THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 13, 1891.

Notes and Comments.

—The Advertizer, London, Ont., predicts: "Before eighteen months a Liberal Government will be in power at Ottawa with a strong working majority at its back." More Grit predictions!

—The Patriot of last evening stated that "The local Tory Government have been sitting in council for the greater part of two days." In point of fact, the Government was sitting in council just three hours!

—The Montreal Gazette remarks that the legend "Us Grits are Sick," hung on the outer walls of the Halifax Liberal Club, should have read "U. S. Grits are Sick." The other Grits are pondering Mr. Blake's letter in their minds.

Edward Blake: "Without needless lengthy recapitulation you will see, by contrasting my views with those of the present advocates of free trade with the States, several questions of difficulty and difference. For example, uniformity of tariff and its control; deficiency of revenue and its supply; on which I am unable to adopt their opinions."

—Edward Blake: "The treaty once made, the vantage ground it gave would naturally be used for the accomplishment of its ulterior purpose, and this political end would be a great factor in the consideration by the States of Canadian views upon changes in the joint tariff, or as to the maintenance or termination of the treaty. The reorganization to which our neighbors look is, of course, the unification of the continent."

Edward Blake: "Assuming that absolute free trade with the United States, best described as 'commercial union,' may and ought to come, I believe that it can only come as an incident, or at any rate as a well-understood precursor of political union for which, indeed, we should be able to get better terms before than after the surrender of our commercial independence."

—Years ago the late Senator Seward said of the provinces that now compose the Dominion: "I see in British North America, stretching as it does across the continent, from the shores of Labrador and Newfoundland to the Pacific, and occupying a considerable belt of the temperate zone, traversed equally with the United States by the lakes, and enjoying the magnificent shores of the St. Lawrence, with its Thousand Islands in river and gulf, a region grand enough for the seat of a great Empire. In its wheat fields in the west, its broad ranges of the chase at the north, its inexhaustible lumber lands, the most extensive now remaining on the globe, its invaluable fisheries and its yet undisturbed mineral deposits, I see the elements of wealth." And then he goes on to unfold its destiny as a great independent northern power—the Russia of the new world, but "a very different Russia from that which fills all Southern Europe with terror. This is the forecast of a statesman—a forecast towards the fulfilment of which we have already passed the initial stages—only individual or local impatience causing the gains achieved to be undervalued.

—A British colony in the new world, of which we seldom hear much to-day, though it was once the subject of sharp international controversy, is that of the Falkland Island. It is the most southern of British possessions. A recently published blue book gives a most favorable report of the condition of the little community. The value of the exports last year exceeded that of any previous returns by nearly $30,000—the total figure being not far from $630,000. Some years ago a new enterprise was started—that of frozen mutton, of which the export in 1888 reached a value of about $67,000, but through injudicious management the undertaking collapsed. Wool, however, continues to be an important item in the products of the colony, over $400,000 worth being exported in 1889. The experiment of taking live sheep to the London market has been made, but, through failure to provide the necessary sanitary certificate, the cargo had to be killed at Deptford. Notwithstanding these and other drawbacks, due to lack of judgment and foresight, rather than to any local disadvantage, the colony is generally prosperous, the exports averaging $300 a head of the population.

—The following is a list of articles, quantities and values, imported into New Brunswick from the United States, during the last fiscal year in spite of high duties for the protection of the Canadian farmer. Had our farmers been able to hold their own market, every article on this list would have been supplied to the consumer by them:—

Butter	1,334 lbs.	$ 260
Cheese	404 "	73
Lard	708,430 "	42,195
Bacon & Hams	99,982 "	7,261
Salt Beef	2,594,749 "	101,625
Pork	2,575,124 "	129,121
Poultry	"	492
Dried and baked meats	23,260 "	2,904
Other meats	120,080 "	6,293
Pork in the carcass	54,900 "	3,224
Beans	260 bush	650
Peas	307 "	360
Buckwheat meal	3380 lbs	99
Oatmeal	5335 "	183
		$292,738

It will be observed that every article in the above list is produced or can be produced in great abundance in New Brunswick and P. E. Island. Why should New Brunswick lumber men have to go to the United States for their pork or their salt beef? Why could not the lard New Brunswick requires be supplied by our own people. The pork imported into New Brunswick last year represented the raising of about 13,000 good sized hogs which our farmers ought to have fattened and sold. So with respect to beef, of which New Brunswick imported enough to represent about 5000 head of cattle which ought to have been raised by our own farmers. We ought not to let the United States farmers undersell us in our own markets.

