

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1886.

VOL. 19.—NO. 90.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co.
From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

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Six months \$2.50
Three months 1.25
One month 50
Advertising at moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR SEPTEMBER, 1886.

MOON'S CHANGES.
First Quarter 5th day, 4h., 43.1m., a. m., S. E.
Full Moon 13th day, 6h., 37.9m., a. m., W.,
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter 20th day, 11h., 43.2m., p. m., E.
New Moon 27th day, 5h., 6.1m., p. m., W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	rises	sets	rises	water	len ^h
1 Wednesday	5 25 6	34 9 0	0 13	13	9
2 Thursday	27 32	10 12 0	5 3	3	5
3 Friday	28 30	11 21 1	1 36	2	2
4 Saturday	29 28	aft 26 2	23 12	50	3
5 Sunday	30 26	1 29 3	18	56	6
6 Monday	32 24	2 23 4	28	52	12
7 Tuesday	33 22	3 18 5	46	49	18
8 Wednesday	34 20	3 56 7	0	45	24
9 Thursday	36 19	4 35 7	59	43	30
10 Friday	37 17	5 9 8	46	40	36
11 Saturday	38 15	5 39 9	26	37	42
12 Sunday	39 13	6 7 10	2	34	48
13 Monday	41 12	6 32 10	35	31	54
14 Tuesday	42 10	6 59 11	5	28	60
15 Wednesday	43 8	7 25 11	38	25	66
16 Thursday	44 6	7 52 12	10	22	72
17 Friday	46 4	8 23 0	43	18	78
18 Saturday	47 2	8 50 1	10	15	84
19 Sunday	48 0	9 37 2	1	12	90
20 Monday	50 5	10 24 2	53	8	96
21 Tuesday	51 5	11 19 4	0	5	102
22 Wednesday	52 5	12 11 5	28	2	108
23 Thursday	53 5	0 21 6	54	11	114
24 Friday	54 5	1 29 8	7	56	120
25 Saturday	55 4	2 48 9	2	52	126
26 Sunday	56 4	3 59 9	50	49	132
27 Monday	58 4	5 16 10	12	46	138
28 Tuesday	6 0	4 1 6	32	42	144
29 Wednesday	4 4	4 0 7	48	39	150
30 Thursday	6 2	5 33 9	10	36	156

PARKER HOUSE.

Baking Powder.

Highly Recommended.

40 CTS. PER POUND IN BULK.

BEER & GOFF

Aug. 6, '86.

RANKIN HOUSE.

THE undersigned will lease for a term of years the above well known Hotel, situated on corner of Water and Pownall Streets, in Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island. Possession given on the 1st of October next. Any information required will be given, either by letter or personal interview.

J. H. GRAY,
DAVID STIRLING,
Trustees.
Ch'town, June 12, 1886—jun15 2aw her jour

BOSTON.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.00 a. m.
Leave St. John at 8 o'clock every Saturday night for

BOSTON DIRECT.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$8.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to

A. SHARP, P. E. I. S. S. Nav. Co.
P. E. I. S. S. Nav. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

GENERAL Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
July 15—dly wly

THE NOVA SCOTIA SUGAR REFINERY (Limited), HALIFAX, N. S.

SAMPLES and Prices upon application to
HORACE HASZARD,
AGENT.

MESSRS. ROBERT LAMB & CO., Dundee, Scotland.

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HORACE HASZARD,
AGENT.

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HORACE HASZARD,
AGENT.

The Sun Life Assurance Co'., Montreal.

The Western Fire Insurance Co., Toronto.
HORACE HASZARD,
AGENT FOR P. E. ISLAND.

D. A. BRUCE

Wants to Have His Say---that is :
YOU cannot get a Suit of Clothes the same quality of material and workmanship in P. E. Island, Cheaper than from us.

We have a reputation for getting up FIRST-CLASS WORK, that none of our competitors can attain to. There is no better quality of Cloths manufactured than what we are showing. Stock, one of the largest you ever saw in this city.

Having three Cutters and a large staff of Workmen, we can give you prompt attention.

\$500 WORTH OF READY-MADE CLOTHING,

of our own manufacture, many suits of which were made to order and not called for, but are now SELLING AT COST. We have
An Immense Stock of Hats,
selling rapidly, because buyers can save from 12 1/2 to 20 per cent. when they purchase from us. Best Hats you ever saw for 50 cents.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

Collars, Cuffs, Ties, &c., Unsurpassed in Style.
Prices were never as Low. Don't forget this when comparing with quotations from other establishments this year.

