

HEADQUARTERS!
For this part of the earth
for Carpets and Oilcloth
is at
PATTON BROS.

The Morning Guardian.

Pinafore and Apron Sale
TO-DAY.
Jas. Paton & Co.'s,
108 MARKET SQUARE.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1892.

NO. 90.

TEN OF US AT YOUR SERVICE

All Hard Workers

and willing to give you the very best treatment and lowest prices obtainable for

GOOD, HONEST GOODS.

We have been lucky enough to secure a big lot of Bankrupt Goods at a great sacrifice. Our customers shall now get the benefit of our purchase.

**THIS STOCK IS
First-class in Every Particular.**

If you want first-class goods cheaper than our competitors sell their shoddy, give us a call. We will make you happy.

**Our \$1.00 Suits for Children
ARE RATTLEERS.**

Come and see us. We leave it to you to judge about the prices.

Prowse Bros.

The Wonderful Cheap Men,
King Square, now occupied by A. S. Uppat. Esq. Apply to E. H. Beer, office,
144 Queen Street.

Another Branch Office.

Since the establishment of the "MORNING GUARDIAN," and especially since Mr. Seaman became our agent, the people of Souris have stood loyally by us, until now the circulation of the GUARDIAN in their flourishing town is away beyond our anticipation. The success, which has attended our efforts there, has warranted our opening a branch office in the shop of our present energetic and business agent, Mr. R. S. Aman, who will act as manager, and who will try to make our Souris news column, which, by the way, will comprise all items of interest from Souris and surrounding settlements, as interesting as possible, and we look, not only for a continuation of, but a gradual increase in the support of the GUARDIAN by our friends in the East. Persons having business to transact with us and especially those of our subscribers in the eastern end of the Island, who are in arrears, will kindly make payment to Mr. Seaman, who will grant receipts for the same.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

WEEK MEN
(young and old), suffering from mental worry, overwork, insomnia, excesses, or self-abuse, should take these PILLS. They will restore lost energies, both physical and mental.

SUFFERING WOMEN
afflicted with the weaknesses peculiar to their sex, such as suppression of the periods, bearing-down pains, weak back, dizziness, and all these and other ailments, should take these PILLS. They will restore the normal system, and give relief from all these ailments.

PALE AND SALLOW GIRLS
should take these PILLS. They enrich the blood, restore health to the system, and correct all irregularities.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. These PILLS are sold by all dealers only in boxes bearing our trade mark, or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price—50 cents a box or 5 for \$2.50.

THE DR. WILLIAMS MED. CO.,
Brookville, Ont., or Morrisstown, N.Y.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

COUNTRY FLOODED!

House Blown 50 Feet and Upturned in the River.

\$80,000 BLAZE IN ONTARIO.

Montreal Brewery Burned.—Maverick on Trial.

(SPECIAL TO THE GUARDIAN.)

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 10.—During a heavy storm, yesterday, a house was blown 50 feet and overturned in the river. Several people who were in the house are supposed to be drowned.

CRESTON, Iowa, May 10.—The southern portion of the state is flooded.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., May 10.—A farm work in Buchanan and Andrew counties is abandoned, owing to the floods. All growing crops are destroyed. The loss of property is enormous.

Beer Factory Burned.

MONTREAL, May 10.—A heavy fire broke out to-day in a shed on Wallrus' coal wharf and spread to Brompton's lumber yard. Fifteen buildings were burned including a large brewery.

Strike Collapsed.

CORNWALL, Ont., May 10.—The big strike at Stornmout Cotton Mills has been declared off, the strikers returning to work without gaining their point.

Halifax Banking Company.

HALIFAX, May 10.—H. N. Wallace, accountant of the Halifax Banking Company, has been appointed cashier, vice P. S. Smith, resigned.

Canadian Horses for England.

MONTREAL, May 10.—English horse dealers have bought several hundred Canadian horses for English back purposes at Portsmouth.

Star Chamber at Quebec.

QUEBEC, May 10.—The trial of Marcer and Pacaud was resumed today with closed doors.

An \$80,000 Blaze.

ONTAWA, May 10.—Mackery's planing mill was destroyed today by fire. Loss \$80,000.

Chicago Market.

(Special Telegram to GUARDIAN.)
CHICAGO, May 10.—May corn 46½; pork 9.65; wheat 82½; oats 29½.

The Weather.

