THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. "This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES. SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

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Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 3rd day, 8h., 28.8m., a.m., S.W.
New Moon 11th day, 5h, 52.2m., a. m., E.
First Quarter 19th day, 7h., 39.7., a. m., N., (below horizon.)
Full Moon 26th day, 2h., 9.6m., a. m., S.W.

D M	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Day's len'h
		h m	h m	morn	aftr'n	h m
1	Sunday	5 44	6 23	0 30	1 59	1239
2	Monday	42	25	1 30	2 55	43
3	Tuesday	40	26	2 21	4 7	46
4	Wednesday	38	27	3 3	5 30	49
5	Thursday	37	29	3 37	6 52	52
6	Friday	35	30	4 10	7 54	55
7	Saturday	33	32	4 37	8 32	59
8	Sunday	31	33	5 1	9 22	13 2
9	Monday	29	34	5 25	9 58	5
10	Tuesday	27	35	5 48	10 32	8
11	Wednesday	25	37	6 12	11 1	12
12	Thursday	23	38	6 38	11 33	15
13	Friday	22	40	7 7	morn	18
14	Saturday	20	41	7 41	0 4	21
15	Sunday	18	42	8 20	0 37	24
16	Monday	16	43	9 6	1 13	27
17	Tuesday	15	45	9 59	1 53	30
18	Wednesday	13	46	11 0	2 40	33
19	Thursday	11	47	aftr'n	3 40	36
20	Friday	9	48	5	4 54	39
21	Saturday	8	50	1 16	6 17	42
22	Sunday	6	52	2 28	7 32	46
23	Monday	4	53	3 50	8 28	49
24	Tuesday	2	54	4 55	9 19	52
25	Wednesday	0	55	6 23	10 3	55
26	Thursday	4 58	56	7 43	10 45	58
27	Friday	57	6 58	9 1	11 27	14 1
28	Saturday	56	7 0	10 14	aft 10	4
29	Sunday	54	1	11 19	0 56	6
30	Monday	52	7 3	morn	1 45	14 9

MEDICAL.

Dr. Jenkins & Dr. S. R. Jenkins,
OFFICE:
GREAT GEORGE STREET,
Opposite St. Dunstan's Cathedral.
feb24—2m wky tf wky pat her

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
RECEIVERS OF
Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit & Vegetables.
142, 144 Commercial Street,
BOSTON, MASS.

—FOR—
B-O-S-T-O-N
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
THE PALACE STEAMERS,
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Tuesday and Thursday at 8.00 p. m

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, $6.50, 2nd class; $8.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. Ry., F. W. HALES, P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.
Feb. 24, 1888—wky

AMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE
MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,
BROKERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX.

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyshe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,
TEA MERCHANTS,
71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINCING LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax.
oct 24, 1887—

ANOTHER LIST.

OUR LAST SPECIAL OFFERS brought hundreds of extra customers to our Store, and in order to still keep up the supply of Bargains, we have prepared a new list, and ask you to read every item.

As only a few DOLMANS, REDINGOTES and SACQUES remain, we will, in order to make a clean sweep, offer them at ridiculously low prices—so now is your chance. In FANCY ULSTERS and SACQUE CLOTHS, you can have your choice at large discounts, and in TWEEDS our values are of the very best.

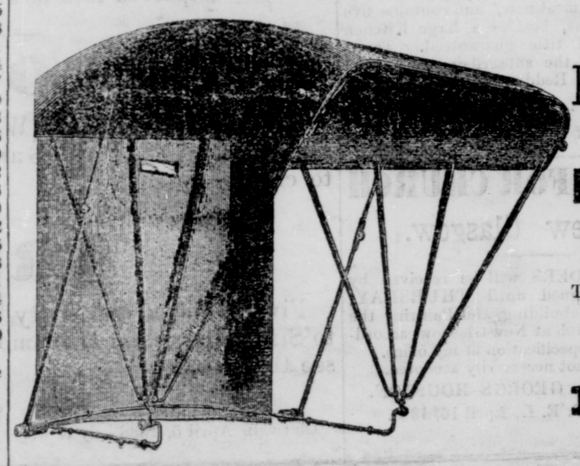
Our DRESS GOODS trade has been very large this season, owing to the excellent value we have been giving; but our new reduced prices we expect to cause a genuine rush. Remember, our Stock is Fresh, and we are offering the most Fashionable Trimmings at Large Discounts, and you only need see them to find just what will suit you.