D. A. BRUCE,

72 QUEEN STREET.
Ch'town, June 23, 1886—eod & w

NEW HAT & FUR STORE,

Newson Block.
A. NEW DEPARTURE!
HATS, of the Latest Styles, at the very LOWEST PRICES.
FURS, of all kinds, Cleaned, Dyed, altered and Repaired.
HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Raw Furs.

E. STUART.

Ch'town, May 4, 1886

CITY STEAM BAKERY.

IN STOCK:

25 Cases LEMON SYRUP,
10 do RASPBERRY do,
10 do STRAWBERRY do,
30 do ASSORTED SYRUP, VANILLA, WINTERGREEN, SASSAPARILLA, ORANGE, &c.,
5 Brls. CONVERSATION LOZENGES,
100 5-lb. Boxes do do,
3 Brls. ROYAL MIXED CANDY,
200 5-lb. Boxes do do,
100 10-lb. do SUGARSTICKS.

—ALSO—
The Best Stock of NOVELTIES and 1-CENT GOODS in the Market. Write for Price List of Confectionery and Biscuits.

JOHN QUIRK,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.
August 12, 1886—lmo eod

ADAMSON'S

BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedial agent with absolute safety. Do not delay, get it at once.

STEM WIND.

VERSUS
KEY WIND.

The Stem-Winding Watch is Decidedly the Best.

AS the cases need scarcely ever be opened, they are NOT LIABLE TO GET DUST IN, like the Key-Winder.

Another advantage, the watch can be WOUND AT ANY TIME, the wearer happens to think of it. No key needs to be carried in the pocket to shovel dust into the watch every time it is used.

To meet the wants of those who object to Stem-Winders, our Stem-Winding Rockford Watches can also be WOUND WITH A KEY, should the stem-winding give out, which we have never known it to do when used right.

E. W. TAYLOR,

CAMERON BLOCK.
Aug. 21—2aw

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC Boston, Mass.

THE LARGEST and BEST EQUIPPED in the WORLD.—100 Lessons, 200 Students last year. Thorough instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano and Organ Tuning, Fine Arts, Oratory, Literature, French, German and Italian Languages, English Grammar, Diction, etc. Tuition, \$4 to \$25, board and room, \$10 to \$15. Fall Term begins September 8, 1886. For Illustrated Catalogue, with full information, address, E. W. TAYLOR, Mr. Franklin St., BOSTON, Mass.

RICHMOND STREET GROCERY STORE

NELSON BROS., dealers in Choice
Family Groceries, Meat, Fish, &c.

Those favoring us with their patronage will find Goods as cheap as any in the city. A call solicited.
ROBERT NELSON,
SAMUEL NELSON.
Ch'town, June 17, 1886—3mos law

Just Arrived.

100 half barrels Prime No. 1 Fat Herring,
25 barrels do do,
50 quintals Codfish,
300 bags Salt,
100 Mackerel Barrels.

For sale at
D. SMALL'S NEW STORE,
Cor. Water Street and Pownall Wharf.
jy31

1827 - - - 1886.

T. & E. KENNY,

Dry Goods and Shipping,
HALIFAX, CANADA.

T. & E. KENNY,

(F. C. MAHON)
Ship Owners and Brokers,
General Commission Merchants,
161 GRESHAM HOUSE,
Bishopsgate Street,
LONDON, E. C.,
England.

REVERE HOUSE

—AND—
Valuable Building Lots
BY AUCTION,
Wednesday, Sept. 15th, at 12 o'clock noon, on the premises.

THAT favorite and commodious Hotel, known as the REVERE HOUSE, conveniently situated at the head of Steam Navigation Co's Wharf, Green George Street, and near the Railway Station, Public Buildings and Market. It has a fine view of the harbor and harbor, having the benefit of refreshing breezes from the salt water.
The REVERE has always received large and constant patronage from leading tourists, commercial men and the general public.
These large and very valuable Building Lots, adjoining the Revere House, as described by plan on hand-bills.
Terms easy and made known at Sale.
A. MCNEILL,
Ch'town, Aug. 19, '86—law & w

The General Conference.

