highly instructive and interesting lecture to a large audience, on "Popular Delusions." The lecturer briefly recapitulated the various superstitions of different countries. Some of his ghost stories convulsed the audience with laughter, which lasted for several minutes. If there were any in the room who still believed in ghosts and witches, and cling to the myths of bygone ages, they must have had their eyes opened as to the absurdity of such belief. The debaters followed suit, and added their stock of stories to the evening's entertainment, which was prolonged until after the usual hour for adjournment.

On Friday evening next, the 11th inst., Mr. E. Roche will lecture on "Water and its uses to Man."

Neil Rankin, Esquire, has favoured us with a sample of Glenlivet whiskey, which appears to be of a very superior quality. It may not possess the marvellous property attributed to it by Mr. R. of effecting the conversion of political opponents, but it were shame that such good stuff should ever incite to quarrels. To the moderate men on each side, the supporters of half and half measures, we recommend the Glenlivet as the panacea for the existing evils in the bodies politic and personal.

THE ABDICATION OF SOULOUQUE.—Advice from Kingston, Jamaica, give some particulars in regard to the abdication of Faustin I. Soulouque was accompanied to Kingston by his suite and family, and some of the officers of his administration adhered to his fallen fortunes by accompanying him into his exile. On landing, the Haytian refugees, exasperated by Soulouque's stand since his accession, were much excited against him, and violence was only prevented by the firmness of the authorities. The black people of Kingston, on the contrary, were highly enthusiastic in their demonstrations of respect for the ex-emperor. Soulouque is said to be immensely rich. His wealth is estimated at upwards of \$500,000 invested in Europe. At the breaking out of the revolution, he had at the palace £30,000 in gold and two millions of paper dollars; the paper money he had to leave, and the mob divided it among themselves. A good deal of gold was found in the Empress' and Princess' room. The mob took it all.

The members of the Canadian Parliament have at length found their senses, and by a majority of five, sustained Her Majesty's selection of Ottawa, as the future capital of Canada—probably of great Canada—the coming nation, that will ultimately spread and extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean! We are in love with this name of the future metropolis, it is aboriginal, is not borrowed from Europe, and sounds sonorously, in comparison with the names of the ancient capitals of the old world. If this matter of the Seat of Government had been decided last year, lookers-on would have been relieved from witnessing the utter prostration of consistency, exhibited by a deliberative body of British origin, and also, the sorry figure Canadian politicians, on both sides, appeared in, by their unpatriotic thimble-rigging on the question. Neither would Canadian credit on the London Stock Exchange have been imperilled had Her Majesty's award been honorably and gracefully recognised when first brought up for consideration.—Courier.

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—"There is nothing in the shape of medicine selling like it in Canada. It is superseding and giving better satisfaction than any other article now in the Canada market." E. HEATHFIELD, London, C.W.

Holloway's Pills.—A disease without a name.—How often do we see persons gradually pining away without pain or any distinct indications of disease? They grow more feeble day by day, their appetite declines, they lose all interest in business, and with lock-jawed eyes and cadaverous complexions, move mechanically from place to place, the very impersonal as of hopeless misery affected with general weakness and debility. Now learn how it may in all cases be cured. A course of Holloway's Pills will infallibly rekindle the sinking physical energies of the patient, rouse his whole organization to healthy action, and produce a complete revolution in his feelings, as well as his frame.

On the 1st inst., by the Rev. T. Dawson, Mr. Angus McKenzie, of Lot 24, to Miss Emma Jane Harper, of Lot 32. At St. Eleanor's, on the 23rd ult., by the Rev. Dr. Read, Mr. James S. Crossman, of Bedouet, to Miss Maria Crossman, of Lot 7. On the 24th ult. at the Postal Parsonage, by the Rev. A. M. Desbrisar, Mr. Archibald Buchanan to Miss Sarah McPherson, both of Lot 48.

Died, At West River, on Wednesday, the 15th ult., in the 95th year of her age, Sarah, relict of the late Donald McPhee. On Thursday, the 3rd inst., Alice Laura, infant daughter of John Brecken, Esq., aged 2 years and 2 months. At Crapaud, on Saturday morning, the 26th ultimo, after a short illness of five days, of Scarlet Fever, Louisa Ann, daughter of Mr. James Delpitt, in the 13th year of her age. At Tryon, on Monday last, the 23rd ult., Mrs. Crawford, an old and respectable inhabitant of the place. At Charlottetown, on Wednesday, the 2nd inst., after a long illness, George Day, Esq., M. D., aged 70 years.

New Advertisements.

Intestate Estate Sale.