We are to the front with a Choice Stock of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES and INSERTIONS, CASH'S FRILLINGS EDGINGS of all kinds, and a Stock of WHITE COTTONS—the best value we have ever offered.

It Pays to buy your Dry Goods and Millinery at

BEER BROS.

Charlottetown, Feb. 10, 1888.—eod & w



WE OFFER
Better Value
—IN—
BUGGY TOPS
Than any other House in Canada.
IN STOCK:
BODIES
ALL STYLES.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
CARRIAGE GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

GENERAL HARDWARE and MILL SUPPLIES.

NORTON & FENNELL,
City Hardware Store.
Charlottetown, March 5, 1888.

BEER & GOFF'S.

Headquarters for Staple and Fancy Groceries.

We Have Now on Hand a Very Large Stock of

CANNED GOODS, in Peaches, Pine Apple, Corn, Tomatoes, French Peas, Sardines, Salmon, Lobster, Corned Beef, Dried Beef, Ox Tongue, Cured Tongue, Pea Soup, &c., &c.

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTER SAUCE, Tomato Sauce, Harvey's Sauce, Mushroom Catsup, Yorkshire Relish, Mangoe Chutney, Capers, Ess. Anchovies, China Say Olives, Curry Powder, Salad Oil, French Mustard, &c., &c.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S MIXED PICKLES. Chow Chow, Onions, Piccalilli and Pickled Walnuts.

KEILLER'S MARMALADE, JAMS and JELLIES of all kinds.

POTTED HAM, Devillled Ham, Potted Tongue, LIEBEG'S EXT. MEAT, Fluid Beef, Milk Food.

All Fresh, Good Stock.

BEER & GOFF,
Queen and King Squares' Stores.
Feb. 9, 1888—oaw & wky

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

Assets 1st January, 1887, - - - - - -	$38,046,884.56
Assets in Canada, " - - - - - - -	673,375.05

This Company offers every advantage of the most undoubted security, liberal contracts, low rates, and prompt payment of losses to the insured.

☞ Policies issued for three years on Dwellings, Churches etc., at reduced rates.

LEONARD MORRIS, Agent, Summerside.
R. R. FITZGERALD, Agent, Charlottetown.
February 11, 1888—3m 2aw pd

Sheriff's Sale.

EDWARD JARVIS HODGSON, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of DANIEL HODGSON, Plaintiff,
and
LAWRENCE WHELAN, Defendant.

BY virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, at the suit of the said Edward Jarvis Hodgson, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of Daniel Hodgson, against the said Lawrence Whelan, I have taken and seized as the *Property of the above-named* Defendant, Lawrence Whelan, the following property, namely: All that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 34, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the north-west angle of Plot No. 237, on the west side of a road leading to Stanhope; thence west seventy-three chains, or until it meets the east boundary of a tract of land now or lately in possession of John Auld; thence north twenty chains; thence east seventy-three chains, or until it meets the said road; thence following the course thereof south twenty chains to the place of commencement, containing one hundred and forty-six acres of land, a little more or less, being thus described in a certain Indenture of Lease made the 19th day of November, 1849, between Sir Graham G. Montgomery, of the one part, and Neil McGinnis, of the other part.

ALSO—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 34 aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say, having a front of ten chains on the west side of the Friston Road, and running back west by parallel lines, bounded on the south by Hugh Connors' farm, on the north partly by John Auld's farm and partly by vacant land, and on the west partly by John Landerkin's farm and John Auld's farm, containing seventy-four (74) acres, a little more or less, being thus described in an Indenture of Lease, dated the 4th day of December, A. D. 1841, and made between Sir Graham G. Montgomery, of the one part, and John Ware, of the other part, the two tracts of land containing two hundred and twenty acres, a little more or less.

ALSO—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 34 aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say, by a line commencing on the west side of the Covehead Road, at a point ten chains south from the north boundary of a tract of one hundred and twenty-one and three-quarter acres of land, conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to William Brown; it runs thence west fifty-eight chains and sixty links, or to a tract of seven and three-quarter acres assigned by said Lawrence Whelan to William Brown aforesaid; thence south three chains and twelve links; thence east to the road; thence north along the road to the place of commencement, containing eighteen acres and one rood of land, a little more or less.

