

CALENDAR FOR APRIL, 1894.
New Moon, 5th day, 11h 47.5m, p. m. w.
First Quarter, 12th day, 8h 20.1 m, p. m. S W
Full Moon, 19th day, 10h 49.2 p. m., S E
Last Quarter, 27th day, 11h 8m, p. m., N b h

Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun sets	High water
1 Sunday	6 43	6 24	7 54
2 Monday	6 42	6 25	8 42
3 Tuesday	6 40	6 27	9 20
4 Wednesday	6 38	6 28	9 57
5 Thursday	6 36	6 29	10 31
6 Friday	6 34	6 31	11 4
7 Saturday	6 32	6 32	11 40
8 Sunday	6 30	6 33	morning
9 Monday	6 28	6 35	0 19
10 Tuesday	6 26	6 36	1 4
11 Wednesday	6 25	6 37	1 54
12 Thursday	6 23	6 39	2 37
13 Friday	6 21	6 40	3 19
14 Saturday	6 19	6 41	4 47
15 Sunday	6 17	6 42	6 9
16 Monday	6 15	6 44	7 10
17 Tuesday	6 14	6 45	8 55
18 Wednesday	6 12	6 46	9 34
19 Thursday	6 10	6 48	10 11
20 Friday	6 8	6 49	10 44
21 Saturday	6 7	6 50	11 18
22 Sunday	6 5	6 51	11 55
23 Monday	6 3	6 52	12 31
24 Tuesday	6 2	6 54	1 11
25 Wednesday	6 1	6 56	1 55
26 Thursday	6 58	6 57	2 37
27 Friday	6 57	6 58	3 42
28 Saturday	6 55	6 59	4 49
29 Sunday	6 53	7 1	6 2
30 Monday	6 52	7 2	7 7

THE DAILY EXAMINER

TERMS: Four Dollars a Year

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—Euripides.

Single Copies Two Cents

NEW SERIES CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WENESDAY, APRIL 18 1894. VOL 33.—NO. 233

Will You Supply

—THE—

Necessary Cash

TO PAY THE BILL WE HAVE SENT YOU?

MARCH ACCOUNTS DUE.

HAZARD & MOORE.

Charlottetown, April 13, 1894—t t s

The prize winners in the Bazaar Co's. Room Paper (Proble) competition are: 1st, H. E. Sterns, Hillsborough St. 3rd, Geo. W. McLeod, Fitzroy Street; 3rd, R. E. Smith, Great George Street.

They show that a 16 yard roll contains 74 square feet.
" 12 " " " 63 " " "
Difference in favor of the 16 yard roll, 11 " " " or 1584 square inches.
That the number of 16 yard rolls required, 8 3/4 " " " 10 1/2 " " " 93 3/4 " " " Difference in cost at 60c. per roll, 93 3/4 " " "

Note that the difference, 93c., is correct, as we do sell a portion of a roll.
It is not hard to see from the above that the difference in the two rolls is considerable. Therefore we repeat: "Do not imagine you are getting a DOUBLE roll of English Paper"; it has only 12 yards, 1584 square inches less than a double.
We justly claim to lead in the Wall Paper business—sell 16 yards for a double roll—have the very latest American and Canadian Paper. We will sell any portion of a roll or take back that is left. Prices away down.

BAZAAR CO., Genuine Paper Men.

Charlottetown, April 11, 1894—m w f

Ladies Costumes

Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the *mezz* *alva* of durability, beauty and delicacy. Priestley's of best dressed French goods. The American ladies can obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

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- FIRE.** North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. Union Assurance Society (714). Manchester Fire Assurance Company.
- MARINE.** British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company. Reliance Marine Insurance Company.
- LIFE.** London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

Fire and Marine Policies all written here. Sterling Certificates, payable in any part of the world, issued on shipments.
ALSO—The Nova Scotia Marine Insurance Company and the Dominion Burglary Guaranty Company of Canada.
OFFICE—Stamper's Block, Charlottetown. Agencies in all Towns and Villages.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN.

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Pure Quills

Make a better filling for Corsets than any other known material. "Featherbone" Corsets are tougher and more elastic than any other make, as they are entirely filled with quills (Featherbone).
To be had at all Retail Dry Goods Stores.

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60 Yards Long, 75 Mesh Deep, 2 & 2 1/2 Mesh, 14.6 Twine.