TO be sold by Public Auction, at the Colonial Building, in Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY, the fourth day of MAY next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, pursuant to a licence duly granted for that purpose by His Honor the Surrogate and Judge of Probate of this Island, bearing date the ninth day of June, 1857, part of the REAL ESTATE which belonged to the late John Anderson, of Charlottetown, master mariner, deceased, intestate at the time of his death, that is to say: ALL that piece of ground commencing at a distance of eighty-four feet from the corner of King's Square, thence running northwardly forty-two feet along Hillsborough-street, thence at right-angles eastwardly eighty-four feet, or until it strikes land in possession of John Rider, thence southwardly forty-two feet, thence westwardly to the place of commencement—comprising one-quarter part of Town Lot No. Eighty-two (82), in the fourth hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; and also ALL that other piece of ground commencing at the northern end of the said Town Lot, thence running westwardly along Fitz Roy street forty-two feet, thence at right angles southwardly forty-two feet (a little more or less), thence at right angles eastwardly forty-two feet, thence northwardly to the place of commencement—bounded on the east by land belonging to Mr. George Beer, and being part of the said Town Lot No. Eighty-two, in the fourth hundred of Lots in Charlottetown; and of which said Real Estate the said intestate, John Anderson, died seized and possessed in fee simple.

Dated at Charlottetown this 7th day of March, 1859. CATHERINE ANDERSON, Administratrix of Estate of late John Anderson.

SOIREE! SOIREE!!

THE ANNUAL SOIREE of the Mechanics' Institute will be held in the Temperance Hall, on Tuesday evening, the 8th March next, at 6 o'clock.

Admission tickets, Is. 6d., for sale at the stores of Mr. Geo. T. Hazard, and W. R. Watson, Esq.; also by the Committee, viz: Messrs John Williams, Silas Barnard, J. P. Tanton and JAMES M. BUTCHER, Sec'y.

Charlottetown, Jan. 31, 1859. al ps

The above SOIREE is unavoidably POSTPONED until TUESDAY, the 22nd of March.

STONE CUTTING.

THE Subscriber wishes to make known to the public at large, that he constantly keeps on hand a variety of HEAD STONES, (Marble and Freestone), of different styles and of the best material. He would especially recommend parties residing out of Charlottetown to give him a call and examine the specimens he has on hand, and ascertain the different prices, before paying in advance for work which may not give satisfaction when received.

JOHN CAIRNS, Grafton Street, Charlottetown, March 7, 1859. Ex. 3a.

New Advertisements.

To the Electors of the First District of Prince County.

GENTLEMEN.—The Constitutional Dissolution of the Assembly, elected in June last, necessitated by a wise consideration of the vital interests of this Colony, again places you in a position to use your political Franchise in the choice of two members to serve you in the House of Assembly. I had the honor of having been one of your Representatives for the last twelve years, and I have the satisfaction to believe that I still possess your unchanged confidence; but keenly alive as I am to this fact, and grateful as I feel for the generous support and confidence which you have always reposed in me, the time has come when I conceive that my public duty to you, and to the country, which I shall explain to you personally, requires me to retire from your district (sure to return a sound Liberal Candidate in my place,) and enter upon the political field of the Second District, with the view to encounter there and beat on that ground, at the coming Election, a political opponent of the Liberal party. Gentlemen, I believe you will approve the motive which guides me in the course I have adopted for the extension of Liberal members in the House to be elected. With this explanation, it at present remains for me to tender to you my sincere thanks for the manly, independent and successful support which you have, in all political struggles, accorded to me; and wishing you public good and private prosperity, I am, Gentlemen, Your obliged and humble servant, JAMES WARBURTON.

Woodbrook, Feb. 25, 1859.

To the free and Independent Electors of Charlottetown and Royalty.

GENTLEMEN: HAVING been invited by a large and influential number of voters to come forward as a Candidate for the representation of this City in the next General Assembly, I am strongly induced to comply with a request so unexpectedly preferred, and, at the same time, so gratifying to my feelings. It is almost needless to assure my supporters that, as a native of the Island, I have every wish to promote its welfare to the best of my ability. My political opinions are based on liberal principles, by which I would have it understood that, as we live in a progressive age, I am in favour of progressive measures; whilst, at the same time, I would most strictly and jealously guard against any infringement of public or private rights, or any interference with civil or religious liberty. That I am actuated by no selfish motive in coming forward must be apparent to all, since I seek no office, and bind myself to the support of no party measures of which I may not conscientiously approve. It shall be my unceasing aim to develop the hitherto neglected resources of this fine country, and especially to advocate every feasible method of making available the mine of wealth with which Providence has blessed these shores; as shipbuilding has for a time failed to remunerate the enterprise of our people, every effort must be made to encourage the Fisheries, as a source of wealth that cannot fail. It will also be my earnest endeavour to encourage native industry and enterprise—to abolish the antiquated and inhuman system of imprisonment for debt; and I would use every effort to introduce vote by ballot and the registration of voters. An Alien Bill would tend to secure the residence amongst us of men of wealth and enterprise, and would have my hearty support. I have again to thank you for the great mark of confidence bestowed upon me, and although, from the pressure of professional engagements, I may not be able to make a thorough canvass, I trust you will be satisfied with this statement of my views; and if a majority of Electors should deem me worthy to be entrusted with their interests in the Legislature, no effort of mine shall be wanting to prove that I am not unwaveringly by fair words and specious promises to ensure my election, an honour which many private reasons would induce me to decline. I am, gentlemen, your obed't serv't, J. T. JENKINS.