The Bank of France has in its vaults $590,000, of which $242,000,000 is gold and $238,000,000 silver. Its authorized paper circulation of legal tender notes is over $633,000,000.

The Result.

Declaration Day throughout the various Provinces is now over and the general results of the elections are found to be as follows:—

	Gov.	Opp.
*Ontario	47	44
*Quebec	33	31
New Brunswick	13	3
Nova Scotia	16	5
Prince Edward Island	2	4
Manitoba	4	1
*British Columbia	5	0
Northwest Territories	4	0
	124	88

*One election to be held.

Giving a majority of 36 to the Government, with three elections to be held. Two of these constituencies have heretofore returned Conservatives, viz.: Algoma, Ont., and Cariboo, B. C. The other seat, Huntington, Quebec, was held by a Liberal in the last Parliament. But now that the Government has been so handsomely sustained it is not unreasonable to think that Huntingdon will fall in line with the majority in Canada.

A telephone message from Summerside this morning gives the following as the result of the declaration day proceedings in Prince County:

Howlan	2903
Hunt	2661
Perry	3182
Yeo	3279

After some preliminary proceedings, the returns from French River and Mount Herbert were counted yesterday afternoon. Following is the vote:

	Blake.	Ferguson.	Davies.	Welsh.
French River	31	24	65	66
Mount Herbert	29	31	58	51

Natural History Society.

The parlor of the Y. M. C. A. was even uncomfortably filled last evening by the large audience which assembled to hear Rev. Mr. Hamlyn, B. A., Rector of St. Paul's Church, read his paper upon "Plants and their uses." Extra benches had to be brought before all were seated. We were glad to see such a large percentage of ladies present, and we hope the same departure will have to be noticed at all future meetings of the Society. The reverend lecturer treated his subject in a popular manner, with the result that the least learned student of botany could grasp the subject without either effort or difficulty. The utility of plants as consumers of the poisonous carbonic acid gas constantly being poured into the atmosphere by animal respiration or the oxidation by fire as in volcanoes, etc., was first dealt with, the subject affording the lecturer ample opportunity for describing tersely, yet fully, the respiration of plants. The means whereby cross-fertilization through the agency of insects is secured, was next dealt with, and finally Mr. Hamlyn enumerated a number of plants of each of many natural orders, remarkable as possessing certain characteristics, such as being medicinal, poisonous, edible, or useful in the arts. The lecture was well received by the audience, several members of which afterwards expressed themselves as instructed as well as entertained by the rev. essayist's paper. A vote of thanks was accorded the lecturer. It was announced that Professor Shuttleworth will read the next paper before the Society on the subject of "The food of plants and how they obtain it." It is evident that the Society is growing in popular favor. We should like to see more people joining the Natural History Society, and by their membership fees aiding it in meeting the expense of the free popular lectures it is giving every second week to our Charlottetown public.

The 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.—The Canadian Fireside Weekly is out with another grand prize competition to increase its circulation, in which 300 valuable prizes are offered. This is no puzzle or trick, and requires no searching in dictionaries or books of any kind. It is ingenious, but simple, and has never before been offered by any paper. A child of eight can win as easily as a college professor. Among the prizes are bicycles, tricicles, $100 cash, furniture, silverware, jewelry, summer trips—prizes for men, women, boys and girls, 300 in all. Send at once 5c for sample copy, with full particulars and list of prizes, to 9 Adelaide street west, Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper. eod wy 3m

—The extent to which the opinion of enlightened men in Great Britain has changed and is changing, is indicated by the language incidentally employed by Mr. W. S. Lilly in an article in the March Forum. The title is "the Shibboleth of the People," and the following extract occurs in a passage in which Mr. Lilly cites the McKinley bill as proof that in the United States the so-called sovereignty of the people is always a fiction and sometimes a snare. "Now, to guard myself against misconception," he says perenthetically, "let me state that I am no believer in Mr. Cobden's free trade nostrum and calico millenium. That weighty political (economical) consideration may be urged on behalf of a protectionist policy in America, and, indeed, in most other countries, I am far from denying." This admission, coming from an Englishman of acknowledged ability and influence as a writer on public questions is as important on the one hand as his exposure of the shams of cis-Atlantic democracy—a democracy which "confers upon the President a power exercised by no European monarch"—is on the other. His denunciation of the "boss" system in the United States ought to be read by these Canadians who are of Mr. Farrer's opinion that annexation to the States would be a blessing for Canada. It is all the more interesting, appearing in a United States periodical.

