

should bring many to our door; but it is only a small sample of a vast crop of a similar nature which you have in Western Ontario, for as I am informed by my honorable friend on my right, Mr. McKenzie, the peaches are often given to the pigs. The pleasant and bracing seasons of Canada can be enjoyed in a country without its equal, for nowhere has the settler a more varied range of choice in the scenery, the locality, the soil, which will finally determine him where to found a home. His fortune may be compared to that of a man entering one of those new houses where each may have his own flat—a magnificent abode where, if he wish not to travel far, to be easily reached and visited by his friends, he may remain in the rooms of the ground floor—our spacious Maritime Provinces, where he will find himself very near his fishmonger—(cheers and laughter)—close to the old tradesman with whom he has dealt in Europe, and warmed by a great kitchen well furnished with a stove of Picton coal. (Laughter and cheers.) If he prefer other apartments he may ascend to those great and most comfortable rooms—our ancient and populous Provinces of Quebec and Ontario—the first-floor rooms of our Canadian mansion which are so amply provided with the old-fashioned associations which he may love, while, if still more active, he may select accommodation in the vast chambers of the second floor—the wonderful districts of the Northwest, which has been so bountifully furnished by beneficent Nature, that he will require but little capital to make his abode exactly according to his own taste. (Loud Cheers.) And if he prefers another and still more airy location—(laughter)—he may go on again and inhabit our recently erected and lofty story of the Rocky Mountain District, near which he would have an ample supply of coal, nearly as good as that which he found down below. (Applause.) He will be none the less fortunate when he makes the acquaintance of the master of the modern mansion, when he finds that everything is ruled in order and prosperity, and that his name is the Canadian House of Commons. (Loud applause.) And, now, dropping all fanciful metaphors, I must speak in more serious terms for a moment and express my admiration for that most able House, the excellence of whose debates would be a credit to any Assembly. (Cheers.) During its session I have sometimes been reminded of an exclamation of the late Baron Bunsen, the German diplomatist author, whose residence in London as Prussian Ambassador at the Court of St. James' has caused him to be affectionately remembered in England. Chevalier Bunsen, looking on at the proceedings of the House of Commons, said that to him it was a marvel how an Englishman could ever rest until he had sought to become a member of that Assembly where the Ministers of the Sovereign, and they who endeavored to win a share in the government of a powerful people, met face to face as champions of different policies to discuss before the country the principles which should guide a mighty nation. As in England, so here, let no one turn his back on political life as too hard, as bringing too much contention, or as occasioning too much unpleasantness. One of the worst signs of a country's condition is when they who have leisure, or property, or social influence look upon public life as too dirty for them, and hang back from the honorable rivalry, allowing other hands to have a commanding share in government. (Hear hear.) I am confident that this will not be the case here, and long may it be before a Canadian prefers his ease, if he may command it, to that noblest of labors to which he can be called by the voice of his fellow citizens, the voice of his country, in her Parliament. (Cheers.) In striving to be a member of the Dominion Parliament, or to have a potent voice in the election of such a one, each man, whatever may be his circumstances, must feel that it is a high and proper ambition to do what in him lies to direct the policy of this Royal Commonwealth, which sees its will expressed by the Cabinet—which is but a Committee of the Parliament elected by the people—carried out loyally and fully by the Executive head of the Government. (Cheers.) To be sure you may say to me, you are speaking in ignorance—the Governor-General is not allowed to be present at the debates of Parliament. (Laughter.) Certainly, gentlemen, I am not allowed to be present, and never have been. (Renewed laughter.) I have never even followed the example of my eminent predecessor, who has left me such a heritage of speeches at the Toronto Club. (Laughter and applause.) I have followed his example in making a speech, but I have not followed his example in another case, for I am informed that he has heard debates of the House concealed by the friendly shadows behind the Speaker's chair. (Loud cheers and laughter.) I have never placed myself in that position, and of course my knowledge is entirely derived from reports—of course I do not speak of newspaper reports. (Roars of laughter.) That is quite impossible—(renewed laughter)—because I am fully conscious that we should not put our trust in printers—(great laughter)—but I speak of other reports which are more trustworthy, and for which, of course, my responsible ministers are responsible. (Laughter.) I shall mention a particular rumor that has reached my ears, which is to the scarcely credible effect that the current of discussion is often not quite so tranquil as might be assumed by outsiders, looking only at the harmonious outlines of the buildings in which the members meet. (Great laughter.) Perhaps the reported occasional quickening of the political current and the hurried words to which it gives rise, occur only because pure panegyric is distasteful, and a wholesome criticism is, on the other hand, preferred. Believing this, I shall only venture to express the opinion that if any spoken words fly too swiftly, it is because one bad habit, and one only, exists among the politicians of Canada. It is this—and I am sure you will realize the melancholy significance of the fact to which I am so reluctantly compelled to allude: it is