ALSO—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 34 aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say, by a line commencing on the east side of the Covehead Road, in the southern boundary of land conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to William Wooldridge; it runs thence east fifty-four chains; thence south ten chains to land now or formerly in possession of Michael Landrigan; thence west to the road: thence north along the same to the place of commencement, containing fifty-four acres of land, a little more or less.

ALSO—All that other tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being on Lot 34 aforesaid, being thirty acres of land, more or less, part of a block of eighty-five acres of land devised by John Auld, deceased, to his son, Edward Auld, bounded on the south by land now or lately in the occupation of Michael Landrigan's north division line, and running north by parallel lines to the lands now or lately in the possession of Benjamin Hughes; bounded on the west by lands now or lately in the possession of Richard Toombs, and also by lands in the possession of the said Lawrence Whelan, and running east by parallel lines to the lands now or lately in possession of Edward Auld, a sufficient distance to include an area of thirty acres, as the same hath been for some time possessed by the said Lawrence Whelan, in Queen's County.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on WEDNESDAY, the twelfth day of September, A. D. 1888, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, in the said County, set up and sell by Public Auction, all the above described properties, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on said Writ, being the sum of Three Hundred and Thirty Dollars and Eighteen Cents, with interest on Two Hundred and Fifty-nine Dollars and Fifty-five Cents, at seven and one-half per cent. from the eighth day of February, 1888, until paid, besides Sheriff's fees and all incidental expenses.

JAMES CURTIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Queen's County, March 27th, A. D., 1888.
E. J. HODGSON, Plaintiff in person.
mch31—3i law

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the Twentieth day of April, A. D. 1888, at Twelve o'clock, noon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the Fourteenth day of March, A. D. 1884, and made between Alexander Lemon, of Montague Bridge, of the one part, and Archibald Kennedy, Francis Dogherty and Eliza Dewar, of the other part:—

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of Land situate, lying and being at Montague, on Township Number Fifty-two, in King's County, bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the west side of Main Street, at the north-east angle of land in possession of Archibald McLaren, and running thence west along Archibald McLaren's boundary line for a distance of one hundred and ten feet, or until it meets land in possession of John Annear; thence north along said John Annear's east boundary line for a distance of fifty-five feet, or until it meets land in possession of John Dalziel Bell; thence east for a distance of one hundred and ten feet to Main Street; thence south along said street for a distance of fifty-three feet to the place of commencement. Also—All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate at Montague Bridge aforesaid, and bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at the north-east angle of a plot of land in possession of Charles D. Poole, and running from thence in a northwardly direction (along the west side of the street leading from Main Street to the new Government Wharf) for a distance of fifty feet; thence at right angles westwardly one hundred feet; thence south parallel with the aforesaid street fifty feet, or until it meets the north boundary of land in possession of Charles D. Poole; thence east along said boundary to the place of commencement, containing one-eighth of an acre, a little more or less. Also—All that other tract, piece or parcel of land situate at Montague, Township Number Fifty-nine, and bounded as follows: Commencing on the south-western side of the road leading from the Ferry Road to Montague Bridge, in the western boundary of fifty acres now or formerly in possession of Augustine C. McDonald; thence south three degrees east along said boundary to the rear boundary of farms fronting on that section of the Montague River; thence following said line westwardly ten chains; thence north three degrees west to the Ferry Road; thence east along the same to a continuation of the east boundary of three and three-quarter acres sold to Hugh McPherson, and in the possession of Charles D. Poole; thence northwardly along the same to the Montague River Road, and thence southeastwardly along the same to the place of commencement, containing eighty acres and one quarter, a little more or less, together with all houses, buildings, rights, members and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Dated this Twentieth day of March, A. D. 1888

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY,
FRANCIS DOGHERTY,
ELIZA DEWAR,
Mortgagees.

mch21—law tl sle (wed)

NOTICE.

ALL AMOUNTS due the estate of HARRIS & STEWART must be paid at once to the undersigned, at the office of the London House, or they will be sued for.

F. W. MOORE, Assignee.
Ch'town, March 29, 1888.

Mr. Davies Opposes.

(St. John Sun.)