PROBABILITIES FOR THE NEXT 24 HOURS.
WASHINGTON, May 10.—1 p.m. Rain slightly colder.

A Conservative Opinion.

MONTREAL, May 9.—The Gazette, conservative, says: "The situation in Prince Edward Island, as described in the telegraphic despatches, would not justify the Lieut.-Governor in withholding his assent to the bill abolishing the Legislative Council, if he has done so. The Council appears to have made it a condition of its own abolition that one-half the members of the one-chamber legislature of the future shall be elected by voters holding a stated property qualification, and that the law embodying this proposition shall not be changed except by a two-thirds vote of the house. This may be held contrary to modern ideas of government; but it is not contrary to the constitution and is certainly not a dangerous restriction."

British Crop Prospects.

THE FARM OUT-LOOK SAID T'WAS GREATLY IMPROVED DURING THE PAST MONTH IN GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 7.—The farm out-look in this country has greatly improved since April began. We had a return of winter for one week, but the rest of the month has been fine and sunny as a rule, allowing farmers to get in all their spring grain and nearly all their mangolds and potatoes. After a dry and frosty winter the land worked splendidly, so that barley and oats were put in under exceptionally favorable conditions, and for the most part have come up thick and strong. The wheats vary a good deal in appearance. All are backward, but while those sown early in the autumn look well, the late fields are thin and weak. Most of the mangolds and potatoes have been ploughed, so that spring work is now well forward. Pleuro-pneumonia appears to have been stamped out by the vigorous action of the Board of Agriculture, but foot and mouth disease is still lingering in a few counties.

Rev. Dr. Macleod's Lecture.

Owing to the extremely short notice given of Rev. Dr. Macleod's lecture, there was but a medium-sized audience. This was to be regretted as the lecture was the equal or superior of any practical discourse on this subject ever given in the city. The speaker occupied over an hour in study denunciations of the liquor traffic, giving many valuable suggestions to the workers for the temperance cause, exposing the fallibility of counter arguments and exhorting to continued and combined efforts towards the extinction of the nefarious business. Mayor Havill and occupied the chair and introduced the speaker. Dr. Macleod explained that he did not come to the Island to talk on temperance, but could not say when asked. He said the difficulty was to think out of the much that might be said, the little that ought to be said to greatest local advantage. We have heard that nothing has been accomplished in temperance advancement. He didn't believe it. If every man and woman listening were to rise and say so, he would have to reply, "I beg to differ with you." Great things have been done. Passion is against us. So is politics, and so are the courts sometimes. But opposition is good for us, for there are people who will not move till some steps are on their toes. Temperance reform has been more marked than any other reform of modern times.

Progress is evident from the change in thought and feeling of the people toward the drink trade and the drink trader. Agitation, preaching, prayers, tears, the distribution of literature, have brought about the change. He had watched the Legislature of New Brunswick for 25 years. He marked this, that they, the members, were, with isolated exceptions, drinkers. The day was spent making laws, and the nights, he hardly dared say how they had reason for profound respect for Lieut.-Gov. Tilly, because for 12 years he has given them total abstinence at Government House. Today, the New Brunswick legislature has a large majority of members who are total abstainers. They represent the changed thought, feeling and purpose of the people. Do not think lightly of agitation, of the numberless temperance meetings held in lodge, division, church, hall, council. As a rule these meetings should be held on neutral ground, but it is fitting to hold them in a church, for this is a religious movement. A man in the trade might have gone to the meeting of years ago and enjoyed it. Nothing was said to hurt his feelings. Now, he is told plainly that his trade is irreparable. The church has taken most pronounced grounds. Denominations do not agree in methods, but they work in harmony to the one great end. Cardinal Manning saw the terrible things wrought among the people by the drink traffic, and lent his best endeavors for prohibition, or as near to that as could be obtained. His last letter to the priests in his jurisdiction was along this line. The religious character of present agitation is largely due to the W. C. T. U., the best organization in the face of the globe, next to the church.