that Canadian politicians do not bring their wives with them to Ottawa. (Uproarious laughter.) I hope the recently developed doctrine of constitutional duty may still allow a Governor-General to take the initiative in making a suggestion, and my suggestion would be that the ladies should favor us with their presence at Ottawa, for I am certain that an alteration in practice would soon put a stop to the reports to which I have drawn your attention, which some people may think may detract from the position of our celebrated, and alas! at Ottawa, too often celibate politicians. (Roars of laughter.) And now gentlemen, I have only to thank you repeatedly and most earnestly for your welcome; and the citizens of Toronto I would thank through you at large for the extreme kindness with which they have been pleased to receive us. But I believe gentlemen, it is not mere kindness that is shown by such demonstrations as these we have recently seen. If it were that only, it would, perhaps, lose some of its significance. In the display made we have seen the outpouring of the heart of a people whose loyal passion is strong for the unity which binds our great history to a greater present, and which, under the temperate sceptre of our beloved Queen, is leading Canada and Britain together in freedom to an assured and more glorious future.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.
SEPTEMBER 19, 1879.

United States Politics.
In spite of the efforts of many too keep down the Presidential question until next year, it will come up and men will talk about it and take sides upon it and warm up over it even at this early day. The events of the pending campaigns promote this result, and it cannot be resisted. Mr. Blaine's signal victory in Maine, Mr. Conkling's able and stubborn control of his party in N. Y., Mr. Sherman's financial policy, and General Grant's silent force all provoke attention and point to an animated contest in the Republican party, while the triumph of Tilden over Tammany in N. Y., and the Ewing campaign in Ohio, bring into view the antagonism between the N. Y. and the Ohio candidates on the Democratic side.

Exportation of Potatoes and Turnips.
The Montreal Gazette says orders are being filled in that city for about 1,500 barrels of potatoes, chiefly Early Rose, for shipment to Liverpool and Glasgow. They cost about 40c to 45c per bag delivered in the city, and are packed in sugar barrels, both ends being perforated to prevent them from heating. The freight from Montreal by steamer will cost 3s per barrel. A small shipment of turnips will also be made this week to Liverpool.

The steamer "Carroll" sailed for Boston on Thursday evening, with a cargo consisting of 753 bbls mackerel, 355 cases eggs, 502 cases lobsters, 83 boxes mackerel, 57 bundles codfish, 4 casks oil, 100 empty casks. She had on board the following passengers:—Margaret McCarey, Miss Sullivan, Mrs. Eden, Miss Duffy, Miss M. Hughes, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. O'Brien, Miss McKenzie, Mrs. Douglas, F. Hughes, Mrs. Geo. Murray, Miss Mary McKenzie, Mrs. Gaul, Miss A. McLeod, Mrs. Downing, Miss L. McDonald, Mrs. C. McKenzie, Mrs. A. McLeod, Miss S. R. Morrison, Miss A. B. McKenzie, Mary E. McRae, Mrs. O'Brien, Miss Forbes, Miss M. E. Forbes, Mrs. McKinnon, Miss M. Dennes, Miss Lizzie Barnes, Miss McIsaac, D. Clarke, Miss Cameron, Mr. James Malone, Mr. O. S. Clarke, Mr. John Dunn, Miss Annie McQuarry, Anastasia Trail, Miss Lizzie Farquharson, Miss J. McDonald, Mr. J. J. McDonald, Miss M. McLeod, Miss M. Murphy, Mr. S. Stewart, Miss McLean, Miss McIsaac, Mrs. McCormack, Mr. McCormack, Mrs. C. H. French, James Duffy, Miss McEae, Miss Finlayson, Mrs. Dr. Taylor, Miss Lacey, Miss McDougall, Miss McInnis, Miss Mutch, Mr. John Martin, Mr. George Forrest, Mrs. McKenzie and twenty others with return tickets.

WILLIAM MCKINNON, Michael Burns and Edward O'Neill were further examined at the Stipendiary Magistrate's Court this morning, on charge of burglarizing the store of Messrs. Beer & Son on Saturday night last. Six witnesses were examined, and their evidences—with the exception of one—were unimportant. Mr. Ewen Henderson, who lives ten miles from the city, swore that the prisoner O'Neill lived with him; that he saw "something which he thought was O'Neill lying in bed at his house at seven o'clock on Sunday morning; that his wife told him that O'Neill helped her to milk the cows on Sunday morning, and that O'Neill left for town on Sunday morning, shortly after eight o'clock." This is very strong rebutting evidence in O'Neill's favor, and proves that although he was dressed in stolen clothing when arrested he took no part in the burglary. The prisoners were remanded for further examination.