Nothing can be more harmless than the attacks on the fishery treaty by Mr. Davies. This gentleman has an unfortunate talent for talking, and is so unfortunate as to be proud of the gift. People relate that he sometimes boasts that he has been selected by his leaders more often than any other person for the performance of that sometimes important duty known as speaking against time. It has not yet occurred to Mr. Davies that this business is only undertaken by members whose words are of little weight, and that the invitation to a man to enter into a conflict with time is not a compliment. Fairness to Mr. Davies compels us to say that time has been ignominiously beaten in every one of these matches so far recorded. As for Mr. Davies himself, he has acquired the reputation of being able and willing to speak fluently, energetically, and even violently on either subject whether he knows anything about it or not. The people of Sackville have not yet forgotten the magnificent eulogium which Mr. Davies not long since pronounced upon Mr. Blake. This was at the beinning of the Rielite agitation, and Mr. Blake had not up to that time expressed his sympathy with the movement. According to Mr. Davies his "leader had but to say the word in order to secure power and position," and it was Mr. Blake's refusal to make a base barter of his principles that called forth the brilliant tribute from the orator of the day. Mr. Blake afterwards said the word, and Mr. Davies continued to praise him in the same eloquent fashion as before. A few months ago Mr. Davies was using all his persuasive powers to induce the Charlottetown Board of Trade to pass a resolution in favor of Commercial Union. In the course of one of his arguments he proved that Commercial Union was the only possible form of entire free trade. Unrestricted Reciprocity on any other basis was, according to him, quite out of the question. The Americans would be fools to accept it, and persons of good sense would not seriously consider it. A few weeks later Mr. Davies made a brilliant speech several hours long in favor of the policy which he ridiculed in Charlottetown.

It appears that this same orator has made another eloquent address. This time he denounces the course of the government in respect to the fishery treaty, characterizing that arrangement as a give away, a back down, a capitulation, a surrender, and several things of this sort. This does not hurt the treaty, which remains an excellent arrangement. It does not imperil the future of the treaty bill, against which we venture to predict that Mr. Davies will not vote.

There is a mischevious tendency in the foolish and grossly inaccurate statements made by Mr. Davies respecting the regulations of last year and the manner of their enforcement, wherein it is made to appear that American fishermen were unfairly and harshly treated. It may be assumed that the purpose of this is to confirm those United States senators who are not well informed in the opinion that Canada has dealt in an unfriendly manner with the New England fishermen. Sir Charles Tupper's statement that great pains had been taken to place the senators in possession of correct information appears to have impressed upon such men as Mr. Davies the necissity of restoring the former incorrect and injurious opinion. Mr. Davies on this point is perhaps not quite so futile as Mr. Davies on the treaty.

Guernsey Grades.

Guernseys are yearly becoming more popular among butter dairymen and farmers, and their merits make them worthy of attention. The grade Guernsey cows have produced records which are hard to excel, showing that this breed of cattle can transmit their sterling qualities to their offspring, whether through full bloods or through the so-called native or common cows of the country. One of the best cows we ever had was the daughter of a son of the imported Guernsey bull, Sir Champion, and of a good native cow. Soon after her second calf, in June, on grass alone, she made a weekly record of sixteen and three-quarter pounds of butter, which was excellent in flavor and rich in color. This was without any forcing whatever in the way of feeding, showing that, had she been pushed with suitable food in addition to the grass supply we might have considerably increased the record. We have other fine heifers from this Guernsey bull, but did not have their capacity tested, being fully satisfied with the total performances of the herd under ordinary good management.—*American Agriculturist.*

It is shown by figures that artificial flowers are going out of style in England and that lace is coming in. The value of the artificial flowers imported in 1882 reached the enormous sum of two and a half millions of dollars, while in 1886 it fell of to one million and a quarter. On the other hand, the value of the lace taken into England in 1882 was about three millions of dollars and it increased in 1886 to more than all the artificial flowers, but Holland and Belgium were lively competitors in the lace trade.

The ladies of the aristocracy of St. Petersburg have organised a series of sleigh races in which they are to be the drivers. Each will have her own color, and the competitors must not be less than 20 years of age nor more than 40. Entries are limited to the aristocracy, and the prizes are very magnificent.

