

THE CAMPAIGN.

GOVERNMENT'S RECORD.

"They promised to greatly reduce the public expenditure. They have largely increased it.

"In the strongest language they condemned a provincial debt. In five years they have added over a quarter of a million of dollars to our debt.

"They solemnly professed that they could manage our affairs without taxation. In three years they have taken from the people over one hundred and thirty-eight thousand dollars in taxes.

"They protested against the practice of borrowing money at the banks. There has scarcely been a year since they attained power, that the Province has not owed very large amounts to one or more of the banks.

"They pledged themselves not to impose taxation without consulting the people. No sooner was the promise made than it was faithlessly broken by the introduction and passage into law of four separate tax acts.

"They seriously engaged, in 1891, to devote about 15,000 dollars of the money to be raised by debentures to the repair of the Provincial building. This has not been done. The building has received no repairs.

"They loudly proclaimed, in opposition, that there was no necessity for a Commissioner of Public Lands. That official still exists, although they have been in power for over six years.

"They denounced, with one voice, Provincial deficits. There has not been a single year of their administration that there has not been a large deficit, their deficits aggregate over \$255,000, and if the taxes they collected be added, the astounding result of over \$393,000 will be reached."

PEOPLES' PARTY'S MOTTO:

VICTORY WITH HONOR.

Peoples' Party's Platform

"The Provincial executive will be reduced from nine to seven."

"No public money will be expended in excess of legislative appropriations, unless in case of unavoidable necessity, such as caused by flood or sudden disaster."

"Provision will be made for a quarterly publication of revenue and expenditure."

"The office of Commissioner of Public Lands will be abolished and the duties assigned to the Attorney General."

"The present ferry system will be reformed with a view to greater economy of expenditure without diminishing efficiency of accommodation."

"A reform in the administration of the Surrogate and Probate court will be effected."

"A radical change will be made in the administration of the Public Works department, so that the money now wasted can be saved to the Province."

"The present system of taxation will be so changed that it will operate with even-handed justice, and not bear oppressively and unfairly on any class of taxpayers."

"Economy will be practised in every department, and taxation will be kept down to the lowest possible limit."

"The efficiency of the Public Service will be maintained, and revenue and expenditure will be made to equate as nearly as possible."

"No further increase of the public debt will be permitted."

"There will be considerable reductions in the expenditure of the public money, and the resources of the Province will be safeguarded and husbanded by every legitimate means that can be devised."

Peoples' Party's Candidates.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

CHARLOTTETOWN AND ROYALTY: - PATRICK BLAKE AND JAMES PATON.

SECOND DISTRICT: - ALEXANDER HORNE AND RONALD McMILLAN.

THIRD DISTRICT: - PETER McCOURT AND THOMAS A. McLEAN.

FOURTH DISTRICT: - A. A. McLEAN AND HENRY WOOD.

KING'S COUNTY.

GEORGETOWN AND ROYALTY: - HON. DANIEL GORDON AND HON. A. J. McDONALD.

FIRST DISTRICT: - JOHN McLEAN AND JOHN KICKHAM.

SECOND DISTRICT: - MORSON AND McISAAC.

THIRD DISTRICT: - PROWSE AND McKINNON.

PRINCE COUNTY.

SUMMERSIDE AND LOT 17: - GILBERT DESROCHES AND A. A. LEFURGEY.

THE MOST MIGHTY FORCE IN THE UNIVERSE.

BY A BANKER.

A force exists in nature which exerts the most tremendous influence throughout the entire Universe; which controls the movement of everything which exists, from the most minute insect to a planet or a sun; which directs the course of a comet, and which guides the motions of the spheres, causing order and systematic regularity to reign where otherwise chaos and confusion would exist. Without this force it would be impossible for beings constituted as mankind is to dwell upon the earth, and though our movements are hampered and retarded by its power, yet its strength and energy are so exactly adjusted as to give us that degree of nobility best suited to our frame. Were this force suddenly to cease to exist this earth of ours would immediately fly off into space to the exact direction, and at the speed, in which we are moving, in a straight line, and would continue in that same straight course until it happened to collide with some other body in space, and the entire Universe would immediately be reduced to a condition of chaotic disorder. This force is known as "The Attraction of Gravitation," and it is unquestionably at once the most potent, as well as the most essential and necessary of all the laws of nature which a beneficent Creator has established for the regulation and order of the Universe.