A girl of 17, at Louisville, Ky., got her foot caught in a railway track and was unable to extricate it before a freight train backed down upon her. Just as the car reached her she fell flat upon the ground beside the track and saved her life, with the loss of her foot. She was taken to the hospital and probably will recover.

Dyspepticure—Is not a palliative, but a cure; it first relieves, then controls, and finally entirely subdues the irritation and inflammation of the stomach that causes indigestion and dyspepsia.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Question.

Sir,—I notice that Dr. Jenkins has a card in the Guardian. Judging by the vote recently cast for him, one would imagine that *Mr. Blake* has not yet lost the confidence of the electors of Charlottetown. Are we to understand that the Doctor desires to take Mr. Blake's place in the Legislature with Mr. Blake's consent, or is he prepared to oppose Mr. Blake? An answer "yes" or "no" would be pleasing to a

Supporter of Blake.

Reciprocity with Canada

[From Harper's Weekly.]

The disposition of this country was never more favorable to closer relations with Canada than it is now, and a final settlement of the seal trouble, which cannot be longer delayed, would greatly facilitate an understanding which would be mutually beneficial. It is evident that in promoting a sentiment of reciprocity Mr. Blaine has touched a popular feeling. There is a large Republican sentiment friendly to relaxation of tariff restriction, and a tariff reform sentiment which would go slowly. These both favor reciprocity. Indeed, this sentiment is probably dominant in the public mind, although those who hold it are divided between the parties. The result of the Canadian election, therefore, has unusual interest for us on this side of the line.

Our Book Table.

An illustrated paper on the Nicaragua Canal, giving an account of the progress and present condition of that enterprise, will form one of the attractive features of the forth-coming number of Harper's Weekly, to be published March 11th.

Charles Dudley Warner's new book, "Our Italy," a superbly illustrated volume describing the climate, physical features, and resources of southern California, is nearly ready for publication by Harper & Brothers.

Mary E. Wilkin's stories of New England village life have won for her an enviable reputation on both sides of the Atlantic. Her new book, "A New England Nun and Other Stories," is announced for early publication by Harper & Brothers, and will doubtless achieve a success similar to that of her first volume, which not only received the plaudits of the English critics, but has been reprinted in Edinburgh and translated in Paris.

Card.

The undersigned take this method of thanking their friends, and particularly the committee men throughout the County, for the very great assistance they gave in the late contest in Prince County.

With their assistance we have been able to lead our opponents in the Eastern half of the County and everywhere, with the exception of the Second District, and a very few votes in the First.

We also take this opportunity of congratulating the Electorate upon the fact that the veteran Premier Sir John A. Macdonald and his party are once more returned to power, and the progress of this great Dominion assured for another five years.

George W. Howlan,
Richard Hunt.

Summerside, March 10, 1891.

News Notes.

A New Haven man found a pearl in one of the oysters he was disposing of on the half-shell plan the other day. A jeweller has offered him $75 for it. If oystermen would only cultivate this brand of oysters they would largely increase their sales.

The Queen has presented a magnificent elephant to the Emperor of Morocco. The animal was purchased in India expressly for the purpose. The elephant is splendidly caparisoned and mounted with a sumptious howdah.

A Tacoma, Wash., woman, Mrs. Hannah Dober, mother of five little Dobers, has invented the most unique toilet apparatus on record. It is a machine that bathes, rinses, drips and dries the entire Dober brood simultaneously by the simple turning of a crank.

The body of every spider contains four little masses pierced with a multitude of holes, imperceptible to the naked eye, each hole permitting the passage of a single thread; all the threads, to the number of 1,000 to each mass, join together when they come out and make the single thread with which the spider spins its web, so that what we call a spider's thread consists of more than 4,000 threads united.

