THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JUNE 13, 1894.

MAGISTRATES AND TEACHERS

The prompt appointment of three lawyers, friends and supporters of Premier Peters, to be Stipendiary-Magistrates, demands attention. We have not at present any fault to find with the persons chosen. Let them be judged according to their magisterial acts. But why were they appointed? The cause alleged is that a sufficient number of magistrates without stipends cannot be found capable of acting according to the law in Scott Act cases. Is this true? Admitting that former administrations, as well as the present, have appointed ignorant and incompetent men to the magistracy, is it probable that in this enlightened age, after the schoolmaster has been abroad in this Province for fifty years, a sufficient number of magistrates cannot be found with sense enough to follow the plain directions of the law in respect to Scott Act cases? We say that the assumption upon which these three stipendaries were appointed is false. We believe that it is a gross and injurious libel upon the magistracy of Prince Edward Island. We contend that our magistracy contains many of the most intelligent as well as the most independent men in the Province. If we are right, the alleged cause for the appointment of the Stipendiary Magistrates does not exist, and the appointment is merely a means of rewarding with annual stipends, to be paid out of the Provincial treasury, three of the political friends and fellow-lawyers of Mr. Premier Peters.

It is to be regretted that a greater number of our Magistrates have not risen to protest against the slander implied in the appointment of these lawyers to do the work which it is said they are incompetent to do. But Messrs. James R. McEwen and James Ross have spoken and have stated that they "heard and determined over forty Scott Act cases," that "in the greater number of them the parties were convicted," some paying their fines, others being imprisoned; that they never had to attend the Supreme Court to defend any judgment of theirs in any Scott Act case; and that in cases which were appealed, their judgment was invariably sustained. We have no doubt that there are in every section of the Province magistrates as competent, or almost as competent, as Messrs. McEwen and Ross,—and if so, there was no cause, no necessity whatever, for the appointment of three Stipendiary Magistrates, to be paid out of an exhausted treasury replenished by the taxes of the people, and relieved by reductions of the salaries of school teachers.

These three Stipendiary Magistrates will take out of the public chest $750 a year, or almost as much as the teachers of Charlottetown will lose as a result of the Government's legislation to "promote" education and make "the educational system of the Province better in the future than it has been in the past." The payment of these three Stipendiaries will almost balance the amount of $788.27, which, if not eventually made up by overtaxed citizens, will be taken out of the pockets of our city teachers every year, as follows:

Mr. Seaman	$62 50
Mr. Miller	65 50
Mr. McSwain	62 50
Miss Snaddon	59 75
Mr. Smith	54 70
Mr Duncan	50 00
Miss McKinnon	48 75
Mr. Campbell	43 75
Mr. Howlett	37 50
Miss McNeill	35 63
Miss Fennessey	35 63
Mr. F. McLean	31 21
Miss Farmer	26 25
Miss Wadman	26 25
Mr. Matheson	25 00
Miss Harris	21 25
Miss Wyatt	18 75
Miss Ashley	12 50
Mr. T. A. McLean, jr.	12 00
Miss Scott	11 25
Miss Mitchell	11 25
Miss Currie	9 35
Miss Halloran	7 50
Miss Haslam	6 25
Miss Brown	6 25
Miss McMurray	5 00
Miss Gregor	5 00
	$788 27

The methods of making ends meet by giving stipends to lawyers, whose services as magistrates are not needed, and withdrawing the supplements paid to teachers is evidently unjust. The teachers are engaged in an honorable and a most highly important work. Their's is an employment in which quality is, as Premier Peters remarked a few days ago, of much greater value than quantity. Not every ordinary man or woman can be a successful teacher. Hitherto there has been a small inducement to exertion on their part and the development of their teaching ability. They have, in the past, performed their laborious duties with spirit and with success. Some of them have spent the youth and prime of their manhood and womanhood in the service of the best and highest interests of the Province. The result has been, so far as they are concerned, the reduction of their salaries to sums upon which they can barely live and maintain a respectable position in the community.

Add unnecessarily to the pickings of political lawyer supporters whose services are not required; subtract from the salaries of non-political teachers who faithfully perform their necessary and important duties to the state,—such is the justice of the legislation and administration of the grit party in this Province.