The influence of the attraction of gravitation is absolutely universal in the material universe, everybody in space exercising the power, more or less, in exact proportion to its volume and density, upon all other bodies within the sphere of its attraction, that sphere being defined by exact and well understood laws. The most striking proof that we now fully comprehend the action of this law is presented by the discovery of the planet Neptune, simultaneously by the great English astronomer Adams and by the French astronomer Leverrier in 1846. This planet was not discovered in the ordinary way by means of telescopes, but purely by calculations, for it having become abundantly apparent that certain strange and regular perturbations in the orbit of the neighboring planet Uranus must have been caused by the attraction of some other body in space, calculations were made, and notices sent round to the Observers, that a new planet must exist, and must pass a certain spot at a given time. This planet was discovered at that time, and in almost exactly the spot indicated.

It is only the principle or the attraction of gravitation which creates weight, as we understood it for if that law did not exist a block of lead of a hundred tons, for instance, would rest in the air without support; and if we could transport ourselves to a small planet, such as Vesta, upon which the attraction is very small, we should have a nobility equal to or surpassing that of that voracious little insect, the *pulex irritans*, which can jump no less than two hundred and fifty times its own length, equal for a man of average height, to more than a quarter of a mile; while on the other hand, on Jupiter or Saturn, we should probably be unable to lift, say a jug of water from the ground, so enormous would be its weight, or in other words so tremendous would be the attractive power exercised by the great planet. To walk on these planets would be impossible, for a Hercules would be unable to raise his foot from the ground.

If we could allow ourselves by the flight of the imagination to suppose that the law of the attraction of gravitation could suddenly be annulled for a season on this earth, the most curious and startling events would occur, in an imaginary description of which a Jules Verne might revel. For instance, weight would no longer exist; a child could carry off the Monument of London (if not fixed to the ground) and jump with it to the top of a house and place it unsupported in the air, where it would stay; a train going up an incline on reaching the top would leave the rails and continue its journey upward at the same angle until stopped by the resistance of the air, when it would remain suspended in mid-air; the passengers, however, could descend to the earth without injury, by swimming through the air. But it is needless to pursue these puerile imaginations. For we know that a time will soon come when the law of attraction of gravitation will have no influence upon us, for in the ethereal state, when this mortal shall have put on immortality, we shall not be subject to its power; we shall be able to visit a planet or a star by a mere act of volition; we shall be able to pass through any obstruction without let or hindrance (John xx, 26, &c) and therefore shall be able to explore the very centre of the earth, and find out many of nature's hidden secrets which at present appear so mysterious; we shall be able to roam, with the rapidity of thought, throughout the whole and the great and glorious Universe; and more delightful than all, we shall be able to see, and render grateful homage unto Him, who by receiving the punishment due to us, inheritors of this glorious future. But there are some who, with astounding fatuity, are doing their best to make certain of a very different inheritance—shut out for ever from all these pleasures, and with the added exasperating thought that they have only themselves to blame!

ed for the table will save the house from the presence of many of those useful but annoying little scavengers. In short, make and keep all your premises as clean as possible before you hang up fragrant clusters of bush clover to drive away the flies or put up wire screens, and neither expedient will be useful unless, always, the near presence of neighbors who are less careful necessitate the screens.

YUMA, Ari., July 2.—Juan Catillo, who raises cattle in Cochis county, near the Mexican line, is reported to have struck a bonanza of a novel kind. On this ranch are salt licks which contain placer gold but so fine is the gold dust that it cannot be saved from the sand. Recently Catillo killed a steer, and in the lining of its stomach found four ounces of gold. The salt in the earth had chlorinated the metal and the lining of the stomach had served as a coarse blanket at the bottom of a sluice in preserving the gold. Catillo slaughtered a sheep that had been feeding in the same pasture, and the result was equally satisfactory, only that the amount of gold was somewhat smaller. Corillo believes that he has struck a rich thing, and means to keep a bunch of cattle always feeding in the pasture. If each steer killed will yield four ounces of gold, or even a little less there will soon be started a slaughter house on a large scale on the Mexican and Arizona line.

LATEST NEWS BY WIRE AND MAIL.

It is useless to put up screen doors at the entrance and screens at the windows to shut out the flies if you invite them by negligence of the laws of cleanliness. It is just as easy to clean up the breakfast and dinner table and brush up the floor at once after the meal, and darken the room, as it is to let the table stand in the glare of the light to invite the flies. If the table must wait for those who are not punctual at their meals it should be carefully covered with a square of cheese cloth, and the room darkened. No hot foods or meats that will attract flies should stand in this way, but should be kept hot on a plate set in hot water, covered with an inverted bowl and left in the oven. If the habit of sitting down to the table punctually be insisted upon and the food of those who are late is set aside to keep warm without waiting for them, it will save the house from the presence of many flies and help to keep the routine of work in order.