A belief in sorcery still prevails in France. The father of a child bitten by a mad dog, instead of calling a doctor, summoned a sorcerer to attend the child. The treatment consisted, among other diabolical details, in shutting the unfortunate child in a darkened chamber for forty days during which time he was denied meat and water.

Personal.

Richard Hunt, Esq., of Summerside, is in the city. He is at the Davies.

Sent Up For Trial.—Mary Ann Todd, the girl against whom Mrs. Fred Bevan swore out a warrant yesterday for larceny of some wearing apparel, was arrested in the afternoon by Marshal Cameron. The arrest was made at Miss Todd's boarding house, Lower Queen Street. When she was asked what she did with the articles she stole from Mrs. Bevan, she handed over a cashmere dress, a waist and a hat which she said Mrs. Bevan gave her. Afterwards her land-lady sent three aprons up to the police station, which she said the Todd girl brought up to her house. The girl said these aprons were not Mrs. Bevan's but were given her by her boarding mistress. This morning, before Messrs. Fitzgerald and McRae, J P's., Mrs. Bevan swore positively that she did not give the Todd girl the articles in question, but instead she stole them from her house on the 2nd of March, in her (Mrs. Bevan's) absence. The girl had nothing to say to the charge, and elected to be tried in the Supreme Court. Miss Todd hails from Nova Scotia and does not bear a very good character.

Launched.—By cable we learn that the new twin-screw steel steamer Northumberland, for the Charlottetown Steam Navigation Co., was successfully launched yesterday, March 12th, 1891, from the yard of Messrs. Wigham, Richardson & Co., Newcastle-on-Tyne, G. B.

K. D. C. Cures Dyspepsia.

BLACK CASHMERES
—AND—
FRENCH MERINOS.

Special Value for 50 Cents.
Special Value for 60 Cents.

We have placed on the Counters two lines of CASHMERE and MERINO at above prices. These goods are ALL WOOL and 46 inches wide, and will be found the best value ever offered in Charlottetown.

STANLEY BROS.,
mch13 Brown's Block.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of STERNS BROTHERS, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, W. L. Sterns withdrawing from the business.

The business will be continued by C. H. S. Sterns under the same name, who will collect all debts and discharge the liabilities.

C. H. S. STERNS,
W. L. STERNS.

Dated at Souris, P. E. I., Feb. 9, 1891.
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BANK STOCK, BY AUCTION.

I WILL SELL BY AUCTION, at my Sales room, on MONDAY, the 16th day of March, inst.; at 11 o'clock, a. m.:—30 Shares Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island.

Also—Two City Debentures of $300 each.

R. BEAIRSTO,
mch9 Auctioneer.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Crane and Circle," will be received until THURSDAY, the 26th day of March next, inclusively, for the construction of and putting in place a new Crane and Circle in the dredge Prince Edward, now lying at Alberton, Prince Edward Island, according to a plan and specification to be seen on application to Mr. James E. Birch, Alberton, P. E. I., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.
E. F. E. ROY.
Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 2nd March, 1891.
mch13—3i

Intending to leave the Island, we have decided to sell, as early as possible, the following properties:—

Valuable Farm of 84 acres on St. Peter's Road, 7 miles from Charlottetown, in good order and fenced with spruce hedgerows.

Two Building Lots in Judge Young's block, joining the residence of Mr. C. D. Rankin. Size of each, 43x100 feet, and handsomest lots in the city.

One Lot on Strawberry Hill, directly opposite the residence of Mr. William McLean, on St. Peter's Road.

5 shares Charlottetown Driving Park,
20 " Georgetown " "
2 " Inland Steam Navigation Co.,
1 Cherry Mantle and Grate, } extra fine,
1 Marble " " " }
1 good second-hand Piano—will be sold for $75.00,
1 do. do., will be sold for $25.

Also, all our stock of Stoves.

For Auction, if not sold by Private Sale.

E. H. NORTON & CO.
mch11—dy eod & wky

FOR SALE.

A valuable property in a good locality, 59 feet by 75 feet, with a Double Tenement House, Stables, Carpenter's Shop, etc., thereon, almost new, is now offered for sale reasonable.