The Rifle.—The team to represent P. E. Island in the shooting for the intermaritime trophy at Bedford Range, Halifax, to-morrow, left this morning, Capt. Hooper was unable to go, and his place was taken by Sergt. J. M. Crockett.

OUR DAIRIES.

The past week has been a busy one among our dairymen. Mr. Dillon and his assistants have been active. Operations have been begun, or are about beginning, in sixteen factories situate in the better parts of the Province. Five new cheese factories have been opened this spring, and two creameries. The new factories are situate at Winsloe Road, W. H. Morrow, manager; Murray Harbor South, Mr. Van Blaricom, manager; Hampton, Thos. E. Jarrett, manager; Montague, W. V. Drewery, manager; and Grand River, Lot 14. The new creameries are at Crapaud and North Tryon.

The furnishing of all these factories has created business for our boiler-makers and tinsmiths. Mr. Matthew Stevenson has had the furnishing of five factories with tinware; and his shop has lately been humming. He has made eight large milk vats, holding upwards of six hundred gallons each, and two cream vats holding upwards of two hundred gallons each, besides about four hundred large cans in which to carry milk to the factory, and several weighing cans. This shows how one industry helps another. Those who have the interests of the country at heart ought to be encouraged to start other industries for which the raw materials are the products of the farm, and thus promote the interests of our farmers and tradesmen and the Province at large.

In respect to the cheese industry, our people possess a distinct advantage which, it is hoped, they will improve. Professor Robertson stated before the Parliamentary Committee on Agriculture, a short time ago, that the whole of last year's output of the P. E. Island cheese factories brought one-half cent a pound more than the product of the average Ontario factory, and that the English dealers who sold Island cheese said it was exceptionally good. It is to be hoped that the high character of Island cheese will be well maintained.

SUPREME COURT—PRINCE COUNTY.

Summerside, June 12.

Ellis vs. Dunn—This was an action of ejectment. Mr. McQuarrie applied for leave to limit the defence to 36 acres out of the 48 acres sought to be recovered. He had formerly made application to the Chief Justice at Chambers who had refused it. He now moved on additional affidavits. The Judge said this is practically an appeal from the Chief Justice's decision, and I cannot hear any additional affidavits. Mr. McQuarrie insisted that it was an original application at the trial.

Judge—The merits of the application are against you. You were served with this writ of ejectment last September. You knew then that you were sued for 48 acres, and you appeared to defend for the whole quantity, then at the last moment you come in and say, I have no right to that 12 acres, take it. I don't think you can get out of the costs in that way, which you caused the plaintiff to incur. Application must be refused.

Court on application of J. Edward Wyatt, orders that Albert Charles Saunders be examined preparatory to being admitted a student in the office of J. E. Wyatt, Esq.

James Smith vs. James Brown, an absent debtor—This was an action on a promissory note for $50 payable 6 months after date, with interest at ten per cent. until paid.

Mr. Justice Hodgson—I cannot allow the ten per cent. after the note is due. When a note is payable at a greater rate of interest than 6 per cent. "until paid," that means the time fixed for payment, and no more than 6 per cent. can be collected from the day it fell due.

The Queen vs. John McIntyre and Frank Arsenault.—Indictment for larceny. The Grand Jury bring in this bill a true bill. Prisoners arraigned and pleaded guilty.

The Queen vs. John McIntyre and Frank Arsenault.—Indictment for house-breaking and larceny. The Grand Jury bring in this bill a true bill. Prisoners arraigned and pleaded guilty.

A GRIT AWAKENED.

