

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wedge Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Wedge Wood*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

The Relief — OF — Lady Smith,

of South Africa, was nothing compared to the relief that is felt by Mrs. SMITH, and hundreds of other women of P. E. Island, on wash days since they have started using

CILT EDGE SOAP
All first class grocers SELL it.
McINNON & McNEVIN
WHOLESALE AGENTS



Musical Education

One of the first things a man thinks of for his girls is a good musical education, and people are learning more and more that even to a boy, the ability to play a musical instrument is of great advantage.

When you get ready to buy your musical instruments—let us figure with you.

We will treat you right.

MILLER BROS
Queen Street,
Connolly's Building.

Teachers

Attending the Convention, we would like you to call in and look over a large line of "School Helps," we have just received. No difference if you do not wish to buy, come in and see them. Ask to see our Wedgwood Note Paper.

MITCHELL'S BOOKSTORE
Queen St. Opp. Prowse's.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—La Presse of Montreal, points out that Mr. Bergeron is a very much better speaker than Sir Wilfrid Laurier. He has a splendid physique, it says, a fine voice, a convincing manner, and a repartee that is irresistible. Mr. Tarte's paper is angry at this statement, and retorts by describing Bergeron as "one of the enemies of our race," and an "apostate to his nationalty and his religion." It seems that nobody is religious enough for Mr. Tarte unless he rises to the standard which that Minister observes. All the same Mr. Bergeron is an admirable platform speaker, and the Conservatives of Quebec may well be proud of him.

—A Government journal at the capital the Free Press, following up a remark of a Liberal journal at Brockville, says "it is unfortunately true that there is a culpable degree of indifference very extensively displayed as to the coming election. The 'travellers' says so, and there is no better judge of the condition of the public mind than your intelligent drummer. And it cannot be too often repeated that it is by such apathy that elections are lost." After a warning against taking it for granted that the success of the Liberal Government has been so great as to assure its return to power again without effort, the article concludes with another against the over-confidence that preceded the Liberal overthrow of 1878, and an urgent appeal for work and vigilance. The Free Press and other Government journals ought to have exerted their influence in time to stop the extravagance of the promise breakers and caution the scrupulous Master of Administration. Tarte and Tarteism is the cause of Liberal apathy.

EVIDENCES OF UTTER ROUT.

The Boers Swarmed Into Portuguese Territory.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Daily Telegraph publishes a despatch from Mr. Bennett Barleigh, dated Lorenzo Marques, Sept. 25, in which the correspondent says that the Boer collapse is complete. General Pole-Carew entered Komatiport without a shot being fired nor a Boer being seen during the march. Evidence of the enemy's destructiveness, however, was everywhere to be seen. Bridges had been destroyed, the stores, buildings and homesteads looted and burned and the railway stations, among them Hector Spruit and Komatiport, being in ruins. At Komatiport the devastation included hundreds of wagons, trucks and carriages which have been turned, together with all kinds of stores of clothing, ammunition, forage and provisions, such as sugar, coffee, rice, flour and stationery. General Pole-Carew has secured hundreds of locomotives. The whole of the Selati Railway line actually is blocked with rolling stock. In the Crocodile River there were visible literally acres of damaged guns, ammunition wagons, limbers, dynamite detonators and war stores of every sort. In Komatiport, besides the burning stores, hundreds of tons of ammunition, all kinds of caps, gunpowder and other explosives and ready fused shells for guns from the pompano to the six inch broken rifles and cannon. The enemy had left standing many tents.

Any good police force—say one of twenty thousand men—can do the rest of the work of pacification for security. If General Buller and the others move on to seize the passes, neither Ben Viljeon, the new commandant general, with Steyn and Schalkburger, nor Koetze, with the rest of the derelicts from Komatiport, can escape through the mountains toward Lydenburg and Pietersburg, while to remain in the low veldt at this season of the year spells death for man and cattle. The Portuguese have disarmed all the Boer refugees taken. Fifty truck loads with nearly three hundred tons, have been dumped down on the island of Sheffeen, off Lorenzo Marques. The Irish-American mercenaries are clamoring for pay and threatening the Boer officials.

The final collapse of the Boer army is summarized as follows: When the Boers, numbering 2000, evacuated Komatiport they took up positions between the Lombombo range and the river. They had good positions, and could have made a capital stand, but owing to the disorganization and lack of discipline they were only half-hearted. Wishing to avoid a conflict and unnecessary bloodshed, the British Consul-general consulted the Portuguese Governor-General, Senor Maehado, as to the best course to be pursued to attain this end. He asked that emissaries should be sent up with an address to the Boers pointing out the uselessness of continuing their resistance, and the absolute needlessness of going on further. Besides, if they continued to fight there was a fear of the natives rising. Owing to the fact that the Portuguese had been most kind to the Boers, and as they had guaranteed their maintenance and repatriation, and promised to send them back to their country free of charge, the scheme succeeded. Instead of dozens coming down to Lorenzo Marques, 2,500 arrived in this wise.

P. E. ISLAND HOSPITAL.—Mr. Benjamin Rogers acknowledges with thanks the following subscriptions for the P. E. Island Hospital:—

Mr. Benj. Heartz	\$14 50
Mr. Frank Heartz	2 00
Mrs. Sarah Perkins	2 00
Mr. John McEachern	2 00
Mrs. A. John McMillan	2 00
Mr. A. A. Lefurgy	2 00
Mr. Ephraim Lefurgy	50
Amount	\$25 00

THE TRUST MOVEMENT.

Over 3,500 Millions of Capital Invested In It.

