

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 3.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1878.

NO. 344.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager, Office Sup't.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.  
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!  
ON AND AFTER  
MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No 5 M ed
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.39 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.59 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	" 6.32 "	" 10.45 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
N. Wiltshire	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25
Hunter River	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42
Breadalbane	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00
County Line	" 7.58 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38
Kensington	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48
Summerside	" 8.33 "	" 2.38 "	" 8.25
Wellington	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00
Port Hill	" 9.52 "	" 4.40 "	
O'Leary	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
Alberton	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
Tignish	" 12.00 "	" 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.50 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 mixed
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	" 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	" 8.57 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 10.22 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 11.10 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.07
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.46
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 7.58
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.48 "	" 8.35
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.52
Ch'town	" 8.05 "	ar 4.00 "	" 9.45
Royalty Jun.	" 8.23 "	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.05
Mt. Stewart	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
Cardigan	dp 8.05 am	dp 3.40 "	
Georgetown	" 8.23 "	dp 4.10 "	
	ar 9.20 "	dp 5.25 "	
	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
	" 10.43 "	" 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

## SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p. m.	Dp 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	" 4.59 "	" 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	A 5.25 "	Ar 9.20 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	Ar 11.40 "	Ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,  
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R.  
Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

## QUEEN INSURANCE CO., Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.  
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.  
Special rates for isolated residences.  
Losses settled promptly.  
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),  
Agent for Prince Edward Island  
June, 1877—

## CARD.

MISS ROBERTS (formerly of Mr. R. Watson, Royal Academy of Music), begs to inform the ladies of Charlottetown that she would be happy to receive pupils for instruction in Music at her residence, head of Pownall Street. Reference as to capability may be made to Mrs. Bayfield or to Mrs. Pennee, of this City.  
Charlottetown, June 21, 1878—eod

1878.

## THE Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.  
It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

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CHEAPEST AND BEST

## The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

## LOCAL NEWS

and is always well filled with Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

## The Daily Examiner:

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For Three Months, . . . . . 1.25  
For One Month, . . . . . .50

W. L. COTTON,  
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.  
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

## DR. CLEMENT, SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS to inform the citizens of Charlottetown and vicinity that he has opened an office next door to the Reform Club (rooms formerly of Dr. Caldwell), for the practice of Dentistry. He has adopted the following Scale of Charges, to suit the times, and to put Dentistry within the reach of all:—  
For a full upper or lower Set of Teeth, \$10 00  
For partial Sets—each tooth, . . . . . 1 00  
For Gold Fillings, . . . . . 1 00  
For Amalgam and all composition fillings, 50  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST-CLASS.  
In inserting Artificial Teeth, the Best Material only is used, and a perfect fit warranted in all cases, or no pay.  
Ch'town, July 6, 1878—pat 3aw ar pres.

## DR. H. A. PARKER, SURGEON DENTIST,

(LATE OF OTTAWA).  
OFFICE . . . OVER APOTHECARIES' HALL.  
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.  
Ch'town, June 3, 1878—2aw

## WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as THE RANKIN HOUSE, in first-class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to Permanent and Transient Boarders. Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.  
WM. WAGSTAFF.  
May 25, 1878.

EMPLOYMENT.—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars, D. DOWNIE & CO., Box 1964, Montreal.  
May 25, 1878—

## P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . \$25,000,  
In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.  
Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed.  
April 16, 1878—

## JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me. The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.  
Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.  
I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS,  
Corner Kent and Prince Streets,  
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878. } 3m 2aw

## St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:  
ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.  
Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.  
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,  
Secretary.  
March 25—1y law

## HARPER'S HISTORY OF THE MARITIME PROVINCES, COLLINS' GEOGRAPHY, Chemistry Of Common Things

and other School Books just received at THE SCHOOL BOOK DEPOT, HARVIE'S BOOK-STORE;  
Ch'town, April 8—eod

## Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents.