Sir,—I was not at all surprised at the article in your issue of the 6th inst., in reference to the underhanded job in connection with the furnishing of Government House. I have been a supporter of the grit party for many long years, never wavering, and have overlooked many small things, but, Sir, the present one I cannot let pass unnoticed,—especially in times of big deficits, when we farmers are called upon to pay for it. I care not who supplied the carpets. But I contend there should have been tenders called for, and if Fennel & Chandler's tender was the lowest, then, and not till then, should they have received the contract. As a farmer, I confess I am ignorant of the different qualities of carpet. But, sir, I ask, what do Fennel & Chandler know about carpets? This is what surprises me, why a hardware firm was selected to carpet Government House. Where are the carpet and dry goods stores of your city, viz., Jas. Paton & Co., W. A. Weeks & Co., old time grits, and J. B. Macdonald a recent convert to gritism? Where are they? Mr. Editor, the more I look into the matter, the more clearly I can see that a "contemptible job" has been perpetrated. When a party in a small Province like this will do such barefaced boodling and scheming to evade the law, what would they do if the whole Dominion was under their influence and millions at their disposal? Of course the Patriot is silent, and the Guardian too, is as silent as the grave. An independent paper, and if I remember rightly, stated in its first issue that it would watch and denounce all boodling. Come Guardian, wake up, I want to hear from you.

A Farmer.

Pownal, June 9th.

—The representatives of the colonies in London have held a meeting to consider the bearing of the Rosebery Government budget on colonial interests. As understood at present this will be serious. It is proposed in the measure now under discussion to make all the personal property of a man domiciled and dying in England, no matter where situated, liable to pay Imperial legacy duty. This, as the Montreal Gazette remarks, an estate partly in England and partly in Montreal, for instance, would have to make a double contribution, first to the Imperial exchequer on the whole, and second to the Quebec treasury on that part found in Canada. Legacy duties are a popular rather than a just way of providing a national revenue; but even their known popularity will hardly suffice to warrant so heavy an impost. It should be enough when the Imperial Government gets its share of the property its domestic laws protect.

OTTAWA CORRESPONDENCE.

The weather here for the past ten days has had a demoralizing effect on everything, your correspondent included. When he should have been penning his last letter, he was in bed under care of the doctor, who left him three separate and distinct prescriptions to be taken at specified intervals. He is better, however, though not all right yet. Who could be all right in such weather? There were twenty-one rainy days in May, and since 27th May till date (8th June) there have not been 24 hours elapsed without more or less rain, some of it steady for three days. And cold, too! Three consecutive nights this week we have had frost. We have fires in our houses and offices, and have resumed our winter clothing. Happily, however, but little damage appears to have been done to the crops. The grain crop is all right, and with good weather and sunshine promises to be about the average. In lowlands, where root crops have been planted, new seed will be required, and corn is badly injured everywhere. The fruit crop promises to be abundant, but peaches and pears have suffered from the cold.

The Ontario elections receive more attention now than anything else, to the exclusion of Dominion affairs. The papers are full of nothing else, and the people find no other topic of conversation. The Grits are split in Ottawa—Alec. McIntyre, their standard-bearer for many years, is out as an independent candidate in opposition to Mr. Bronson, who is a member of Mowat's administration. The Conservative candidates will be nominated to-night. They will be be a Protestant and probably a French-speaking Catholic. McIntyre will get a large vote from Liberals and from Catholic Conservatives who cannot support Meredith's school policy, and will not support Mowat. Whatever were Meredith's chances before, they have immensely improved since the issue of Archbishop Cleary's untimely pastoral. But it is characteristic of His Grace; he is forever putting his foot in it. He does not seem to know when silence is golden, and he always chooses the inopportune moment to speak. That he has done the Liberal cause a great deal of harm is shown by the observations of the Globe upon his course.

It was in the midst of a pouring rain, last Saturday, that a party of one hundred members and pressmen left Ottawa, by steamer, for a picnic at Rockland, the hospitable home of Mr. W. C. Edwards, the grit member for Russel County. Sir John Thompson, Sir Adolphe Caron, and Mr. Costigan represented the Cabinet. Mr. Laurier was there, and grit and tory hobnobbed, drank ginger ale, borrowed matches and swapped stories all day long. The celebrated McMullen left the Auditor-General's report at home, and sang a song with a rollicking chorus. The giant D. C. Fraser gave a Gaelic song. Nicholas Flood Davin told stories from start to finish, and the sparkle of his wit made up for the absence of exhilirating fluids. Everybody was happy. A splendid lunch was served, toasts drunk and speeches made. Senator Macdonald and Mr. Austin Macdonald replied to the toast of P. E. Island. After luncheon, the vast mills were inspected. They are said to be the best equipped in Canada. A visit was paid to the Stock Farm, to see the far-famed herd of thorough-bred cattle with which Mr. Edwards carried off golden honors at the Chicago exhibition.