The Sun Publishing Company, of St. John, have held their first annual meeting. It is reported that all the stockholders present expressed themselves gratified at the satisfactory condition of the Sun's subscription list and advertising and job printing patronage. And the Sun says editorially: "We believe we are justified in stating that no daily newspaper ever started in Canada has been able to make as good a financial exhibit as the Sun will show at the end of its first year under the Company's management."

Mr. OXENHAM's report of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's sermon is well done. It is published together with the advertisements of some enterprising firms in pamphlet form by Messrs. Coombs & Worth, Queen Street, and is for sale only at the Bookstores.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

ZULULAND.
LONDON, Sept. 17.
A Capetown despatch says Cetewayo was captured Aug. 28th, by a squadron of dragoons commanded by Capt. Marter.

AFGHANISTAN.
BOMBAY, Sept. 17.
It is believed the rumors of the Ameer's complicity in the outrage was spread by the mutineers to induce other tribes to join them. The Ghilzais near Shutargarden and Candahar have made professions of friendliness to the British.

AL-HABAB, Sept. 17.
Disturbances are reported at Semindar, where the Governor is besieged in the fort.

LONDON, Sept. 17.
It is believed serious differences had arisen between the Ameer and Major Cavagnari relative to the treatment of persons who had been friendly to the British under the amnesty clause of the Gundamak treaty.

The military correspondent of the Times says: Rhashi, about forty miles from Cabul and which will be occupied by the British in a few days, is to be converted into a rallying point for all the chiefs who may elect to join the English.

GREAT BRITAIN.
LONDON, Sept. 17.
The Right Rev. Charles Baring, D. D., late Bishop of Durham, is dead.
The death is announced of Sydney Smith Bell.

Ninety out of every hundred members of the Oldham Cotton Spinners Association favor the reduction of five per cent. in the winders' wages. The reduction therefore will commence on the 20th of October.

A new iron-clad turret ram, the *Aga menon*, carrying four thousand ton guns and of 8,492 tons burthen; engines 6000 horse-power, was successfully launched today at Chatham.

UNITED STATES.
CHICAGO, Sept. 17.
A passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road was wrecked last night near Quincy, by a tie which some malicious person had bound across the track. A. N. Peace, fireman, was instantly killed; Jas. McMillan, engineer, badly hurt; postal clerks Pierce and Gillis severely injured. The postal and baggage cars were wrecked, and all the occupants bruised; the passengers were considerably shaken up, but none injured seriously.

HASTINGS, Neb., Sept. 17.
One block and half of another were burned last night, including two hotels, one bank, one printing office and one elevator; loss \$100,000.

Special Notices.
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER'S sermon, delivered at the Drill Shed, is published in pamphlet form, and is now for sale at all the bookstores. Price 5cts.—sep 18 1w

SWEET POTATOES, cheap, for sale by W. F. Carter.—sep 17 3i

A CHOICE lot of Bartlett and Bicknell pears, will be sold low by W. F. Carter.

A FEW BBLs. APPLES cheap, 30 boxes busters. Grocers, call and get a box, they sell like hot cakes. Hyde's cheese at the FAMILY GROCERY. [sept. 17.1

GRAVENTINE APPLES, Delaware and Vine Valley Grapes, Crabb Apples, Oranges, Lemons and Water Melons, will be sold low by W. F. Carter.

APPLES and ONIONS in very choice order, cheap for prompt cash, at A. McNEILL'S Auction Room. [Sep. 13, 6i

HORSE and BUGGY—A FIRST-CLASS TURN-OUT—TO HIRE AT THE NORTH STAR.—sep 1 1f

MR. SAMUEL HYDE'S Cheese, wholesale or retail, at the "FAMILY GROCERY." Also a nice lot of fresh Biscuit, Looking Glasses, Lamps, Preserve Bottles, Shoe Brushes, &c., &c. R. K. BRACE. 1w

NEW SCHOOL BOOKS of every class the Agricultural Store.—89 3i

ST. MARGARET'S HALL.
HALIFAX, N. S.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.
VISITOR:
The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia

PRINCIPAL:
The Rev. John Padfield.

THIS SCHOOL offers, at very moderate cost, the advantages of a comfortable and pleasant home together with a thorough and refined education.

The course of instruction is the same as that of the best Schools in England and is founded upon the University Examinations for Women. Eight young ladies from this School passed the Local Examination of the University of King's College in June last. This is the only School in Canada that has passed pupils at a University Examination.

The number of pupils is limited, rendering the School select, and while it assesses all the educational advantages of a large public school, each pupil is enabled to receive that individual care and oversight which is so important, and which cannot be given in a large establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. Padfield are assisted by a staff of four resident governesses, besides visiting masters.

