

# You've Got a House

now, but will you have it tomorrow? Perhaps, if it doesn't burn down. But suppose it does burn, how about the insurance. I have companies whom we all know are prompt in adjusting and settling their losses. A small premium will make your secure. Come in and see me.

**E. R. Brown**

Insurance Agent  
Charlottetown

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

DECEMBER 8, 1897.

### GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

The enemies of Great Britain have been striving to foment a quarrel with France on account of some "line-fence" disputes out in Africa. The effort is not likely to be successful. Great Britain and France have adopted the reasonable and proper alternative of appointing a joint commission to investigate and settle the matter. Neither country can very well afford to go to war with the other for the sake of a few acres of territory amid the wilds of Africa. France has much to lose in a quarrel with Great Britain. England is her principal customer. The French exports to England during 1897 will approximate £1,112,000,000 francs; her imports during the same period will be about 500,000,000 francs. Moreover, the French quite understand that by antagonising England they would be furthering Germany's policy to their own detriment. Suppose that which is most unlikely, suppose that the French were to succeed in ousting the British out of Egypt, what would they gain? Nothing indeed, they would lose in every way. It is truly remarked by the Empire, of London, that many sagacious Frenchmen would like to see France adopt the policy advocated by Gambetta—a working alliance with England; and it is absolutely certain that a Franco-English-Russian alliance would form an irresistible combination which could alone approach the question of a proportionate reduction of those crushing military burdens which are now draining the life-blood of Europe.

Propos of this matter, we learn that Prince Metichersky, editor of the St. Petersburg Grashdanin, lately visited Paris to enlist French support for his idea of a Franco-Russian-German coalition against Great Britain. But he was constrained to return home and to report that everyone in Paris whom he addressed on the subject declined to consider the scheme. Not only so, he received an intimation of the fact that no rapprochement between France and Germany will be possible, even through the intermediary of Russia, so long as the question of Alsace-Lorraine subsists.

### AN ENLARGED TRADE.

The trade returns for October, which appear in the Canada Gazette to hand today show that the trade of Canada is experiencing a very considerable boom. From present appearances the exports this year promise to be the highest ever known, while the imports and duty collected both show increases over same month last year. The figures for the month are: Exports, \$15,355,927; entered for consumption, \$10,069,851; duty collected, \$1,684,261; as compared with exports, \$14,732,545, entered for consumption, \$9,291,888; and duty collected, \$1,577,928, for October 1896. The total imports for the four months of the fiscal year were \$43,051,322 as against \$41,976,130, an increase of \$1,175,292. It is in the exports, however, that the great expansion of trade has taken place, the increase during the four months being no less than \$15,485,220, the details being as follows:—

	1896.	1897.
Produce of mines...	3,445,248	5,014,246
Produce of fisheries	5,022,245	4,751,477
Produce of forests,	15,550,295	16,315,651
Animals and dairy	16,057,041	21,788,541
Agricultural.....	6,570,730	13,965,519
Manufactures.....	3,414,999	3,779,758
Miscellaneous.....	189,658	125,198
	50,250,164	65,740,384

These figures show a gratifying development of our export trade, particularly in respect to the products of the farm and the mine. This development is largely a result of the policy pursued by the late government, of opening up the country and establishing a great dairy industry.

### IN ITS TRUE COLOURS.

The Guardian is striving to divert the odium of the Dominion Government's sale of liquors in this city from the Government to THE EXAMINER,—because we advertised the sale and denounced it! Every reasonable man must smile at this effort. The determination of the Guardian to stand by the Laurier Government is, however, sufficiently apparent. Having sent an editorial representative to a grand "At Home" at the Club, where wines and liquors were freely offered, and having expatriated there in the ministerial effulgence of Sir Louis Davies and Hon. Mr. Blair, and having attempted to shield the Government from the force of THE EXAMINER'S criticism as to the importation in to this Province of a quantity of contraband gin and whiskey for sale by public auction, it has fairly earned the title of a thick and thin supporter of the Laurier-Tarte Administration. It is useless for the Guardian to boast any longer about its independence. The mask of hypocrisy has been torn from its face. Its falsity to total abstinence has been revealed and it appears in its true colors as the paltering and truckling organ of our Liberal Government.

### THE MAIN POINT ADMITTED.

REFERRING to the recent auction sale of liquors in this city, by the Dominion Government, the Patriot remarks:

"At the same time, we think it unfair for the Government officials to bring liquors seized outside the Province to be auctioned at Charlottetown. If the seizure had taken place here, then the auction would be placing no more liquors on the market than the importers intended."

This is an important admission. Upon this point The Patriot is in exact accord with THE EXAMINER. Charlottetown ought not to be made a dumping ground for liquors forfeited and confiscated in other provinces.

