



Established 1823. **Charlottetown, P. E. Island, Wednesday, May 14, 1856.** New Series, No. 342.

HAZARD'S GAZETTE
Published by Hazard & Owen
Queen Square,
Is issued twice a week, at 15s. per year,
and monthly.

THE LATEST NEWS, AT HOME & ABROAD.

Harness and Coach Hardware.
EDWARD DANA,
MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER
29 Kilby Street, (near State), Boston.
Offers for Cash at low prices, Springs, Axes, Bolts, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, Enamelled Cloth, Patent and Enamelled Leather, all of first quality. Execution suitable from on hand, and furnished to order and pattern. Full assortment American Hardware, PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS.

A good Assortment
WILSON'S
Botanic Medicine
AND
Homoeopathic Preparations,
with full directions for
INTERNAL USE.

B. O. & G. C. WILSON'S
Compound Sarsaparilla,
Neurophatic Drops,
Wild Cherry Balsam,
Dysentery and Cholera Syrup and
Wild Cherry Bitters.
For Sale by Hazard & Owen,
Sole wholesale Agents for Prince Edward Island

DRAIN WATER PIPES.
FOR SALE at the QUEEN'S SQUARE, HURON.
A quantity of superior Salt-glazed Stone-ware, Pipes, Junctions, Bricks, &c. from 2 inches to 16 in diameter, supplying the cheapest and most efficient means of conveying water under ground.
WILLIAM HEARD,
Charlottetown, 22d April, 1856.

NEW BOOK
Just issued from the Press of Hazard & Owen,
price 2s.
The Constitution of the Government of Newfoundland
IN its Legislative and Executive Departments, with
Appendix containing the Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly by
JOHN LITTLE, Esq., Barrister at Law.

New Books!
HAZARD & OWEN HAVE JUST RECEIVED
this day, "Majestic," 1 case BOOKS, from
Edinburgh, among which, are a new supply of
CHAMBERS' PUBLICATIONS, viz—Chambers' Encyclopaedia, English Literature, & Natural History; Journal of Popular Literature, new series, Jan. to July, 1855.
Picquet's History of England, 1st volume, A History of the People as well as of the Kingdom, illustrated with many beautiful Wood Engravings, and to be completed in 12 volumes.
Chambers' Pocket Miscellany. Tales for the Road and Rail. Mathematics. Algebra. Geometry. Arithmetic. Book-keeping & Natural Philosophy and Science, in all its branches, &c.

Also, from Messrs. Oliver & Boyd,
Essex Latin Grammar; Edwards' Latin Delicacies;
Dymally's Century; Field's English Dictionary;
Foster's Johnson's & Keay's Latin's Grammar;
Archibald's Questions; Merchants' English;
Mackenzie's France; Stewart's Madras Geography;
Companion's Signs of the Times, urgent questions;
Constantin's Discussion with D. French, Esq., &c.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for MAY, just received at HAZARD & OWEN'S Book Store.

Boat Found!
A young man of the Harbor, a BOAT, about 13 thirteen feet long. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses on application to—
JAMES MCKINNON, Custom Agent.
May 3, 1856.

BOSTON HOUSE.
Restaurants and Coffee Saloon.
Trotter's Building, Upper Grand George Street. THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of this City and the Island generally, that he has moved to the above street, where he will continue to carry on BUSINESS in connection with a BROTHER, and he trusts by strict attention to his business to merit a continuance of public patronage.
G. J. McDUGGALL,
17 Private entrance for ladies.
N. B.—The above establishment will be open to the public on and after Saturday, the 22nd instant. **Charlottetown, March 17, 1856.**

Carriage Bells.
H. HAZARD & OWEN have received a large Stock of the above—of the following sizes—

LENGTH.	DIAMETER.
1 1/2	3 1/2 to 3 3/8
2	4 to 4 1/8
2 1/2	4 1/2 to 5
3	4 3/4 to 5 1/8
3 1/2	5 to 5 1/2
4	5 1/4 to 5 3/4
4 1/2	5 3/4 to 6

These Bells have nearly turned brass and are offered for sale at from 25 to 30 percent lower than they can be made for on the Island.

COPAL VARNISH.
A FEW Tins—each of superior COPAL VARNISH for sale by
H. HAZARD,
Charlottetown, July 21, 1855.

ALLIANCE
LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1812.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.
CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island—
Ed. Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Henley, James Loucheux, Esq., Robert Hartley, Esq., Thomas Rogers.
Detached Bibles taken at low Provisions No charge for Delivery. Terms of Application, and any other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W. DeLorge Esq., Charlottetown, P. E. I., C. B. DUMALL, Agent for P. E. Island.
April 7th, 1854.

Dwelling House and Land FOR SALE.
THE DWELLING HOUSE belonging to Mr. Thomas Keoughan, and now occupied by Mr. Edward Ford, Pensioner, adjacent to the Government Pond and abutting the premises of Mr. John Cavanagh, Possessor of the above Freehold Property having a substantial HOUSE, 15 x 21 feet, and recently built, will be sold at a low Price. For further particulars inquire of the owner, next door.
THOMAS KEOUGHAN.
Jan. 25, 1856.

FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED SCALES,
OF ALL VARIETIES,
Warehouse, 34 Kilby Street, BOSTON.
GREENLEAF & BROWN,
AGENTS.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.
February 9, 1856.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

THE TREATY OF PEACE.
The treaty of peace has at length been published, and although the principal points had previously oozed out, in some form or other, before the text itself reached the dignity of newspaper type, still the perusal of the document in its entirety shows that the objects for which the war was undertaken have been substantially gained, with certain collateral advantages, which cannot fail to benefit the commerce of Europe and the world. Many valuable lives have been sacrificed in this contest, and many millions of treasure have been expended. We cannot recall the former, but certainly the advantages arising from the free navigation of the Danube and opening the Black Sea to the trade of England, will go far to compensate us for the mere pecuniary loss. The war was entered upon to protect Turkey from the Genoeze. Russia. No one will deny, that if England and France had not combined to beat back the Muscovite hordes, the city of the Sultan would long ago have been in the grasp of the Czar, the Mediterranean would have become a Russian lake, and the independence of every European power would have been jeopardized. This was the declared object of the invasion of the Danubian provinces—a project avowed by Nicholas I. at Hamilitz Seymour. From the war, then, there was no escape. It was forced upon us by an inevitable destiny, and although the independence of Turkey was the primary cause, "national animosities" have been taken from Russia that she shall not trench again on her neighbour's property,—that she shall not construct nor preserve any naval or military arsenals on the Black Sea; that the Turkish provinces in Asia, at present occupied by the Russians, shall be given up; that the boundaries of Turkey and Russia are to be so defined, by which the former will secure on her Moldavian frontier an acquisition of territory at the expense of her rapacious rival; that the naval armaments of both countries shall be restricted to a few light vessels for the services of their respective coasts; and that Russia, by a readjustment of her Caucasian frontier, will be pushed from the bar's of the Danube. These and other stipulations are the securities which the war has given to Turkey, and while the last-named country has been greatly strengthened by the result of the contest, Russia has been more than correspondingly weakened. The Sultan, on his part, is called upon to concede something for these great and manifold advantages, and while the condition of his Christian subjects is to be greatly ameliorated, the rights and privileges of the people of Moldavia and Wallachia are defined and secured. All classes of the population, without distinction of birth or faith, shall enjoy civil rights, especially the right of property under every form. All trades shall be free, and monopolies of every description radically suppressed. If to this we add the freedom of the Black Sea to every nation, the appointment of consuls in its ports, the navigation of the Danube under circumstances most favourable to trade, and the other concessions extorted from Russia, it will be seen that the allies everything has been given which could reasonably be demanded, and that the Western Powers may, in fact, achieved a triumph of diplomacy, the text of the treaty is certainly more cheerfully and hopefully than its detached features, which previously found their way into print, led us to expect.

THE TREATY OF PEACE.
The treaty of peace published in the Daily News, on Wednesday appeared in the Le Nord and another Brussels journal on the same day.

THE CZAR'S MOSCOW SPEECH.
The Independence throws some doubts on the authenticity of the speech alleged to have been delivered at Moscow by the Czar.

THE POPE'S VISIT TO FRANCE.
The official Gazette of Milan announces that the Pope will about the 15th of June set out for Paris.
The Paris says it is evident that the official Milan Gazette, in announcing that the Pope was to visit France has fallen into a mistake, and that the departure from Rome of which the Milan journal speaks, is that of the cardinal aliere who is to represent his Holiness at the baptism of the Imperial Prince.

RUSSIA.
Intelligence has been received from St. Petersburg that Prince de Gielesstein, bearer of the ratification of the Emperor Alexander, has quitted that city, and may be expected in Paris towards the end of the month.

RUSSIAN DESPATCH.
The Journal de St. Petersburg of the 14th contains a despatch from General Luders, giving an account of an interview with the commander-in-chief of the allied armies, whom he afterwards invited to dinner. The Russian general gave as a toast the healths of the Emperor, Queen Victoria, and King of Sardinia. Marshal Felissier proposed the health of the Emperor Alexander, and in a long speech expressed his veneration for his Majesty and his warm sympathies for the Russian troops. A great number of officers and soldiers of the allied armies visited the Russian camp. General Luders adds, that on the whole great cordiality prevailed on both sides.

THE LEIPSIK FAIR.
The fair at Leipzig now pending is said to be better attended and more productive than any for the last 50 years. The manufacturers of cotton goods in Saxony are using every exertion to compete with France and England, and the use of machinery is making rapid progress.

THE CRIMEA.
CAMP, April 11.—The preparations for the speedy evacuation of the Crimea are proceeding with rapidity and energy. It is said, that 6000 Sardinians will be first to leave, and the Guards the first English troops. No intelligence has been received respecting the future destination of the troops. The sanitary state of the army is excellent—for one regiment, 700 strong, only two men on the sick list. The intercourse between the Russians and the Allies increases. A great attraction is the Russian band of 150, at Mackenzie. The same day, on playing the Russian National Anthem, every Russian took off his cap, and also when "God Save the Queen" was performed;—but the English officers proceeded did not pay the same delicate compliment to their enemies will the English fraternize more freely with the Russians than at first. The thermometer has risen in one day to 70 deg.