The jurisdiction of the General Conference of the Methodist Church now in session in Toronto, extends—says the Mail of that city—not only over the entire Dominion, but also over Newfoundland, Bermuda and sundry portions of Japan where mission work is in progress. It legislates now, not merely for one branch of the Methodist family, but for the entire Methodist community in Canada confederated into one great and influential Church. Its sessions are not annual but quadrennial. The last session was in 1882. At that historic gathering the question of Methodist union was discussed. A year later the union was accomplished. The Methodist Episcopal Church, the Primitive Methodist Church and the Bible Christian Church at that time joined with the then Methodist Church of Canada, and the United Methodist Church of to-day was formed. The present sitting of the Conference is thus the first regular session since the union. It will take up the threads of legislation where the conferences of the old disunited Churches dropped them. The Conference is further a thoroughly representative body. Its members, who are elected by the lesser conferences in the proportion of one to every ten members of these bodies, are necessarily the cream of Methodism. They are the leading men, both clerical and lay. Among them are clergymen who have gained for themselves reputations for pulpit eloquence, theological erudition and literary culture extending beyond the confines of their own denominations, and laymen who take prominent positions among their fellow-countrymen in the commercial, educational and political worlds. It will be impossible to view the Conference, containing as it does doctors of divinity, lieutenant-governors, eminent politicians, powerful merchant princes and great lawyers, representing 1,700 clergymen, 1,950 local preachers and three-quarters of a million of laymen, without concluding that there must be something more than a mere name at the bottom of a movement which began in so small a way and amidst circumstances so unfavorable, and has grown to such proud proportions.

Itinerary and Methodism.

Rev. Thomas Cross has issued a pamphlet entitled "The Migrations of a Wesleyan Minister," in which he attacks the system and advocates its abolition. As summarized by the Toronto Mail, the general arguments against it are that it is inconvenient and painful to the ministers, that it is expensive to the denomination, and that it frequently removes a clergyman just when he is awakening in persons not hitherto reached a genuine interest in religion. On the other hand, it is claimed by the friends of Itinerary that under a system of permanent locations all the struggling churches would absorb the great men of the connexion, and to the great loss of the denomination, the weak churches would grow weaker still. Besides, ministers have diversities of gifts, and the change brings to the people new light on old subjects. At the same time, the ministers, as they are enabled by constantly moving to reproduce to new congregations the lessons they taught to their old charges, are saved from early exhaustion. The crowning argument, however, is that the three years' system is one of the essential features, or constitutional principles, of Methodism. It was necessary when Methodism began its work, and it is as necessary now.

An Ad Captandum Argument.

Mr. Blaine cites Mr. Webster as an authority in opposition to the claim that the three mile Canadian fishery limit is to be calculated from a line drawn from headland to headland. The great statesman declared that this construction was "not comfortable to the intention of the contracting parties." Granting that it was not, what would the logical consequences of the admission be? If English fishing smacks were detected casting nets in Long Island Sound, Chesapeake Bay, or any other important arm of the sea, would the Websterian view appear so impressive to the Jingo mind? You can't seize a delicate international question by the throat and settle it by hitting it over the head with an ad captandum argument.

Dumont a Coward.

Some one who seems to know the inside history of Batoche during the rebellion, has written a letter saying that Gabriel Dumont was not the brave leader he is represented to have been. At Fish Creek he ran away, and was eighteen miles on his way back to Batoche when a rebel reinforcement of 32 men forced him to return. At Batoche he was always trying to go to the rear. He was compelled at one time to defend himself from the charge of cowardice before the rebel council. But he was sometimes exceedingly courageous. Thus, when the opportunity of bullying priests and nuns presented itself.

A Curious Question Answered.

The curious question has been asked why oaks and elms are especially liable to be struck by lightning. It was declared in 1787 that the elm, chestnut, oak and pine were the most often struck in America, and in 1860 G. J. Symonds stated that the elm, oak, ash and poplar were the most frequently struck in England. A record covering ten years, reports injuries to 265 trees, 165 being oaks, 34 Scotch firs, 32 pines, and 20 beeches. It has been suggested that the frequency with which oaks are struck is due to the presence of iron in the wood.

The coming marriage is announced of the only daughter of Sir D. A. Smith to the Hon. A. Northcote, third son of Lord Iddesleigh. The event takes place in Montreal in October. Lord Iddesleigh's eldest son is married to the daughter of Sir Geo. Stephen. The family will thus be well connected with the C. P. R.