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—A heavy business in wheat has been one of the features of the last week's trade in Ontario. One Toronto buyer, we are told, took 60 cars of No. 2 red on a single day. The activity of the wheat trade all over the province gave a fresh impetus to the circulation of bank currency.

—President McKinley is relieved of one source of anxiety which rested heavily upon his predecessor. The gold balance in the United States Treasury is making steady increases. It is now \$157,396,030. The rise in the price of wheat and heavy exports have worked the change so long desired.

—A despatch to the Montreal Star reports that J. G. Milne, a brother of the piper hero of Dargai Ridge, Patrick Milne, who lives near Vancouver, in British Columbia, a day or two ago, speaking of the brave lance-corporal of the Gordon Highlanders, whose name is in every month, said: "I have just received a letter from my brother Patrick like a message from the grave. It is dated from Hawi Pinde. He says: 'The reason for my being shifted here is the disaster which befel the British troops in the Tochi Valley. The regiment that was garrisoned here are off to the seat of war, and we are settled down here to do duty in their place. I suppose you see in the papers about these frontier fights, which are constantly occurring. Ours is a lucky corps, and there are a few of the fellows here who have got a medal of some sort. We have every reason to believe that we will go up again if this affair should prove anything great. The commander-in-chief is an old Gordon, and so I think this accounts for our being a little favored.' The rest of the letter deals with family matters. Mr. Milne says: 'The idea that my brother Patrick, is Irish on account of his name is erroneous. He is one of six children, and was born at Ardoyne in 1872. Our father is a small farmer of Waterside Newburg.'"

**YOU NEED Hood's Sarsaparilla** if your blood is impure, your appetite gone, your health impaired. Nothing builds up health like **HOOD'S**.

**YOU** sleep or ought too on some kind of a bed every night in the year. There's comfort and satisfaction in the right kind of spring and top **MATRESSES**. The best are made by—

**Mark Wright & Co., Ltd**

THE HOME MAKERS.

### ROBERT BURNS.

Scotland's bard was again the subject of a lecture in St. James' Hall, last evening, by the Rev. Mr. Fullerton. The lecturer ably and eloquently analyzed the merits of the poet as an interpreter of Man and Nature. He pointed out that the main difference between the poetry of Burns and that of Wordsworth, Keats, Shelley and other poets was that, while they portrayed nature apart from man, Burns invariably portrayed it in connection with man—or woman. The warmth of the love of Burns for God, and Man, and Nature was shown by reference to several of his poems which were quoted with great effect. The lecturer contended, amid applause, that Burns was the greatest of lyrical poets.

### BRITAIN AND ITALY.

May Co-Operate in the Governing of the Sudan.

The correspondent of an English newspaper writes from Rome as follows:— Whether in the near future the trade of the Sudan will attain a volume sufficiently large to nourish two railways such as that of the Nile Valley and a possible Kassala-Massowah line is a question which even experts find some difficulty in answering of hand. In the meantime the Tribune takes advantage of the present occasion to expound its views of railway policy in Northeast Africa. If, it says, the English journalists who made their way from Berber to Suakin had been able to examine the line by Massowah, Adi Urei, Arresa, Mai Mafaleh, Gaseh and Tomat they would have pointed it out to their countrymen as the real competitor of the Nile valley route—at least, for the trade of the Blue Nile basin, if not for that of the basin of the White Nile. As for the customs difficulties, they were largely overcome by the treaty of 1891.

Although Kassala and the rich province of Taka will henceforth go to enrich Egypt the idea of a common trade route which would not forcibly divert the commerce of the Eastern Sudan from its natural channels—that is to say, from Massowah—might furnish a basis for a closer understanding between Italy and England with regard to their African policy—an understanding which, eliminating the petty sources of past disagreement, would strengthen and complete the programme possessed by the two nations in the Mediterranean.

Admirable as are the efforts made by England to reach the confluence of the two Niles, it may be doubted, the Tribune suggests, whether England alone will be able to cope successfully with the hostility of the natives without arriving at a compromise deleterious to the interests of Egyptian commerce. Fate has willed that the difficulties of England in these regions should be identical with the difficulties of Italy. An impartial examination of the question shows that the discomfiture of Italy was as much a result of her own weakness as of her abandonment by the Anglo-Egyptians, and that the result of Italy's discomfiture weighs more heavily today upon the African policy of England than could have been expected or foreseen. In view of the French expeditions which are about to meet, if indeed they have not already met, at Fashoda, is not an Anglo-Italian understanding worth consideration? Would it not exercise incalculable influence upon the Ethiopians and their chief?

### Again We Call

Your attention to the fact that we have a

### Carload

of winter keeping apples to hand, which we are selling very low for cash.

