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# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1892.

VOL. 29.—NO. 216

Calendar for February, 1892. Reading Room, House Commons.

MOON'S CHANGES

First Quarter, 4 h day ..... 5 15 morn  
Full Moon, 12th day ..... 3 14 after  
Last Quarter, 20th day ..... 7 51  
New Moon, 27th day ..... 11 23

Day of Month	Day of Week	High Water.	
		Morn.	After.
1	Monday	9 22	0 37
2	Tuesday	0 53	1 10
3	Wednesday	1 28	1 49
4	Thursday	2 10	2 36
5	Friday	3 2	3 34
6	Saturday	4 10	4 54
7	Sunday	5 28	6 23
8	Monday	7 8	7 42
9	Tuesday	8 16	8 44
10	Wednesday	9 2	9 36
11	Thursday	9 59	10 17
12	Friday	10 36	10 54
13	Saturday	1 13	11 34
14	Sunday	11 46	—
15	Monday	0 1	0 16
16	Tuesday	0 31	0 47
17	Wednesday	1 3	1 19
18	Thursday	1 56	1 53
19	Friday	2 11	2 29
20	Saturday	2 59	3 12
21	Sunday	3 4	4 8
22	Monday	4 46	5 5
23	Tuesday	5 10	6 55
24	Wednesday	7 33	8 11
25	Thursday	8 44	9 16
26	Friday	9 41	10 6
27	Saturday	10 26	10 46
28	Sunday	11 5	11 23
29	Monday	11 40	11 57

## TEA!

### OUR TEA TRADE IS BOOMING!

DURING the Months of November and December our Tea trade increased so much that we had to send an order to London for another supply, in order to keep us going till we receive our Spring stock. We attribute this large increase to the fact that we offered the best value in Teas on P. E. Island, and they gave us a fair trial and were convinced that what we stated was true.

We won't sell you any Tea that we cannot warrant!

CALL EARLY AND TRY A SAMPLE LOT.

### BE R & GOFF,

Queen and King Square Stores.



### ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

W. R. WATSON, Wholesale Druggist, Charlottetown.

HENRY C. SHAW, B. A., Attorney-at-Law, Commissioner, &c

OFFICE, BROWN'S BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Money to Loan 3n (law & wkr) - nov1

AMMONIA

in BAKING POWDER is a DISEASE PRODUCING AGENT.

Its volatility is abridged by reaction with the gluten of the flour.

The preparation of an OBJECTIONABLE Baking Powder containing AMMONIA is impracticable.

Avoid all Risk and use

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER.

Guaranteed to Contain NO AMMONIA.

feb4

ANNUAL MEETING.

Merchants' Bank P. E. Island.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island will be held at its Banking House, Great George Street, Charlottetown, on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of March next, A. D. 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a. m.

As the Bank comes under the new Bank Act on the 1st day of March next, important questions will come up at the Annual Meeting for consideration and decision, and each shareholder is requested to be present personally or by proxy.

Proxies must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to the meeting.

WM. McLEAN, Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 1892 -2aw (th) & wry 11 de

HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING SHADE ROLLERS.

Notice Autograph of the GENUINE HARTSHORN.

Factory, Toronto, Ont.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE Myrtle Navy IS MARKED

T. & B.

IV BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GEN JINE.

jan2-dy & wky

J. M. S. MORRISON, HALIFAX.

AGENT FOR WARREN, CAKEBREAD & CO., TEA MERCHANTS, London, - - England, - - AND ALSO - -

Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.

SPECIALTIES: Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

Careful attention given to consignments of Prime Edward Island Produce.

REFERENCE - Bank of Nova Scotia

OFFICE - Pickford & Black's Wharf.

Halifax, August 13, 1891 -dy & wry

A. A. McLEAN, Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c.

Brown's Block, Charlottetown.

nov14 - 3m end & wky

NASAL BALM

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, NEVER HEALS.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called remedies are simply irritants, and cause all the symptoms of Catarrh, such as sneezing, watery eyes, and itching, and do not cure the disease, but only drive it into the system, and cause it to return with more violence.

It is the only remedy that cures Catarrh, and restores the system to its normal condition, and prevents a return of the disease.

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THE AMHURST MAKE

OF Boots and Shoes

ARE ACKNOWLEDGED EVERYWHERE TO BE THE BEST VALUE MADE

A FULL LINE OF THIS MAKE AT

J. M. McLEOD & CO'S, - - SUCCESSORS TO J. C. SPRAGUE, Charlottetown, Nov. 17, 1891.

Misses' and Children's Ulsters

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK

WILL BE SOLD

REGARDLESS OF COST.