A writer in the New York Journal of Commerce has been studying the trust movement in the United States and comes to the conclusion that it is on the decline, principally because the record of new charters in August was the smallest for any month since the movement began. During the last year and a half, according to this authority, the following industrial combinations were formed in the United States, and the list affords only a very slight indication of the real facts:—

General iron and steel com-	
bustions	\$1,439,585,000
Brass	20,000,000
Ceramics	126,950,000
Paper	82,950,000
Chemicals and fertilizers	67,000,000
Sewer Pipe	41,000,000
Glass	25,000,000
Sugar, glucose, etc.	63,000,000
Asphalt, cement and brick	68,700,000
Liquors, etc.	148,950,000
Tobacco	123,000,000
Salt	19,750,000
Coal and coke	178,000,000
Rubber	79,000,000
Food products	86,250,000
Starch, cotton oil, matches	30,500,000
Fruit	24,500,000
Naval stores	3,500,000
Fireproofing	13,000,000
Camera supplies	8,500,000
Type machines	24,500,000
Wood, lumber, etc.	30,600,000
Telephones	106,000,000
Lighting	51,500,000
Vehicle and power com-	
panies	39,000,000
Graphite, carbon, powder,	
etc.	19,000,000
Ice	61,000,000
Leather	45,000,000
Chewing gum	9,000,000
Glue	6,000,000
Machinery	114,000,000
Grand total	\$3,545,335,000
Of which new enterprises	
and new companies re-	
present roughly	700,000,000

From this observation the Journal of Commerce writer comes to the conclusion that trust promoters have been too reckless; that over-capitalization of many of the giant concerns is making their continued existence a matter of considerable speculation. He claims that, instead of killing competition, as the promoters had hoped, the trust has aroused new competition by advancing prices.

THE BUBONIC PLAGUE

Measures to Keep the Scourge out of Canada.

OTTAWA, Sept. 29.—Dr. Montzambert, director general of public health, has returned from the west. In an interview he spoke of the bubonic pest, and the probability of its invading Canada. He stated that a good strong defense has been made and that Canada will escape. There is more danger from the west than from the east. There seems but little doubt but that disease is in San Francisco in a large degree and that the health authorities are keeping all news of the calamity quiet.

The disease is confined to the Chinese and if it is extended it will be by means of the Chinese. No Chinaman can enter Canada without meeting an officer of detection and now that officer will hold all San Francisco Chinamen or any other Chinese will be held until the days of incubation are passed. The Doctor says that arrangements are being made so that the quarantine regulations while effectively enforced on vessels coming from Glasgow will not be so harshly on the vessel owners. Only two freight lines run from Glasgow to Montreal. By the time that these vessels arrive from Glasgow to Montreal the period of incubation is over. The vessels will be examined at Glasgow, but will not be detained lest there is sickness on board. The captain will report all cases of illness. In this way all great precautions will be taken and three days will be saved by the vessels.

STILL SUFFERING.

Dreyfus Says he is a Victim of Mental Anguish.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—The Presse publishes the text of an alleged letter from Alfred Dreyfus, to M. Trardieux, the former Minister of Justice, dated Geneva, Switzerland, September 13th, in which the writer says:

"The moral effects of the iniquity still exist and the mental torture is as great as ever. Since justice has not been done me the aim I pursue remains the same until attained, viz: the legal revision of my trial."

The Presse cites this letter as "proving that the Dreyfusards are still agitating and persist in their intention to keep alive the hatreds and discords of recent years."

There are men who would never be contented to remain at home two evenings in succession with a paragon of beauty and wit for a companion. And there are women who would drive the angel Gabriel out of Paradise in a few months of association, and who would then complain of his neglect.—New York Journal.

Pimples on the face are not only annoying, but they indicate bad blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them by purifying the blood.

The Provincial Exhibition IS

Not in it with ours, because they give only three prizes in each class, where we give

Thousands of Prizes

In each class. Take our large clothing dept; there you'll find more prizes than are given to the whole Provincial Exhibition, just see

- Our Men's Suits \$2.75 to 20.00
- Our Men's Overcoats, \$2.75 to 18.00
- Our Men's Ulsters, \$3.75 to 15.00
- Our Men's Fur Coats, \$20.00 to 55.00
- Our Childrens' Suits 75c to \$7.75
- Our Childrens' Ulsters \$3.00 to 7.75

Our thousand and one other prizes in our Ladies' Furs, Dress Goods, Hats, Caps, and furnishing, and the carpets are very rich prizes too.

We doubt very much if there's another such exhibition and so many prizes offered, in Canada. Be sure to enter, and we'll make sure that you get a prize.

Prowse Bros.

The Farmers Boys.

Notice.

Having purchased from Mr. F. J. Hornsby the stock and good will of his Book and Stationery Business in the Morris Block, we will continue the business in its various branches, selling at lowest prices for cash only. Miss B. Hornsby, who has managed the business in the past, will be in charge of the store, and will be pleased to attend to all old customers and many new ones.

A choice new stock of Wall Papers will be once put on sale, and all departments of the business will be kept well stocked. A well supplied news and will be a special feature of the business. The store will be known as "The Bazaar Bookstore."

THE Bazaar Company
Successors to F. J. HORNSBY.

MORRIS BLOCK, . . .
Ch town, March 15, 1900.

FIT FOR A PRINCE

A. G. Thomson & Co's
Royal Blend
Scotch Whisky.

Do You Know It?

Do you know you can get the best value in Ready-made Clothing, Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Gloves, Hats, Caps and Rainproof Coats

At the Gentlemen's Outfitting Establishment, Morris Block, Opposite Post Office.

D. A. Bruce.