As to the proceedings in the House, I may say briefly that Mr. Weldon's bill to punish bribery in elections, and Mr. Charlton's bill to compel people to keep the Sabbath, have both got through committee, after a severe process of cutting and carving. Whether they will get through the ordeal of the Senate, remains to be seen. If they become law, the probability is that they will remain a dead letter on the Statute Book. The Bribery Prevention Bill is an expensive piece of machinery to start, and very uncertain in its ultimate effect, as it may strike the wrong man. The Sabbath Observance Bill, is in many quarters, thought to be *ultra vires* the Dominion Parliament and will probably be as unsuccessful as the Scott Act has been.

The amendment to the Franchise Act has not yet come down. It promises to be popular and will be acceptable on the Island.

I cannot say whether they are going to re-gerrymander Quebec or not, but I fancy they are.

Mr. Wood, Controller of Inland Revenue, has introduced a measure providing for the inspection of hay for export, and establishing the following grades:—

Prime timothy hay shall be pure timothy, perfect in color, sound and well cured. No. 1 timothy shall be timothy with not more than one-eighth of clover or other tame grasses mixed, of good color, sound and well cured. No. 2 timothy shall have not more than one-third of clover or other tame grasses mixed, of good color, sound and well cured. No. 3 timothy shall consist of at least 50 per cent. of timothy and the balance of clover or other tame grasses mixed, of fair color, sound and well cured. No. 1 clover shall be clover with not more than one-quarter of timothy or other tame grasses mixed, of good color, sound and well cured. No. 2 clover shall be clover with not more than one-quarter of timothy or other tame grasses mixed, of fair color, sound and well cured. No grade shall include all kinds of hay badly cured, stained or out of condition. Shipping grade shall be good condition regular pressed hay, sound and well cured.

On Tuesday, on motion to go into Committee of Supply, Mr. Davies brought up the case of John V. Ellis, proprietor of the St. John Globe, who was sentenced to fine and imprisonment, for publication of a libel on Mr. Justice Tuck, one of the judges of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. After a lengthy and severe arraignment of the Bench for their action, Mr. Davies moved a resolution condemning the course of the judges. Mr. Davies' speech was an able one, but very partizan in its tone. He brought out all the best points for his client, and when he closed, the impartial listener would have been disposed to believe that a great wrong had been done Mr. Ellis. Mr. Hazen made a vigorous reply, which put the question in a new light. Mr. Weldon followed, and his speech is allowed to have been the best one of the debate, which occupied the whole of Tuesday and Wednesday. Hon. David Mills made a lengthy argument in support of Mr. Davies. Sir John Thompson followed in a masterly and logical address. Mr. Davin took a hand and also Mr. Laurier, while Mr. Dalton McCarthy wound up the discussion, much to the consternation of the Opposition, in support of the course pursued by the judges. Mr. Davies' motion was defeated by 110 to 66, both McCarthy and O'Brien voting with the majority, while Mr. Dupont, an ultra Conservative voted with the minority. I forgot to say that Mr. Baird, regarding whose election in 1887, the whole trouble arose, made a lengthy speech, quoting the opinions expressed by the St. John Telegraph regarding Mr. Ellis in a controversy on the Annexation question, which were very far from complimentary to Mr. Ellis. Mr. Baird went for Mr. Davies in a lively style, and would have gone further had he not been called to order by the Speaker. The general impression is that the Opposition have lost ground materially by bringing up this matter. There is no doubt they counted on the support of McCarthy and O'Brien, and to say the least, they have been sadly disappointed.

Mr. Perry received some information about shoe factories on the Island at the taking of the last census, as compared with ten years previously, to the following effect:—In 1881 there were 120 factories, with a capital of $56,249, employing 203 hands, paying $43,072 annual wages, and an output worth $133,657. In 1891 there were 173 factories, with $58,364 capital, 226 employes, paying $49,401 in wages, and an output of $196,400.