Charlottetown, Feb. 25, 1859.

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN.—Having served you for several years in the House of Assembly, and being anxious to retire from public life, I beg to express my gratitude for the handsome support I received from you at former elections, having been returned by large majorities. I am happy to know that there is another gentleman in the District who is well able to represent your interests in the House of Assembly, and to assist in carrying out the same political principles which I have always advocated; and I have therefore much pleasure in recommending all my friends to give their support and influence to John Sutherland, Esquire, who is a true and zealous friend to the Liberal cause. I remain, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, JOSEPH DINGWELL.

Little River, March 3, 1859.

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN.—As another General Election is about to take place, and Joseph Dingwell, Esquire, having expressed his desire to retire from public life, kindly recommending me to your favourable consideration—I beg to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of your district in the new House of Assembly, and I now respectfully solicit your suffrages on my behalf. Should I be honoured with your confidence, you may rely upon it that I will serve you to the best of my ability. I have always advocated the principles of the Liberal Party, and have been at all times a firm supporter of Responsible Government. I shall still give my influence and assistance to carry out the same principles; and if returned to the House of Assembly the present system of Government shall have my support on every occasion. I remain, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant, JOHN SUTHERLAND.

Head of St. Peter's Bay, March 5, 1859.

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN.—The House of Assembly having been dissolved, I again present myself as a Candidate for your suffrages. At the last General Election I expressed my determination, if successful, to support the views and principles of the Liberal Party, and to assist, as far as in my power lay, to carry out the wise and excellent measures by which that party have sought to promote the best interests of this my adopted country. Should the result of the ensuing election for the Second District of King's County be such as to place me in the high position of one of your Representatives, I pledge myself to advocate such principles and measures as will accord with your well understood wishes; and it affords me the highest satisfaction to know that the Leader of the present Government, as well as other influential members of the Liberal Party, entertain views on the Land Question which fully agree with my own; and if returned to the House of Assembly the establishment of a Court of Escheat will receive my warmest support, as well as every other measure calculated to advance the interests of the Island. I remain, gentlemen, your obed't servant, JOHN BENJAMIN COX.

Morell House, March 4, 1859.

1859 Style of Hats

ARE now ready at J. HOBBS' City HAT Factory, opposite the Temperance Hall, manufactured from the best French Silk and Satin Plushes, equal to those imported. Call and get one. Hats made to order.

N. B.—The Hat and Clothes' Cleaning Business carried on in his usual satisfactory manner. Charlottetown, March 7, 1859.

New Advertisements.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the present Storm, which must have blocked up many of the roads in the country, rendering it impossible for farmers living at a distance from Trower to get Grain intended for competition forward to the Show to-day, it was deemed advisable, by the Members of Committee present, to postpone the Show until WEDNESDAY, the 23d inst., then to take place at the TEMPERANCE HALL, at 12 o'clock, noon.

It was considered advisable also to postpone the Annual General Meeting until the above period, as there were not a sufficient number of qualified persons present at the meeting from whom to elect the different annual office bearers.

By order, WM. W. IRVING, Sec'y and Treasurer Royal Agricultural Society, Charlottetown, March 1, 1859.

Benevolent Irish Society.

THE regular Annual Meeting of the Benevolent Irish Society will be held at the St. Dunstan's school-house, on THURSDAY evening next, the 19th inst., commencing at half-past seven o'clock. Punctual attendance is requested. By order, J. R. WALSH, Sec'y. Charlottetown, March 7, 1859.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.

ONE of those handsome, high toned PIANO FORTES, manufactured by one of the best makers, GILBERT, of Boston, will be sold so very low that it will be an advantage to any one wishing a good article to purchase it. GEORGE DOUGLAS, Furniture Warehouse, Kent Street, March 7, 1859. Ex. 4i

HOME MANUFACTURE

Ought it to be Encouraged.

THOSE who have a desire to do so can purchase at the CITY TANNERY Prime Sole LEATHER for one shilling and ninepence a pound, which is less than it can be imported from foreign markets for. March 7, 1859. Mon & Isl

Elections! Elections!