STANLEY BROTHERS, BROWN'S BLOCK.

Charlottetown, January 21, 1892 -end & wky

AN OBJECT TO See our very fine Stock.

Buy our very fine stock.

See our Oak Bedroom Suites.

Buy our Oak Bedroom Suites.

See our New Style Parlor Suites.

Buy our New Style Parlor Suites.

See our Ash Bedroom Suites.

Buy our Ash Bedroom Suites.

See our \$30 Parlor Suites.

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LA GRIPPE VANQUISHED.

PLACE one of the OZONATOR DISINFECTANTS in your house and La Grippe will not trouble you.

The most powerful and pleasant Disinfectant known to the medical profession.

F. DeC. DAVIES

DRUGGIST.

AGENT for the disinfectant and will cheerfully show and explain its use to those who desire to obtain and see them. No return to save them.

enclawy-jan16

In an Emergency

JOHNSTON'S Fluid Baf

IS A GOOD STAND-BY.

It is made quickly.

Is effective in cases of exhaustion.

Adapted to the weak digestion of the aged and very young.

February 8, 1892.

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### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

#### Maritime Agricultural Union.

SIR,—The question of a political union of the three Maritime Provinces has recently been ventilated by the press, and the views of leaders of public opinion in the Provinces have been ascertained on that question, which, previous to Confederation, was partially entertained, but the time is now past for a Maritime Union of that kind.

There is reason, however, to believe that the agriculturists, stock raisers and industrial classes of the three Provinces would support the scheme of a Maritime Union having for its object the organization of a Triennial Exposition of the products, manufactures and industries of the three Provinces, to be held at three given points, say Charlottetown, St. John and Halifax.

The general competition that would take place as the result of such a union, especially among stock raisers and agriculturists, would greatly tend to develop the resources and industries of the different Provinces, and be productive of beneficial results to the people generally; and would be as far in advance of our Provincial Exhibitions as the latter are of ordinary County Shows. It may be asked upon what basis, financially, can such an Exhibition, on so large a scale, be conducted? Simply by additional grants from each of the Provincial Legislatures, as supplements to the ordinary annual grants for Provincial Exhibition purposes. A prize list could be prepared by a joint committee of management that would offer premiums worth competing for, and such as would arouse a keen spirit of competition in every branch of industry all over the Provinces, and would develop their productiveness, and capabilities to a degree hitherto unequalled.

From the fact that Exhibitions under efficient management accomplish much in educating the people in the science of agriculture, it may be fairly assumed that the large and varied collection of Exhibitions in all points, such as would be shown at these union exhibitions, would serve as powerful factors in the general promotion of every branch of maritime industry.

The experience gained as the result of the Dominion Exhibitions held at Halifax in the year 1881 and at St. John in 1883, when on both occasions exhibitors from this Province competed successfully in every class and section in which they had an exhibit, should remind our stock raisers, especially that they have nothing to fear from friendly competition with the stock raisers of the sister provinces.

The fact that the Dominion exhibitions referred to were conducted fairly and impartially by the commissioners and committees appointed to take charge of the different departments, proves that a triennial exhibition for the Maritime Provinces could be so organized and conducted as to give general satisfaction. The difficulties and obstacles experienced in the past are now to a large extent removed because of the increased facilities afforded by steamers and railways, and the great advantages of telegraphic and telephonic communication now extending all over the Provinces. It is hoped, therefore, that the numerous local exhibitions will take the question of a grand Maritime Union Exhibition into consideration, and take such action as will result, at no distant period, in the accomplishment of so great a boon to the people.

The following letter, received from Prof. Lawson, Secretary for Agriculture for Nova Scotia—a gentleman of large experience and practical knowledge—published by kind permission, shows that he has given this subject mature consideration:

HALIFAX N. S., 22nd Dec., 1891.  
A. McNEILL, Esq.  
Dear Sir,—I am favored with your letter of the 14th inst., suggesting a Triennial Union Exhibition of the resources and industries of the three Maritime Provinces to be held at three given points, say Charlottetown, St. John and Halifax, alternately.

If the three Provinces could combine cordially for such a purpose, I think that very great benefit would result to our agriculture, and great encouragement would be given to farmers both by promoting improved cultivation and methods, and by enabling them to act more readily in concert in seeking markets for produce. As you remark, keen competition might be expected at such exhibitions from all or nearly all points in the three Provinces which would arouse fresh interest in stock; opportunities for sale and exchange would be presented, such as we do not enjoy at present.