In supply, on consideration of salaries, House of Commons, the Speaker stated that Dr. R. J. Wicksteed, who had occupied the position of a second-class clerk in the Law and Translation branch, had been dismissed, as he had grossly violated the discipline that ought to prevail amongst officers of the House, by publishing in the newspapers a letter attacking the officers and members of the House. Exit Richard. I thought we should have heard from him in the press ere this, but I understand he is exerting his massive intellect in conjunction with a number of old women of the opposite sex, towards providing baths for children whose parents neglect to keep them clean!

In committee of supply, Mr. Costigan stated that the wages of the compositors at the Printing Bureau had been increased—that they were now paid for day work $12.50 a week, and for night work $15 a week.

When the question of salaries of County Court Judges came up, Mr. Davies made a strong plea for an increase of salary to Judge Alley, who, he said, has more work to do than the Judges for King's and Prince together. His judgments also were very satisfactory.

The story so industriously circulated that Mr. Laltiviere, M. P. for Provencher, has resigned his seat, is flatly contradicted by the gentleman himself. He is one of the heavy-weights of the House, reminding me strongly of John Carroll, who used to keep the North Star, opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral. Mr. Laltiviere is a very pleasant man and popular in the House.

Papers in connection with the proposed fast Atlantic service have been presented to Parliament. They show that Mr. Huddart's proposal is to float a company with a capital of £2,000,000 sterling, which shall jointly operate the Atlantic and Pacific services. Four vessels of a tonnage of 8,000 to 10,000 ton-20 knots an hour, are to be placed on the Atlantic, with two new vessels to the Pacific service, the subsidy for which will remain at $125,000. The Atlantic subsidy is to be $750,000 yearly. The Dominion Government agree to guarantee the interest on a debenture issue of £1,500,000 at 4 per cent. for 20 years, and to renew the contract at the end of 10 years, both conditions being contingent on the service being satisfactory to the Government. In reply to a query from Mr. Bowell, Mr. Haddart cabled the proposed steamers for the Atlantic service would have a cold storage capacity for 4,000 quarters of beef in chilled condition, equal to 1,000 head of cattle.

In answer to a question by a French-Canadian member, as to what the Government were doing in the matter of repatriation of French-Canadian families, Mr. Daly said that there were two agents employed. They visited Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Vermont, Maine and New Hampshire. The parties repatriated went principally to Manitoba. The total number of homestead entries made by returned Canadians was 238, representing 783 souls of all nationalties. These entries were made in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia. The proportion of French-Canadian brought back through the efforts of the agents was about fifty heads of families. Most of them went to Manitoba. The balance of 238 heads of families were brought in by the general staff of agents at work in the United States.

Excursions from the surrounding counties to the Experimental Farm are popular just now. Several have arrived here this spring, and a monster one is announced for next week, when 2,000 farmers and others will come from Russell County. The excursion is being engineered by the Conservative candidate for the House of Commons who evidently is going to give Mr. Edwards a tight run for it.

Serious Runaway.—A horse attached to a light wagon, owned by Stipendiary-Magistrate Haszard and driven by Mr. W. S. McKie, with Mr. Charles Lyons as a passenger, was chased by a dog near St. Dunstan's Cathedral about one o'clock this afternoon. The horse became unmanageable and broke the wagon and compelled the occupants to leap therefrom in order to escape serious injury.

B. I. S.—Regular monthly meeting of the Benevolent Irish Society this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock.

Maine State Fair.—The dates of the Eastern Maine State Fair this year are Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, August 28, 29, 30 and 31.

See ad. bicycle for sale—"Columbia"—cheap. In "a one" condition.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE, Disordered Liver, etc.

They Act Like Magic on the Vital Organs, Regulating the Secretions, restoring long lost Complexion, bringing back the Keen Edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These Facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of Society. Largest Sale in the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Wholesale Agts, Evans & Sons, Ld. Montreal. For sale by all druggists.

DAVENPORT SCHOOL,

Portland Manor, St. John, N. B.

Boys educated for College or Business by an excellent staff of Resident Masters.

Special Attention Paid to Religion, Morals and Manners.

Visitor—The Lord Bishop of Fredericton.

Warden—Rev. John M. Davenport, M. A., Oxford.