### A Grievance.

To the Editor of the Examiner:  
Sir,—As you have always used your pen boldly and fearlessly in the advocacy of popular rights and to put down wrongs and oppression, I feel assured that I need only mention a wrong and a great injustice which is being perpetrated upon a portion of the tenants of Lot 48, to draw your sympathies and enlist your pen in our behalf. When the "Land Purchase Act 1875" became law it was reasonably expected that every tenant on P. E. I. would be made free; that every tenant would have equal rights under it; but you may imagine our disappointment and chagrin when I inform you that we, on a portion of this Lot, are still in bondage, and are being sued and writted for rent; and what makes the matter doubly grievous is, that within the last few years our rents, in consequence of certain provisions in our leases, have become doubled; and this, with taxes trebled, hard times and bad crops, is dragging us down to the very verge of ruin. We have applied to Beer and McGill, and all we can get is promises—which mean nothing. But, Mr. Editor, I feel it in my very bones and marrow that a day of vengeance is approaching, and the cruel and incompetent pack who unfortunately rules the country will be swept away, as a foul stain upon the political history of P. E. Island; and I hope, Mr. Editor, you will use your pen to bring about so desirable an end.  
A TENANT ON LOT 48.  
July 11, 1878.  
(Will the "Presbyterian" and other papers please copy?)

### British Federation.

The following is the concluding paragraph of an article in the London Spectator on Lord Dufferin's career in Canada:—  
"One point of great political importance comes out in the Canadian history of the past five years, and especially in the relation of the Canadian people with Lord Dufferin. The federation of English Colonies does not diminish, but distinctly increases, their loyalty to the Mother State. One would have imagined, reasoning only a priori, that with each step which a colonial people took towards nationality, their jealousy of the prestige, and the authority, and the interference of the Mother Country would become deeper, until at last even the appearance of any control, any superiority, would be resented as an affront. One would have expected that the desire for a separate foreign policy, for a status apart in the great world, and for careers without a limit, would have been the first to be developed in a young and vigorous nationality. So far, however, is this from being the case, that federation seems to soothe Colonial susceptibilities. The greatness of a Dominion, as compared with a Colony, satisfies more ambitions than it excites. Ever since the confederation of the Canadas, the Canadian jealousy of Great Britain has perceptibly declined, and the popular feeling for the Viceroy, as the link with the Mother Country, has perceptibly increased, till opinion in Canada contrasts strangely with opinion, say, at the Cape. It is impossible to read the history of the recent Ministerial changes in Cape Colony without seeing that the desire to carry on war cheaply was not, as the Times imagines, the only motive of Mr. Molteno and his party in desiring that all military trophies should be left to them, and the Queen's authority withdrawn. There was also a bitter jealousy of British authority—a dislike of the representative of this country, not as Sir Bartle Frere, but as a foreign authority—a wish to go their own way, in indifference to the rights and even to the interests of the whole Empire—feelings which had before come out very strongly in the discussions on Lord Carnarvon's plan for confederation. The Government was, in fact swayed by a small spirit of localism which blinded its members, not only to the interests of South Africa, but of what was possible under the relation of the Empire to the Colony. They actually asked that the Queen should cease to command her own forces, and the link between the Colony and the British Government be reduced to an empty form. That is the very spirit which federation has charmed away in Canada, and which it would probably charm away in South Africa, for the body of whites support Sir Bartle Frere, and before the dispute arose had expressed their approval of federation. Of course, the temper of the Canadians and that of the South Africans is not the same. There is something of the Scotch real-satisfied temper about Canadians, which makes them less susceptible than the South Africans, who have caught from the Dutch something of the bitter suspiciousness and irritability natural to men ruled by an alien Government; but a minute localism has much to do with it also. The South Africans are never likely to be oppressed, though oppression was tried once, in the matter of the convicts; but they think or fancy they might be, or at least are as irritable as if they did, and consequently regard every act of the Home Government with a distrust which sometimes become perverse. The people of the Dominion are not afraid of being oppressed, because they know they cannot be, and, consequently, they judge English actions as men judge the actions of friends and comrades, not forgetting their own interests, but not suspicious and not irritable. After all, friendship is strongest between equals, and it is towards equality between Britain and her great off-shoots that the policy of confederation tends. When it is next tried on a great scale, we can only hope, but do not expect, that a man with the gifts of Lord Dufferin may be the first or second Viceroy."

## Miscellaneous News.

Melbourne, Australia, is to exhibitionize in 1880.

There were fifteen cases of sunstroke in New York on Saturday.

Some enterprising Americans planted the Stars and Stripes on Mont Blanc on Fourth July.

Dr. Calkins, aged sixty years, has been announced as insane in Boston because he attempted to shoot his wife aged nineteen years.

