

for the attendance and travelling expenses of every description of witnesses.

I am Sir, Yours, &c. &c.

J. N. OLD JURYMAN.

April 23, 1833.

For the British American.

Mr. Editor,—Some years since, an outcry was raised against the misapplication, or alleged misapplication of the public money; but, as a friend to the island, and interested in its welfare, I beg leave to ask, whether the appropriation of the monies thereof by the Members of Assembly to pay themselves, under pretext of indemnity for expences and loss of time, in the performance of duties voluntarily offered and gratuitously undertaken, is not an abuse and misapplication of the public funds of this Colony; and whether we can too strongly express our sense of the conduct of the Assembly, by which the exalted, trust reposed in them by their constituents is thus converted into a speculation. The representatives (?) of the people contrary to the sense of the majority, compensating themselves as hirings, from the monies intrusted to their management for the public uses?

I am, Mr. Editor, &c. &c.

JUSTICIA.

LAND ASSESSMENT.

Treasurer's Office,

Charlotte-Town, Prince Edward Island, March, 5th 1833.

In further pursuance of the Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for raising a Fund, by an Assessment on Land, for erecting a Government House and other public Buildings within this Island."—I do hereby give Public Notice, that I have made Proclamation, according to the terms of the said Act, of the undermentioned Town Lots, Water Lots, Common Lots, Pasture Lots, and parts of Lots or Townships within this Island, in arrear for non-payment of the several sums due and owing thereon to His Majesty, under and by virtue of the before mentioned Act, viz.

TOWN LOTS IN CHARLOTTE-TOWN.

First Hundred—Nos. 1 2 12 13
 14 15 33 34 50 68 69 79 92
 93 94 95 and 96.

Second Hundred—Nos. 15 16 17
 18 20 35 50 58 59 60 75 76
 77 95 96 and 97,

Third Hundred—Nos. 28 and 96.

Fourth Hundred—Nos. 53 54 55
 76 77 78 90 91. 92 and 100.

Fifth Hundred—Nos. 35 37 96 97
 98 99 and 100.

Water Lots opposite Town Lots--Nos. 1 2 3 5 and 7.

Common Lots--Nos. 33 34 and 35.

CHARLOTTE-TOWN ROYALTY.

Nos. 6	7	14	20	21	29	46	47
48	55	56	57	66	74	75	76
86	88	97	98	108	109	110	111
112	114	115	143	145	146	153	163
174	176	177	183	180	191	192	196
197	237	238	240	244	281	312	313
320	349	354	363	389	399	401	511
442	444	445	453	463	491	511	514
514	531	532	533	546	547	548	557
557	584						

TOWN LOTS IN GEORGE-TOWN.

First Range, Letter A--Lot No. 10.
 Second do. do.--Nos. 10 and 11
 Third do. do.--1, 3, and 4.
 Fourth do. do.--Nos. 1 and 7.
 First Range, Letter B.--Lot No. 8.

PASTURE LOTS IN GEORGETOWN ROYALTY

Nos. 7 3 10 11 12 13 21 27
 35 36 49 60 62 63 80 89 91
 119 120 121 147 and 173.

PASTURE LOTS IN PRINCETOWN ROYALTY

Nos. 10 11 31 38 78 278 312
 313 333 347 388 453 454 and 455.

TOWNSHIPS.

10,000 Acres of Land on Township No.	1
3,650	3
15,640	8
19,120	11
5,092	19
200	24
2,003	25
4,578	28
1,200	33
450	35
7,890	36
1,065	37
1,057	38
11,258	42
2,818	44
4,385	45
10,000	49
12,801	50
8,793	52
690	57
5,338	65
21,095	6

And the Owners of the said Lots and Tracts of Land so in arrear, and proclaimed as aforesaid, are hereby notified, that in case the sums charged on them by the said Act, together with the costs which have been incurred, shall not be paid within ten days before the next Trinity Term of the Supreme Court of Judicature, application will be made to the Supreme Court for Judgment against the said Lots and Tracts of Land respectively.

T. H. Haviland, Treasurer.

D HUNTS STOMACHIC MIXTURE
 The Proprietor of this Medicine, offers his services to the afflicted, particularly in affections of the stomach, as Dyspepsia, Cardialgia commonly called heart-burn, yrosis or Water brash, &c. and in Asthmatic affections, Incipient Phtisis, Fevers, &c.

The result of long observation has led him to this conclusion, viz. that those persons whose powers of assimilation are enfeebled (no matter from what cause,) must by rapid strides advance towards a diseased state in some of its varieties.

Premising thus, he begs leave to observe after repeated trials, he is convinced, that, (if there be a specific medicine for any disease,) his chemical Stomachic Mixture approaches the nearest to one of any he is at present acquainted with.

It is not necessary here to point out the importance of keeping the stomach in good order.

It is not necessary to explain how, by applying a remedy at once safe and efficacious to those suffering under Dyspepsia, Heart-burn or any similar affection the complaint disappears.

It is not necessary to say, why the morning sickness (if present to that degree requiring the aid of medicine) caused by sympathy with other parts of the system, is relieved by the Chemical Stomachic Draught. Nor why it removes indigestion and of course sweetens the breath; the fact of its giving relief in nineteen cases out of twenty, is a sufficient testimony of its utility.

It is not necessary to reiterate, why that sort of collapse, so often experienced by the votaries of Bacchus, (known by certain tremulous motions, head-ache, want of appetite, and real Debility,) is relieved, and disappears after taking a dose of the Chemical Stomachic Mixture; but it may be necessary to say, as a Febrifuge Medicine it bears a palm.

In cases of Fever, where hot and dry skin, white tongue, and thirst are present, by adding a single grain of the powder of Ipecacuanha to three fluid drams (about three tea spoonsful) to the Chemical Stomachic Mixture and diluted with tepid water, and taken at intervals of from three to six hours the most beneficial effects may be expected from it, while toast water, thin gruel, or any simple diluent drink will accelerate its medicinal effects.

To this Medicine are added 12 Pills, 4 of which may be taken occasionally going to bed they not only have a gentle aperient effect, but have actually removed severe-pains in the stomach, in a short time, and in those Fevers where active purges are improper, these Pills are very valuable.

If to the dose of the Chemical Stomachic Mixture, diluted as before, a table-spoonful of wine be added, it converts the draught into one of the most valuable sudorifics that can be used in fevers, for this potent reason, it causes diaphoresis without inducing exhaustion.

Moreover the proprietor, can with confidence recommend this mixture, as one of the best Vermifuges (worm medicines) extant. If a tea-spoonful of this Medicine be added to a table-spoonful of water, and administered to a child, suspected to have worms, every other morning for eight or ten days. The unpleasant symptoms attending them, particularly the bad breath, pain in the stomach, irregular appetite the short dry cough, and the almost daily fever will vanish. In this respect, the mixture is a valuable family Medicine, particularly to those residing at a distance from Medical assistance

Wm. HUNT, M. D.
 Sold at J. H. WHITE'S Book-Store, Charlotte-Town, Price 5s. 6d. per bottle.