Day Scholars, $45; House Boys, $200 per annum

School Year begins September 3rd. Apply to Headmaster. tl 1st sep—jul3

FREE FROM ALL

vexatious conditions and restrictions are the Policies issued by the

CANADA ACCIDENT ASS. CO.

E. R. BROW

BROWN'S BLOCK, CH'TOWN.

AGENT FOR P. E. ISLAND.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Special Despatches to The Examiner

Professor Robertson Coming.

Ottawa, June 13.

Dairy Commissioner Robertson leaves for the Maritime Provinces to-day. He will first start the travelling dairies on their rounds in New Brunswick, and on Friday will address a meeting of the St. John Board of Trade on dairy matters. Subsequently he will visit the dairy stations in Prince Edward Island and then proceed to Nova Scotia to arrange for summer picnics at which the Governor-General has consented to speak.

The Agricultural Committee has passed a resolution asking the Government to grant ten thousand dollars towards dairy exhibitions.

Borings at the Straits.

Ottawa, June 13.

In reply to an enquiry made yesterday in the Senate by Hon. Mr. Ferguson, of P. E. Island, Hon. Mr. Bowell said that it is the intention of the Government during the present summer to complete the borings under the Strait of Northumberland which were commenced in 1892, and that a sufficient sum of money for the purpose will be placed in supplementary estimates of the present session.

Plague in Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, June 13.

There is a plague epidemic among the natives here. Fifteen hundred have already died, and half the remaining number have fled the city. Many Europeans have been seized with the scourge, but thus far only one death in the European colony is reported. The average daily number of deaths among the natives is a hundred.

Death of Mr. Fairweather.

St. John, N. B. June 13.

Chas. H. Fairweather, of the firm of Hall & Fairweather, wholesale flour and provision merchants, died last evening. He was one of the most influential and best informed business men in this city or in any other Canadian community.

Contraband Whiskey.

Halifax, June 13.

A seizure of whiskey, illicitly distilled at Chezzetcook, was made here to-day. It is believed a large amount of contraband species is manufactured there.

Death of Duncan McIntyre.

Montreal, June 13.

Duncan McIntyre, the great capitalist, died at at 5 o'clock this morning.

The Best Turnips

Carter's "Home-Grown"

HASZARD'S IMPROVED,

Grown in P. E. Island from Choice Selected Roots.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

CARTER'S SEEDSTORE,

187 QUEEN SQUARE

june13

Charlottetown & Boston.

REGULAR LINE.

S. S. ELLIOT,

CAPT. ANGUS BROWN.

The new Al fast sailing Steamship "ELLIOT" will sail

From Boston for Charlottetown ABOUT 20th INST.,

and will make regular trips between the above ports during the remainder of the season, first sailing from

Charlottetown, 25th inst.

Dates of future sailings will be advertised later.

Cargo carried at lowest current rates, handled with care, and through bills of lading issued at all Stations on P. E. I. Railway.

Cargo received and delivered at P. E. I. Railway free of cartage.

Good warehouse accommodation on my wharf, where cargo will be received daily.

Boston Agents,—

ALFRED WINSOR & SON, 89 State Street.

R. McMILLAN, Charlottetown.

jul3—13, 15, 18, 21, 23 & wy guar 14, 16, 19, 21 & wy

"Month of Roses and Weddings."

Bridal Trousseaux entire may be selected in our Store. No need of one's sending elsewhere for anything. We provide everything (except shoes), from the bare fabrics to the making and fitting of the finished costumes in the most skillful manner by the best designers, and executed upon short notice. Also all the little accessories of a wedding toilette.

BRIDAL SILKS—The largest assortment of such Silks in the city—New Goods. Bridal Veils, Bridal Gloves, Bridal Trimmings, Bridal Laces, Bridal Lingerie, and above and beyond all, the Carpet for the Bridal Chamber and the Linen for the Banquet.

Every fancy can be satisfied here, and a lady's fancy should be indulged at her wedding time, if ever.

Ask to see our $1.50 Silk. It's an A 1 tip in Silk, as you can feel the weight and finish with the tip of your fingers.

JAMES PATON & CO.