TEA AT MONTAGUE.—Please bear in mind that on the 27th of June next the Tea of the season will be held at Montague, in aid of the Methodist Church, which it is expected will then be well on towards completion. Notices of special attractions to the Tea will appear in the papers in due time. 1m—mch15

HAVE decided to clear out balance of stock, of Carpets, in Brussels, Scotch, and Tapestries, goods must be sold—bargains will be given
J. B. Macdonald's. ap 5 d w

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Letter from Mr. W. C. Lea.

SIR,—In your weekly of March 30th, I observe a communication from James C. Dewar, of Brudenell, purporting to be a reply to mine of March 17th, in the *Patriot* which merits a reply, simply because of the mean insinuations and false assertions it contains. As to argument there is none. The writer pleads guiltry to being a Free Trader and a Liberal, also to all contained in his second paragraph. But the third contains not one word of truth. The Farmers Club to which he refers, was organized by the writer in 1875, and was managed in the interests of both farmer and shipper. As a proof of this I refer him to the firm of Welsh & Owen, and the Hughes Bros., Charlottetown. In the Spring of 1881 we unfortunately fell in with a bad egg in the market, and sold our potatoes to a prominent local buyer who failed to pay up. This mistake resulted in the breaking up of the Club.

Some one says that the man who is so ready to impute sinister motives to his neighbor is a man well worth watching. Was pecunary gain my only object, then my interests would be to make as many bushels out of a load as possible. But while I am anxious to do the best possible for myself and others as farmers, still, I feel in justice bound to see that the trader, whose money I use, gets justice at my hands.

We are not objecting to weighing potatoes whenever convenient, but rather prefer doing so; but do most positively object to having any iron bound rule till such times as we learn to market our potatoes as is done in other places. The fairest way to handle potatoes is by the bushel of 60 lbs, or by the barrel.

We recently passed through from Cape Tormentine to Pictou by rail, and saw potatoes moving at several sidings on the route. But with two exceptions, the ordinary flour barrel was the measure used. The people didn't look to be very barbarous either; the price also seemed to compare fairly well with the measure.

Now, in conclusion, I have to inform Mr. Dewar that I am as ever in favor of Farmers' Clubs; that there are questions of vastly more importance to us than the potato tub; questions as to the production and preparation of produce for market; some organized system whereby farmers would have a voice in the prices of their own products. Why, let me ask, are we getting but 25 to 30 cents for our oats, while in Montreal they are worth 46 to 48 cents? Where could the provinces get their oats as cheap as they would be to them at (say) 34 cents here? Nowhere. But we allow the speculators to fix the price of oats without a murmur, while we keep up a continual squeal about the potato tub, which don't amount to anything when done. If Mr. Dewar or the Dairymens' Association are willing to discuss the potato or any other question pertaining to our interests as farmers, we will be pleased to hear from them at any time; but if they propose to use mean insinuations and false assertions for arguments, we have no use for them in any public discussion.

Yours with thanks,
WM. C. LEA.
Victoria, April 14, 1888.

A Blunder Corrected.

(St. John Sun.)

Mr. Mulock caught the government rather neatly the other day, when he called attention to the fact that the order in council removing the duty from certain fruits, seeds and trees, only applied to the articles when imported from the United States. This was discrimination against Great Britain. Sir John was obliged to acknowledge the corn, but to show that no discrimination was intended, he announced that the matter would be rectified, and the goods in question would be admitted free from all countries. The extent of the discrimination against Great Britain will be judged by the following statement of the quantity imported from Great Britain and the amount of duty collected under the late tariff. It is possible that certain seeds, not specially mentioned in the trade tables may be imported from England. This item might swell the amount by several dollars. The list below contains all of which definite information is given:

	Importation from Great Britain. value. $	Duty paid, $
Apples.....	none	none
Berries.....	none	none
Cherries and currants.....	none	none
Plums and quinces.....	none	none
All other green fruits.....	18	3.60
Apple trees.....	27	6.06
Pear trees.....	41	9.12
Plum trees.....	50	6.80
Cherry trees.....	10	3.00
Quince trees.....	none	none
All other fruit trees.....	15	3.00
Ornamental shrubs and trees.....	1,824	364.80
Vines and small fruit bushes.....	none	none
Total.....	$1,985	$397.38

The government propose to sacrifice this $396.38 duty and remove the discrimination.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind mar 8 eod & wky