The educational features and implement improvements which our Provincial Exhibitions are so defective as compared with those of some other countries might be greatly enhanced, and our cattle men by union might place themselves on a better footing to enable them to compete on fair terms in the export trade with the people of the West. What we want is not a better climate or better soil, but more men and more capital in the business, to make it large enough to be practicable. It appears to me that the Dairy Industry is not making the progress it should in any of the Maritime Provinces. If at a Maritime Exhibition, prizes were given sufficient to bring forward all the latest improvements in butter and cheese making apparatus, and to show them at work, the effect would be immense. We had a fretful of this some years ago at the St. John Dominion Exhibition.

In making those remarks, I am, of course, merely expressing my own individual views, in reply to your private communication. The practical difficulty to be confronted is, that a Union Exhibition would require the uniform action, a year or so before hand, of the Legislatures of the several Provinces, and large grants would be required from each, the action of one Province would depend on that of the others. Suppose for example, it were proposed to hold a Maritime Exhibition at Charlottetown in 1893, to which all the Provinces would contribute funds, it would be necessary to provide a satisfactory guarantee to New Brunswick and Nova Scotia that when their turn came for the Exhibition their funds would be forthcoming. The only way of securing this would be for the Provinces to

enter into a compact for a stated number of years, or indefinitely subject to joint action for the people and Legislatures are prepared for such a measure I cannot say. In the discussion of it in the Legislatures, other questions will crop up, such as the provisions for local, district, County or Provincial Shows. A general desire of all the people, however, would do much to clear away difficulties, and nothing but benefit can result from ventilation of the whole subject. The better such a matter is understood, the more favor it will be likely to receive.

You will see that I anticipate some delay in perfecting a scheme; but I do not by any means think it impracticable, and the more it is discussed, the better.

Pardon these hasty notes, and believe me, Dear Sir, yours faithfully,  
GEORGE LAWSON.  
(Sgd.)  
Trusting that a subject of such vital importance to the Agricultural and Industrial interests of the Provinces will meet with the approval of the public,  
I am, yours truly,  
A. MacNEILL.  
Charlottetown, Feb. 2, 1892.

#### A Fisherman's View.

SIR,—As we are bordering lobster fishing again the talk begins. It is hinted by the big packers that it is the Government that's to blame for the restrictions that is talked of being put in force. But it must be looked at in another way. The time has arrived when fishermen are beginning to see that the big packers are making an independent fortune and have not yet given the fishermen one single advantage, with the exception of Mr. D. Davies and P. Rowse Bros who gave their fishermen 60 cents per 100 lobsters last summer. Now packers, don't get mad at us who have worked so hard to make you rich, if we strike at you now and then. Success to the packers and more money for us.

FISHERMAN.  
Murray Harbor, Feb. 1, 1892.

#### The British Army.

PARTICULARS OF THE STRENGTH AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BRITISH ARMY.

The latest returns of the British regular forces at home and abroad show that at the close of the year the strength has slightly increased in comparison with what it was at the end of 1890. The increase amounts to about 600 men, there being now a little over 211,600 officers and men on the rolls, to compare with 211,000 a year ago. The full establishment would be 216,000 men, as it was twelve months since; and the 211,600 is a larger total by the 11,600 than that of six years ago. The cavalry are reckoned at 19,200, the artillery, etc.,—horse, field, mountain and garrison—at 25,700, the engineers at 6,700, the foot guards and infantry of the line at 139,000, the Army Service Corps at 3,500, the Medical Staff Corps at 2,400 and the Ordnance Store, Armourers and Ordnance Artificers Corps at 1,200; the remainder of the regular troops being made up of the West India, Maltese and other special corps raised locally for service in the crown colonies. Beyond these there is the great Indian native army and the Colonial Militia and volunteers, and these, with the home militia and volunteers, makes up a grand total whose numbers have never been fully ascertained. All the regular troops are now principally confined to the home country, India and the great garrison stations in the Mediterranean and the Crown colonies, Canada and Australia having no imperial troops beyond 1,500 in Nova Scotia, while in South Africa there are only a little more than 3,000 men.

The establishment of European troops in India is always large and changes according to necessity, but just now it is not greater than it was a year ago, the 73,000 men at present under Sir Frederic Roberts being regarded as sufficient now that Barush has been brought into a condition of comparative order. The Bengal command has always been the case, contains the greater part of the European garrison, and there are now within its borders near 45,000 men