It is the perfection of the well matured plant properly cured by expert growers. Mild flavored, bright and of matchless quality; Mastiff Plug Cut pleases the most fastidious.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia: and Montreal, Canada.

Did You Hear That J. M. McLEOD & Co.

Are offering Tan Colored Footwear at prices that will surprise you- Better see them before they are all gone.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, June 1, 1894—dy

Midsummer Races.

CHARLOTTETOWN DRIVING PARK.

Dominion Day, Monday, July 2nd.

THREE-YEAR-OLD CLASS	Purse	$100 00
FREE FOR-ALL	"	100 00
TWO-FORTY CLASS	"	100 00

Entrance fee, 10 per cent. of purse, payable 5 per cent. with nomination, on or befor 18th June, and 5 per cent. the morning of the race. Entries close 18th June.

For Rules, etc., see Provincial Exhibition Prize List, Post Card, Circulars and Hand bill.

Return Tickets, good to return for one week, issued from all Stations on the P. E. Island Railway on 30th June and 2nd July.

Races begin at 2 o'clock, p. m. Every information supplied on application to the Secretary.

BENJ. ROGERS, President.

A. B. WARBURTON, Secretary.

Charlottetown, June 13, 1894—w s & wy tl dte

HORSES.

Wanted to purchase, this week, 15 good, sharp Driving Horses, age from five to ten years, weight 1000 to 1200. Apply any day this week to

W. S. McKIE, Hillsborough Street.

june11—3i

PRETTY THINGS FOR BABY

please mamma too, and mamma can see them in our store, where many other mammas and babies will be found to have come already. Whether you are the twentieth or the hundredth, there's still something pretty here for each particular darling in Pins, Rings, Mugs, etc. Here's something, too, for all the seven ages, from baby up to mamma and grandma, with many of the novelties in fashionable Jewelry for 1894.

E. W. TAYLOR,

CAMERON BLOCK

june7

—IF YOU—

Want a wife,
Want a cook,
Want a partner,
Want a situation,
Want a servant girl,
Want to sell a farm,
Want to sell a house,
Want to rent a house,
Want to exchange anything,
Want to sell plants or grain,
Want to sell groceries or drugs,
Want to sell or trade anything,
Want to find customers for anything,
Want to sell or buy horses, pigs or cattle,

ADVERTISE IN

THE EXAMINER.

WANT A WATCH?

We sell as low as we can. We have too many Watches. You have the money to buy them. A fair exchange is no robbery. Call and get a good timekeeper.

G. H. TAYLOR,

North Side Queen Square.

Charlottetown, May 30, 1894—m w f

House & Land, Furniture, &c.

I am instructed by Mr. John McKever to sell by Auction, on THURSDAY next, June 14th, at 12 o'clock, noon:—

His valuable property on Prince Street, nearly opposite the Athenæum.

Also, Household Furniture, Groceries, etc, etc.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

june9—4i

NOTICE.

We hereby notify all persons furnishing Photos to and purchasing tickets from our Agents, that the Dominion Crayon Company will not be bound by any verbal or written agrements that Agents may make. The Company will furnish all that is guaranteed in the printed tickets and nothing further.

PETER H. TRAINOR, Manager.

june11—2i

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

4 CHEAP EXCURSIONS

—TO THE—

Canadian Northwest, Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta.

Excursion Tickets good for Second-Class, Continuous Passage, to start on June 11, 18, 25, and July 16, and good for return within sixty days, at from $28 to $40 each. Full particulars of Ticket Agent.

E. McNICOLL, Gen Pass Agent, Montreal.

C. E. McPHERSON, Asst Gen Pass Agent, St John, N B.

June8—3i

Board Wanted.

Board wanted for two weeks for persons attending the Summer School of Science, commencing July 4th. Apply to the undersigned AT ONCE, stating the number you can accommodate and the rate per week.

J. D. SEAMAN, Secretary S. S. of Science.

may26—eod tf

TO HIRE.

A first-class Horse and Buggy, also a Double-seated Phæton. Enquire at G. G. JURY'S Jewelry Store, north side Queen Square, opposite Post Office, Charlottetown. 2aw (w f) 3m—may25

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