The garbage pail and cleaning clothes are a fruitful cause of the presence of flies. The only garbage bucket that should be tolerated is a covered one. The buckets for this purpose are made of galvanized iron, with a cover. This bucket should be scrubbed out with sal soda and boiling water, systematically on the inside and outside, and thoroughly rinsed. There is no excuse for the presence of dishes of uncovered food of any kind in the kitchen. As soon as fruit is brought in it should be covered and set away. The habit of covering fruit with a wire cover while it is being prepar-

ed for the table will save the house from the presence of many of those useful but annoying little scavengers. In short, make and keep all your premises as clean as possible before you hang up fragrant clusters of bush clover to drive away the flies or put up wire screens, and neither expedient will be useful unless, always, the near presence of neighbors who are less careful necessitate the screens.

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MADRID, July 2.—Senor Canaves del Castillo, the Spanish Premier and the Duke of Tetuan, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, have had a long conference on the subject of the latest news from the United States. The Premier has notified the reporters here that he will not give them any news hereafter on the ground that they published it in a form calculated to influence the Stock Exchange.

THE BEHRING SEA COMMISSION.

The Montreal Witness reports at some length the proceedings at the last meeting of the commission on Canadian claims and says: "This is a delightful easy and comfortable body, which, by the manner in which it protects its labors, rebukes a feverish age, and announces, with the poet, that the 'only joy is calm.'"

No wonder, indeed, that the body of dignified gentlemen who compose this commission are in no hurry to finish their labors. They represent two of the wealthiest nations on earth. No impudent creature will dare to haggle over their charges.

It was remarked this morning, with a comfortable air, by a member of the 'entourage' of this easy-going body, which is at present in the city, that at the rate of two hours per day for each sitting, the proceedings would probably last five years, at the end of which period, supposing a merciful providence spared him to see it, he would retire into private life.

As there is no pressure whatever, and the business is wholly in the nature of a pleasant itinerary, it is eminently proper that the wives and daughters and lady friends of the commission should accompany the legal luminaries, to add the distinction of grace and color.

"How pleasant," said one of the ladies this morning to Sir Hilbert Tupper, "that the whole party should meet again."

If anybody has discovered a biting irony in the circumstances that while the whole claim of the Canadian sealers was under half a million, the costs of the commission will, in all probability, largely exceed that amount, it is certainly not the members of this admirable body.

The commission, then, met this morning (June 16) at half-past ten o'clock at the Windsor Hotel. There was, first of all a little trip down town, then a chat with the ladies, and finally the formation of the court in a large double apartment on the dining room floor.

The judges took their seats with great gravity; the counsel were proceeding to open their papers; precedent was about to be sought for with the utmost diligence, when—it was found that the commission met thus through a misunderstanding. Mr. Beique had actually arranged for the Court of Appeals to be placed at the disposal of the commission. The latter, comfortably seated, debated whether it should take the trouble to go down town; finally, as the space was limited, and it appeared that the proceedings might be made more formal in the Court House, to the latter adjournment was made.

"It is a precious consolation," remarked one of the gentlemen connected with the commission, "that the Canadian sealers will not, whatever the result, have to pay the costs of this business."

"Costs? But what about the award—what about their damages?"

"Oh, well, you know, suppose they got no damages, and had to pay costs as well. Let us be thankful that governments are so solicitous—and so rich."

"The Witness then refers to the one point brought up at the meeting as to whether or not a certain witness named Bosovitz was legally a citizen of the United States, and adds: Mr. Dickinson and Mr. Peters both declared that they had nothing else to bring up. Mr. Dickinson further declared that he had no suggestion to make as to the time and place of argument. Mr. Peters suggested that the argument take place at Montreal in September next. The proceedings were then adjourned to 2.15 p.m.

Tea Party

A GRAND TEA PARTY in aid of the Funds of St. Margaret's Church will be held on the Church Grounds at

St. Margaret's, Tuesday, July 6, 1897

The Managing Committee are endeavoring to surpass all their previous successes in tea party making, and are desirous to make this the undisputed Tea of the season.

A well furnished Saloon and all the amusements usual on such occasions, together with several new attractions will be provided.

Teams will meet the morning train from Soutis, to convey passengers to the Tea Grounds free of charge.

Should the weather prove unfavorable on that day the Tea will be held on the first fine day following.

A hearty invitation is extended to all to come and enjoy a splendid day's outing by the seaside.

A. J. McCORMACK, Sec'y.

LOOKS LIKE A BEAR.

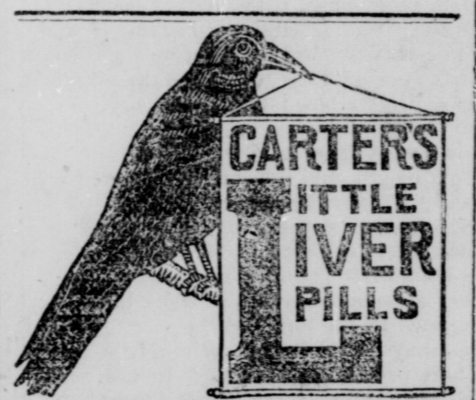
A Diminutive Animal That You Can Find In Water.