WE WILL CLEAR THE LOT AT \$2.75 EACH.

Use Woolsey's Copper Paint.

DODD & ROGERS,

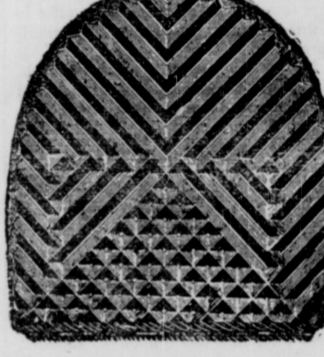
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE.
Charlottetown, April 5, 1894—tu th sat

FOR SALE.

"WATERBURY," the residence of Lieutenant-Governor Howland, with about eight acres of land attached, six of which are in hay.
The buildings, fences, gate, garden, etc., are all in first-class order.
Facing Victoria Park, is ten minutes' walk from the principal Churches, Schools, Public Buildings and Market, with a good sidewalk all the way.
The House consists of ten rooms, besides kitchen, scullery and servants' rooms, is heated by hot air, and has a large water tank in cellar, the whole being well drained to the sea.
There is also a servants' cottage on the premises.
The outhouses consist of Stable, Coach-house, Workshop, Ice House, and large Sheds for manure and farming implements.
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Possession can be given immediately.
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Granby Rubbers Wear Like Iron.

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All orders promptly attended to.
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I am instructed by Benj. Rogers, Esq., to sell by Auction on SATURDAY, the 21st day of April, instant, at 12 o'clock, noon—
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Premises open for inspection on Thursday and Friday from 2 to 5 p. m.

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I beg to inform the public that I have opened a Bakery Store next door to the Masonic Temple, where you will find all kinds of Breads and Cakes on hand. A share of your patronage is solicited.
JOHN C. MOORE,
Formerly in the employ of Joseph Knight & Sons.
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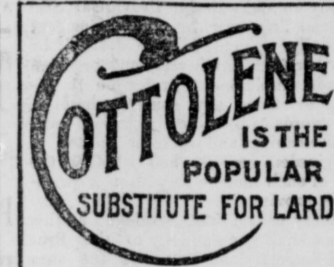
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A valuable Man, with some knowledge of book-keeping, to act as Local Agent for the Canadian Commercial Agency. Most of the work may be done evenings. Salary \$15.00 per month. Give references from local business men, and address E. S. ANDREWS, P. O. Box 5, Halifax, N. S., for particulars. 2w pl—ap5

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AUCTIONEER.
Has Removed his Office to Store occupied by Mr. W. B. Robertson,
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mch29—dy



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CAPITAL STOCK, - - \$100,000.

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All the Paintings are originals, mostly from the French school, the leading modern school.

Eminent Artists, such as Francais Rochegrosse, Aublet, Baran, Pesant, Pettit-Jean, Marius Roy, Scherrer, Sauzay and a great many others, are members of this Society.

Sale of Paintings at easy terms. Next distribution of Paintings between the Society and Scripsholders on 25th April. Price of Scrip, \$1.00.

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Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

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If you have a Cough it is time you were taking
GRAY'S RED SYRUP OF SPRUCE GUM

THE OLD STANDARD CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA and all LUNG AFFECTIONS.

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How attained—how restored—how preserved. Ordinary works on Physiology will tell you the doctors can't or won't; but all the same you wish to know. Your sexual powers are the Key to Life and its reproduction. Our book lays bare the truth. Every man who would regain sexual vigor lost through folly, or develop members weak by nature or wasted by disease, should write for our sealed book, "Perfect Manhood." No charge. Address (in confidence),
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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

LICENSE VS. SCOTT ACT.