Justice Clifford, of the United States Supreme Court, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his marriage at Portland, Me., on the 4th.

Mr. Sothern will sail from Liverpool, per "Adriatic," on the 16th, and expects to spend the month of August salmon fishing in Canada.

Secretary Evarts has instructed the Consul at Tangiers, Morocco, to co-operate with the other Governments in behalf of the oppressed Israelites in the empire of Morocco.

Lieut. Albert Grippenberg, one of the Russian officers now stopping in New York, died on Saturday night, aged 33. He was of noble family, and had attained a high reputation as a naval officer.

The Knight Templars of the Mary Commandery, of Philadelphia, left New York on Saturday on a pilgrimage to Europe. This is the second Commandery that has sailed for Europe within a week.

Prof. Lewis Swift, of Rochester, N. Y., has discovered a comet in the Constellation of Hercules. It is in the right ascension, about 17 hours, 40 large, declination north 18 degrees. It is large, but faint, and is moving slowly in the south-west.

The Manchester Arms Company, of Connecticut, have sent twenty-nine cargoes of arms, valued at \$17,000,000, to Turkey since the outbreak of the war. All of these goods have been delivered promptly and in good condition.

Doctors in the United States were busy last week putting together the bits of boys which had separated from the main stems by explosives on the 4th July. The champion feat was the sewing on of an ear to a boy who had lost that member by a toy cannon bursting. All attempts to put back the eyes and make them good as ever have failed so far.

Bald Mountain, North Carolina, which created such a sensation a year ago, was rescued its unaccountable rumbles. Some excitement prevails. The crack in the mountain has widened about ten feet. Another smaller fissure has also been discovered. It terminates in a large cavern. The whole mountain seems to be hollow.

The Commissioner-General of the Land Office, Washington, on Saturday received a telegram from the Registrar and Receiver of the Walla Walla, Washington Territory, Land Office, inquiring:—"Can we close the office to fight Indians forty miles away?" The Commissioner replied:—"Yes, but only as long as absolutely necessary."

Eight ocean steamers left New York on Saturday full of freight. The oldest freight agent does not remember the time when business was more active. A special feature was the shipment of a telescopic signal tower by the agent of the Russian Legation, and destined for the use of the Russian Government at St. Petersburg.

A gentleman in Washington, who has few if any superiors in acquaintance with Indian affairs, expresses the opinion very positively that a general Indian war is an impossibility, except as the result of a policy on the part of the Government, which would drive all the Indians into war at the same time. He says, notwithstanding the abuses to which many tribes have been subjected at the hands of the whites, their inter-tribal antipathies and long standing feuds furnish motives for warring with each other stronger than any they have for fighting the United States.

Their Excellencies, Lord and Lady Dufferin, arrived at Rimouski at 5 p. m. on Saturday. Over 200 citizens were present to meet them. As the train came into the station, their Excellencies were greeted with cheers. The Mayor, M. Louis Gauvreau, presented an address, to which Lord Dufferin replied in French, thanking the people for their kindness, and spoke of his regret in leaving Canada, his second home. Their Excellencies drove through the town, accompanied by the Mayor and Dr. Fiset, M. P., visited the college and convent, and then left for Bic and embarked on board the "Druid" for Tadoussac.

Hood used to tell a story of a hypochondriac who ran in the habit, two or three times a week, of believing himself dying. On a certain occasion he was taken ill with one of his terrors while riding out in his gig, and happening at the time to see in the road ahead his family physician riding in his carriage in the same direction, he applied the whip to his horse to overtake the old Doctor as soon as he possibly could. The Doctor, however, seeing him coming, applied the whip to his own horse, and as he had a nag that was considered a "goer," they had a close time of it for about three miles. But the hypochondriac, driving a faster horse, finally came alongside the doctor, and exclaimed, "Hang it, doctor, pull up—pull up instantly! I am dying." "I think you are," cried the doctor; "I never saw any one going so fast."

Youth fades; love droops; the leaves of friendship fall; a mother's secret hope outlives them all.

We should often have reason to be ashamed of our most brilliant actions if the world could see the motives from which they spring.

When the heart goes before, like a lamp, and illumines the pathway, many things are made clear that else lie hidden in darkness.

Happiness, in this world, when it comes, comes incidentally. Make it the object of pursuit, and it leads us a wild-goose chase and is never attained.