Parisienne French is taught conversationally. There are two resident French Governesses.

References given to parents of pupils.
For further particulars address the Principal.
Sept. 19, 1878.

ALREADY RECEIVED.
NEW TWEEDS,
NEW OVERCOATINGS.
NEW FLANNELS,
NEW UNDERCLOTHING.

BY THE END OF NEXT WEEK
WE EXPECT TO HAVE OPEN
THE GREATER PORTION OF
OUR
FALL STOCK
AT ALL STOCK
SEPTEMBER 15, 1879.

LONDON HOUSE.
TERMS CASH.

QUEEN'S COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL
EXHIBITION!

THE CATTLE SHOW will be held at Longworth's Field, Charlottetown Common,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7TH,
And the EXHIBITION at the Drill Shed
ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 8TH.

All Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Pigs, for competition, must be entered on the Secretary's Books on or before FRIDAY, October 3d, and must be on the field on TUESDAY, Oct 7th, at 10 o'clock, forenoon, and no later. All articles for exhibition (including Poultry), must be delivered at the Drill Shed, or at the Secretary's Office, on or before TUESDAY, Oct 7th, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and no later.

No entries, under any pretence whatever, will be received after the above dates.

Potatoe Diggers, Fanners, with Separators combined, and Hay Elevators, will be judged in action, at or near the Drill Shed, on Wednesday, Oct. 8th, at 10 o'clock, forenoon.

ENTRANCE FEES—Horses, 50c; Cattle 36c; pen 3 Pigs, 50c; 1 Pig, 25c; pen 3 Sheep, 25c.

ADMISSION—Tickets to Cattle Show Grounds, 10c; to Drill Shed, 10c.

RAILWAY RETURN TICKETS, at single fares, will be issued at all stations to Charlottetown, on the 6th and 7th, and good to return on the 8th day of October. Live Stock and all articles for exhibition will be conveyed at regular tariff rates, but will be returned free of charge, if ownership be not changed.

Steamer "Southport" will leave Shaw's Wharf at 7 o'clock, a. m., and Charlottetown at 4 o'clock, p. m., on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 7th and 8th.

Steamer "Heather Belle" will make her regular trips, as advertised.

PRIZE LISTS to be had at the Secretary's Office, and at the Market House, from the Market Clerk.

A. McNEILL, Secy.
No. 11 Queen Street, Charlottetown,
Sept. 19th, 1879.—Si

Mortgage Sale.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the Twenty-first day of OCTOBER next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Summerside, in Prince County, in Prince Edward Island, by virtue of a Power of Sale, in an indenture of Mortgage, dated the ninth day of March, 1878, and made between Thomas Costain and Mary Costain, his wife, of the one part, and Edward Jarvis Hodgson and John Ball, trustees of the other part:—

ALL that tract of land situate on Township number Three, in Prince County, in the said Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: commencing at the southeast angle of land owned by James Yeo, on the centre division line of Township number Three, running west one hundred chains or to the division line between Lots two and three; thence east along said line ten chains, or to the north west angle of land owned by James Pope, Esq., thence south one hundred chains [or to the centre division line of Township number Three, thence west along said centre division line to the place of commencement, containing one hundred acres of land, a little more or less, together with the buildings thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod, Solicitors Charlottetown.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1879.
EDWARD J. HODGSON,
JOHN BALL.
sep 19, 1879. fri.

Mortgage Sale.

TO be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of October next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, by virtue of a Power of Sale in an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the twelfth day of February, A. D. 1877, and made between Francis O'Hare and Ann his wife, of the one part, and Hannah Sarah Holroyd, of the other part,

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on Lot number thirty-eight, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the south east angle of a tract of land in possession of Donald McDonald, on the west edge of a settlement road; thence west seventy-two chains and fifty links, or until it meets the division line between King's and Queen's County; thence south thirteen chains and eight links; thence east seventy-two chains and fifty links to said settlement road; thence following the course of the same north for the distance of thirteen chains and eighty links to the place of commencement, containing one hundred acres of land, a little more or less, as described in a certain deed bearing date the 14th day of May, A. D. 1857, made between William W. Lord, the Commissioner of Public Lands for the time being, and Francis O'Hare, together with the buildings thereon and the appurtenances thereto belonging.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1879.
HANNAH S. HOLROYD.
[sept 19—fri]

ROBERT YOUNG

WILL MOVE on 1st of October to the Store now occupied by Messrs. J. D. Mason & Co. sep 11, tl 1st oct.

SMOKED HERRING.

300 BOXES JUST RECEIVED, for sale cheap.
H. COOMBS.
Sept. 15, 1879. 3ins

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Room