JUST opened for the occasion, one CASK GLENLEVT WHISKEY (five years old). It is said this genuine article possesses the wonderful qualities of converting your opponents to your Political views, consequently no aspirant to the Red Benches should be without it. For sale by March 7, N. RANKIN, Great George-street.

To be sold by Public Auction,

IN the Market Square, Charlottetown, on the day of the opening of the Legislative Session, at 12 o'clock, noon, The Entire Horse VULCAN, formerly owned by Mr. J. W. Cairns, of the Globe Hotel, Charlottetown, but now the property of Mr. W. Bell, of Casumpeck.

This Horse has been very successful in taking prizes at the Royal Agricultural Society shows, as also have many of his Stock. He is now eight years old, of superior action and symmetry, and has proved himself a sure foal-getter for five years, his progeny being second to none as travellers and draught horses. He may be seen at the Globe Hotel, any time after the 19th of March next. Terms will be made known at Sale. WILLIAM BELL, Isl Im

Charlottetown, Feb. 28, 1859.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

Extensive and Unreserved Sale

of Gin, Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Flour, Tobacco, Sole Leather, Wine Crackers, Brandy, Wine, Porter, Ale, Buckets, Brooms, &c. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of March, at the Subscribers' SALE ROOM, Queen Street—

- 8 Hhds. first rate Gin, (warranted)
5 Hhds. Bright Muscovado Sugar,
15 Puncheons Muscovado Molasses,
45 chests and half chests Congo Tea,
5 bbls. Crushed Sugar,
15 boxes Cavendish Tobacco,
30 Sides Sole Leather,
100 Bbls. Extra Superior Flour,
15 doz. Buckets and Brooms,
100 Gros Card Matches,
10 Bag Wrought Nails,
24 Brass Cloves,
15 half bbls. Water and Butter Crackers,
12 bbls. Porter and Ale,
4 casks choice Pale and Coloured Brandy,
2 do (4 Diamond) Port Wine,
1 Cask Whiskey,
1 set Gig Harness,
1 complete set Epsom Races (gilt frame),
1 Sleigh Furs, &c. &c.

TERMS OF SALE—£10, 3 months; £30, 4 months; £60 and upwards a Credit of 6 months' will be given upon approved Joint Notes of Hand. Feb. 28 1859. J. & T. MORRIS, Auctioneers.

Valuable Real Property for Sale.

THE following parcels of land will be submitted to public competition, at the Colonial Building, in Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of April next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, viz:—

All that valuable piece of ground with the Dwelling House and premises built thereon, or thereunto belonging, now in the occupation of Mr. John C. Travers and Mr. Wm. Conroy, fronting 40 feet on Prince Street, with a depth of 84 feet; and being part of Town Lot No. 40, in the 3rd Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown.

Also—all that other valuable piece of land with the Dwelling House and premises thereon, formerly the residence of Mr. John Rider, fronting 40 feet on King's Square, and with a depth of 78 feet throughout; and being part of Town Lot No. 82, in the 4th Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown.

Also—all that other valuable piece of land with the Dwelling House, Steam Mill, Gear, Machinery and Apparatus, and all other buildings and premises thereon, or thereunto belonging, being part of Water Lot opposite Town Lot No. 29, in the 1st Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, and formerly belonging to, and worked by, Mr. John Rider.

And also two valuable plots of ground at Summerside, Township No. 17, in Prince County, and being known as Town Lots Nos. 7 and 8 in Summerside, both fronting on the Road leading from St. Eleanor's through Summerside, Lot 7, having a front thereon of 76 feet, and running back 90 feet; and Lot 8, having a front thereon of 70 feet, and running back 90 feet.

All the above property will be sold on the following terms:—Twenty per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale, the balance of eighty per cent of the purchase money will be allowed to remain on interest, on security by mortgage of the premises and bond, for a period of two years from the day of sale.

For further terms and particulars enquire of the undersigned Trustees for sale, &c., under a Deed of Release and Conveyance dated the fifth day of December 1858, executed by John Rider, with other parties therein named, to the undersigned, and duly registered in the Registry Office of this Island.

Dated at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, the 18th day of February, A. D., 1859. JOSEPH HENSLY, JOHN LONGWORTH, Trustees.

CHEBUOTO WAREHOUSE.

- 100 Bbls Southern FLOUR,
25 do Extra-State, do (Superior),
25 do Canada, do
20 do CORNMEAL,
5 Boxes C. TOBACCO, (Superior Brands)
50 Sides N. Y. Sole LEATHER,
Hhds SUGAR, Puncheons MOLASSES,
100 gallons BRANDY,

in Store and for Sale by P. W. HYNDMAN, Charlottetown, Feb. 28, 1859. Isl & Mon