Another indication of progress, is the legislation that is being enacted, and that is being sought after. No civilized country but is doing something to curtail the traffic. Legislators are listening to the voice of the people. Present indications are that the day seems dawning when in the mother country the traffic shall be put down. The German Emperor has drafted a bill, which, when it becomes law, will put the screws on the trade in his country. Russia also has its agitators and they often suffer for want of work in Russia, he sees that the day is near, for he would have his say. He was proud of Canada and her possibilities. She was the "daisy" of them all. He had a hard time of it to refrain from feelings of contempt for any one who speaks lightly of her, with her Canada Temperance Act, she is unique among nations on this question. It was not his ideal law. If he was the Dominion House just for one week, he would make but one law and nobody would break it more than once for there would be enough in his left. Neil Dow would hang these law-breakers when he felt so. He would be. He felt the C. T. Act. He would suggest that at the earliest opportunity it be re-adopted and strongly enforced. It is charged that the act is a failure because it is violated. Here was a book with the ten commandments in it. He had wondered why these men did not memorialize the Lord God Almighty to repeal the Old and New Testaments. They say men will drink, and do so. Is it worth our while, because we have drinkers, that we perpetuate the class that created them? The C. T. Act de-legalizes the trade, and it is worth a good deal to have the trade stand out in all its hideous nakedness. He liked the act because it was an educator. What is legal in a people are more ready to believe is right; and also, what is prohibited they become easily to believe is wrong.

There is a business side to the agitation. If he were a business man he would take off his coat and fight the traffic. The men who spend most money for drink have the least money for goods and are the poorest pay.

In closing, he exhorted his hearers to persevere. A rum shop can no more be run without boys than a sawmill without logs. Save the boys. If difficulties arise, do not grow easily discouraged for Right is right, since God is God, and Right the day must win; To doubt would be dialyally, To falter would be sin.

Rev. Mr. Gordon moved a hearty vote of thanks, which was seconded by Rev. Mr. Ross, and spoken to by Rev. Mr. Bowser. Mr. Hawley presided at the organ.

ON THE WING.

From Ocean to Ocean in a Week.

Glimpses Here and There By the Way.

(STAFF CORRESPONDENCE.)

From ocean to ocean in a week, do you say?

Yes, seven days getting over nearly 4,000 miles of territory and only seven days more getting over the effects.

Well, what can you know of a country traversed in that manner?

Not very much, it is true. The return journey, however, will be taken more leisurely. Meanwhile take a glimpse here and there by the way.

AT OTTAWA.

The first day of the seven was drawing to a close when Ottawa was reached. Here a pause was made. What loyal Canadian could pass by without rendering homage to this Mecca of the jurist and jurist, this shrine of the lobbyist and the bootler.

Several weeks have elapsed since paying our devotions, but first impressions are vivid, if nothing else, and here are ours:—

Ottawa is much beholden to the enchanting power of distance and the imaginative pencil of "the Ottawa correspondent." You feel its glory fade at the depot. By the time Parliament Hill with its stately edifices is reached you are quite prepared to jostle with the Queen's ministers in the corridors with none of the tremor and even to see the sergeant-at-arms trip by in the paucity of his office without a fear. By and by you are wondering where the poetry of parliamentary life comes in. It must be in the restaurant. "Number Six" and the other "tobacco parlours" have grim granite walls and nothing sweeter than election news. The Commons itself is generally a sleepy hollow. Of course there is always somebody speaking in earnest, in convincing terms. But the trouble is the members are seldom earnest and convincing together. Only now and then a speaker secures the attention of parliament or even of his own party. It must really be discouraging. The best men in the house may frequently be seen delivering well prepared speeches to benches, half empty and the other half filled with members busily engaged in letter or speech writing. The only sustaining thought to a speaker must be that the reporters are listening at all events.

One fact is strikingly noticeable in the Commons—the strength of the Maritime Provinces as regards its representatives. We have certainly the best contingent in the House, and practically hold the leading strings of Parliament. The cabinet has no stronger men than Thompson, Foster and Tupper. The conservative party has no better constitutional lawyer than Weldon, the opposition has no brighter ornament than Davies.

The Senate is, as it should be—that is, if it should be at all—more august than the Commons. The worthy senators are not packed closely together like boys in a school. The first glimpse I had of the Upper Chamber was peculiarly suggestive. It was an "off" afternoon. The seats were deserted, sombre shadows played upon the carpet and walls, and an air of solemn stillness had settled on the scene. Suddenly a figure entered the hall from an opposite door-way—the figure of an old man, bent, decrepit, who proceeded to thump his way slowly and painfully up and down the vacant chamber. He was one of our senators. The scene would have made a picture for an artist, it was so weird, suggestive and prophetic. It seemed like the vision of a coming change (and with due apologies to Goldsmith)

He only left of all the harmless train, The sad historian of the Senate's reign. But truth and justice demand the reproduction of another scene—the Senate in session. The old gentleman with others like him were lost in a crowd of vigorous, clear headed, business or professional men, who made up a highly creditable assembly. It is to be borne in mind, however, that no matter how vigorous a senator may be, he will in time become old, decrepit and unfitted for the cares of State, and yet even then by our constitution he remains a legislator.

