

# The Examiner.

VOL. 1. W. L. COTTON Editor & Mana WEDNESDAY MORNING - - NOVEMBER 21 1877. NO. 162

**A. McNEILL.**  
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant  
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,  
CHARLOTTETOWN. P. E. ISLAND

—AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.

May 21, 1877.

**ROYAL HOTEL,**  
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Provinces.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation. Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND.  
July 3, 1877—6m

**QUEEN INSURANCE CO.**  
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank).  
Agent for Prince Edward Island  
June —

**H. VINNICOMBE,**  
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.

All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.

A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or other if required. Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

**American & Foreign Patents.**

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,  
Washington, D. C.

**ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.**

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.

Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.

Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

**PENSIONS. PENSIONS.**

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.

Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Increased rates for pensioners obtained. Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.

Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.  
July 24 1877.

**VIOLIN CLASS.**

MR. VINNICOMBE has opened a Violin Class over Mr. Fletcher's Music Store. Ages of pupils preferred—from Eleven to Fifteen years.

TERMS—\$10 a quarter, half in advance. Twenty-four Lessons a quarter; each Lesson one hour's duration.

Orders for TUNING may be left at the above Store.

October 18, '77.

Prince Edward Island  
**STEAMERS.**

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p.m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

**CAPE BRETON.**

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHEDIAC with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHEDIAC every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & Co, Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John.

F. W. HALES

**ONLY DIRECT LINE**  
TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester.

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.

FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN

Every Thursday,  
punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON

Every Saturday,  
punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agent.

Ch'town, June 7, 1877

**Parks' Cotton Yarns.**

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

**CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.**

Nos. 5's to 10's.

White Blue, Red, Orange, and Green

Warranted full length and weight. Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

**Cotton Carpet Warp.**

No 12's 4 PLY IN ALL COLORS.

Manufactured in Canada.

WM. PARKS & SON

Excursion Tickets.  
TO BOSTON AND RETURN

FOR  
STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,  
For \$15.00.

CARVELL BROS

SINGER'S  
SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism.  
So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them.  
So Durable that they last A Lifetime.

Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week.  
To be had only from the Authorized Agent,

Robert Young,  
South Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

**STADACONA**  
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each,

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 98 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board.  
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,  
Secretary  
1877

**DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.**  
The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Before Taking, Premature Old Age, and After Taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption, and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere.

**ROBERT YOUNG**

HAS JUST RECEIVED,  
Per S. S. Prince Edward,

**A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT**

—OF—  
**NEW GOODS,**

Which he is offering at  
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

October 1, 1877.

125 CHESTS } **TEA.**  
65 Hf. do. }  
45 Qr. do. }

Strong. Fine Flavor  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

—AT—  
**BEER & SONS**

**NEWFOUNDLAND PORT WINE**

JUST RECEIVED,  
From St. Johns, per Brig "Fleetwood," a supply of this Fine Old Wine, which will be sold at our usual MODERATE PRICES.

**MACEACHERN & CO.**  
Oct. 24—

**Labrador Herring!**

WE are daily expecting a cargo of LABRADOR HERRING, which will be sold cheap from the wharf.

HASZARD BROS  
Sept. 23—codtr

ENGLISH GRAIN MARKETS.