Crapaud Notes.

Mr. Saunders, of the firm of Saunders & Campbell, Charlottetown, has paid us a number of visits this summer, not only for pleasure but for the purpose of purchasing fat cattle, sheep, lambs, etc. Mr. Saunders is a shrewd business man, a square dealer, and best of all, planks down the dubs every time.

Business is somewhat slow here at present, as the farmers are gathering in the harvest. Wheat in this section is excellent and nearly all the early sown is under cover. Oats is also a good crop and if the weather keeps favorable for a few days very few stocks will be seen standing.

We have been informed that it is the intention of Messrs. Farquharson & Stewart to operate their Starch Factory this season. If such is the case, in the course of a few days we will see large quantities of tubers pouring in from all directions.

A great number of ladies and gentlemen from the States have been visiting their friends here during the last four weeks. They are now beginning to return in better health, and weighing much more—in some cases, twenty pounds. This is true in every case, as the writer had the pleasure of putting the weights on the scales when they arrived and also when they departed. So much for our little Prince Edward Island.
Crapaud, Sept. 2, 1886.

A New Swindle.

The newest swindle on farmers is operated by a man who travels the country claiming to represent a large provision house in some one of the leading cities, and to be desirous of learning from farmers their opinion of the crop. The sharper produces a notebook, questions the agriculturist closely and carefully takes down his answers. The examination completed the inquirer induces the farmer to sign his name to the report to give it due weight and appearance of accuracy. In a few months afterward a note signed by the farmer turns up in the hands of an innocent purchaser, and he kicks himself sore for not having heeded the hundreds of warnings he has received to be careful where he puts his signature.—Ex.

Great Social Event.

The great social event of Montreal is the bazaar in aid of the building of St. Peter's cathedral in that city. This edifice when completed will be the largest church on the American continent. It will be 333 feet long, 222 feet broad and 256 feet in height. It is an exact reproduction on a reduced scale of St. Peter's at Rome; and it is said that when Bishop Bourget commenced it eighteen years ago he had an idea that the Holy Father if driven from Rome might take up his residence in the city of this smaller St. Peter's.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

ONE OF THE BEST TONICS.
Dr. A. Atkinson, Prof. Materia Medica and Dermatology, in College of Surgeons and Physicians, Baltimore, Md., says: "It makes a pleasant drink, and is one of our best tonics in the shape of phosphates in soluble form."

It is believed the Ameer of Afghanistan is meditating an attack upon Kafiristan.

The baggage belonging to Sir Charles Dilke and Lord Kingston, who recently passed through Winnipeg on their way to the Pacific, was seized by the North-West Mounted Police on entering the Territories for containing liquor.

Archbishop Fabre has issued a mandement to the clergy of his archdiocese condemning the holding of political meetings on Sundays and fets d'obligations, and instructing them to do all in their power to ensure the discontinuance of the practice.

It is rumored that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is negotiating for the purchase of eight fast steamships, so as to secure the trans-Atlantic mail contract. It is also rumored that the Messrs. Allan will add fast steamships to their fleet so as to retain the contract if possible.

There seems to be a very plentiful absence of Mr. Wilfred Laurier in Haldimand. Why is not the gifted statesman, who would have charmed the Ontario volunteers with his musket, called upon to fire a shot in the good old cause of Reform and in opposition to French domination?

A recent advertisement contains the following—"If the gentleman who keeps the shoe store with a red head will return the umbrellas of a young lady with wadonose ribs and an iron handle to a slate-roofed greener's shop he will hear of something to his advantage, as the same is the gift of a deceased mother now no more with the name engraved on it."

A San Francisco man told a member of the Grand Army of the Republic that Gen. Grant was the greatest orator he had ever seen. "Why," said he, "when he made his reply to the address of welcome that was fired at him in this city six or eight years ago he removed his cigar, made his speech, and went on smoking. His cigar had gone out. It's a pity we have only one public speaker of that kind in about ten millions."

One of the signs of the times is the eagerness with which the great European nations are seizing possession of odd corners of the earth, the inhabitants of which have sought for it but to submit to the law of might. The latest grab is one made by Germany which, under the guise of a protectorate, has seized upon the southern portion of Patagonia. Some of our contemporaries across the line are asking what the United States is going to do about it.