OFF AGAIN.

It was midnight, and the lamps were burning dimly in the C. P. R. station at Ottawa when the contents of several hotel busses were dumped upon the platform, in good time the driver assured us, to catch the westbound transcontinental train. The station agent assured us to the same effect, but we were more assured than satisfied—the train was waited about two hours at Montreal. A belt of two hours at midnight is capable of producing more adjectives and cursory remarks to the cubic foot of air among a band of passengers than anything else in nature. To find, as we did, after the two hours had nearly passed, that another hour must be added, well—it isn't a nice find by any means. And yet there are some philosophers left. Ours were less than Chinese. Confucius must have

smiled upon them that night most benignly. All through the cold, weary hours they sat among their cases and baggage, in cotton socks, and shivered and chattered and drank tea with many a smile and never a murmur—all except one poor creature who paced the floor with a white consumptive face, and a handkerchief tied round his ears in a very ludicrous way. They were all bound home for China to live on the interest of a few hundred dollars made in the laundry business. The poor consumptive never saw Hong Kong again, however. Near Calgary we were told a Chinaman in one of the emigrant cars had been seized with fits, and his companions could hardly hold him. Soon after a mounted police doctor came into the smoking room of the sleeper. Somebody asked him if he had seen the Chinaman. "Yes," said he, "I saw him to the extent of five dollars. He's dead." At Calgary they put the corpse off to be embalmed or uncased in zinc, to be sent home for burial. All Chinamen who come away under contract have their destination in the mind that in the event of death their remains shall be sent home to their people. But we are not yet away from Ottawa.

"All aboard!" somebody shouts. A shrill whistle pierces the gloom, a long train "that like a wounded snake drags its slow length along," crawls up to the platform, and soon we are "dropping of" signals with red lanterns and "C. P. R." on their collars, and porters with shining stings and no whisk brooms.

Meeting of Presbytery.

The Presbytery of P. E. I. met in Murray Harbor South, on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 11 o'clock, Rev. John Sutherland, Moderator pro tem. After services, concluded by R. V. A. Gunn, Rev. E. Gillies, late of West Cape, was regularly introduced into the pastorate of the Murray Harbor South, Little Sands and Murray River congregations.

The minister was suitably addressed by W. H. Spencer and the people by A. B. Macleod. At the close of the services, the people welcomed their newly inducted pastor in the usual manner as they passed from the church. It will be remembered that this is a new congregation formed by sections from the former congregations of Murray Harbor, north and south, and Woodville and Little Sands with the addition of the Murray River section of the followers of the late Rev. Donald Macdonald. The field is now compact and promises well. May the union formed today be a happy and prosperous one. The congregation is about to build a Manse.

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be pleasing to the taste and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

PARSON'S PILLS
Make New, Rich Blood!

REMOVED

Saunders & Campbell
MEAT DEALERS

HAVE REMOVED to the Eastern end of MARKET HOUSE opposite Post Office, where we will be pleased to see all our old Customers and as many new ones as may favor us with their patronage. This will be our headquarters daily. We always keep in stock a variety of fresh and salt Meats of the best quality. Meat delivered promptly to any part of the city. Telephone communication.
May 11-11

P. E. I. HOSPITAL.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the Act of Incorporation, a Public Meeting of all contributors to the above institution will be held at the Prince Edward Island Hospital, in the City of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, on THURSDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of MAY, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, at the hour of 7.30 o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of election of Trustees for the government of the institution in accordance with the by-laws, and for the transaction of such other business as shall be brought before the meeting.

B. BALDERTON,
Sec. of Board of Trustees.
May 11 31 11, 18 25 pat ex

LIME. LIME.

WE have in stock and are prepared to supply No. 1 St. John and Bras 40° Or Lime at bottom prices, in Casks and Barrels—all fresh burned.
Also, all kinds of building materials.
POOLE & LEWIS,
P.O. Box 8, West.