A telegram to the New York press, dated London, Nov. 13th, quotes from the weekly review of the *Mark Lane Express* of Monday as follows:—"The grain trade continues to be marked by much uncertainty, depression and general want of confidence, caused by heavy imports of foreign wheat, not only into London, but into most of our principal ports, and as buyers are influenced more by the present plenty than by future moderation, a desire to avoid absolute inaction has brought about a pressure to sell on the part of holders which has exercised a weakening effect on prices. Three weeks of unprecedentedly heavy shipments from America are now on the point of arriving, and the possibility of higher prices for the present is exceedingly remote. But at the same time it is to America we must look for our supply of red wheat during the winter months, and a further decline of a few shillings here may very possibly induce shippers to turn their attention to maize, which is relatively dearer than wheat, after having fed our markets with as much of the latter as it will take without repetition. America is doubtless cognizant of the fact that she holds the reins of prices here, and will certainly exercise her knowledge to the best advantage. The demand for white wheat has been rather better, owing to some continental enquiry, and exports have been slowly but steadily increasing during the past three weeks, as the results of the French harvest, upon threshing, seem to indicate that it has been rather over-estimated. Arrivals from America continue moderate, while the blockade of the Black Sea ports having closed the gates on our supplies of sound corn, this variety has been sold at 38s per quarter. In oats there is very little quotable change, although dealers have operated with considerable reserve. At the moment barley appears to hold the strongest position, and malting sorts have advanced 1s per quarter, while grinding qualities are held with much firmness and fully maintain late rates. With moderate arrivals at ports of call, the floating cargo trade has been about 1s per quarter. Maize has improved about 6d per quarter. Barley is steady."

—AFFAIRS IN THE STATES.

Judging by the rise and fall of revenue receipts, the times are getting no better in the United States, despite the brief spurts of activity this fall and the loud outcry over it. The official figures obtained from the Treasury Department show a heavy falling off of revenue from all sources. The receipts for the first four months of the present fiscal year amounted to \$93,288,000, against \$97,156,000 in the corresponding period last year. Here we have a decrease of \$3,868,000, and what is more, a decrease in every department. In the last four months the Customs' receipts have been \$286,329 11 less, the internal revenue receipts \$641,069 24 less, and the miscellaneous receipts \$294,925 30 less than in the corresponding four months of last year. Commenting on these facts, the *Chicago Tribune* says:—"It is a country where the amount of revenue cheating is great but uncertain, and exact inference cannot be drawn from this decrease of revenue as would be possible in France or England, but coupled with other potent facts it shows that the ability of the people to consume the various commodities of commerce is still increasing."

—INDIA.

Rain has fallen in these parts of India which were suffering from famine and threatened with the total destruction of the crops, and already there is so great a feeling of relief that the Mayor of London has been notified that he need not keep the Mansion House fund open any longer. That fund amounted to 2½ million pounds, an enormous sum to be raised by voluntary subscription. Some say that there need be no famine were the Indian Government to do its duty to the people of India, and one paper asks—

"What is meant by the debt of India amounting to about £270,000,000? The debt of India is simply the aggregate sum it cost the East Indian Company to conquer and annex the vast territories which were transferred to the direct government of the British Crown some twenty years ago. But why is there no credit side to the account? What about all the millions of the plunder of India which the Company and its officials received? Why all that has been pocketed as loot; and the natives of India have to pay interest for ever on the capital sum expended on their subjugation and enslavement? It is forgotten that when Sultan Abdul Aziz visited England, royalty having abdicated the function of hospitality, he was entertained by Sir Stafford Northcote at the Indian Office, with an outlay of £10,000, which the people of India had to pay?"

The election of a successor to the late Dr. Moriarty in the Roman Catholic See at Kerry, took place in the Cathedral, Kilarney, under the Presidency of Archbishop Croke, of Cashel, Metropolitan of Munster. Forty-three parishes were represented. The votes were taken by ballot, resulting as follows: Rev. Prof. McCarthy, V. P., Maynooth Dignisimus; Archdeacon Higgins, P. P., V. G., Kenmare Dignior; and the Venerable Dean Neville, V. G., Cork Dignior.

Miscellaneous News.

A Curious Case.—In Paris, recently, a desperate criminal was found guilty of murder, but the foreman of the Jury, in giving the written verdict, according to law, "Yes, by a majority" spelt the latter word "Magorite." The Court of Cassation held that the misspelling was a fatal objection, and granted a new trial, in which the Jury found extenuating circumstances, and instead of capital punishment, the convict got off with penal servitude for life.