He really looks very much like a bear, though you must put him under a powerful microscope to see the resemblance. The extraordinary thing, however, about this tiny creature is that he is found in the gutters of houses, where he is at one time dry as dust and scorched by the blazing sun, at another active and full of life under a refreshing shower of rain.

The water bear is one of the Rotifer animalcules, and is of all of them the most capable of standing any extremes of temperature without giving up the ghost. He may be left dried up for months, even years, and yet on being put into water will expand and begin moving about and feeding vigorously. Although he cannot stand boiling water, he will live in dry heat at a far higher temperature, even up to 260 degrees F. One has actually been kept in vacuum for 30 days with sulphuric acid and chloride of calcium without losing his capability of revivification.

As for the reason why, it seems the little beasts' bodies are chiefly composed of albumen, which, it is well known, will stand a very high temperature without losing its solubility. Then, too, they are provided with two skins, one over the other, and these skins are wonderfully tough and elastic.

The water bear has the scientific name of tardigrada, because he takes life so easy. He is always fat and plump and spends his waking periods in constantly grubbing with his four pairs of legs among whatever rubbish comes in his way. Having eyes, brain and a nervous system, he is one ahead of his tribe, and is altogether one of the most interesting and amusing little animals known to science.—London Tit-Bit.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drunkenness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Piling and Piling

all kinds of Lumber daily.

Everything new and good. Shingles in Cedar and Spruce—all classes;

We Want You

to see us before you build or repair. New customers come again and bring others. It will mean money in your pocket if you give us a call. Lumber of all kinds in stock

JAMES BARRETT,

Telephone 181. Connolly's Wharf

KOKANIE CREEK SHARES

NO FAKE

But legitimate mining. FOUR CLAIMS. One being on the famous Molly Gibson vein. Two above Enterprise, which sold \$300,000 cash, and another one half mile from Slooan River. High grade ore out cropping on three. Well defined ledges on all. Capital only \$250,000 in 25 cent shares. First issue for development 3 cents, non assessable. Next issue not less than 10 cents. Reliable management. Nothing less than 500 shares sold. Order through bank.

GEO. D. SCOTT Agent

42, Fort St. Victoria, B. C.

SEASIDE HOTEL

Rustico Beach P. E. I.

Opens for the season on July 3rd. JOHN NEWSON & Co., Proprietors. Surf and Still Water Bathing. Covered Ball Alley. Croquet and Tennis Grounds, &c.

Coach will leave Charlottetown for the above Hotel, every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests. Return Monday Wednesday, and Friday morning.

Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River, 6.30 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. Leaves Hunter River for Summerside, 7.28 a. m. & 4.58 p. m. Leaves Hunter River for Charlottetown 10.43 a. m. & 8.18, p. m. Summerside to Hunter River 8.45 a. m. & 7 p. m.

Trains run on Eastern time, which is an hour slower than local time.

Address all Correspondence to JOHN NEWSON & CO., PROPRIETORS

Just a Minute

You may be busy; so are we, and have been all the Spring.

So busy that we did not have time to advertise and tell you all the fine things we have for this season and the low prices we are selling for, but the people find us out, for it takes over forty people to keep the orders we get made up, so it keeps us moving to keep everything going right. But for those who do not know, we might say that we keep all the old reliable cloths such as Bellwarp Coating and Serges, Tyke and Blenheim Serges, Fashionable Trouserings to no end. Come and see us and see our stock and the fine clothes we make.

JOHN MACLEOD & CO. MERCHANT TAILORS.

EYES

There are which cannot be benefited with glasses; but how many continue to suffer with eye troubles, who, if they would use spectacles properly fitted, would be entirely cured? Try us for satisfactory results.

G. F. HUTCHESON, Jeweler & Optician, QUEEN STREET.

HIGH GRADE English Manures

Landing to-day ex Steamer "Irene Morris," direct from Liverpool, ENGLAND. SUPERPHOSPHATES, NITRATE OF SODA, MURIATE OF POTASH, BONE MEAL, ETC.

All genuine, and of guaranteed analysis. The only reliable, best, and at least 20 per cent the cheapest fertilizer on the market.

AULD BROS.

A Special Sale

in ladies Skirts and Waists. Magnificent collars, the latest styles and patterns, the king skirt. Also big bargains in Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds. Big bargains to-night. Call to see me before going elsewhere.

P. GOODSTEIN.

New York Cheap Store