Sir,—An unwilling recognition of the certainty of the second defeat of the Scott Act, its supporters are raising the cry of "no license."
This is all nonsense, a mere election dodge. The Legislature dare not refuse Charlotte a good license law, which a large majority of the taxpayers demand it, and demand it they will. They are bound to consider that the already overburdened property holders of the city, will have to raise this year about \$100,000 in addition to last year's taxation, including \$5000 for Water Works sinking fund, and that with this starting them in the face, they have decided not to again burden themselves with any Scott Act, but rather to lessen to a large amount their heavy taxes, by levying on the liquor trade. Our august legislators are much too fond of approving their laws from the United States. They pay too much attention to the illegal assertion of the irresponsible agitator, that this Scott Act is a stepping stone to prohibition, their ideal water cure, and are much too willing to believe, and blindly act thereon.
Fancy any member of the British House of Commons proposing the enactment of the Scott Act, or of prohibition. Why, he would be immediately considered a fit candidate for a strait waistcoat. In the prohibition towns and Bangor, Maine, to-day there are over 150 open saloons, and have been for years, and more liquor is sold in Bangor than in the whole Province of P. E. Island. On one day last month there were 45 conditions for drunkenness in their police courts, and it may well be that prohibitionists to learn that on that same day there was not a single case in our little Charlotte police court. The state of the mind of the people, according to the population, than any other in the Union, and the reason is plain.
In its case, prohibition has not only increased drunkenness, but every other crime on the list, murder, immorality and divorce predominating.
The law is used there pretty much as the Scott Act was here for nine years, as a lever to raise blackmail, and as a means by which rascals could get out of revenue. Scores of our most influential citizens have cause to remember the abuse of a law which, without the slightest ground, dragged the best of the common police court to answer nonsensical questions put to them by a low informer. Even our highest educational authorities were dragged up in this manner, an insult which helped to create the very people, the greatest defect people with this tyrannical society.
Now a word to some of our merchants. A great many of our grocers, dry goods men, manufacturers, etc., are so ignorant of the Scott Act principles that they devote a great deal of time to hunting and abusing their neighbors, well knowing at the same time that their business depends on the custom of these very people. These gentlemen should be taught a lesson on the principle of "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth."
It is well known that in future to attend to their own trades, which possibly need it, and not to interfere with that of their neighbor which probably don't.

In conclusion, I would tell them that if they want to drive their trade into the hands of the farmers out of town, to make a laughing stock of our fair city to the whole of Canada, to again institute all-night saloons, and to bring back that spring-coming question, known as the Scott Act, why, do so, on the 19th, by voting for the petition; but if they, on the other hand, seeing the error of their ways, honestly want to drive temperance in Charlotte, and are not ready enough to accept what has been conclusively shown to them, they will unanimously vote "Against the Petition."
A TRUE BRITON.

WRONG TACTICS.

Sir,—The supporters of the Scott Act have made a mistake in the town to ascertain who is going to vote for and who against the Act on the 19th inst. The Government of Canada, in their wisdom, threw into the Act the element of secret voting. In their opinion it was not desirable that it should be open—and to my mind properly so—and it is law. Yet these long-mouthed professors of love of law and order undertake to violate the spirit of the Act they seek to enforce, before even it is voted upon!
I am led to ask, Why is this? And a moment's reflection tells me that it has been done purposely, with the view in view of persecuting those who deem it their duty and privilege to vote against the act.
That there was persecution by this same faction when the Act was in force, is known to all men. Respectable persons were dragged into the police court to give evidence in cases that they had not the remotest connection with. In their vindictiveness they spared nobody. Even the universally-respected head of Prince of Wales College was dragged into court to give evidence in a prosecution that he knew no more about than the man in the moon. And this was done because he was suspected of not being in sympathy with the Act.
Yesterday I heard a sermon in one of the city churches in support of the Scott Act. The preacher took as his text, "Render unto Caesar that which is Caesar's." He proceeded to prove to his own satisfaction that the Church had a right and duty to interfere in legislation, and having settled that matter, he, with all the authority of the Church at his back (as he seemed to think), told his hearers they must vote for the Act. Never to my mind was a text of Scripture subjected to greater perversion and distortion to suit the purposes of a faction. That text to me means simply "Let every man enjoy his rights." Now I would like to know what rights did the majority of voters in Charlotte enjoy under the Act. It never obtained a majority of voters, and I am inclined to think it never will or ought.

The preacher next had a fling at the "Liquor Regulation Act," which was altogether unwarranted, and then, I am sorry to say, tried to drive home his arguments by casting doubts upon the official records of the police courts, as made by the late Stipendiary. How will our President of Y. M. C. A. like that? They were his returns that were referred to.
I am charitable enough to think that had the preacher referred to ever witnessed the perjury, drunkenness and perscription which took place under the Act, he never would have used utterance to yesterday's address.
I detest the sight of a man under the influence of liquor, and for that reason voted for prohibition lately; but vote for the Scott Act never will. Whilst liquor is allowed to be imported it will be sold, and you might as well put a man at the Block House with a jointlock, and tell him to stop the tide coming in, as to try to stop the sale of liquor under the Scott Act.
Yours,
TRUTH.