'Champagne Charlie' is just dead at London. Charles Thrope was born 80 years ago. His father left him \$50,000 a year. Being clever, he sought the society of literary men, and liking a social glass his means enabled him to choose champagne. Hence a few years ago, after his exploits had been told so often as to make him comparatively well-known about London, some one embalmed him in verse and 'Champagne Charlie' was long a favorite song in the music halls. He never liked it and always denied that he was the original of the song, and his friends deny it to-day, in deference to his memory, but it is true, nevertheless.

Evidently if the reports of the German negotiations with Berlin are true, the Berlin Government has made good use of the paralyzed condition of France as to her relations with her neighbours, for if Germany shall secure with France's immediate neighbour such relations as she is said to desire the possibility of self-assertion on the part of France in any contingency whatever will be well-nigh hopeless. With the adoption by Belgium of the German military system her army will have relations to the Imperial command, perhaps not greatly dissimilar to the armies of the formerly free German States, and France will have Germany on her frontier from the Jura to the German Ocean, and Germany's ally from Savoy to the Mediterranean. This will be a guarantee of peace as long as the maintenance of peace is in the programme of German politics.—*N. Y. Herald.*

AN IMPORTANT ART DISCOVERY.—The first original work by Praxiteles, the famed greatest of Greek sculptors, that the modern world has ever seen, has been found in the temple of Zeus at Olympia. It is a colossal marble statue of a nude youth, of which the lower part of the legs and the right forearm are wanting; absent, also, is the form of a little boy which had well rested upon the left arm. The sculpture is exquisite, and the head is marked by the finest and most spiritualized youthful beauty. The state perfectly agrees with the description of a marble Hermes carrying the boy Dionysius, by Praxiteles, which was recorded by the historical Pausanias as a gift to the temple in his day. This of course, ranks among the most valuable legacies which Grecian art has left us.

THE STRENGTH OF THE UNITED STATES REGULAR ARMY.—The actual strength of the United States regular army up to the 12th of October, 1877, as revealed by a return from General Sherman, is as follows:—

General officers, 11; general staff officers, 566;

Hospital stewards, 186; engineers battalion, 199; ordnance, enlisted men, 346, total enlisted men of staff corps, 731.

Ten regiments of cavalry—officers, 439; enlisted men, 7,911; total of cavalry, 8,350.

Five regiments of artillery—officers, 284; enlisted men, 2,321; total of artillery, 2,605.

Twenty-five regiments of infantry—officers, 877; enlisted men, 8,778; total of infantry, 9,659.

Besides which there are reported as non-commissioned staff unattached to regiments, military academy recruits, unassigned Indian scouts, and prison guards, amounting to men, 1,877; signal corps, 404; retired officers, 301; and captains, U. S. A., by act of Congress, 1; aggregating officers and men, 24,501, of which the force available for war is made up of the cavalry, artillery and infantry regiments, amounting to 20,601 officers and men. To this should be added 11 general officers, and the officers of the general staff serving with them, together with 570 Indian scouts.

At a gathering of shipbuilders the other night in the Baptist church of St. Martin's, a suburb of St. John, N. B., several excellent addresses were delivered, and among them one on Temperance by Mr. John Boyd, a veteran in the cause in that part of the country. Of Lieut. Governor Tilley he spoke in the highest terms:—"No matter where Mr. Tilley was, in the highest society, dining at the tables of the nobility, with the Duke of Buckingham at Chandos, or the Duke of Argyll at Inverary, he was ever true to his profession." Mr. Boyd added, looking Ottawa-ward no doubt,—"At the Government House, Mr. Tilley gave only the sparkling water to his guests, and the result is, that even his opponents respect him and while men are getting tired of pretenders, who professed certain principles to obtain office, but forgot their profession when the office was obtained, they are again looking back to their first love, and this is the reason why, at the present time, there is such a strong desire from one end of the Dominion to the other for him again to enter political life, and become the leader of a people who love and honour, and are ready even to obey him!"