Reasons for disposing of this property:—Leaving the Island to secure employment in the States. Apply to

CHARLES I. MORRISON,
Auctioneer,
mch10—dy 2i (t f) 106 Queen Street.

TENDERS.

Estate of S. H. Brown & Co.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to WEDNESDAY, the 18th inst, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purchase of the following Stock:—

Cloths and Dry Goods, amounting (as per inventory) to	$1,711 80
Boots and Shoes	574 60
	$2,286 40

Tenders must be for the purchase of the whole of the above Stock, and specify the rate per cent. on above amount.

TERMS—Three Months, secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

The undersigned not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

BENJAMIN ROGERS,
mch9—dy 2aw Assignee.

FOR SALE.

The brick dwelling house on Sidney Street, between Queen and Great George Streets. Also, the Warehouse next to it. In all about 88 feet front by 76 deep. Will sell all or Dwelling House separate, with 70 feet front. Price and terms on application between 2 and 4 o'clock.

MRS. M. H. GAHAN.
feb24—tf

Extract from a Private Letter to Beer Bros., from their Buyer.

London, England.

Since my arrival here from Paris, I find that all the important Spring Novelties are to hand, and I wish to give you some idea of the present fashions.

In Hats and Bonnets the styles have undergone such a change that it is quite difficult to decide whether or not our ladies will adopt the extreme styles now in vogue. Hats are simply plates of straw, with the edges crimped in every conceivable conceit, whilst the Bonnets consist of a hole with a few bits of wire and some light material, such as tulle or crepe, puffed or shirred. There seems to be almost an unbridgeable chasm between last year's styles and the present, and the taste of our ladies will have to "rise" accordingly if they wish to wear the newest things. I have been successful in securing quite a number of first-class model Hats and Bonnets which ought to interest every lady in Charlottetown. They have been bought at the right place, at the right price, and should sell right smart. Long feathers will not be used much this summer. Tips in bunches of three or more I found to be immensely used in Paris, and the same idea is just coming in favor here (London). They are placed on the back of all toques and on the front of cepotes, and everywhere on bonnets. The season will be one of lace and flowers, with a good dash of fancy ribbons. Small flowers, such as heath, lily of the valley, lilacs, etc., are the favorites, with roses and rose piquets for lower-priced goods. Poppies also remain good. As regards color, it is gold everywhere and in everything gold-colored velvets, gold tips, gold passementeries, gold tinsel, tinsel ribbons, etc. The demand from New York for these goods has been phenominal. It is sure to be a great Millinery season, Hats and Bonnets made from frames almost taking the lead of straw. The styles of trimming have so materially changed that I do not think there is a Milliner in Charlottetown who will be competent to undertake the best work and make it up as it should be without first visiting some large centre, such as Boston or New York; and I would recommend that we send our Miss A—— to one of these places at once, before taking charge of our Millinery Department in the spring. Dress Goods, etc., in next.

Removal Notice!

(x)

Having to Remove in the Month of April, while our Store is undergoing extensive alterations, we will, during the next four weeks, offer some Special Lines in CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, &c., at a Great Reduction to avoid trouble of storage.

G. H. TAYLOR.
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Ch'town, March 13, 1891—2aw& wy North Side of Market Square.

CONCERT.

(x)

Mr. Vinnicombe, assisted by his Pupils, will give a Grand Orchestral Concert in the Philharmonic Hall, on Thursday Evening, April 9. Admission, 25 cents. mch12

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

[x]

Our Spring Stock Just Received.

(x)

HARRIS & STEWART,
LONDON HOUSE.

Charlottetown, Feb. 4, 1891.

Look Here

:o:

Before ordering your Fall Suit, Overcoat or Ulster, call and examine our immense stock of New Cloths, in

Tweed and Worsted Suitings, Beavers, Meltons, Naps, Friezes, etc.

A full line of Latest Designs and Patterns of Trouserings. Our stock excels in quality and variety anything we have heretofore shown.

We offer you the Largest Assortment of Cloths in the City to select from. Call and see them.

(x)

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,
Rogers' Building, Upper Queen Street.
Charlottetown, Sept. 26, 1890.