Charlottetown, April 16, 1894.

CRITICISM OF AN INVESTIGATOR.

Sir,—A careful personal investigation has enabled the writer to compile the following table, which indicates the number of liquor saloons on each street:

Street	Water Street	King	Dorchester	Salisbury	Richmond	Grafton	Kent	Pizzaro	Cambridge	Edward	Pleasant	St. Peter's Road	Orchard	School	Church	Alley
West Street	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dundas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Richford	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Queen	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Great George	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prince	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hillsborough	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wynmouth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malpeque Road	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Springfield	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chasterton	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Criss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bi-hop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

An analysis of the above table shows that there are very few saloons in the outlying sections of the town, and as a matter of fact nearly all the saloons were done on the Main Street, and within one block of its cross streets—the greater number being in the near vicinity of the Market Square, many of them being attached to houses at which farmers put up when in town.
My conclusion from the survey is that there is comparatively little liquor sold to city people, and that the main part is sold to countrymen. Next to this is the case, the Scott Act ought to prove effective, inasmuch as under it the chief customers of the saloons will be out of the city for two reasons: 1st, The ordinary country people, who are in the habit of appearing as a witness in a city court, and will, therefore, not care to lay himself open to such a chance by drinking at an illicit saloon. 2nd, The liquor dealer will not wish to do business with the countryman, as he will fear that if the countryman is summoned as a witness that he will tell the truth—as he will in the majority of cases.

OBITUARY.

It is with feelings of regret that the inhabitants of West St. Peters and vicinity are called upon to mourn the death of John A. McDonald, son of James McDonald, Esq., which event took place on the 9th inst., at the early age of 34 years. In 1881 deceased left his home for the United States. He worked at Idaho, Montana, and several other States of the Union, and he endeared himself to all classes and creeds by his amiability, kindness and noble character. He was finally employed on the P. E. I. Railway. His services here were afterwards promoted to the high position of bridge superintendent. This position he continued to hold till the 25th Sept., 1888, when our young friend, in the prime of life and bright prospects for a brilliant future, met a very serious accident. He was examining some work under the bridge, when a beam, falling from above, struck him on the back, causing dislocation. He was immediately removed to Champlain Hospital, Mich. All that medical science could effect was used to alleviate his sufferings; but it was found on examination that that part of his body below the location of the wound would be paralyzed. He, however, recovered sufficiently to be removed in the following June to his home in West St. Peters. He was suffering from the most sanguine hopes of recovery, and, indeed, so much did he increase in strength after his arrival home that friends were becoming hopeful that his anticipations would be realized. His strength continued to increase steadily until about three weeks ago, he became affected with disease of the stomach, which, despite medical aid, terminated fatally. Deceased was remarkable for his kind, warm and peaceful disposition which attracted all with whom he came in contact. Modest and unassuming in his manner he gave offense to none and a good word for all. He bore his affliction with the most heroic fortitude to the Divine Will, and after receiving from his beloved pastor the last Sacraments of the Catholic Church, surrounded by his kind father, brothers and sisters, he calmly breathed his last. His funeral was very largely attended, took place on Wednesday. A solemn Requiem Mass was celebrated by Rev. Mr. McDonald. The funeral service performed all that was mortal of dear John was laid to rest in the family plot in St. Andrew's cemetery, there to remain until the Resurrection morn when the sound of the last trumpet calls us all to justice.

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The Examiner Pub. Co.
March, 1894.

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CHARLOTTETOWN.

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With all its hardships and privations, our lives had been filled with happiness until the fall of '91, when we were attacked with dyspepsia, sleeplessness and their attendant evils.

SKODA'S DISCOVERY

cured us, and we are again floating down life's river with all right and smooth before us.

Skoda's Little Tablets cure dyspepsia, constipation and dyspepsia.

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For sale by all druggists. Tratte sup laid by W. R. Watson, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Come Now.



"Gentlemen—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the sores had gone and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHÉ ATWOOD, Sanguerville, Maine.

Hood's Cures

"If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not let it be the second bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHÉ ATWOOD, Sanguerville, Maine.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the normal action of the alimentary canal.

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