### Seeded Raisins

Everybody is delighted with them, no trouble, already seeded, stemmed and cleaned, ready for use.

**SANDERSON & CO.**

ddw

### THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE.

The December number of the National Magazine has been received. The National improves with every issue, and the number before us is the best that has come to hand up to the present time. This being the Christmas issue the contents have a special bearing upon the holiday season, but not to the exclusion of other interesting matter. The illustrations are of the best description, and the reading matter is the choicest. The table of contents include "The Brook Farm Experiment," by Arthur W. Turbell; "In Kentucky's Mammoth Cave," by R. Ellsworth Call, Ph. D.; "The Bedevilment of John Discombe," by Francis Lynde; "An Afternoon with Ruskin," by Joe M. Chapple; "The First American Congress," by Barry Bulkeley; "Christmas in Merrie England," by Flynn Wayne; "When the Christmas Bells Ring," Ring," by Louise Crockett Henderson. The excellent series of articles treating of "Christ and His Time," are continued; and there is also another instalment of the interesting story dealing with the starting of "The Burntwood Breeze." There are also some choice poems, and the various departments are well maintained. The W. W. Potter Co., 91 Bedford Street, Boston.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### Musical and Literary

## Entertainment

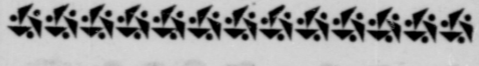
—IN—

### ST PETER'S NEW HALL

On Tuesday, December 14th

### PROGRAMME.

1. Men's Chorus.....Emerson (10 voices).
2. Cello Solo—"Cavatine".....Schmidt Prof. Vinnicombe.
3. Reading.....The Hon. The Attorney General
4. Vocal Solo.....Miss Cotton.
5. Harmonica Duett.....Messrs. Payne Bros.
6. Reading.....Miss Mellish.
7. Vocal Solo.....Rev. Mr. Manifold.
8. Vocal Quartette.....The Misses Earle and the Messrs Earle
9. Reading.....The Hon. The Master of the Rolls.
10. Vocal Solo.....Mr. Cloud Hill.
11. Violin Solo—"Ox Minuet".....Haydn Prof. Vinnicombe.
12. Reading.....Mr. T. A. McLean.
13. Vocal Solo.....Miss Sullivan.
14. Male Quartette.....Rev. T. H. Hunt, Messrs E. Earle; J. Owen, C. Earle. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

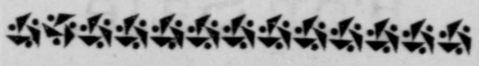


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To Send to Friends Abroad

Is a Copy of Prince Edward Island Illustrated.

PRICE 25 CENTS



### Application to Parliament.

Public notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next session thereof, for an Act changing the name of The Dominion Building and Loan Association, to that of The Dominion Permanent Loan Company. Dated at Toronto, this 17th day of November, A. D. 1897.

MACDONALD, BOLAND & THOMPSON  
2 Toronto-street Toronto,  
Solicitors for Applicants

# Dressed Dolls, Candy, Calendars

There will be a sale in St. Peter's Hall, on Monday, the 13th next, from 3 p. m. till 9 p. m.

Dressed Dolls, Candy and Calendars in profusion.

# A.... Watch

Makes a very acceptable and useful Xmas present. We are showing a nice assortment of reliable time-keepers at

### VERY LOW PRICES

We will be pleased to have you call and examine our Watches before purchasing, as we may save you \$\$\$  
We Guarantee Every Watch.

**W. N. TANTON**

JEWELER  
Gt. Geo. St.

## LONDON HOUSE

# Boy's Overcoats

in 26 and 28 inch size, a lot we are clearing out.

## T. J. HARRIS

### Everybody Wants to Save

### Our prices do the Saving

Another lot of Men's warm wool lined Gloves, for 50c, worth 75c.  
Men's heavy wool lined kid mitts, 49c pair, worth 60c.  
50 doz Men's 4 ply linen Collars, all the newest shapes, 2 for 25c.  
New Ties in great variety.  
Men's Underclothing, 39c, 49c, 59c suit, worth a great deal more. buy now.  
Men's Overcoats, \$2.85.  
Men's Uisters, 4.90 \$3.90.

## J. B. Macdonald & Co

# Reduced Prices

## For To-day

To reduce our large stock of woolen underwear we give the following prices:

50c suits for.....	40.
55c suits for.....	35.
60c suits for.....	45.
75c suits for.....	60.
\$1.00 suits for.....	80.
1.25 suits for.....	1.00
1.50 suits for.....	1.20
1.75 suits for.....	1.40
2.25 suits for.....	1.80

Proportionate discounts off top shirts. These are genuine reductions off goods already marked low.

## D. A. BRUCE